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THE WORLD BANK

Washington, D.C.

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The World Bank

1818 H Street NW

Washington DC 20433

Telephone: 202-473-1000

Internet: www.worldbank.org

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Archives

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Liaison - United Nations - Food and Agriculture Organization - 1959 - Correspondence -
Volume 1

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WBG Archives

CLOSE AS December 11, 1959

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasé citar:

PUds

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

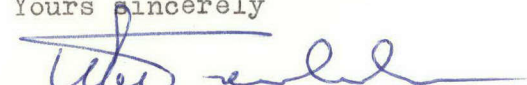
23 December 1959

Dear Mr. Hamilton,

I have your 16 December letter with list of required ETAP Reports attached. The Reports you wish are the latest ones to have been issued and were carried in our most recent "Quarterly List of ETAP Reports" without the usual asterisk indicating that Report is ready for distribution. At present, these ten Reports are still not available.

One copy each in English, French and Spanish of the overall "Mediterranean Project Report" were sent to you from our Geneva office in accordance with our regular free service to the International Bank. The individual country studies, which were issued only recently (contrary to your information), did not receive a general distribution due to the limited numbers printed. Dispatch of free copies of these country reports is controlled by our Forestry Division, and upon advice received from them today, I am sending one copy of each of the Reports (excepting Israel, which is not now available) in the language in which it appears.

Yours sincerely


Walter G. Weisbecker

Chief, Distribution and Sales Section

Handwritten note: I did not receive Spain (not issued)

Mr. C.C. Hamilton
Archivist,
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, DC

December 11, 1959

Mr. T. S. Robertson, Chief
Agricultural Raw Materials Section
Food and Agriculture Organization of the
United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Tom:

I have just received the photostat sheets containing your revised data on fiber consumption from 1948 to date. I appreciate very much your prompt reply to my request. The revised data will be most useful in the preparation of the study.

With all best wishes for a happy holiday season,

Sincerely yours,

Stanley Nehmer
Economic Staff

SN/nj

Dec 8

December 10, 1959

Mr. John Duncan Miller
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
67 rue de Lille
Paris 7^e, France

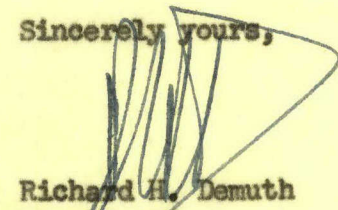
Dear John:

Just a line to thank you for your letter of November 24, reporting on the two subjects principally of interest to the Bank at the FAO Conference. I was glad to hear that the Freedom from Hunger campaign was treated with restrained enthusiasm but rather sorry to hear of the warm reception for the Mediterranean Project. I suppose that will now be with us for some time to come.

We are beginning intensive negotiations on IDA next Tuesday, with the hope of breaking the back of the job before Christmas. Since all of the difficult issues have by now either been compromised or agreed to be left for operational decision, the remaining discussion should not be too difficult. I can't discern, anywhere, much affirmative enthusiasm for IDA.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:tf

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Please quote:
Référence:
Sirvase citar:

COt

DEC. - 8 1959

Dear Stan,

ICAC - Long-Term Trend Study

... In reply to your letter of 4th December, I am enclosing herewith photostat sheets* for each country and region containing all revisions in our fiber consumption series from 1948 to date. The 1938 figures we did not include in our program of revision. Not all 1958 figures have been compiled but the trends in industrialization are already fairly well reflected. By the time the proofs come along, we hope to have quite a few more 1958 entries to make; and of course you will receive the printed version as soon as it becomes available. Meantime please treat this material as for internal use.

With kind regards and the compliments of the season, which please also convey to your wife.

Yours sincerely,

T.S.

T.S. Robertson
Chief, Agricultural Raw Materials Section

Mr. Stanley Nehmer
Economic Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

* Under separate Cover

1320 DEC 11 AM 8:22

RECEIVED

Ack Dec 11

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 290011 - 290211 - 290271

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Référence:

CO 4

DEC - 8 1959

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Yours sincerely,

T.S. Robertson
Chief, Agricultural Raw Materials Section

Mr. Stanley Nehmer
Economic Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

* Under separate cover

1959 DEC 11 AM 9:55

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM

Acc Dec 11

Italy
FAO Doc

6
December 14, 1959

Mr. Walter G. Weisbecker
Chief, Distribution and Sales Section,
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations,
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla,
Rome, Italy.

Dear Mr. Weisbecker:

I should be grateful if you would send me a copy
each of the ETAP reports shown in the attached list.

Would you also be good enough to send me the
country studies of the FAO Mediterranean project. I
understand that most of these studies have been issued
long ago, and I wonder why they have not been dispatched
to us under our standing arrangements.

Yours sincerely,

Charles C. Hamilton
Archivist

CCH:vv

Enclosure

*include the dispatch
of such report to us without
special request*

*perhaps you would
confirm that*

List of FAO ETAP Reports
Requested for the Use of IBRD

Bolivia

Creacion de Nuevas Industrias Forestales y Modernizacion de los Aserraderos	1959	(No. 962)
--	------	-----------

Ecuador

Mejoramiento de la Produccion Pecuaria	1959	(No. 1037)
--	------	------------

Algunos Problemas de la Comercializacion Agricola	1959	(No. 1043)
--	------	------------

Lilya Liberia

Crop Agronomy and Improvement in Cyrenaica	1959	(No. 1111)
--	------	------------

Improvement of the Sheep Industry	1959	(No. 1123)
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Sudan

Land and Water Conservation and Land Utilization	1959	(No. 1085)
--	------	------------

Rice Production	1959	(No. 1108)
-----------------	------	------------

U.A.R.

A Program of Agricultural Mechanization	1959	(No. 1069)
---	------	------------

Asia and Far East

Fourth Development Center on Farm Management for Asia and the Far East	1959	(No. 1092)
---	------	------------

Center on Principles and Policies of Land Settlement for Asia and the Far East	1959	(No. 1131)
---	------	------------

December 4, 1959

Mr. T. Robertson, Chief
Fibers and Rubber Section
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Tom:

I now have underway that portion of the ICAC long-term trends study which deals with the effect of textile machinery capacity on consumption of fibers. I find your country-by-country data on per caput fiber consumption levels of much value for the paper. However, I wonder if you would be good enough to help me on the following questions:

1. Are data for 1958 now available? If so, could I get a copy? They need not be in finished form. A photostat of a worksheet would suffice.
2. Have there been any revisions in the data previously published? I am using the following sources for the following years:

1938 and 1948-1952: FAO Bulletin No. 25, dated March 1954.

1953 and 1954: Reprint from FAO Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Economics and Statistics, December 1955.

1955: Reprint from Bulletin of December 1957.

1956 and 1957: Mimeographed data which you sent me some months ago.

I notice that the data for 1956 which appear in the December 1957 Bulletin and in the mimeographed sheets are different in many instances.

Ack Dec 8

Mr. T. Robertson

- 2 -

December 4, 1959

I am using the latter as the source for 1956 on the assumption that the later source contains revised figures. However, this led me to think that perhaps some of the figures for earlier years might also have been revised. If so, kindly send me the revised figures or give me the citation of the source in which I might be able to find them.

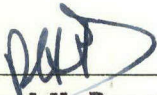
I appreciate your assistance in this matter. I look forward to seeing you this Spring when we discuss the paper.

With all best wishes to Rosamond and you,

Sincerely yours,

Stanley Nehmer
Economic Staff

SN/nj

ROUTING SLIP		Date
	NAME	ROOM NO.
	Mr. Cope Mr. Leggett ✓	813
	Mr. Stevenson	600
	Mr. Ried Mr. M. Craig	400
	Mr. Demuth Mr. E. ...	506
		" ..."
	Action	Note and File
	Appropriate Disposition	Note and Return
	Approval	Prepare Reply
	Comment	Per Our Conversation
	Full Report	Recommendation
	Information	Signature
	Initial	To Handle
REMARKS <i>This letter shows clearly how inadequate our representation at the FA Conference was. E.</i> 		
From Richard H. Demuth		



INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

TELEPHONE BABYLONE 17-10

CABLE ADDRESS: INTBAFRAD PARIS

PLEASE REPLY TO
PARIS OFFICE: 67, RUE DE LILLE
PARIS (7^E) - FRANCE

November 24, 1959

Mr. Richard H. Demuth
Director, Technical Assistance and
Liaison Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
Washington, D.C.

Dear Dick:

This is a preliminary note on the two subjects in the
FAO Conference which interest us. I will write at greater
length when all the papers, which were not ready when I
left, get to me.

1) Freedom from Hunger

The debate on this must have been a great disappoint-
ment to Sen. Nobody, of course, was prepared to come out
in favour of hunger but speaker after speaker, while "wel-
coming the Director General's imaginative proposals",
thought that the campaign should be part of FAO's regular
programme and, more particularly, should not require any
additional funds. (The US and UK were naturally very out-
spoken on this point).

Sen, reasonably enough from his point of view, observed
that if the campaign could be carried out successfully from
FAO's normal budget there would have been no need for such
elaborate preparations.

As debate went on and on and each of the more garrulous
and hungry nations had its lengthy say, another day had to
be allotted to it. I had gone before that day arrived.

2) The Mediterranean Development Project

The reception for this item was very different - quite
surprisingly warm. The US sounded a note of warning - but
mostly about starting without adequate preparation. But all
the non-Mediterranean Europeans were welcoming and some even
enthusiastic. The UK for instance offered an amendment to

ack Dec 10

Mr. Demuth

- 2 -

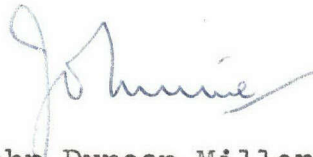
the resolution calling for something to be done which recommended all and sundry to rush to the help of such a fine scheme.

Again more time had to be found and I left before any conclusion.

It is not easy to see quite what happens next. I have not ventured into the country studies but I think it is fairly certain that not enough work has been done anywhere to form the basis of a programme - let alone a series of coordinated programmes.

Meanwhile, I am told, each of the experts is becoming the advocate or even field commander for projects he has recommended in the region or country he studied and is trying to get a head start by putting pressure on the local government. (E.g. Baade persuaded the Turks to get started on one of his pet schemes which was not far from a project of the European Productivity Agency. The Turks, mistakenly thinking that the FAO intended to pay for Baade's scheme, removed most of the bodies away from the EPA project to get busy on the new one. When the government discovered that they had to foot the bill for that one too disillusion followed and both are now languishing).

Yours ever,



John Duncan Miller
Special Representative in Europe

1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030

Mr. Demuth

- 2 -

the resolution calling for something to be done which recommended all and sundry to rush to the help of such a fine scheme.

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Yours ever,

John Duncan Miller
Special Representative in Europe

RECEIVED
1959 NOV 27 PM 1:28

November 23, 1959

Dr. Gerda Blau
Director, Commodities Division
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Dr. Blau:

I am pleased to enclose a copy of the final version of the oils and fats study, Past Trends and Future Prospects for Oils and Fats, prepared by Miss Flora White. I wonder if I might ask you to note that it is "restricted" to conform with the Bank's policy on commodity studies. Many thanks, once again for the helpful assistance, which Mr. Ridler gave us during the preparation of this study.

I do look forward to receiving a copy of Dr. Viton's sugar paper as soon as it is available.

With best regards,

Yours truly,

Dragoslav Avramovic
Chief, General Studies Division
Economic Staff

Enclosure
FWhite:aw

November 18, 1959

Mr. John Duncan Miller
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
67 rue de Lille
Paris 7^e, France

Nov 3
Nov 6

Dear Johnnie:

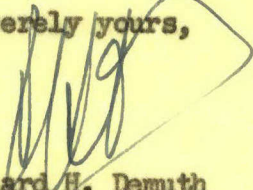
Thank you for your two letters from Rome about Enrique's trip and Toynbee's speech. We have had cordial letters back from the heads of the U.N. agencies in Europe welcoming Enrique's trip and I think it is likely to do a lot to improve the atmosphere.

I took the liberty of quoting what you had to say about the Toynbee lecture to Gene and the Vice Presidents. All the straws seem to indicate an attempt on the part of the Vatican to change its policy in regard to birth control if only some formula can be found to do it unobtrusively. It would certainly be a wonderful thing if introduction of the "pill", which I am told may not be too far off, could be accompanied by a papal blessing.

The IDA negotiations are proceeding quite rapidly and, on the whole, satisfactorily. The U.S. is really taking a pretty bad licking on most of the issues and it is not doing so entirely gracefully, but the end result will be a better charter, more rapidly consummated, than I had thought possible.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:tf

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

Please quote:
Référence:
Sirvase citar:

DDG

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

NOV. 13 1959

Dear Dr. Black,

Thank you for your letter of 30 October, intimating that Dr. Enrique Lopez-Herrarte will be visiting the headquarters of the several United Nations Specialized Agencies located in Europe and that you feel that it would be useful for him to spend some time with us here to acquaint us with developments in connection with IDA and to discuss how its potential activities might relate to those of FAO.

We should be very glad to welcome Mr. Lopez-Herrarte here during January/March. My own movements during that period are not yet finally settled, but in any event if I happen to be absent from Headquarters, Dr. Norman Wright will be happy to receive Dr. Lopez-Herrarte and to arrange for discussions with members of the FAO staff.

I see that you suggest that Dr. Lopez-Herrarte might spend up to two or three weeks here. Personally, I should feel that the necessary discussions, both with groups and individuals, could be easily covered within the period of a week, but this will naturally be a matter for you to decide.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

B.R. Sen
Director-General

Dr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

NOV 17 1959

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRIL, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 590271

Please quote:
Référence:
S'il vous plaît:

NOV 13 1959

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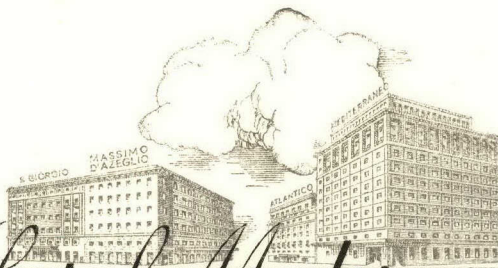
With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

B.R. Sen
Director-General

Dr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

NOV 12 1959
RECEIVED



Recd
11/9/59

Hotel Mediterraneo

Roma

November 6th

Dear Dick,

Many thanks for your letter of Nov. 2. → [I think Enrique's trip is an excellent idea. I had a talk with Sam yesterday afternoon and he seemed delighted. Up till that time I had found everywhere an attitude of "the Bank will take all the IDA money and use it as it likes without consulting anybody" with the obvious conclusion that it was little good approaching us but better to bring pressure on us from outside. Enrique should be able to divert some of the pressure.]

It's been a full meeting — much too undisciplined with 30 minutes allowed to each of 74 countries to review their achievements and programs. Tunisia took 40 minutes and counted every head of cattle in each region. The U.K. and U.S. about 10 minutes each. Now we have reached specific problems in the Commissions which is better. The Fund is getting more attention than we are — quite a lot of support for Compensatory Financing by the Fund to primary producers.

Yours ever
Johnnie



Hotel Mediterraneo

November 3rd

Roma

Dear Dick,

Many thanks for your cable. As a result I have changed my plans and shall stay here until Thursday 12th when the Mediterranean Forestry Program will have been dealt with. After that there will not be much of interest to me.

Filed Docs F.A.O.

I enclose a copy of Toynbee's speech in case it has not been fully reported. From what I know of my old colleagues it will either be a sensation or pass unnoticed. The beginning was deceptively dull and when he said that a faith that eventually moved mountains must have been justified in its object I thought that religion had finally dulled his mind. Then the surprise came. There is a lot to speculate on. A converted Catholic comes to Rome and makes this speech with two Observers from the Holy See to listen to him. (They were just along the row from me and listened unmoved.) As the speech had been printed ahead of time its contents must have been known (even if Toynbee had not consulted the Vatican before deciding to deliver it) and still two Observers were sent to listen. At a reception in the evening Toynbee and the Monsignors were introduced and talked earnestly for some time with everyone trying to hear what was going on.

Otherwise nothing exciting. Sen's speech was adequate and at least shorter than usual. Then we had long disquisitions from Tunisia, Mexico etc. There is a general air of unimportance about the Conference with very few ministers or even Under Secs from the larger countries.

Yours ever

Johnnie

RECEIVED
BANK MARK ROOM
1959 NOV -6 AM 10:08

October 30, 1959

Dr. B. R. Sen
Director General
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Dr. Sen:

I am planning, early next year, to have Dr. Enrique Lopez-Herrarte, of the Bank's Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff, visit the headquarters of the several United Nations Specialized Agencies located in Europe, for the purpose of discussing informally with them the relation of the Bank's activities, and especially those of the projected International Development Association, with the aspects of economic development that are of special concern to these Agencies.

There is perhaps less need for such special consultation in the case of FAO than for the other Agencies, since we are in closer and more continuous working relationship with you and, I expect, will continue to be so. But I believe it would be useful for Dr. Lopez-Herrarte to spend some time with you and your staff to acquaint you with developments in connection with IDA and to get the benefit of your views on how its potential activities might relate to those of FAO. He would be prepared to devote as much time to this visit as you consider would be useful, up to, say, two or three weeks.

I would appreciate it if you would let me know whether you feel such a visit by Dr. Lopez-Herrarte would be useful and, if so, whether there are any particular times during January-March when it might be inconvenient for you to receive him.

With warm personal regards,

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) Eugene R. Black

Ack Nov 13.

ERB:DLG:mo
cc: Central files ✓
Dr. Lopez (2)

Eugene R. Black

OUTGOING WIRE

TO: JOHN MILLER
HOTEL MEDITERRANEO
ROME

(HOLD FOR ARRIVAL)

DATE: OCTOBER 30, 1959

CLASS OF
SERVICE:

COUNTRY: ITALY

TEXT:
Cable No.:

mat

CRAIGMARTIN UNABLE ATTEND CONFERENCE OWING PRESSURE
OPERATIONAL BUSINESS STOP PLEASE ADVISE FAO AND
EXPRESS OUR REGRETS

REID

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MESSAGE AUTHORIZED BY:

NAME P. A. Reid

DEPT. Technical Operations

SIGNATURE

(SIGNATURE OF INDIVIDUAL AUTHORIZED TO APPROVE)

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DEPT. 1011

TEXT:

COMMUNIST LEAD

HOME

HOTEL MEDLEBENBERG

TO: JOHN MITTER

(HOLD FOR MESSAGE)

REMARKS:

REMARKS OF

DATE: OCTOBER 30, 1953

RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT
INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR

OUTGOING WIRE

CONSTRUCTION
INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR

(11-22)
FORM NO. 33

FAO

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote: PU-8/1
Référence: PU-8/1
S'irvese citar:

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

not read - file

OCT. 31 1959

Dear Dr. Perry,

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of 28 October and the FAO material. As some of this material apparently originated with persons in the Economics Department of FAO, I am sending these items to the Department for return to them.

I hope this material has been of use to you. Its delayed return has caused no inconvenience.

Sincerely yours,

R. H. Fiedler

R. H. Fiedler
Chief, Program Coordination Service
Fisheries Division

Dr. G. Neil Perry
Assistant Director of Operations
Western Hemisphere
Washington 25/D.C.

1223 NOV -8 10:08
RECEIVED

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 290011 - 290211 - 290271

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote: PU-8/1
Référence:
Référence:

OCT 3

Dear Dr. Perry,

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of 28 October and the FAO material. As some of this material apparently originated with persons in the Economics Department of FAO, I am sending these items to the Department for return to them.

I hope this material has been of use to you. Its delayed return has caused no inconvenience.

Sincerely yours,

R. H. Medler
Chief, Program Coordination Service
Fisheries Division

Dr. G. Neil Perry
Assistant Director of Operations
Western Hemisphere
Washington 25/D.C.

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM
1959 NOV -6 AM 10:08

F.A.O.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INCOMING WIRE

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE
CORPORATION

DATE OF
WIRE:

LOG NO.:

TO:

FROM:

TEXT:

OCTOBER 27, 1959

WU 8

IRRD

KUALALUMPUR

ROUTING

ACTION COPY:

INFORMATION

COPY:

DECODED BY:

~~MR. PERKINS~~

MR. FRASAD

MR. PERKINS'S

OFFICE

ARRIVED KOALALUMPUR INFORM FAMILY

PERKINS

FAMILY NOTIFIED.

· DUPLICATE

Your ref.: G/X-212

October 13, 1959

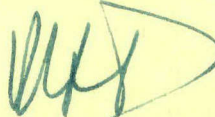
Mr. B. R. Sen
Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Sir:

On behalf of Mr. Black, I should like to thank you for your letter to him of October 5, 1959, drawing attention to the lecture, "Population and Food Supply," to be given on November 2 by Professor Toynbee, at the FAO Conference in Rome.

I am pleased to inform you that Mr. John D. Miller, who will represent the Bank during the first week of the Conference, will be attending the lecture.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

tf

cc: Mr. Miller

FAO.

Your ref.: G/E/X-111(a)

October 12, 1959

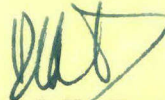
The Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter of August 4, 1959, inviting representation by the International Bank at the Thirty-Second Session of the Committee on Commodity Problems, which will begin on October 22 in Rome.

I am pleased to inform you that we are designating Mr. Maurice Perkins as the Bank's observer at this conference.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

tf

cc: Mr. Aramovic
Mr. Perkins w/ incoming letter & agenda

Your refs.: G/136(b)
G/X-211(b)

October 12, 1959

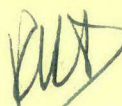
The Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Sir:

Aug 14
Aug 11
On behalf of the International Bank, I want to thank you for the invitations you have extended to us to be represented at the Thirty-Second Session of the FAO Council, which is to convene on October 29, and the Tenth Session of the Conference, which is to convene on October 31.

Although the Bank will not be able to have a representative at the meeting of the Council, we have designated Mr. John D. Miller, the Bank's Special Representative in Europe, and Mr. Paul Craig-Martin, of our Agriculture Division at headquarters, as observers at the Conference. Mr. Miller, who will arrive on November 1 and who will be staying at the Hotel Mediterraneo, will attend the first week of the Conference and Mr. Craig-Martin will attend the second week.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

cc: Messrs. Miller
Craig-Martin

RHD:tf

*Letter + agenda
relating to
10th Session
of FAO
Conference
sent to
Craig-Martin
10/13/59.*

FAO

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

OUTGOING WIRE

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 1959

TO: F W PARKER
FOODAGRI
ROME

mt

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
NIGHT LETTER ☒	CODE ☐
FULL RATE ☐	TELETYPE ☐

TEXT: WILL BE IN ROME WEEK OF OCTOBER 20 THROUGH 24 PRIOR TO JOINING FERTILIZER
TEAM STOP HAVE TICKETS AND RESERVATIONS TO MALAYA STOP REQUEST YOU MAKE RESERVA-
TIONS FROM MALAYA ON WITH FERTILIZER TEAM

PERKINS

INTBAFRAD

AUTHORIZED BY: *L. B. Rist*

NAME MR. L. B. RIST

DEPT. ECONOMIC STAFF

For Use by Archives Division

Checked for Dispatch

FILE COPY

DATE COPY

DEPT: ECONOMIC STAFF

NAME MR. T. B. BISH

AUTHORIZED BY:

Checked for Disposal

For Use by Archival Division

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LONG TERM REVIEW ON ALL DEVELOPING LEAN

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TEXT WILL BE IN HOME WEEK OF OCTOBER 50 THROUGH 51 WHICH TO FINISH REEVALUATION

NOTE

FOODSIGHT

TO: E. M. PARKER

DATE: OCTOBER 15, 1953

WGT RATE

TELETYPE

NIGHT LETTER

CODE

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED

ONLINE MIB

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

OUTGOING WIRE

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 1959

TO: W H CUMMINGS
MALIWAN MANSION
PHRA ATTIT ROAD
BANGKOK THAILAND

ncw

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED			
NIGHT LETTER	☒	CODE	☐
FULL RATE	☐	TELETYPE	☐

TEXT: INFORM KLATT WILL ARRIVE KUALA LUMPUR TO JOIN FERTILIZER TEAM OCTOBER 27 STOP
I SHALL BE AT FEDERAL HOTEL

PERKINS

INTBAFRAD

AUTHORIZED BY: *L. B. Rist*

NAME MR. L. B. RIST

DEPT. ECONOMIC STAFF

For Use by Archives Division
Checked for Dispatch _____

EIGEN COPY

DEPT. ECONOMIC SERVICE

NAME MR. T. B. KIRK

AUTHORIZED BY: *[Signature]*

Checked for Discharge

For Use by Discharge Division

INTERVIEWED

REMARKS

I HAVE BEEN RE-INTERVIEWED

TEXT: INTERVIEW WITH VETERAN KIRK TAKEN TO THE DISCHARGE DIVISION OCTOBER 23, 1950

INTERVIEWED

NAME VETERAN

INTERVIEW DIVISION

TO: A. H. CLARK

DATE: OCTOBER 23, 1950

WIT NAME

TELETYPE

WITHT. LETTER

CODE

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED

OUTGOING MAIL

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT



INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

1818 H STREET, N.W., WASHINGTON 25, D. C. TELEPHONE: EXECUTIVE 3-6360

PRESS RELEASE No. 606
October 12, 1959

SUBJECT: Agricultural Survey Mission
to Peru

Recommendations for a broad program of agricultural development in Peru were published today in a report prepared by a survey mission organized jointly by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the World Bank.

The mission, which went to Peru at the request of the Government, was headed by Roland R. Renne, President of Montana State College. Seven FAO experts served as members of the mission and four as consultants; the mission also included two members of the Bank's staff and three consultants specially engaged for this assignment.

Copies of the report are obtainable from the Publications Office, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Washington 25, D.C.

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Ref: EX 3/3-LAi

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
ROME

OCT. - 6 1959

Dear Mr. Adler,

In Mr. Dabell's absence I want to thank you very much for the promptitude with which you sent us the 200 copies of the map of irrigation projects of Peru.

If any payment were requested by the Bank for this valuable help, please let us know.

Yours sincerely,

J. de Mèredieu
Acting-Chief

Water Resources and Irrigation Branch
Land and Water Development Division

Mr. John H. Adler
Economic Adviser
Department of Operations
Western Hemisphere
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

RECEIVED
1959 OCT - 8 AM 10:53

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
ROME

Ref: EX 3/3-1A1

OCT - 6 1959

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Yours sincerely,

J. de Méredieu
Acting-Chief
Water Resources and Irrigation Branch
Land and Water Development Division

U.S.A.
Washington 25, D.C.
1818 H Street, N.W.
Reconstruction and Development
International Bank for
Western Hemisphere
Department of Operations
Economic Adviser
Mr. John H. Adler

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1959 OCT - 9 AM 10:23

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Ref: 3/3-LAi

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
ROME

OCT. - 6 1959

Dear Mr. Cheek,

The 200 copies of the valuable map on arid zones of Peru were forwarded to us. We are very grateful for your help in this matter and for the promptitude to comply with our request.

Yours sincerely,

J. de Mèredieu
Acting-Chief
Water Resources and Irrigation Branch
Land and Water Development Division

Mr. Bruce Cheek
Editor of the FAO/IBRD
Joint Mission Reports
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H. Street, N.W.
Washington D.C.
U.S.A.

*Mr. Davis
Tech. Asst. & Liaison*

*Cheers to you.
Cheek.
N.Y. Dec. 18/59*

1959 DEC 31 11:15

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RECEIVED

1959 OCT - 3 11:10:54

ORGANIZATION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
ROME

Ref: 3/3-LAI

OCT - 6 1959

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J. de Meredien
Acting-Chief
Water Resources and Irrigation Branch
Land and Water Development Division

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1959 OCT - 9 AM 10: 24

Mr. Bruce Cheek
Editor of the FAO/IBRD
Joint Mission Reports
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H. Street, N.W.
Washington D.C.
U.S.A.

Mr. J. Davis
Mr. X. X. X.
1959

Chas. K. X.
1959
18/11

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM
1959 DEC 21 AM 11: 12



With the Compliments
of
Walter G. Weisbecker
Chief, Distribution and Sales Section

Re your letter of 29 July:
All available reports are attached

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, Rome

October 5, 1959

Dr. A. H. Boerma
Director, Program and Budgetary Service
Food and Agriculture Organization of
the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

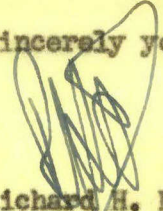
Dear Dr. Boerma:

I am sending you by air today, under separate cover, five copies of each of the draft chapters on Agriculture and Forestry, Water Resources and Industry, Handicrafts and Fisheries, which will be a part of the report of the Bank's general survey mission to Libya.

We should greatly appreciate any comments or suggestions FAO may wish to make on these drafts. I know that October is a bad month for your organization but we want to move ahead as promptly as possible with the preparation of the final report. I hope, therefore, that we can have FAO's comments by the end of this month.

Let me take this opportunity to thank you, on behalf of Mr. Prasad and the Bank, for the invaluable assistance which various FAO experts in Libya rendered to the mission. With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,


Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:PHF:mo
cc: Central files

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Skrvase citat:

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

G/X-212

Dear Sir,

I wish to refer to the coming Conference Session which opens on 31 October 1959 and to draw your attention particularly to the Lecture to be given on the morning of Monday, 2 November, by Professor Arnold J. Toynbee. This is the first of the McDougall Memorial Lectures instituted to perpetuate the memory of the late Mr. F.L. McDougall. The subject is: "Population and Food Supply".

This lecture is intended to serve as an introduction to consideration of the major policy issues on the Agenda: The World Situation, Problems Confronting Governments, Freedom from Hunger Campaign, Technical Assistance in the Fields of Food and Agriculture, Agricultural Production, etc.

...

A copy of my monthly letter on the Session is attached.

Should you be interested in following this lecture either in person or by sending a representative, would you please inform me so that the necessary seating arrangements can be made.

Yours sincerely,

B. R. Sen

Director-General

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 - H. Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.
U S A

Ad 6 Oct 13

1320 OCT 13 1959

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FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel: 590011 - 590211 - 590711

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Référence:

GA-X-212

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Yours sincerely,

H. H. Sosa
Director-General

Mr. Eugene H. Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1815 - K Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.
U S A

1959 OCT -9 AM 10:23
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FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Please quote:
Référence:
Sirvase citar:

*Copy of letter, sent to Ministers of Agriculture,
for your information and advice*

No. 72 - August 1959

My dear Minister,

You may recall that the Twenty-Ninth Session of the FAO Council, held in October last year, welcomed the basic objectives of my tentative proposals for a world-wide campaign designed to focus public attention on the continuing problem of hunger and to mobilize national and international efforts towards its solution. Despite the increasing efforts of national governments and international organizations, the spectre of near-famine and undernourishment still continues to haunt many parts of the world. One reason for this is the increase in world population, which is now growing at a rate faster than ever before. From 1650 it took 200 years for the world population to be doubled and from 1850 a hundred years. During the first half of this century, in spite of the two devastating wars, the rise was 60 per cent. At the present rate of growth, the world population will double itself during the second half of this century. How precarious is the balance between the rise of income and productivity on the one hand and the mounting needs of fast growing populations in the relatively less developed countries on the other, becomes evident if one analyses the trends in levels of living of their rural populations. Although post-war gross production of food has increased, per caput consumption in several underdeveloped countries has not reached pre-war levels; in other words, levels of income and food supply are hardly keeping pace with population growth. And yet it is technically possible for the underdeveloped countries to double or treble their agricultural production. Japan, for instance, produces four to five times more rice from the same type of land than most of the South East Asian countries. This Japan does by better irrigation and drainage, by propagating better seeds, by using fertilizers in a scientific way, by systematic control of pests and diseases and by better marketing arrangements.

2. It is clear that nothing less than heroic efforts will be needed if all the people of the world are to be provided with food adequate in quality and quantity for a healthy and vigorous life. Such efforts will be needed not only in



the direction of increasing agricultural production and income, but also in that of securing better distribution of food and general purchasing power, especially in underdeveloped countries. These will call for a wider use of scientific methods, more purposeful reorientation of investment resources, and better adaptation of the institutional factors which now stand in the way of progress. The problem of hunger provides a focus to all such efforts and, since it lies at the heart of FAO's work, the basic purpose of the Freedom-From-Hunger Campaign was enunciated as the fulfilment of the task set out in FAO's Constitution. There was, however, no illusion about such a task being either simple in character or easy to accomplish. The very dimension and complexity of the problem of hunger prompted me, from the very outset, to seek the cooperation of governments, the United Nations and the Specialized Agencies, non-governmental organizations and humanitarian foundations in articulating the campaign.

3. The Council, in 1958, welcomed the proposal for such a campaign as an appropriate opportunity for a rededication of the Organization to the objectives which inspired its establishment. The Council appointed an Ad Hoc Committee of nine Member Nations to work with me in preparing more detailed proposals for the consideration of the June 1959 Session of the Council. The Ad Hoc Committee made a valuable contribution towards sharpening the outlines of my original proposals. It suggested that the campaign should be spread over a period of time, rather than be tied up with the concept of a "Year", so that remedial action initiated during the campaign could be assured of continuity, and that information and educational activities should be supplemented by action programs. The Committee felt that the campaign should consist essentially of an intensification of effort in those fields of work where FAO has the responsibility for providing guidance at the international level. Leadership would, therefore, rest with FAO, and the overall control of campaign policies and operation, in respect of activities undertaken by FAO, must rest with the FAO Conference. The Committee supported the proposal for a World Food Congress in 1963, but felt that the Congress need not in itself be an inter-governmental conference, but should be held in close association with the 1963 session of the FAO Conference which should, as originally suggested, also be specially dedicated to the commemoration of the Hot Springs anniversary. The Committee suggested that the campaign should also receive special attention at the 1961 and 1965 sessions of the Conference, the latter being the twentieth anniversary of the founding of FAO and therefore a specially appropriate occasion for reviewing the progress made towards achieving the overall objectives of the campaign.

4. These developments were reported to the Administrative Committee on Coordination (ACC) at Geneva in April this year. The tentative list of basic studies to be prepared was discussed, and the Secretary-General of the United Nations, and the executive heads of ILO, UNESCO, WHO, IAEA and WMO expressed their willingness to cooperate fully, within their resources, subject to

approval of their governing bodies. It was agreed that the campaign was to be regarded as a cooperative effort, under the general leadership of FAO.

5. The Economic and Social Council, at its Twenty-Eighth Session held at Geneva in July this year, adopted a resolution endorsing the general plan of the campaign, and inviting the United Nations and the Specialized Agencies to continue to cooperate in the project to ensure its success and effective execution. It also recommended that member governments of the cooperating agencies, and non-governmental organizations accredited to them, should participate in the project in an appropriate manner.

6. The FAO Council, at its June 1959 Session, gave unanimous support to the main lines for conducting the campaign as recommended by its own Ad Hoc Committee on the basis of my suggestions. The Council also asked for a definite plan to be prepared taking into account the Council and Committee recommendations for submission to the Conference. The plan prepared in pursuance of this Council directive is now being circulated to member governments as a Conference document.

7. In view of the general consensus of opinion that the campaign should consist essentially of an intensification of effort in those fields of work where FAO has the responsibility for providing guidance at the international level, it was essential to see to what extent the FAO regular program could be readjusted to support the campaign. This needed a thorough review of FAO's existing lines of work. The drawing up of the Forward Appraisal in terms of the ECOSOC Resolution 665 C of July 1957, provided an opportunity to make just this kind of review and the opportunity was fully utilized. The needs of the campaign and FAO's regular activities over the next five years (Forward Appraisal period) were brought into a common focus, and the question resolved itself into this: given a minimal rate of expansion over the next five years, how should the additional resources be used in the different spheres of FAO activities in order to deal with the basic problem of our time - the problem of food supply for the rapidly growing world population? It would be evident therefore that the Forward Appraisal and planning for the Freedom-From-Hunger Campaign have both been guided by the same objectives and have influenced each other. In drawing up the campaign plans, we have specially taken note of the suggestions and recommendations made by the Ad Hoc Committee, the Council, the ECOSOC and the ACC.

8. It would be appropriate to give you at this stage a brief summary of the various aspects of the campaign plan as it has now emerged. We considered several titles for the campaign, and it became clear that no one title would be

equally expressive in all languages. I therefore recommended "Freedom-From-Hunger Campaign" as the English title, since it best satisfied the various criteria suggested and yet retained the emotional appeal necessary to attract enthusiasm and active support. "Hunger" in this title stands for real hunger as well as chronic malnutrition and dietary deficiencies.

9. To achieve the objectives of the campaign, three broad categories of activities are contemplated: (1) information and educational; (2) research, and (3) national action programs. The information and educational programs would include studies and investigations directed towards securing and disseminating better information regarding (i) what needs to be done to combat hunger and malnutrition; (ii) what are the technical and economic possibilities of increasing production and improving distribution; and (iii) how can the problems of hunger and malnutrition actually be tackled by the utilization of technical and economic knowledge and resources now available. The ultimate aim of such studies would be to fill gaps in knowledge and provide a necessary basis for action programs. These studies will be prepared, individually or cooperatively, by the international agencies competent in each sector of the field and will be supplemented by national studies prepared by individual governments and national organizations. Such information will help the world-wide effort to awaken interest in the various approaches to the solution of the problem. Under this activity, FAO will publish the Third World Food Survey and will have responsibility for preparing other background studies on (1) Possibilities of increasing agricultural production; (2) National and international arrangements for food distribution; (3) Status and intensity of national efforts to improve and increase food production; (4) Training in nutrition; (5) Nutrition and working efficiency (jointly with WHO and ILO); and (6) Animal disease and human health (jointly with WHO). UNESCO will contribute background studies on 1) Needs of less developed countries for trained manpower in their economic development (jointly with U.N., ILO and FAO); 2) Magnitude of national educational and training efforts (jointly with ILO and FAO); and 3) Discussion guides for the campaign at adult and school levels. United Nations publications will deal with 1) Population and food supplies (jointly with FAO and possibly ILO); 2) Raising the buying power for food by economic development; and 3) Status of national efforts to speed economic development and thus raise food buying power. ILO will prepare studies on 1) Hunger in relation to purchasing power of workers; and 2) Action of organized groups of people, such as cooperative and welfare societies, in promoting freedom from hunger. WHO will contribute a paper on 'Nutrition and Health' in cooperation with FAO, and the World Meteorological Organization will produce a study on 'Weather and Food', also in cooperation with FAO. The foregoing list of studies represents what has so far been

tentatively agreed between FAO and the other cooperating international organizations. These studies will be most valuable to the National Campaign Committees in developing programs highlighting the special deficiencies and requirements of their respective countries. They will also serve as guides to those who mould public opinion through mass communication media.

10. The Research Program will largely be on applied and problem-oriented projects. It will be concerned with economic, social and technical problems of agricultural development, with special emphasis on increased and efficient production in agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. The wide scope of the research program will provide opportunities for participation of governments, public and private research agencies and universities, in both economically developed and underdeveloped countries. Undoubtedly most of the research work under the campaign will be conducted by member governments and directed to the solution of local problems. It will range from research on fertilizer use, crop improvement, irrigation and drainage practices, livestock and poultry nutrition and management, and village fuel supply, to farm planning, production credit, food technology, marketing, and the more effective utilization of surplus crops for economic development. Regional problems that may be studied under the research program include control of plant and animal diseases and insects, crop improvement, the improved utilization of range lands, the evaluation and development of fishing resources, and several nutrition problems, including the further development of indices of food consumption. Effective research on these and similar problems often requires a regional approach. Diseases, insects, and soil and climatic conditions do not recognize national boundaries. Other problems are often common to several countries in a region, and collaboration, rather than duplication of research and facilities, yields greater returns. FAO working parties can be useful in the development and execution of such projects. Some types of research will require extensive international collaboration. A thorough study of the causes for the very wide difference in the rate of increase in agricultural production as between countries will only be possible by the cooperation of a number of countries. Likewise, a study of technical assistance in agriculture, with a view to ascertaining the most effective methods, will require the collaboration of host countries and the nations and agencies, both multilateral and bilateral, providing technical assistance.

11. National Action Programs will be the heart of the campaign. Only the action programs will provide increased production, improved distribution, and the other things necessary to free the world from hunger. Such programs will, in general, be either of a pilot or demonstration type, or will be devoted to bringing about improvements with respect to a selected problem or an associated group of

problems affecting food supplies and nutrition. Most of the projects will be on some aspect of food production, improvements in nutritive quality, prevention of losses, increased effectiveness in distribution or in stimulating more nutritive food habits and consumption. Projects may, however, be developed on associated social, economic or institutional questions that have a direct bearing on food and nutrition. Where appropriate, under FAO guidance, projects may be developed for two or more countries or even on a wider geographic base. Instances of specific projects contemplated under this category are: (1) national food reserve stocks and facilities; (2) fertilizer pool for demonstration purposes; and (3) the World Seed Campaign 1960/61, etc. Countries are expected to launch action projects as, with the progress of the campaign, ideas crystallize and specific needs are seen more clearly. It is to be remembered that the object of the campaign is to accelerate and improve the efforts of governments and peoples so that in the next 15 to 20 years the problem of hunger will have been brought substantially under control if not effectively eliminated. The individual countries must, therefore, be free to decide which schemes to take up under the campaign. Big schemes such as flood control through better watershed management, river valley development, large-scale drainage and desalinization of land, reforestation and afforestation for soil conservation, to which some countries may give high priority but which they are unable to implement for lack of funds, could be taken up under this campaign if the prospects of finding the necessary resources under the impetus of the campaign appear to be assured.

12. In regard to organizational arrangements, it is proposed that the major responsibility for leading and planning the campaign would be carried by the Director-General of FAO under the overall guidance of the Conference and Council. The Director-General would be assisted by a Special Campaign Committee consisting of representatives of member governments. In addition, an Advisory Committee of representatives of major cooperating international non-governmental organizations would be set up to help the Director-General in the development of the campaign and to coordinate their activities under the campaign. Each country is expected to establish a Freedom-From-Hunger Campaign Committee of its own. This Committee would help plan and stimulate national and local campaign activities, and coordinate activities started by other domestic agencies or organizations. In 1963 national meetings should be held by spring or summer so that their conclusions and recommendations might be ready for the World Food Congress to be held at FAO Headquarters later that year, and for the FAO Conference immediately following. The national meetings and the World Food Congress are viewed primarily as meetings where representatives of non-governmental organizations and interested scientific bodies would discuss their own ideas, conclusions and recommendations with the public officials, both

national or international, assisting as a Secretariat. In the FAO Conference, in ECOSOC, and in other governmental or inter-governmental legislative bodies or meetings, these recommendations would be re-examined with a view to judging how best the lessons learned could be put into practice.

13. Considerable thought was given to my proposals for the financing of the campaign by the FAO Council as well as the Program and Finance Committees. It was agreed that although FAO's Regular Program of Work would play an important part in the campaign, it would be necessary, in order to give the campaign the desired breadth, to establish a Special Campaign Fund to which various organizations, foundations, private individuals and governments would be invited to subscribe. The costs of the campaign will fall into two broad heads: (1) staff both at Headquarters and in the Regions, and (2) technical assistance to countries in their research and action programs as well as research undertaken at FAO's request on an international basis. Any estimates of cost at this stage must necessarily be very tentative, but just to give a rough idea I have suggested the figure of \$750,000 a year as an average for five to six years to cover costs under (1) above, and that of \$1 to 1.5 million a year to cover costs under (2). As regards financing these costs, I felt that governments, through voluntary contributions, should bear the cost of the staffing needed for the general organization and running of the campaign, including the overall direction of the educational and information effort; while non-governmental organizations, religious groups, foundations, private individuals and others should be invited to undertake the responsibility for technical assistance. This division of responsibility is logical, though it need not be rigid. To private groups direct assistance to people will have greater appeal, while governments with their experience of the working of FAO will appreciate the extent to which a campaign on this world-wide scale needs to be supported by additional staff.

14. As regards securing outside financing, I have not explored the matter in any detail pending formal Conference approval of the campaign. Some tentative consultations, however, have been held, with encouraging results. A number of foundations have expressed their interest in the campaign and their readiness to consider formal requests as soon as they can be submitted. Several non-governmental organizations have indicated that they could raise considerable sums from their members and from the general public. What proportion of such funds they would be willing to turn over to FAO for its central activities has not been discussed. The appeal of the Bishops of West Germany, who had been supplied with my address on the Freedom-From-Hunger Campaign in Rome and other relevant FAO literature, yielded contributions on a single day amounting to nearly eight million dollars. The organization set up to utilize this fund is in contact with FAO. The significance of this German effort is perhaps not so much in

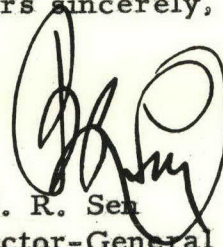
the amount of the contribution raised, which is in itself spectacular, as in the indication of an eager desire on the part of vast masses of people to help their less fortunate brethren transcending all obstacles of race, colour or creed.

15. In carrying out their research and action projects under the campaign, less developed countries will need external assistance both in technical advisers and in funds for imports of equipment in connection with such projects. Part of this help may be obtained from the technical assistance programs of international organizations, from the United Nations Special Fund, and from international financing institutions. Bilateral aid to individual governments also could be concentrated and oriented to give strength and purpose to the campaign, and could be expanded where needed and possible. The campaign might also provide a stimulus to some donor countries to concentrate their bilateral aid along lines which they are particularly well qualified to furnish and which are at the same time specially appropriate to the purposes of the campaign. Financing for economic development projects is also being provided, in substantial volume, by the use of agricultural surpluses. The quantities supplied may be considerably expanded under the "Food for Peace" plan, which owes its inception to the leadership of President Eisenhower. The Wheat Utilization Committee, set up by the "Food for Peace" conference would, as indicated in its first communiqué, study three types of additional uses: (1) projects to raise consumption among specially deficient groups in the population; (2) projects to aid economic development from national currency funds accruing from surplus sales; and (3) projects to establish food reserves utilizing idle storage facilities or newly constructed ones. The United States has indicated that it proposes to extend this plan to other commodities such as dairy products, and to set up special committees to deal with each of them. It is also hoped that President de Gaulle's interest in a concerted attack on the problem of hunger as a key to world peace, which has found expression on several occasions, will exercise a powerful impact over the whole range of the campaign.

16. As stated already, this general plan of the campaign is not a blueprint and has many gaps, many points not defined with precision. This is in the very nature of a campaign which has just got beyond the germinating stage. The success of a campaign like this, involving governments and peoples, needs above all a widely spread feeling of participation, not only in carrying it out but also in the formulation of it. During the last few months I have received offers of cooperation and participation from a wide variety of organizations, government officials and influential organs of public opinion. Such offers will multiply once we launch the campaign with the full support of the Conference. As the head of

this world organization, I myself feel convinced that such a campaign is necessary if we are to awaken the world to the perils that beset humanity should the problems of widespread hunger and want remain unsolved in this otherwise triumphant age brought about by the spectacular advance of science and technology.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'B. R. Sen', written over a circular stamp or seal.

B. R. Sen
Director-General

FAO

FILE COPY

Mr. Leonard B. Rist

September 29, 1959

Maurice F. Perkins

Participation in FAO Far Eastern Fertilizer Survey Team

1. Attached is my travel request.
2. The itinerary of the Survey Team, which you requested, is as follows (it has been approved that I join the Team in Malaya):

Malaya	Oct. 27 to Nov. 2
Philippines	Nov. 3 to Nov. 10
Thailand <u>1/</u>	Nov. 10 to Nov. 12
India <u>1/</u>	Nov. 12 to Nov. 17
Rome	Nov. 18 to Dec. 9

- 1/ The Team will have visited Thailand and India previously and will return to Bangkok and Delhi in order to have final talks with central government officials.

3. Mr. Gilmartin has suggested that I try to visit a number of rice importing firms in the countries which the Team will visit in order to try to obtain answers to a few questions which have been bothering us. I believe this can easily be done without difficulty during the scheduled stay of the Team as shown above.

MFP:rb

Attachment

cc: Mr. Prasad
Mr. Gilmartin

September 28, 1959

Mr. B. R. Sen
Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Sir:

I wish to refer to your letter of September 19, addressed to Mr. Eugene Black, regarding FAO's forthcoming Latin American Land Problems Seminar to be held in Montevideo, Uruguay, between November 23 and December 9 of this year.

Even though the Bank is still interested in attending this seminar, we are not in a position at the moment to know who would be the observer. However, we will make every effort to have someone attend the meeting.

Sincerely yours,

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte
Liaison Officer
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

ELH:em

September 25, 1959

Mr. J. P. Dabell
Chief
Water Resources and Irrigation
Branch
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Dabell:

✓
Your letter of September 17 to Mr. Cheek has been referred to me. I have arranged that 200 copies of the map of irrigation projects of the Joint BANK/FAO Report be forwarded to you by air print.

Sincerely yours,

John H. Adler
Economic Adviser
Department of Operations
Western Hemisphere

cc- Mr. French

JHADler/clc

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INCOMING WIRE

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE
CORPORATION

DATE OF
WIRE: **ACR 9**

LOG NO.: **SEPTEMBER 23, 1959**

TO:
FROM: **RIST IBRD**

TEXT: **ROMA**

ROUTING

ACTION COPY:

INFORMATION

COPY:

DECODED BY:

MR. RIST

PERKINS NOW LEFT HERE UNDERSTAND RETURNING

WASHINGTON SOON WRITING

PARKER

· DUPLICATE

ROUTED TO:	ACTION ONLY
NO. 1025	INFORMATION
	EXY
	RECORDED BY:

DATE OF: 10/2/59
 TIME: 10:00 AM
 TO: DIRECTOR
 FROM: NEW YORK
 RE: 100-1025

RECEIVED NEW YORK
 SEP 23 1959

TYPED
 GENERAL FILES
 CONFERENCE
 SEP 23 3 55 PM 1959

September 21, 1959

TO: Mr. F.W. PARKER
Assistant Director General
FOODAGRI
ROME, Italy

DATE:

CLASS OF NL
SERVICE:

COUNTRY:

TEXT:
Cable No.:

✓ Aug 4.
RE YOUR LETTER LA 2/13 LAD WE ARE PLEASED TO MAKE MAURICE PERKINS AVAILABLE
TO YOU AS REQUESTED stop PLEASE ASK PERKINS TO CABLE US WHAT HIS TRAVELING
SCHEDULE NOW IS

RIST-INTBAFRAD

NOT TO BE TRANSMITTED

MESSAGE AUTHORIZED BY:

NAME Leonard B. Rist *L.B.R.*

DEPT. Economic Staff

SIGNATURE _____

(SIGNATURE OF INDIVIDUAL AUTHORIZED TO APPROVE)

ORIGINAL (File Copy)

(IMPORTANT: See back of yellow copy for guide in preparing form)

CLEARANCES AND COPY DISTRIBUTION:

For Use by Archives Division

Checked for Dispatch: _____

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

D. Lopez Herrarte

I am afraid that we must
reply that we will be unable
to send a special representative
as observer.

However we will keep the
seminar in mind and if
an officer ^{of this Division} is in Uruguay on
Bank business at that time —
which is quite possible — we
would arrange for him to attend
some sessions. In that event
he would arrange his own
hotel accommodation.

P. H.
9/28

ROUTING SLIP		Date September 25, 1959	
NAME		ROOM NO.	
Mr. Reid		400	
Dr. Lopez-Herrarte		506	

<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 50%;">Action</td><td style="width: 50%;">Note and File</td></tr> <tr><td>Appropriate Disposition</td><td>Note and Return</td></tr> <tr><td>Approval</td><td>Prepare Reply</td></tr> <tr><td>Comment</td><td>Per Our Conversation</td></tr> <tr><td>Full Report</td><td>Recommendation</td></tr> <tr><td>Information</td><td>Signature</td></tr> <tr><td>Initial</td><td>To Handle</td></tr> </table>	Action	Note and File	Appropriate Disposition	Note and Return	Approval	Prepare Reply	Comment	Per Our Conversation	Full Report	Recommendation	Information	Signature	Initial	To Handle	
Action	Note and File														
Appropriate Disposition	Note and Return														
Approval	Prepare Reply														
Comment	Per Our Conversation														
Full Report	Recommendation														
Information	Signature														
Initial	To Handle														

...MARKS

On August 7 we wrote FAO telling them that we hoped to participate in this meeting. We would like to know if you are still interested so that we may reply to the attached letter accordingly.

From **Enrique Lopez-Herrarte** *ELH*

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



FAO
ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA
LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote
Référence :
S'ilvase citer :

Cable Address : FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

SEP. 19 1959

Dear Mr. Black,

I refer to my letter of 8 July in which I invited your Organization to send an observer to FAO's forthcoming Latin American Land Problems Seminar which will be held in Montevideo, Uruguay, between 23 November and 9 December of this year.

We are very anxious to know if it will be possible for the Bank to send an observer to the Seminar. One of the reasons is that hotel space, during the beginning of the tourist season when the Seminar opens, will be difficult to arrange and the Organizing Committee in Montevideo would urgently like to know the exact number of participants. I shall therefore be grateful for an early reply.

Yours sincerely,

B.R. Sen
Director-General

Mr. Eugene Black
President,
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 "H" Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

Ask Sep 28

RECEIVED
1823 SEP 25 1959



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 590271

Please quote
Référence:
Divise clear:

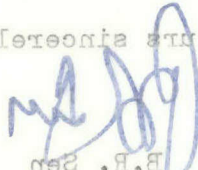
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Yours sincerely,


R.R. Sen
Director-General

Mr. Eugene Black
President,
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 "H" Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM
1959 SEP 22 AM 10:07

Ad 1958

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA
LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote
Référence:
Srvase citar:

EX 3/3-LAi

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

SEP. 17 1959

Dear Mr. Cheek,

Mr. Finkel has told us that an excellent map of the arid zones of Peru was attached to the Joint BANK/FAO Mission Report on Irrigation Projects in that country. We would like to include this map in the FAO Report and we wondered if it would be possible for you to provide us with 200 copies of quarto size. It seems somewhat unnecessary for us to have the map reproduced if it already exists, and I am sure payment could be arranged between our Organizations if necessary.

We shall be very grateful if you could help us.

Yours sincerely,

J.P. Dabell
Chief

Water Resources and Irrigation Branch

Mr. Bruce Cheek
Editor of the FAO/IBRD
Joint Mission Reports
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H. Street, N.W.
Washington D.C.
U.S.A.

Ack Sept 25

1959 SEP 23 10 10 AM

RECEIVED



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 290011 - 290211 - 299071

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

EX 3/3-LAI

Please quote
Référence:
Sivase clear:

SEP 17 1959

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J.P. Dabell
Chief

Water Resources and Irrigation Branch

Mr. Bruce Cheek
Editor of the FAO/IBRD
Joint Mission Reports
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H. Street, N.W.
Washington D.C.
U.S.A.

1959 SEP 23 AM 10:29
RECEIVED
WATER RESOURCES
BRANCH

Ask Dept 22

FAO

September 8, 1959

Dr. Gerda Blau
Director, Commodities Division
Food and Agriculture Organisation
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Dr. Blau;

At the time your letter of June 17, 1959, arrived I was already on home-leave and, I believe, Miss White sent a note of thanks to Mr. Ridler. However, I should like to thank you, myself, for your most helpful co-operation in arranging for our oils and fats study to be reviewed by Mr. Ridler and his staff. The final version will be out shortly and we shall be pleased to send you several copies.

Whenever you can give us additional comments or some guidance for future work on long-term prospects for oils and fats, we shall be most pleased to receive them.

Meantime, I do look forward to continue to turn to you and your staff for help in preparing our future commodity studies.

With best regards,

Yours truly,

Dragoslav Avramovic
Chief, General Studies Division
Economic Staff

DA/FW/aw

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasc citar:

TEC

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

AUG. 21 1959

Dear Dr. Perkins,

...

This is in reply to Mr. Demuth's letter of 13 August 1959 to Dr. Norman Wright. Enclosed herewith find a copy of a memorandum by Dr. A.K. Sen, "Agricultural Investment: Irrigational Projects Versus Fertilizer Factories".

I will be in Washington from 24-28 August, and will give your office a ring, and hope that we can meet for some discussion regarding the Fertilizer Team for South and East Asia.

Sincerely,

Frank W. Parker
Assistant Director-General
Technical Department

Dr. Maurice Perkins
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

INCOMING WIRE

DATE OF WIRE: August 17, 1959

TO: Miss White

FROM: Rome

ACR7

TEXT:

ROUTING
ACTION COPY TO Miss White
INFORMATION COPY TO
Decoded By

REURTEL 1958 TOTAL OILS FATS PRICE INDEX 96 MONTHLY 1959 .

JANUARY 96 FEBRUARY 96 MARCH 98 APRIL 103 MAY 106 JUNE

104

RIDLER FOODAGRI

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

TYPED

RECEIVED
COMMUNICATIONS
SECTION

AUG 17 11 35 AM 1958

MR. ROSEN

TO:

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-38861) (P)

SUBJECT: MURDER OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.;

RE:

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

RECEIVED BY

INFORMATION CONT. NO.

NY 100-38861

NY 100-38861

INCOMING MAIL

RECEIVED BY

INFORMATION CONT. NO.

NY 100-38861

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Skrvase citat:

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

AUG. 14 1959

G/X-211(b)

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has the honour to extend an invitation to be represented by observers at the Thirty-second Session of the Council, which will open at FAO Headquarters in Rome at 10.30 hours on 29 October 1959.

...

A copy of the Provisional Agenda (CL 32/1 - FIRST DRAFT) is attached.

The main purpose of this Session of the Council is to undertake the final detailed preparations for the Tenth Session of the Conference of FAO, which opens on 31 October 1959.

The Director-General would appreciate being notified as early as possible of the names of the observers to the Council Session.

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President

International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
Washington D.C., U S A

Adk bct 12

Thirty-Second Session

Rome, 29-30 October 1959

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

PROCEDURE

1. Adoption of Agenda (Rule III-1 of the Rules of Procedure for the Council)
2. Election of Vice-Chairman (Rule I-1 of the Rules of Procedure for the Council)

PREPARATIONS FOR THE TENTH SESSION OF THE CONFERENCE

3. Provisional Conference Agenda (C 59/1 - FIRST DRAFT)
4. Nominations to be made under Rule VII of the Rules Adopted by the Conference
Appointment of Nominations Committee
5. Other arrangements

COMMITTEE ON COMMODITY PROBLEMS

6. Report of the Thirty-Second Session of the Committee on Commodity Problems (22-28 October 1959)

CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL MATTERS

7. Report of the Committee on Constitutional and Legal Matters (Third Session)
8. Draft Agreements with inter-governmental organizations
9. Draft Agreement for the establishment on a permanent basis of the Latin American Forest Research and Training Institute
10. Applications for consultative status from non-governmental organizations
11. Agreement with the Government of Ghana concerning the African Regional Office

OTHER MATTERS

12. Date and place of the Thirty-Third Session of the Council.

FILE COPY

August 14, 1959

Mr. J. J. Ward
Programming and Operations Officer
Land and Water Development Division
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Not sent to file
2

Dear Mr. Ward:

Thank you very much for your letter of August 7th and your subsequent cable of August 13th regarding the assembly of the Fertilizer Survey Team in Rome on September 7th.

I am planning to arrive in Rome on or before this date and will inform you subsequently as to my exact time of arrival.

Sincerely yours,

Maurice F. Perkins

MFP:rb

cc: Mr. L. Rist
Mr. R. Demuth

FAO

August 13, 1959

Dr. Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Norman:

I am writing in response to your letter of August 4 with further reference to your proposed fertilizer survey.

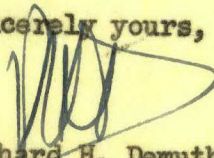
I am embarrassed to say that the memorandum by A. K. Sen, entitled "Agricultural Investments: Irrigational Projects versus Fertilizer Factories," of which Dr. Parker was kind enough to give me a copy, has been mislaid and we seem unable to put our hands on another copy of it here. Before giving you a definitive answer on the study you suggest we might make, our Economic Staff would like to look at the Sen memorandum. Would you be good enough, therefore, to have another copy sent to us, addressed to Dr. Maurice Perkins.

I should add that our preliminary reaction towards the suggested study is not altogether affirmative. As FAO itself would certainly be the first to point out, the relative priority of an investment in an irrigation project and an investment in a fertilizer factory depends upon the specific circumstances of the country concerned, particularly the character of its resources; indeed, water and fertilizer are frequently so interrelated as factors of production that it is difficult to give one priority over the other. This makes us fearful that any meaningful study of the subject might involve a tremendous amount of research which we would probably not be in a position to undertake.

However, I think the best course would be to let our Economic Staff take a look at the Sen memorandum and for Dr. Perkins then to talk the whole project over with your people when he comes to join the briefing sessions for the fertilizer team in the middle of September.

With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,


Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

cc; Mr. Rist
Mr. Perkins

RHD:tf

Ack Aug 21
(by Parker)

F A O

WU/7

INCOMING WIRE

DATE OF WIRE:

AUGUST 13, 1959

TO:

PERKINS

FROM:

NEW YORK

TEXT:

REFERENCE LETTER WARD FAO ROME 7/8 INTERNATIONAL

BANK FERTILIZER SURVEY TEAM ASSEMBLING ROME 7/9 LEAVING ROME

12/9

ACHARYA FAO NEW YORK

ROUTING

MR. PERKINS

ACTION COPY TO

INFORMATION COPY TO

Decoded By

DUPLICATE

TO: DUNCAN RIDLER

DATE: AUGUST 13, 1959

~~FAO~~

FOOD AGRIC

ROME

CLASS OF LETTER TELEGRAM
SERVICE:

COUNTRY: (ITALY)

TEXT: PLEASE CABLE 1958 TOTAL OILS FATS PRICE INDEX 1959 AVAILABLE MONTHS
Cable No.:

WHITE

INTBAFRAD

Ack cable Aug 17

NOT TO BE TRANSMITTED

MESSAGE AUTHORIZED BY: *L. B. Rist*

NAME LEONARD B. RIST DIRECTOR

DEPT. ECONOMIC STAFF

SIGNATURE _____

(SIGNATURE OF INDIVIDUAL AUTHORIZED TO APPROVE)

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August 12, 1959

Mr. Karl Olsen
Chief, Field Operations Liaison Branch
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Karl:

Thank you for your letter of August 6 with the welcome news that David Owen has made a Contingency Fund allocation to cover the 1959 costs of Kenneth Jones.

My news is not quite so encouraging. We received yesterday a message from Australia to the effect that the Department of Agriculture there would not release McKay. In view of the time factor, we feel that we now have no alternative but to go ahead with Guy Miller, despite your quite understandable reservations. In his favor, are very strong recommendations from a number of people and the fact that he does know Pakistan. We have been in touch with him and he is to come to Washington in another 10 days or two weeks for interviews and, if all goes well, will be on duty in Karachi by October 1.

One other news note on this project. We have been searching for a public administration expert to do a three- to four-month stint in Pakistan on administrative and organizational problems for the Commission. We have now interested a man who is reputed to be very good in his field, Fordyce Luikhart, who is now Director of Administration for the Federal Aviation Agency and who has had wide experience in public administration posts, including one spell with ECA in Greece. Luikhart would like to go but he has not yet received clearance from his boss, General Quesada. We may be able to arrange to have the Ford Foundation sponsor Luikhart's visit but, failing that, we will do so ourselves.

Assuming all goes well with both Miller and Luikhart, I think all loose ends of the project have been tied up for the time being. We certainly appreciate all the help that you and your

Mr. Karl Olsen

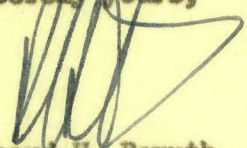
- 2 -

August 12, 1959

associates in FAO have given us.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:tf

cc: Mr. Reid
Mr. Twining

ROUTING SLIP		Date August 28/59	
NAME		ROOM NO.	
Mr. P. Reid			
	Action		Note and File
	Appropriate Disposition		Note and Return
	Approval		Prepare Reply
	Comment		Per Our Conversation
	Full Report		Recommendation
	Information		Signature
	Initial		To Handle
REMARKS What do we tell these people? <i>Nomination: Mr. Craig. Martin</i> <i>Attendance: Second week only</i> PHF			
From <i>PH French</i>			



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sirvase citar:

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

AUG. 11 1959

G/136(b)

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has the honour to state that the Council, at its Thirty-First Session (June 1959) decided to convene the Tenth Session of the Conference to open at 10.30 hours on Saturday 31 October 1959, and requested him to invite interested organizations to be represented by an observer at the Session.

... The provisional Agenda for the Session, as approved by the Council, is attached (C 59/1 FIRST DRAFT).

... The Council's proposals regarding the arrangements for the Session and a tentative schedule of Commission and Committee meetings during the Session are also attached (C 59/2).

The Director-General would appreciate early notification, if possible by 30 September, of the name of the observer of each organization wishing to be represented.

Credentials should be in the form of a letter bearing the signature or signed on behalf of the Head of each organization, and addressed to the Director-General of FAO, in accordance with Resolution 1/51 of the Sixth Session of the FAO Conference.

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
WASHINGTON

Nov 1
Mediterranean

Act 6412

**CONFERENCE
CONFÉRENCE
CONFERENCIA**

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES
POUR L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

C59/1

FIRST DRAFT
26 June 1959

Tenth Session

Rome, 31 October 1959

PROVISIONAL AGENDA FOR THE TENTH CONFERENCE SESSION

(As proposed by the Council)

INTRODUCTORY - PROCEDURE OF THE SESSION

1. Election of Chairman and Vice-Chairmen
(Rule VII - 1 and 2)
2. Appointment of General Committee and Credentials
Committee (Rule VIII)
3. Adoption of Agenda
4. Arrangements for the Session and allocation of agenda
items
5. Admission of observers to the Session

PART I - PROGRAM TRENDS AND POLICY QUESTIONS IN FOOD AND
AGRICULTURE

6. The World Situation and outlook in respect of Food and
Agriculture:

World Food and Agriculture Situation
Report of the Director-General on the State
of Food and Agriculture

(a) Food Production in Relation to Population Trends

(b) Changes in the Terms of Trade for Agricultural
Products

(c) Economic Position of Farm Populations

(d) Problems of Agricultural Development in under-
developed Countries

(e) Agricultural Price Stabilization and Support
Policies

14 5 Nov to Thurs 12 H

7. Commodity Problems

- (a) General consideration of Reports by CCP.
Reports of 31st and 32nd Sessions of CCP.
- (b) Guiding Lines for Surplus Disposal.
Report of Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal.

8. Freedom-from-Hunger Campaign

9. Special Questions

- (a) Social Welfare
- (b) Agrarian Reform
- (c) Mediterranean Development Project

PART II - ACTIVITIES AND PROGRAMS OF THE ORGANIZATION

10. Current and Continuing

- (a) Land and Water Development
- (b) Forestry
- (c) Plant Production and Protection
- (d) Animal Production and Health
- (e) Fisheries
- (f) Nutrition
- (g) Statistics
- (h) Commodities
- (i) Economic Analysis
- (j) Rural Institutions and Services
- (k) Public Relations, Publications, Rural Legislation
and Library

11. Forward Appraisal

12. Special Projects

- (a) World Seed Campaign
- (b) Survey and appraisal of world agriculture,
fisheries and forest resources in relation
to needs (paras. 424 and 425 of Report of
Ninth Conference Session)
- (c) Relations with UNICEF
- (d) Atomic Energy

13. Expanded Technical Assistance Program and UN Special Fund
14. FAO's Program of Work and Budget for 1960/61

Draft Program of Work and Budget and Reports of Council,
Program and Finance Committees

PART III - CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

15. Constitutional and Legal Matters

- (a) Amendments to the Constitution and the Rules Adopted by the Conference
 - (i) Majority required for decisions on the level of the budget
 - (ii) Transfer of Rule XXII of the Rules Adopted by the Conference to Article XX of the Constitution
 - (iii) Increase in the Membership of the Council
 - (iv) Attendance at Private Meetings of the Council
 - (v) Voting and Elections
- (b) Action arising out of Ninth Conference Resolutions 43/57, 46/57 and 47/57
 - (i) Establishment of bodies under Article VI of the Constitution and review of present Terms of Reference and Rules of Procedure
 - (ii) Establishment of bodies under Article XIV of the Constitution and review of existing Statutes and Rules of Procedure
 - (iii) Clarification of Ninth Conference Resolutions 43/57 and 46/57 in regard to membership and observer status in respect of non-Member Nations of commissions, committees, sub-commissions and sub-committees established under Articles VI and XIV of the Constitution.
- (c) International Conventions and Agreements
 - (i) Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies
 - Categories of officials to which the provisions of Articles VI and VIII are to apply
 - Amendments to Annex 2 to the Convention
 - (ii) Agreement for the establishment on a permanent basis of a Latin-American Forest Research and Training Institute under the auspices of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

- (iii) Cooperation agreement with International Atomic Energy Agency
 - (iv) Agreement with the Government of Ghana concerning the African Regional Office
 - (v) Statutory Report on Status of Conventions and Agreements and Amendments thereto.
 - (d) Relations with international governmental organizations (other than those of the United Nations)
 - (i) Guiding lines governing relationship between FAO and inter-governmental organizations
 - (ii) Cooperation agreement with the League of Arab States
 - (iii) Cooperation agreement with the European Economic Community
 - (e) Relations with international non-governmental organizations
16. Administrative and Financial Questions
- (a) Audited accounts for Regular Program and ETAP for 1957 and for ETAP for 1958
 - (b) Amendments to the Financial Regulations
 - (c) Scale of contributions for 1960/61
 - (d) Regional Office and Sub-Offices for Africa
 - (e) ETAP Headquarters costs
 - (f) Repatriation Grant Equalization Fund
 - (g) Review of Common System of Salaries (Professional officers and above)
 - (h) Office accommodation at Headquarters
 - (i) Other administrative and personnel matters

PART IV - APPOINTMENTS AND ELECTIONS

- 17. Applications for membership in the Organization
- 18. Election of Council Members
- 19. Appointment of Independent Chairman of the Council
- 20. Appointment of Director-General
- 21. Appointment of representatives to the FAO Staff Pension Committee

OTHER MATTERS

- 22. Date and Place of Eleventh Session of the Conference

CONFERENCE CONFÉRENCE CONFERENCIA

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES
POUR L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

C 59/2

26 June 1959

Tenth Session

Rome, 31 October 1959

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE TENTH SESSION OF THE CONFERENCE (Proposals drawn up by the Council at its Thirty-First Session, Rome, 15-24 June 1959)

Date of Session

1. The Council decided that the Tenth Session of the Conference should open on Saturday 31 October 1959. In accordance with the precedent set at the Eighth Session of the Conference (1955) and at the Ninth Session of the Conference (1957), a Saturday has been selected in order to enable the Conference to dispose of opening procedures before the end of the week.

McDougall Memorial Lecture

2. In accordance with a decision made by the Council in October 1958 establishing a Memorial Lecture for the purpose of honouring the memory of the late Frank McDougall (Report of the Twenty-Ninth Council Session, paragraphs 4 to 8), the Director-General reported that, in consultation with the special committee appointed by the Council, he had selected Professor ARNOLD J. TOYNBEE to deliver the first McDougall Memorial Lecture.

3. The Council approved this choice.

Provisional Agenda for the Session

4. The Provisional Agenda as approved by the Council has been circulated (C 59/1-FIRST DRAFT).

5. In this connection the Council would wish to recall that the Conference in 1957 had before it a report from the Ad Hoc Committee on the Structure of the Organization pointing out that the Conference, as the supreme body of the Organization which meets for three weeks only at biennial intervals, should be able to devote full attention to major issues of policy, and should not therefore deal with matters of secondary importance whenever this can be avoided. The Ad Hoc Committee accordingly suggested that the agenda for Conference sessions should be made as specific as possible. The Council had this object in mind when drawing up the provisional agenda and has sought to focus policy issues under its relevant sections, while at the same time keeping it within manageable proportions.

6. It may be appropriate to remind Member Governments of the fact that, in accordance with Rule II-5 of the Rules Adopted by the Conference, they may, not less than 30 days before the opening of the Session (i.e. 1 October 1959), request the Director-General to include specific items on the Conference Agenda. Any such proposals will be circulated by the Director-General not less than 20 days prior to the opening of the Session.

Guiding Lines for Planning the Session

7. The Council, having carefully considered proposals for the organization of future Sessions submitted in particular by the Austrian Minister of Agriculture, concluded that no major change should be introduced into the arrangements for the Session. It was, however, desirable that the Program of Work and the level of the Budget for the ensuing biennium be adopted at an earlier date than in the past. For that purpose the Council agreed that the usual Technical Committees should begin their meetings earlier than in the past, and in fact as early as the beginning of the first week, in order to permit Commission II to complete its work by the end of the second week. In this way time will be left during the remainder of the third week to complete the work of the Conference, and in particular to reconcile insofar as necessary the Program of Work with the Budget level adopted.

8. On the basis of the foregoing, the Council proposed the following general plan:

- | | |
|---|---|
| Saturday 31 October | - Plenary meetings: opening of the Session, appointment of officers, adoption of Agenda, etc. |
| Monday 2 to Thursday 5 November | - Plenaries for general statements by Heads of Delegations
- Meetings of Commission III
- Organizational Meeting of Commission II (Monday 2 November)
- Meetings of Technical Committees (from Tuesday 3 November) |
| Friday 6 and Monday 9 November | - Meetings of Commissions I and III
- Meetings of Technical Committees |
| Tuesday 10 to Saturday 14 November | - Meetings of Commissions I, II and III, with priority consideration for matters having, or which might possibly have, budgetary implications for 1960/61. |
| Monday 16 November | - Plenaries; determination of Budget level and adoption of Program of Work |
| Tuesday 17 to Friday 20 or Saturday 21 November | - Further meetings of the Commissions, plenaries for Council elections and for adoption of Conference Reports, Closing of Session. |

9. Under the above plan the schedule for the first two weeks, is very tight, bearing in mind that it is not physically possible to hold more than five simultaneous meetings of Commissions and/or Technical Committees.

10. At previous Sessions, the Conference used to appoint a Commission-of-the-Whole for the determination of the Budget level. However, this device now seems unnecessary since the above plan would vest all responsibility for reporting on the Program of Work and Budget with Commission II. Policy decisions on the budget level and on the broad Program of Work would be made on 16 November, by the Conference itself in plenary, on the report of Commission II. If subsequent program readjustment appeared necessary in the light of the Conference policy decisions, these could be made by Commission II. A period of three to four days would be available, i.e. from 17 to 19 or 20 November, for any such reconciliation between the level of the 1960/61 Budget and the Program of Work.

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11. Attention is drawn to the fact that, as the Technical Committees will commence their work on Tuesday 3 November, the delegation's technical advisers should be available as from that date.

CONSIDERATION OF DETAILED ARRANGEMENTS

General Discussion in Plenary

12. In conformity with the pattern established in 1957, four days of the first week have been allowed for general statements by Heads of Delegations. In 1957 this proved to be sufficient. However, it had then been agreed that delegates wishing to take part in this general discussion should give in their names to the Secretary-General of the Conference prior to 18.00 hours on the Monday of the first week, by which time the list of speakers was considered as closed.

13. The Council recommends that this deadline should again apply.

14. It is planned that the McDougall Memorial Lecture referred to in paragraph 2 above would be given in Plenary during this period.

15. In addition, if applications for membership are received, the Conference could deal with them during these four days.

16. The Council requested the Director-General to make his general statement to Plenary on the morning of Monday 2 November, so as to set the note for the Conference discussion. The Director-General could, at the same time, make general reference to his proposed Program of Work and Budget for the biennium 1960/61.

Commission I

17. The first Commission would, according to precedent, be assigned responsibility for all items listed under Part I of the Agenda "Program Trends and Policy Questions in Food and Agriculture". It would begin consideration of such matters on the morning of Thursday 5 November, and while its work was quite heavy, it should complete its work by Friday 13 November, adopting its Report during the following week.

Commission II and Technical Committees.

18. Part II of the Agenda would again be assigned to the Second Commission (Activities and Program of the Organization). As indicated in paragraph 6 above, Commission II would hold an organizational meeting on Monday 2 November at which time the Chairmen of the Program and Finance Committees would report on matters considered by those Committees which had reference to the work of Commission II and of its Technical Committees, and particularly on the Program of Work and Budget for 1960/61. Commission II would then establish its Technical Committees which would meet during the following days.

19. The Director-General had suggested that there should now be eleven Technical Committees, each having responsibility for one of the seven technical divisions, the three economics divisions and the Department of Public Relations and Legal Affairs. The Council, however, came to the conclusion that while the

internal reorganization would justify certain changes and improvements in the work schedule of the Committees, there were strong practical reasons for retaining the former pattern which included the following six Technical Committees:

Agriculture
Economics
Fisheries
Forestry
Nutrition
Information and Publications Services

20. The Technical Committees would consider the following aspects of the technical work of the Organization:

- (a) Past and Current Activities
- (b) Proposed Program of Work for 1960/61, including budgetary implications
- (c) Proposed technical publications for the biennium 1960/61
- (d) Long-term trends

21. It is anticipated that twelve half-day meetings of the Technical Committee on Agriculture could be held and between three and five meetings of each of the other Technical Committees. The timetable will be arranged so as to avoid, as far as possible, any concurrent discussion of matters of joint interest in the Committees. A joint meeting of the Technical Committees on Agriculture and Forestry would be held to discuss matters of joint interest to those Committees.

22. One further point must be made in connection with the 1960 World Census of Agriculture. The Conference at its Ninth Session requested the Director-General to report to its Tenth Session on the progress of preparatory work for this Census (Resolution 13/57). The Council did not deem it necessary to insert a special item in the provisional agenda in relation to this report but thought that the Technical Committee on Economics, when considering the work of FAO's Statistical Division, would be the appropriate forum for reviewing work carried out so far in preparing the 1960 World Census.

23. The Technical Committees would report back to Commission II which should, in the Council's view, consider only policy issues raised by the Technical Committees, and should not enter into detailed consideration of technical matters. If this were adhered to it should be possible to adopt all the Technical Committees' Reports in the course of one meeting only.

24. Commission II would also have to consider separately Items 11-14 of the Conference provisional Agenda, appropriate plans being made for it to adopt its report to Plenary on the Program of Work and Budget not later than the morning of Saturday 14 November, so that on Monday 16 November the Conference Plenary could determine the level of the budget for 1960/61 and, it is hoped, also reach final decisions regarding the Program of Work.

25. However, as has been pointed out above, if the decisions then reached involved readjustments in the scope of the Program, there would still remain time for Commission II to attend to this problem.

26. In the light of the considerations set out above the tentative time-table of the meetings to be held is appended (Appendix I).

Meeting of observers from non-governmental organizations

27. The Council decided that the observers from non-governmental organizations attending the Tenth Conference Session should be invited to attend an informal meeting on the afternoon of Saturday 31 October to comment upon the draft Program of Work for 1960/61. A further meeting of observers from non-governmental organizations will be held during the Conference Session to discuss their participation in the Freedom-from-Hunger Campaign.

CONCLUSIONS

28. To sum up, the Council therefore suggests:

- that the Tenth Session of the Conference should meet at 10.30 hours on 31 October 1959 and come to an end on or about 21 November;
- that the Provisional Agenda for the Session, as circulated (C 59/1-FIRST DRAFT) be adopted by the Conference as the Agenda for the Session, taking into consideration any amendments which the Council at its Thirty-Second (October 1959) may find it necessary to make;
- that the first four days of the Session be reserved for the "General discussion", to provide an opportunity for heads of delegations to make known their views on the policy issues listed in the Provisional Agenda;
- that the usual three Commissions be established:
 - (i) The Commission on the World Food and Agriculture Situation (Commission I), to consider and report upon all items listed in Part I of the Provisional Agenda, "Program Trends and Policy Questions in Food and Agriculture".
 - (ii) The Commission on the Current and Prospective Activities of the Organization (Commission II), with the task of taking up all Agenda items listed in Part II of the Provisional Agenda, "Activities and Programs of the Organization".
 - (iii) The Commission on Constitutional and Administrative Matters (Commission III), to take up all the constitutional, administrative and financial questions listed in Part III of the Agenda;
- that the following six Technical Committees be established by the Conference to meet between 3 and 9 November, and to report to Commission II:-

Agriculture
Economics
Fisheries
Forestry
Nutrition
Information and Publications Services

- other arrangements would remain the same as for previous Sessions.

APPENDIX I - TENTATIVE TIMETABLE OF MEETINGS

26 June 1959

Date ^{1/}	Plenary	Commission I	Commission II ^{2/}	Commission III
Sat. 31 Oct. M.	Opening of Session, 1st Plenary	-	-	-
A.	2nd Plenary	-	-	-
Mon. 2 Nov. M.	Introductory Statement by D.G. General discussion (Statements by Heads of Deleg.)	-	-	Amends. to Const. and Rules
A.	General discussion	-	Commission II - organizational meeting	Amends. to Const. and Rules
Tue. 3 Nov. M.	General discussion	-	1st TC Agri. (L and W) 1st TC Fish. 1st TC Nutri.	Amends. to Const. and Rules
A.	General discussion	-	2nd TC Agri. (L and W) 2nd TC Fish. 2nd TC Nutri.	Amends. to Const. and Rules
Wed. 4 Nov. M.	General discussion	-	3rd TC Agri. (L and W) 3rd TC Fish. 3rd TC Nutri.	-
A.	General discussion MacDougall Memorial Lecture	-	4th TC Agri. (Pl.Pr.) 4th TC Fish. 4th TC Nutri.	-
Thu. 5 Nov. M.	General discussion (Admission of new Members)	World Food and Agriculture Situation (a) Food production in relation to population trends	5th TC Agri. (Pl.Pr.) 1st TC Forestry 1st TC Public Relations, etc.	-
A.	-	World Food and Agriculture Situation (b) Changes in the terms of trade	6th TC Agri. (Pl.Pr.) 2nd TC Forestry 2nd TC Public Relations, etc.	<u>Adoption of First Part of Report of Commission III, dealing with Amendments</u>

^{1/} M Morning meetings; A Afternoon meetings^{2/} TC Technical Committee; the digit indicates the number of meetings. Items not marked "TC" are dealt with in Plenary of the relevant Commission

Date	Plenary	Commission I	Commission II	Commission III
Fri. 6 Nov. M.	-	World Food and Agriculture Situation (c) Economic Position of Farm Populations (d) Agricultural Development in under-developed countries	7th TC Agri. (An.Pr.) 3rd TC Forestry 3rd TC Public Relations etc.	Administrative and Financial Questions
A.	Conclus. of Gen. discussions and Adoption of First Part of Commission III Report	World Food and Agriculture Situation (c) Price Stabilization and support policies	8th TC Agri. (An.Pr.) 4th TC For. Agri. (L/W) 5th TC Nutri. (Report)	-
Sat. 7 Nov. M.	-	Commodity Problems (a) General consideration of CCP Reports	9th TC Agri. (An.Pr.) 1st TC Ec. (Stats.) 5th TC Fish. (Report)	Administrative and Financial Questions
A.	-	-	10th TC Agri. (Inst.) 2nd TC Ec. (Stats.) 4th TC Public Relations (Report)	-
Mon. 9 Nov. M.	-	Commodity Problems (cont'd) (b) Guiding lines for surplus disposal	11th TC Agri. (Inst.) 3rd TC Ec. (Econ. Analys.) 5th TC Forestry (Report)	Administrative and Financial Questions
A.	-	Freedom from Hunger Campaign	12th TC Agri. (Inst.) 4th TC Econ. (Commod.)	Administrative and Financial Questions
Tue. 10 Nov. M.	-	Freedom from hunger Campaign (cont'd)	Relations with UNICEF	Administrative and Financial Questions
A.	-	Social Welfare	Survey and Appraisal in Relation to Needs. Atomic Energy.	Administrative and Financial Questions
Wed. 11 Nov. M.	-	Agrarian Reform	13th TC Agri. Report 5th TC Ec. Report	Administrative and Financial Questions
A.	-	Mediterranean Development Project	Seed Campaign	Conventions and Agreements
Thu. 12 Nov. M.	-	-	ETAP and UN Special Fund	Conventions and Agreements
A.	-	-	ETAP and UN Special Fund (concl.)	Conventions and Agreements

APPENDIX I (Concluded)

Date	Plenary	Commission I	Commission II	Commission III
Fri. 13 Nov. M.	-	-	Commission II <u>Adoption of TC Reports</u>	Conventions and Agreements
A.	-	-	-	Conventions and Agreements
Sat. 14 Nov. M.	-	-	<u>Consideration of draft report to Plenary on Program and Budget</u>	Other Constitutional Matters
A.	-	-	-	-
Mon. 16 Nov. M.	<u>Adoption of Program and Budget</u>	-	-	-
A.	<u>Adoption of Program and Budget (concluded)</u>	-	-	-
Tue. 17 Nov. M.	-	<u>Adoption of Commission I Report</u>	-	<u>Adoption of Second Part of Commission III Report</u>
A.	-	-	Reconciliation of Program (if necessary)	-
Wed. 18 Nov. M.	Elections and Appointments	-	Reconciliation (Concluded)	-
A.	Elections and Appointments	-	Forward Appraisal	-
Thur. 19 Nov. M.	<u>Adoption of Conf. Report (Comm. I)</u>	-	Forward Appraisal (concl.)	-
A.	<u>Adoption of Conf. Report (Comm. III)</u>	-	<u>Adoption of Commission II Report</u>	-
Fri. 20 Nov. M.	<u>Adoption of Conf. Report (Comm. II)</u>	-	-	-
A.	Conclusion of Session	-	-	-

August 7, 1959

Mr. B.R. Sen
Director General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

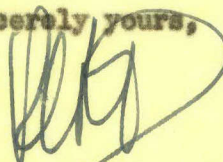
Dear Mr. Sen:

On behalf of Mr. Black, let me thank you for your invitation to the Bank to send an observer to the Second Latin American Land Problems Seminar in Montevideo, Uruguay, between November 23 and December 9.

We are interested in this seminar and hope that we will be able to participate. Until our program of work for the Fall becomes somewhat more settled, however, it is not entirely certain that we will be able to send an observer or who might be designated to serve in that capacity.

We will let you know more definitely as soon as we can do so. Meanwhile, I hope that you will send us any documentation that may be produced for the seminar.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:PHF:eb

c.c. Mr. Reid
Western Hemisphere Department

July 8.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

OUTGOING WIRE

DATE: AUGUST 6, 1959

TO: IGNATIEFF
FOODAGRI
ROME

mnt

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED

NIGHT LETTER	☒	CODE	☐
FULL RATE	☐	TELETYPE	☐

TEXT:

✓
AS INDICATED DEMUTHS LETTER JULY 28 I AM DESIGNATED TO ASSIST IN
FAO FERTILIZER SURVEY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA STOP PLEASE INFORM WHEN
I AM EXPECTED IN ROME

PERKINS
INTBAFRAD

AUTHORIZED BY: *L. B. Rist*

NAME L. B. RIST

DEPT. ECONOMIC STAFF

For Use by Archives Division

Checked for Dispatch
[Signature]

FILE COPY

OUTGOING WIRE

mt

DATE: AUGUST 6, 1959

TO:
 HONOLULU
 HAWAII
 U.S.A.

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
☐ NIGHT LETTER	☒ CODE
☐ FULL RATE	☐ TELETYPE

TEXT:

AS INDICATED REMITTING LETTER JULY 28 I AM REQUESTING TO ADVISE IN
TWO FERTILIZER SURVEY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA STOP PLEASE IT IS WHEN
I AM EXPECTED IN HONOLULU

PERKINS
INTBAPRAD

For Use by Archives Division
Checked for BAPRAD

AUG 6 6 13 PM 1959

CONFIDENTIAL

FILE COPY

AUTHORIZED BY:
 NAME: L. B. RIST
 DEPT: ECONOMIC STAFF

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sirvase citar:

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

AUG. 6 1959

Dear Dick,

Thank you very much for your letter of 28 July.
There is only one further point to add namely, that
Mr. Owen has happily granted Contingency Fund monies
for Mr. Kenneth Jones so that there is now no impediment
to his taking up his assignment in Karachi on or about
1 September.

Yours sincerely,

K-O
Karl Olsen
Chief, Field Operations Liaison
Branch

Mr. R. Demuth
Director
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street N.W.
Washington 25 D.C.
USA

1222 VNC 11 VM 3:02

RECEIVED

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

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Director
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street N.W.
Washington 25 D.C.
USA

1959 AUG 11 AM 9:45

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



FAO.
ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

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Référence:
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Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

AUG 4 1959

G/E/X-111(a)

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations presents his compliments and has the honour to invite representation by an observer at the Thirty-Second Session of the Committee on Commodity Problems, which will be held at FAO Headquarters, Rome, from 22 - 28 October 1959. The opening meeting will begin on Thursday, 22 October, at 10.00 a.m.

... The Provisional Agenda for the Session and Agenda Notes are attached. Further supporting documentation will be circulated in due course.

The Director-General would appreciate being informed as soon as possible of the names of observers who will be attending the CCP Session.

Ask 6212

Mr. Eugene Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
USA

COMMITTEE ON COMMODITY PROBLEMS

THIRTY-SECOND SESSION

22 October 1959, 10 a.m.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

- I. Adoption of Provisional Agenda
- II. Adoption of Summary Record of Thirty-First Session
- III. Report of Thirty-First Session of the Council
- IV. Highlights of the World Agricultural Commodity Situation
- V. Agricultural Surpluses
 - (a) Ninth Report of the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal
 - (b) Other Intergovernmental Consultations or Actions on Surplus Disposal
- VI. Dairy Products
 - (a) National Dairy Policies
 - (b) Butter: Possibilities of Future Action
 - (c) Stimulation of Milk Consumption
 - (d) Review of the Work of the Dairy Panel and Future Arrangements
- VII. FAO Group on Citrus Fruit - Determination of Terms of Reference
- VIII. Hard Fibers - Further Consideration of Possible Future Action
- IX. Other Individual Commodity Problems
 - (a) Spices - Outline for an FAO Study
 - (b) Any Other Matters
- X. Criteria for the Establishment, Supervision and Duration of Subsidiary Bodies of the CCP
- XI. Terms of Reference and Rules of Procedure of Subsidiary Bodies of the CCP
- XII. Date, Place and Agenda of Thirty-Third Session
- XIII. Other Business

Attached: Agenda Notes and Proposed Timetable Arrangements

AGENDA NOTES AND PROPOSED TIMETABLE ARRANGEMENTS

A. AGENDA NOTES

Item I. Adoption of Provisional Agenda

The items included in the Provisional Agenda are those agreed upon by the Thirty-First Session of the CCP.

Item II. Adoption of Summary Record of Thirty-First Session

The Provisional Summary Record of the Thirty-First Session will be circulated as CCP.59/26. Amendments to the Summary Record received prior to the Thirty-Second Session will be circulated as an Addendum.

Item III. Report of the Thirty-First Session of the Council

An extract from the Report of the Thirty-First Session of the Council, dealing with commodity problems and organizational matters of interest to CCP, is circulated under CCP 59/28.

Item IV. Highlights of the World Agricultural Commodity Situation

An up-to-date summary statement on the World Agricultural Commodity Situation will be prepared for the Conference. Copies will be tabled on the opening of the CCP Session, as requested by the Committee. Copies of the Report on the State of Food and Agriculture will have been circulated some time before the Session.

Item V. Agricultural Surpluses

(a) Ninth Report of the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal

The Committee will have before it the Ninth Report of the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal.

(b) Other Intergovernmental Consultations or Actions on Surplus Disposal

Any major developments in work done on surplus disposal and utilization under other intergovernmental auspices, such as the Wheat Utilization Committee recently established in Washington, will be considered under this Item.

Item VI. Dairy Products

The CCP, in considering arrangements for discussions on Dairy Products at its Thirty-Second Session, decided that the Dairy Panel should not be convened in the course of that Session but that instead Dairy Products should be placed on the Committee's Agenda as a main item, with special attention being given to the following subjects:-

(a) National Dairy Policies

Further consideration will be given to the FAO Report on National Dairy Policies (CCP 59/6), as amended in the light of replies from governments. It is hoped to circulate the amended version of the Report some weeks in advance of the Session.

(b) Butter: Possibilities of Future Action

Further consideration will be given to Chapter V of document CCP 59/17 (The Butter Situation). Chapter V deals with "Possibilities of Future Action".

Document CCP 59/17 was before the Committee at its Thirty-First Session and will not be given any further general circulation. Copies can be obtained from the Secretariat on request.

(c) Stimulation of Milk Consumption

Under this heading, the Committee intends to consider the stimulation of milk consumption, especially in areas of low consumption, with special reference to the future of international cooperative action (see also CCP 59/25, Report of Thirty-First Session, June 1959, Section 8, Dairy Products, sub-section (d): International Cooperative Action: Dried Skin Milk).

(d) Review of the Work of the Dairy Panel and Future Arrangements

The Committee agreed when it set up the Dairy Panel in March 1957 that it would be necessary to "review its methods of handling problems relating to dairy products in the light of experience".

Under existing arrangements the Dairy Panel meets during CCP Sessions but not simultaneously with its plenary meetings. This is in part because some delegations are represented by only one individual which makes it impossible or inadvisable to have simultaneous meetings of the Panel and the Plenary. Moreover, under present arrangements the time of dairy experts brought by some delegations especially for the Dairy Panel could not be effectively utilized while the CCP was in session. Largely because of these factors, there was general agreement that existing arrangements had proved unsatisfactory.

The Committee decided that at its Thirty-Second Session consideration should be given to the work of the Dairy Panel during the past two years and to future arrangements for dealing with dairy products.

Item VII. FAO Group on Citrus Fruit - Determination of Terms of Reference

After having given consideration to problems of citrus fruit on previous occasions, the Committee concluded, at its Thirty-First Session, that the problem facing the citrus industry was serious enough to call for action by the CCP. The Committee, therefore, decided to establish an FAO Group on Citrus Fruit, it being understood that the arrangements and terms of reference for the Group would be considered at the Thirty-Second Session of the CCP.

A note setting out draft terms of reference for the consideration of the Committee will be circulated in advance of the Session.

Item VIII. Hard Fibers - Further Consideration of Possible Future Action

After having heard, at its Thirty-First Session, a statement by the Representative of the Republic of the Philippines, drawing attention to the economic importance of abaca (Manila hemp) to his country and the disadvantages of widely fluctuating prices, and reiterating his Government's request for the establishment of a Group for Hard Fibers, the Committee decided that this request should be considered again at its next session when the particular problems attaching to these commodities could be reviewed more thoroughly in the light of the criteria to be followed in the establishment of groups (see also Item X of the Provisional Agenda).

The Committee decided that no new documentation on hard fibers was required for the Thirty-Second Session. A note giving references to earlier CCP documents on hard fibers will be circulated shortly.

Item IX. Other Individual Commodity Problems

(a) Spices - Outline for an FAO Study

The Committee, having noted at its Thirty-First Session that the economic problems of spices had been raised by the chief producing countries on a number of occasions in recent times in various international fora, concluded that lack of information on production, consumption and current price movements for these commodities could at times contribute to excessive price fluctuations and to other manifestations of market instability. It was noted further that although world production of spices was small in volume, it was high in value, and income from exports of spices was of importance in the balance of payments of producing countries.

In view of these factors, the Committee recommended that a comprehensive study be undertaken, within the limits of the financial resources of the Organization, on trends in production, consumption and trade of the major spices, and that consideration should be given to ways for providing more adequate current information in these fields.

An outline for a possible FAO Study on Spices will be presented to the Thirty-Second Session of the Committee.

(b) Any Other Matters

Because of the short time available for discussions during the Thirty-Second Session, no particular provision has been made on the Agenda for reports on any other individual commodity problems. Any urgent matters not otherwise provided for in the Agenda can, however, be raised under this Item.

Item X. Criteria for the Establishment, Supervision and Duration of Subsidiary Bodies of the CCP

The Committee decided to review, in the light of experience and current prospective problems, the existing procedures for the establishment, supervision and duration of subsidiary bodies, with a view to developing some criteria.

At the Committee's request, the Director-General is preparing a working paper setting out the considerations that might be taken into account in this context. The paper will be circulated in advance of the Session.

Item XI. Terms of Reference and Rules of Procedure of Subsidiary Bodies of the CCP

(a) Terms of Reference

The Committee drew up revised Terms of Reference for its subsidiary bodies in the light of the principles laid down and rules adopted at the Ninth Session of the FAO Conference. The revised Terms of Reference were attached as Annex B to the Report of the Thirty-First Session (CCP 59/25 - CL 31/9). Although no changes of substance have been made in the Terms of Reference as originally laid down by the Committee, it was agreed that delegates might raise any further points their governments wished to make on this matter at the Thirty-Second Session.

(b) Rules of Procedure

The Committee had insufficient time to review the revised rules of procedure provisionally adopted by its subsidiary bodies. To carry out this task, it was agreed that the CCP Working Party on Procedural Matters would remain in existence until the next Session. The Working Party will re-assemble on 21 October, i.e. on the day before the opening of the Thirty-Second Session, to complete their report.

Item XII. Date, Place and Agenda of Thirty-Third Session

In considering future arrangements, the Committee noted that whilst its pre-Conference session in October would inevitably have to concentrate on items requiring immediate attention at that time, the first session in 1960 (Thirty-Third Session) presumably should be held not before late May or June 1960 so as to give sufficient time for work to be undertaken by the Secretariat in the light of decisions taken by the Conference and for the circulation of documents well in advance of the Thirty-Third Session.

As to the Agenda of the Thirty-Third Session, the Committee noted that the further consideration of questions relating to the international coordination of national policies, including the formulation of a set of Principles of Agricultural Price Stabilization and Support Policies, and the status and possible further review of the Principles of Surplus Disposal, might be among the main items of general importance for consideration at that time.

The Committee recognized the problems involved in combining, within the limited time available during any one session, the mandate of carrying out work in many different specific fields, at times on matters of immediate importance, and the need to concentrate and deepen discussion on a few selected topics of outstanding importance. The Committee suggested that, with a view to its consideration of these problems, a working paper outlining the main organizational questions at issue might be prepared for its Thirty-Third Session.

Item XIII. Other Business

In view of the heavy Agenda for its Thirty-Second Session, the Committee decided not to include the special item on Major Developments in Intergovernmental Commodity Consultations and Arrangements since the Thirty-First Session. At the same time it requested a brief paper to be prepared on these matters (see Annex D of the Report of the Thirty-First Session of the CCP). Accordingly, such a paper will be circulated in advance of the Session.

B. PROPOSED TIMETABLE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE THIRTY-SECOND SESSION

The CCP, at its last Session, decided that its Thirty-Second Session should be convened for a period of approximately five working days immediately prior to the Thirty-Second Session of the FAO Council. With the opening date of the Council Session having since been set for 29 October, the Thirty-Second Session of the CCP will open on 22 October 1959.

The CCP Working Party on Procedural Matters will convene at FAO Headquarters on 21 October 1959.

The detailed timetable arrangements proposed for the Session, by agreement with the Chairman, are as follows:-

Wednesday, 21 October

10 a.m. - 1 p.m.)	<u>CCP Working Party on Procedural Matters</u>
3 p.m. - 6 p.m.)	

Thursday, 22 October

Morning:	{	I. Adoption of Provisional Agenda
		II. Adoption of Summary Record of Thirty-First Session
		III. Report of Thirty-First Session of the Council
		V. Agricultural Surpluses
Afternoon:	{	VII. FAO Group on Citrus Fruit - Determination of Terms of Reference
		VIII. Hard Fibers - Further Consideration of Possible Future Action
		IX. Any Other Individual Commodity Problems
		(a) Spices - Outline for an FAO Study (b) Any Other Matters

Friday, 23 October

Morning:	IV. Highlights of the World Agricultural Commodity Situation
Afternoon:	X. Criteria for the Establishment, Supervision and Duration of Subsidiary Bodies of the CCP

Monday, 26 October

Morning and Afternoon:	VI. Dairy Products
	(a) National Dairy Policies
	(b) Butter: Possibilities of Future Action
	(c) Stimulation of Milk Consumption
	(d) Review of the Work of the Dairy Panel and Future Arrangements

Tuesday, 27 October

Morning:

VI. Dairy Products (cont'd)

Afternoon:

(XI. Terms of Reference and Rules of Procedure
of Subsidiary Bodies

(XII. Date, Place and Agenda of Thirty-Third
Session

(XIII. Any Other Business

Wednesday, 28 October

Adoption of Report

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA
LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote
Référence :
Srvase cllar :

LA 2/13 LAc.

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address : FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

AUG. - 4 1959

Dear Dick,

Further to my letter of 23 June, I wish to refer to the memorandum by A. K. Sen, of the Indian Planning Commission, Perspective Planning Division, entitled "Agricultural Investments Irrigational Projects versus Fertilizer Factories", a copy of which was given to you by Dr. F. W. Parker, when you were here recently.

The author does not pretend that this is more than a preliminary and rather superficial treatment of the subject. We should like this question to be covered in our fertilizer survey and suggest that the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development might be prepared to make a more careful and comprehensive analysis of the subject to include, inter alia, some attention to phosphates and potash, as well as nitrogen. If you would be prepared to make such a study, we could furnish you with the necessary data on crop response to fertilizers.

I shall be interested to know what you think of this suggestion.

With kind regards.

Yours sincerely,

Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director - General

Mr. Richard Demuth
Director of Technical and Liaison Staff Assistance
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.
U.S.A.

Ack Aug 13



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 290011 - 290211 - 299071

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

LA S/13 LAC.

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International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.
U.S.A.

1959 AUG - 7 AM 10:25

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM

Ask Aug 13

Italy

July 29, 1959

Mr. Walter G. Weisbecker,
Chief, Distribution and Sales Section,
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations,
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla,
Rome, Italy.

Dear Mr. Weisbecker:

I should be grateful if you would arrange to send us a copy of
the FAO ETAP reports shown in the attached list.

I enclose also a list of those of the reports requested last April
which were not available at that time. Perhaps you would be kind enough
to find out if any of them should be available now.

Yours sincerely,

Charles C. Hamilton
Archivist

CCH:VV

FAO ETAP Reports Requested for the Use of IBRD

Argentina

Mejoramiento de la Ganaderia (No. 1039)- 1959

Burma

The Design and Construction of Storage and Handling
Facilities for Rice and Rice Products (No. 1007)- 1959

Marketing and Export of Rice and Rice Products (No. 1013)- 1959

Ceylon

Livestock Production - Dairy Industry (No. 1063)- 1959

Chile

Economia del Riego (No. 1022)- 1959

Mecanizacion de la Agricultura y Estudio acerca
de la Situacion Actual en el Pais (No. 1065)- 1959

Costa Rica

Elaboración de Fibras Vegetales (No. 906)- 1959

Ecuador

El Fomento de la Industria Pecuaria (No. 1005)- 1958/59

Honduras

El Programa de Comercializacion y Almacenaje de
Granos del Banco Nacional de Fomento (No. 954)- 1958

Iran

Design and Operation of the Karkhem Dam
Irrigation Project (No. 976)- 1959

Iraq

Soil Fertility Investigations in Iraq (No. 959)- 1958

Forestry Development (No. 1040)- 1958/59

Rice Production (No. 1081)- 1959

Repair and Overhaul of Agricultural Machinery
and the Training of Farm Machinery Operators
and Service Personnel (No. 1086)- 1959

Israel

National Plans and Programs and Agricultural Policy (No. 1032)-

Pakistan

Some Economic Aspects of the Ganges-Kobadak
Irrigation Development Scheme (No. 1044)- 1959
(Restricted) Room 236 A.

U. A. R.

A Grain Storage Construction Plan (No. 1054)- 1959
Lower Cost Canal Linings for Egypt (No. 1062)- 1959
Rice Production (No. 1067)- 1959

Uruguay

Mejoramiento de la Produccion Pratenso y Forrajera (No. 886)
Compra de Maquinaria Agricola que se Recomienda
con Destino al Plan Agropecuario (No. 1012)- 1959
Ordenacion del Canado Ovino, los Pastizales y los Pastos
en el Uruguay (No. 1058)- 1959

Venezuela

La Situación Actuala y los Problemas de la Mecanización
Agricola (No. 1016)- 1959

Viet-Nam

La Possibilité de Développer une Industrie Papetière Nationale
(No. 897)- 1959

Caribbean Commission

Report on the Financing of Agriculture in the Countries
Served by the Caribbean Commission (No. 1023)
Forestry and the Timber Trade in the Caribbean Area
(Part I and Part II) (No. 1060)

July 28, 1959

Dr. Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

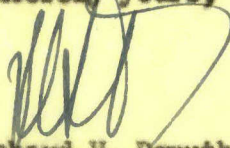
Dear Norman:

I am writing in reply to your letter of July 23 with respect to the FAO project for a special survey of the fertiliser situation in a number of countries in South and East Asia.

I am glad to confirm that we are willing to cooperate with FAO in this project along the lines which we discussed together and which are set forth in your letter. Specifically, we have asked Mr. Maurice Perkins, a member of the Bank's Economic Staff, to arrange to go to Rome in early September to meet with the FAO team and to discuss their program with them. He will also be prepared to return to Rome in December to discuss the results of the survey and to assist in the preparation of the report.

When the schedule of visits by the FAO team is fixed, we will inform our representatives in Pakistan, India and Thailand.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

cc: Mr. Rist/Mr. Perkins

RHD:tf

Sent to Mr. Perkins

Files

July 20, 1959

Richard H. Demuth

FAO Fertilizer Study

1. During my recent visit to Rome, I had some discussion with the FAO about their proposed Fertilizer Study for the countries of Asia and the Far East, which was the subject of the attached letter to me from Dr. Norman Wright, Deputy Director General of FAO, dated June 19, 1959. My talks in FAO were largely with Valdimir Ignatieff who is in charge of the study.
2. In response to my enquiry as to the background of the study, I was told that the resolution requesting FAO to undertake it had been spearheaded by India. According to FAO, every country in the area is clamoring for a fertilizer plant. Malaya has asked the UN/TAO for an expert to draw up plans for such a plant; Indonesia has asked for similar help from ICA; Pakistan, acting through PIDC, is already putting up two nitrogen fertilizer plants, one in each wing, which are to be ready in 1961/62 and are to produce 130,000 tons of nitrogen, an amount far in excess of the foreseeable demand within Pakistan. FAO says that the only information now available about fertilizer in the Asian area consists of annual statistics of production and consumption. They feel that it would be very useful to make a real study of the fertilizer needs of the countries of the area over the next several years and of the probable increases of fertilizer production resulting from projects now under way or in contemplation. They also want to study the effects of increased fertilizer application upon agricultural production in the various countries.
3. FAO's plan is to organize a field team consisting of an economist, a marketing expert, an agronomist and a fertilizer specialist. This team is to gather in Rome early in September for a week or ten days of briefing and then it will make field studies for 2½ months in 6 or 7 countries. The whole team will go to Pakistan, India, Ceylon, Malaya, Indonesia, Thailand and possibly the Philippines, and the economist on the team will also go to Japan.
4. I expressed some doubt to the FAO representatives that much could be accomplished by an effort of the kind described, since the team would not have much more than a week or so in each of the countries. I felt that this was not the kind of investigation with which the Bank would wish to be directly associated. I added, however, that if FAO wanted the Bank to send one of its staff members to Rome at the time of the briefing of the team, or perhaps later when the team was formulating its report, we probably could arrange to do so. The FAO representatives did not seem unduly surprised by our unwillingness to participate in the field study and expressed appreciation of our offer to cooperate during the headquarters stages, although my impression is that they are not likely to avail themselves of that offer.

*Incoming letter being circulated
& then routed to Op. Files*

cc: Messrs. Rist Bucinski
 Rosen Reid

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: Files

FROM: Richard H. Demuth *RHD*

SUBJECT: FAO Fertilizer Study

DATE: July 20, 1959

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cc: Messrs. Rist Rucinski
 Rosen Reid

ROUTING SLIP

Date

July 14, 1959

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

NAME

ROOM NO.

Mr. Demuth

506

~~Mr. Schmidt~~

Mr. French

Action

Note and File

Approval

Note and Return

Comment

Prepare Reply

Full Report

Previous Papers

Information

X

Recommendation

Initial

Signature

Remarks

Peter Reed would like to say
that someone (from his shop) would
go if available.

What are your wishes in the
matter?

Pet French
Sounds fine with me

From

M.L.



JUL 14 REC'D

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Please quote EUT. TR 3/13
Référence :
Sirvase citar :

JUL. - 8 1959

Dear Mr. Black,

I have the honour to inform you that the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations will hold its Second Latin American Land Problems Seminar in Montevideo, Uruguay, between 23 November and 9 December 1959, and I have pleasure in inviting your Organization to send an observer.

The Seminar is being organized for the benefit of FAO Member Countries in Latin America under the provisions of the United Nations Expanded Technical Assistance Program, and in order to give effect to Resolution IV(c)1 of the Fourth Regional Conference for Latin America and also to the resolution of Land Reform and Land Settlement of the Fifth Regional Conference held in San Jose de Costa Rica in November 1958.

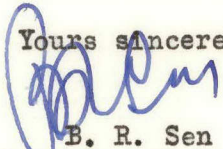
The objective of the Seminar is to bring together outstanding technicians of the Latin American countries in the field of colonization, land reform and related land tenure improvement programs to exchange information and experiences particularly on the creation of new farming units. The Seminar will examine: (1) the most appropriate legal, administrative and technical measures for the granting of rights in land to small cultivators, and (2) means to strengthen the socio-economic position of the new owners or of small farmers with new managerial responsibilities.

The official language of the Seminar will be Spanish.

The Preliminary Prospectus is enclosed.

I hope that your Organization will participate in the Seminar and I shall be grateful to receive the name of your observer at an early date.

Yours sincerely


B. R. Sen
Director-General

Mr. Eugene Black
President

International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 "H" Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

Ack Aug. 7.

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FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

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ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA LA ALIMENTACION Y LA AGRICULTURA (FAO)

Roma, Italia

SEGUNDO SEMINARIO LATINOAMERICANO
SOBRE PROBLEMAS DE LA TIERRA

Montevideo (Uruguay)
del 23 de noviembre al 9 de diciembre 1959

P R O S P E C T O P R O V I S I O N A L

Antecedentes

La FAO está organizando el Segundo Seminario Latinoamericano sobre Problemas de la Tierra, como continuación del primero de tales seminarios que tuvo lugar en Campinas (Brasil), en 1953. La celebración de un segundo seminario regional fué recomendada por la IV Conferencia Regional de la FAO para la América Latina (Santiago, Chile, 1956) y más tarde ratificada por las Recomendaciones de la V Conferencia Regional de la FAO para la América Latina (San José, Costa Rica, 1958).

El Seminario proporcionará la oportunidad de examinar los progresos realizados en los distintos países de la región a partir de la celebración del Seminario de Campinas y hará una evaluación de los resultados conseguidos por las ideas y estímulos originados en la reunión precedente.

Del desarrollo del Seminario de Campinas y de observaciones posteriores, se ha obtenido la convicción de que es preferible concentrar el temario de reuniones subsecuentes para lograr una mayor profundización. Todos los países de la región están actualmente llevando a cabo algún programa que abarque tanto la creación de explotaciones nuevas en tierras de dominio público, como la redistribución de tierras que ya se encuentran bajo cultivo, mediante el establecimiento de explotaciones de tipo más intensivas. Por esta razón, este Seminario dedicará buena parte de sus actividades al análisis de las acciones necesarias para el establecimiento de nuevas y adecuadas unidades agrícolas ya que esto es el aspecto fundamental en todos los programas de mejoramiento.

Motivo Central

El motivo central del Seminario, alrededor del cual habrán de girar todos los demás temas, es el establecimiento de nuevas unidades agrícolas, incluyendo:

- A. Medios legales, administrativos y técnicos que se consideran más apropiados para la otrogación de derechos de propiedad de la tierra a los pequeños cultivadores.

- B. Manera de fortalecer la situación socio-económica de los nuevos adjudicatarios o de los pequeños agricultores que han adquirido nuevas responsabilidades de manejo de explotaciones agrícolas.

Objetivo

El Seminario ofrecerá a los altos funcionarios técnicos de los gobiernos o de organismos autónomos o semi-autónomos y a los miembros del personal docente de las universidades, la oportunidad de discutir los problemas mencionados e intercambiar las experiencias realizadas en este campo.

Los objetivos principales del Seminario son: 1) Aclarar los problemas que surgen en la creación de nuevas unidades agrícolas; 2) Aumentar los conocimientos mediante las experiencias realizadas en los distintos países, y 3) Proporcionar una orientación general para la formulación y ejecución de programas futuros.

Durante el Seminario se insistirá especialmente en la evaluación práctica de los programas anteriores, a fin de determinar qué medidas o aspectos podrían tener aplicación en los programas futuros de los países de la región.

Patrocinio

Patrocinan el Seminario la Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Agricultura y la Alimentación (FAO) y el Gobierno del Uruguay. El Instituto Interamericano de Ciencias Agrícolas (OEA), la Comisión Económica para la América Latina (CEPAL) y la Oficina Internacional del Trabajo (OIT) cooperarán con la FAO en los aspectos profesionales de las reuniones. Además, se invitará a otros organismos internacionales, tales como la Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura (UNESCO) y el Banco Internacional de Reconstrucción y Fomento (BIRF) para que envíen representantes a los debates.

Participación

El Seminario se organiza en beneficio de todas las Repúblicas de la región latinoamericana miembros de la FAO. Se invita a cada uno de los gobiernos a enviar dos participantes, los cuales deberán ser funcionarios de organismos para colonización o reforma agraria, de departamentos oficiales encargados de la política agraria, o personas pertenecientes a instituciones académicas dedicadas a los problemas agrarios.

Es importante destacar el hecho de que se espera que los participantes, aunque nombrados por sus respectivos gobiernos, tomen parte en los debates del Seminario en su calidad de técnicos individuales y que sus aportaciones respondan a sus experiencias profesionales y a un criterio independiente.

Idioma

El idioma de trabajo del Seminario será el español. Los gobiernos garantizarán que sus participantes están en condiciones de trabajar en este idioma.

Disposiciones Administrativas

La FAO pagará el viaje de vuelta a la terminación del Seminario, en clase turista, a los participantes designados oficialmente. Los Gobiernos que hayan nombrado participantes oficiales en el Seminario pagarán la otra mitad del viaje (es decir, el viaje de ida al lugar de celebración del seminario). La FAO pagará también un subsidio para contribuir a los gastos de subsistencia de los participantes, por el tiempo que dure su estadía en el Seminario y cuya cuantía será fijada de acuerdo con las normas de la Junta de Asistencia Técnica de las Naciones Unidas. Los participantes que residan en zonas cercanas a Montevideo tendrán derecho a percibir este subsidio solamente durante el tiempo en que efectúen excursiones incluidas en el Programa del Seminario. Es necesario mencionar el hecho de que el subsidio que la FAO está autorizada a conceder, no suele ser generalmente suficiente para sufragar los gastos de los participantes y que, por lo tanto, los gobiernos deberán tomar las medidas oportunas para facilitarles fondos adicionales que cumplan este fin.

Documentación

La FAO ha solicitado ya a cada uno de los gobiernos de la región que nombren un reducido Grupo Nacional de Trabajo, encargado de la preparación del material informativo del país. Como guía para esta documentación se procederá a la publicación de unas instrucciones específicas. El material informativo por país que se solicita es de tres clases:

1. Antecedentes generales acerca de los problemas de tenencia de la tierra y estructura agraria;
2. Información específica sobre programas de colonización y distribución de tierras;
3. Estudios de evaluación de uno o dos proyectos de colonización y reforma agraria.

El primer tipo de documentación comprende informaciones sobre tenencia de la tierra, uso de la tierra, población y demás aspectos generales que permitan a los participantes adquirir una perspectiva futura de los programas de reforma agraria y colonización, dentro de la situación general de cada país.

La segunda clase de información será empleada principalmente para preparar los debates de los Grupos de trabajo. Los directores de debate de cada grupo recibirán el material informativo de cada país con anticipación al comienzo del Seminario; se procederá al análisis de las informaciones, seleccionando los puntos que resulten más importantes, para su presentación y debate en los grupos de trabajo.

El tercer tipo de documentación deberá componerse de, al menos, un estudio detallado en el terreno de un proyecto de reforma agraria o de colonización, basado en entrevistas directas o en otras informaciones obtenidas en el campo. Algunos índices referentes a los ingresos agrícolas, a la productividad y a otros factores, serán solicitados para asegurar que los estudios de los distintos países puedan ser comparados.

Organización

El Seminario durará 15 días aproximadamente y se dedicarán probablemente cuatro o cinco días más a excursiones, es decir que la duración total del Seminario será de unas tres semanas. El Programa de trabajo incluirá las actividades siguientes:

1. Conferencias. El personal del Seminario dictará un número limitado de conferencias sobre temas básicos y teóricos durante las sesiones plenarias, que tendrán lugar por la mañana. Cada conferencia será de una duración aproximada de 45 a 50 minutos y será seguida de un período de discusión.
2. Presentación de Experiencias y Estudios Locales. La Directiva invitará con anticipación a algunos participantes para presentar análisis y estudios de programas o situaciones de particular interés para el Seminario. Dispondrán de un tiempo aproximado de 45 a 50 minutos para hacer sus exposiciones, siguiendo a continuación un período de tiempo dedicado a la discusión.
3. Grupos de Trabajo. La labor principal del Seminario será realizada mediante seis grupos de trabajo, que se reunirán durante diversas tardes consecutivas. Simultáneamente serán organizados tres grupos de participación limitada, a fin de que el grupo pueda tener ocasión de efectuar discusiones espontáneas. Cada grupo actuará bajo la dirección de dos directores de debate, los cuales presentarán los temas que habrán de discutirse y prepararán un informe al final de cada reunión.

Además, según lo permitan la marcha del programa y la disponibilidad de tiempo, podrán organizarse otras actividades, incluyendo discusiones de mesa redonda y otros actos que tengan lugar durante las excursiones.

Las excursiones serán establecidas en manera de proporcionar a los participantes la oportunidad de observar los proyectos de colonización del Uruguay y, tal vez, de alguna de los países vecinos.

Temario Provisional

El programa detallado se dará a conocer más adelante. Los temas principales del Seminario serán:

1. Explicación de los conceptos básicos tales como Reforma Agraria, Colonización, Tenencia de la Tierra, Estructura Agraria, etc.
2. Políticas de reforma agraria y colonización en los distintos países.
3. Organización administrativa en los diferentes países: organismos, presupuestos y recursos empleados para la reforma agraria y la colonización.
4. Problemas financieros, incluyendo la adquisición de tierras, obras de desarrollo y pago de la tierra por los nuevos propietarios.
5. Reconocimientos básicos (por ejemplo, edafológicos, hidrológicos, catastrales) con anterioridad a la distribución de la tierra.
6. Problemas que se presentan en la selección de nuevos propietarios.
7. Métodos de determinación del tamaño y disposición de las nuevas unidades agrícolas.
8. Planeamiento de la organización socio-económica de las nuevas unidades, así como su forma de tenencia y estructuración.
9. Relación existente entre la colonización, la reforma agraria y el crédito agrícola.
10. Utilidad de la organización de cooperativas para los nuevos adjudicatarios.
11. El papel de la extensión agrícola y otras formas de ayuda técnica a los nuevos adjudicatarios.
12. El papel que representa el desarrollo de las comunidades rurales en los programas de reforma agraria y colonización.

13. Relaciones existentes entre la reforma agraria, la colonización y los demás aspectos del desarrollo económico.

Información y Correspondencia

En caso de necesitar información adicional sobre el Seminario, se ruega escribir a la siguiente dirección:

Dr. Thomas F. Carroll
Especialista en Tenencia de la Tierra y Colonización
Departamento de Instituciones y Servicios Rurales
FAO, Roma, Italia

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION (FAO)

Roma, Italia

SEGUNDO SEMINARIO LATINOAMERICANO SOBRE PROBLEMAS DE LA TIERRA

Montevideo, Uruguay

del 23 de noviembre al 9 de diciembre de 1959

ESQUEMA DE LA DOCUMENTACION BASICA

I PRIMERA PARTE

Documentación Básica General

En esta parte se solicita información sobre la situación general relativa a tenencia, propiedad y uso de tierra en el país, así como sobre población y otros factores sociales. Esta parte del informe debe constituir el conjunto antecedente que sirva a los participantes para comprender mejor la documentación más específica que figura en la Segunda Parte.

Las fuentes posibles de esta información son los datos del último censo, las estadísticas disponibles y los estudios especiales de carácter local, regional o nacional.

- A. Información censal y de otras fuentes sobre propiedad según su tamaño y forma de tenencia. Superficie de las tierras del dominio del Estado y privadas.
- B. Información censal y de otras fuentes sobre número y tipo de explotaciones agrícolas.
- C. Uso de la tierra según el tamaño de explotaciones y por regiones agrícolas. Si posible, establecer relaciones entre tenencia de la tierra (punto A.), tipo de explotaciones (punto B.) y uso de la tierra (punto C.).
- D. Número de habitantes que forman la población rural y urbana, económicamente activa, dedicada a la agricultura. Tasa de crecimiento y migración. Densidad de población en las regiones agrícolas.
- E. División de la población rural en categorías determinadas por el sistema de tenencia de la tierra (propietarios, administradores, arrendatarios, aparceros, trabajadores agrícolas de varias categorías, ocupantes sin derechos de propiedad, etc.

- F. Estudios económicos y sociales sobre condiciones de tenencia de la tierra, colonización, administración rural, sociología rural, etc. Es suficiente dar referencias bibliográficas exactas y adjuntar dos copias de estos estudios.

II SEGUNDA PARTE

Documentación sobre Aspectos Específicos de los Programas Nacionales con Énfasis Especial en la Creación de Nuevas Unidades

Esta parte de la documentación servirá principalmente como una base para las discusiones de los Grupos de Trabajo. Se solicitan informaciones sobre los aspectos específicos de los programas de distribución y redistribución de la tierra ya llevados a cabo o en realización. Se espera que estos datos sean exactos y completos, en el sentido de que den cuenta tanto de los elementos de éxito como de los que han constituido un fracaso, tratando de explicar las razones de los resultados adversos o favorables.

Se espera también que en el caso de que las posibles soluciones a ciertos problemas no sean claras y cuando surjan puntos contradictorios, las documentaciones aportadas por los países den una visión equilibrada, indicando juiciosamente las distintas posiciones de la controversia y las soluciones alternativas propuestas. Siguiendo tal sistema, los miembros del Seminario tendrán oportunidad de analizar críticamente las experiencias pasadas y aprovecharlas para programas futuros. Asimismo, el análisis de los problemas difíciles y que todavía no hayan sido solucionados, servirá como base para estimular los debates.

A. Política y Programas Existentes

Se solicita información general sobre política de colonización y redistribución de tierras que tienen como consecuencia la creación de nuevas unidades agrícolas;

1. Legislación vigente sobre colonización y reforma agraria. Se ruega dar solamente referencias exactas a la legislación vigente o a proyectos de leyes. Al mismo tiempo incluir dos copias del texto de leyes o proyectos de legislación pertinentes.
2. Organismos encargados del planeamiento y de la ejecución. Breve descripción de los siguientes aspectos:
 - a. Funciones principales
 - b. Presupuestos
 - c. Personal
 - d. Organización (central, regional, local)
 - e. Coordinación entre los diversos organismos relacionados con estos problemas, tales como servicios de crédito, colonización, tierras públicas, agricultura, etc.

3. Importancia de la realización de los programas existentes.

- a. Número de personas o familias beneficiadas. Número de colonias o proyectos (trabajos terminados, en proceso).
- b. Cantidad y calidad de tierras incluídas en los proyectos.
- c. Producción agrícola, ganadera y forestal de los proyectos (tipo, cantidad y valor) en relación con la producción nacional.

B. Reconocimientos Territoriales Básicos

Se necesita información sobre la disponibilidad de reconocimientos básicos en los siguientes campos:

1. Reconocimientos catastrales.
¿Cuántas tierras están incluídas y en qué detalle?
2. Servicios de registro de la propiedad.
¿Qué proporción de la propiedad total está registrada?
3. Reconocimientos edafológicos e hidrológicos.
¿Qué cantidad de la tierra está incluída en los mapas, su escala de representación y detalles?
4. Clasificación de tierras según su uso potencial.
Posibles clasificaciones en regiones agrícolas.

C. Aspectos Financieros

Se solicitan informaciones acerca de los procedimientos y problemas financieros relativos a los proyectos de colonización y reforma agraria. Los datos se deberán encuadrar en los siguientes epígrafes:

1. Financiamiento de la adquisición de tierras. Métodos de determinación del valor de la tierra, formas y términos de pago, etc.
2. Financiamiento de la formación de nuevas unidades.
Costos totales a cargo del colono por la tierra y obras de mejora, términos de pago, etc.
3. Financiamiento de obras de mejoras de la tierra.
4. Principales gastos públicos para servicios económicos y sociales, tales como educación, sanidad, caminos, etc.
5. Forma en que se obtienen los fondos para estos proyectos.
Presupuesto del Estado, inversiones privadas, créditos, emisión de valores, créditos exteriores.

D. Productividad y Tenencia de las Nuevas Unidades

Se solicita información acerca de los distintos problemas que se plantean para asegurar que las nuevas unidades se organicen en forma eficiente y productiva.

1. Tamaño de las explotaciones. Métodos y criterios usados en su determinación.
2. Tipo de tenencia de nuevas unidades (unidades de tipo familiar o multi-familiares; propiedad o arrendamientos; propiedad cooperativa). Métodos y criterios usados en su determinación, ventajas e inconvenientes según se adopten uno u otro tipo de tenencia.
3. Organización de la producción:
 - a. ¿Existe un plan de producción en las nuevas unidades?
¿En qué consiste?
 - b. ¿Qué relación hay entre este plan y el programa de desarrollo económico?
4. Limitaciones de derecho de propiedad y uso de la tierra.
 - a. Disposiciones existentes para evitar especulación, latifundismo o excesiva fragmentación.
 - b. Medidas para asegurar que los nuevos propietarios produzcan en forma eficiente durante los primeros años de colonización.

E. Servicios a Disposición de los Nuevos Propietarios

Se solicita información sobre las clases de servicios que se facilitan a los nuevos propietarios, especialmente en las esferas de crédito, extensión y cooperativas. Esta información deberá constar no sólo de una lista de los servicios, sino asimismo de una evaluación de su efectividad en los programas existentes.

1. Crédito
 - a. Disponibilidad para los beneficiarios.
 - b. Fuentes de financiamiento (bancos privados y del Estado)
 - c. Crédito supervisado
2. Extensión. Indíquese el tipo de asesoramiento técnico que se proporciona a los nuevos propietarios.
3. Cooperativas. Experiencia obtenida en el establecimiento de cooperativas en las zonas del nuevo régimen agrario.
4. Facilidades para mercadeo, almacenamiento, conservación y comercialización de los productos agrícolas.

F. Cuestiones Sociales y Comunes

Se requieren informaciones sobre los diferentes problemas humanos y sociales inherentes en la creación de nuevas unidades agrícolas:

1. Criterios seguidos para la selección de beneficiarios (experiencia agrícola, tipo de familia, provenientes de población local y no local, nacionales o inmigrantes, etc.)
2. Agrupación territorial y tipo de comunidad. Concentración de habitaciones o ubicación dispersa, ubicación a lo largo de caminos y ríos, relación con otros centros poblados, etc.
3. Servicios educativos.
4. Servicios sanitarios.
5. Descripción de los sistemas de ayuda mutua en la producción agropecuaria y la vida comunal.
6. Programas de desarrollo de comunidades, incluyendo la selección y capacitación de líderes rurales.

III TERCERA PARTE

Evaluación de Proyectos Individuales (Opcional)

Además de las informaciones sobre políticas generales de tenencia de tierras (Primera Parte) y sobre los distintos elementos técnicos en la formación de nuevas unidades agrícolas (Segunda Parte), sería conveniente que cada Grupo Nacional de Trabajo preparase, al menos, un estudio intensivo de un proyecto ya establecido. En la mayor parte de los países ello significará el estudio de una colonia o de un grupo de colonias, o conjunto homogéneo de realizaciones de reforma agraria.

Si ya se han iniciado evaluaciones de este tipo los criterios que se exponen pueden servir para orientar el desarrollo del trabajo. Si no existen estudios de evaluación este esquema puede servir para la organización de trabajos futuros.

Para la introducción del estudio, se ruega incluir información general descriptiva sobre el proyecto seleccionado, usando las secciones aplicables de la Segunda Parte del presente Esquema.

El estudio deberá incluir una evaluación del proyecto basándose en criterios económicos y sociales. Para obtener estas informaciones se investigará directamente en el campo, mediante entrevistas a base de cuestionarios. Algunos de los criterios a tener en cuenta pueden ser:

- A. Producción (comparada con la producción anterior de la zona)
 1. Intensidad del aprovechamiento de la tierra
 2. Tipo de productos: básicos y secundarios
 3. Rendimientos: brutos y netos

B. Productividad

1. Eficiencia del trabajo agrícola
2. Valor y volumen de producción por unidad de insumos

C. Ingresos (comparados con los anteriores y comparados con el promedio de ingresos de la zona)

1. Ingreso agrícola bruto
2. Ingreso neto disponible

(Referente a los puntos B y C, en el caso de que no exista información proveniente de estudios de administración rural, se ruega proporcionar algunos índices de progreso tecnológico, tales como uso de fertilizantes y de semillas seleccionadas, maquinaria, insecticidas, almacenes de productos, etc.)

D. Índices de nivel de vida

1. Nutrición
2. Vestuario
3. Vivienda, iluminación y combustibles
4. Educación y recreo
5. Sanidad e higiene

E. Efectos complementarios e indirectos

1. Efecto sobre la zona circundante, desarrollo urbano, del comercio y del transporte
2. Efecto sobre las percepciones de impuestos
3. Otros efectos indirectos

F. Costos (en relación con los beneficios)

1. Tierra
2. Edificación y otras mejoras
3. Costos administrativos

F.A.O.
✓ X Film ga

June 30, 1959

Dear Mr. Cyprien:

June 19
Thank you very much for your letter about your correspondence with the Australian National Library about filmstrips. As it happens, we have never ventured into this kind of production, but we are glad to know about the outlet you have discovered.

Sincerely yours,

Harold N. Graves, Jr.
Director of Information

Mr. F.L. Cyprien
Chief, Visual Media and Edn.
Aids Section
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome
ITALY

HNG:hvs

June 29, 1959

Ford, Bacon and Davis Inc.
Engineers
39 Broadway
New York 6, N.Y.

Gentlemen:

We have recently had an inquiry concerning some consulting firms in the United States, among them Ford, Bacon and Davis, from Mr. J.B. Dabell, Groundwater Development Specialist, Water Resources and Irrigation Branch, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, Rome, Italy. Since your company is well known to our Bank, I have furnished general information but it would be helpful if you would mail Mr. Dabell some recently issued documentation on your company such as the brief of January 1959, a copy of which we have in our files.

Thanking you, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Neil Bass
Assistant Chief,
Public Utilities Division
Department of Technical Operations

Copy to: Mr. J.B. Dabell

NB/bli

cc: Mr. Hathaway

AIRMAIL

June 29, 1959

F.A.O. → Mr. J.P. Dabell
Groundwater Development Specialist
Water Resources and Irrigation Branch
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Barney:

It was nice to have your letter of June 23 and the news from you that you were again settled at FAO. I am sure that we share a mutual satisfaction at being with our respective organizations but at the same time cherish the experience at the Special Fund. I know I shall always be grateful for having had the experience. Surely your work will cause you to come to the United States from time to time and I hope that you will seriously save some time to visit the World Bank in Washington and let me be your host; similarly, if I pass through Rome I will let you know in advance and will look forward to seeing you.

With reference to consulting firms, the International Development Services Inc. and Ford, Bacon and Davis, we have no information here about the International Development Services Inc. and, hence, I am unable to give you information on the organization, in spite of the fact that we have brochures and extensive files on most consultants. As to Ford, Bacon and Davis, it is among the best known firms of its character in the United States. Their main office is at 39 Broadway, New York 6, N.Y. and they have subsidiary offices in Los Angeles and Chicago. The company provides a rather full range of engineering, construction and management services including the making of preliminary feasibility studies and engineering reports on various projects. Their permanent organization comprises some 300 technical personnel embracing such a variety of disciplines as architecture, mechanical, civil, industrial, chemical, mining, sanitary, traffic and transportation engineering, also geology, accountancy, appraising and various analyzing. I believe their volume of work in post-World War II has amounted to some \$1.5 billion. In order that you might have a better documented summary of information of this company, I have addressed them a letter to mail you a copy of a recently issued brief of the company's experience and qualifications.

Again with best wishes, I am,

Sincerely yours,

NB/bli

cc: Mr. Hathaway

Neil Bass
Assistant Chief,
Public Utilities Division
Department of Technical Operations

*Ack by Ford Bacon
& Davis
July 7
(Filed) Alpha-
Ford Bacon
& Davis*

June 26, 1959

Dr. A. Viton
Beverages Section
Commodities Division
Food and Agricultural Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome

Dear Dr. Viton,

In a recent FAO document, CCP59/19, May 20, 1959, I have read that you are preparing "A new edition of Commodity Bulletin No. 27 on Cocoa, with special reference to cocoa production in the Latin American region, in the West Indies and in the Far East." I wonder if you would be kind enough to let me know when you expect to have a preliminary copy available for outside use as cocoa is a commodity in which we are always very much interested.

I was very sorry that you did not visit our commodity group last year when you were en route to Chicago on home-leave.

Kindest regards to everyone in the Cocoa Section and all best wishes to you for another excellent cocoa document.

Yours sincerely,

Flora White
Economic Staff

FW:af

June 25, 1959

Mr. Duncan Ridler
Fats and Oils Section
Commodities Division
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome

Dear Mr. Ridler,

As Mr. Avramovic is on home-leave, I am writing to thank you for your comments contained in Dr. Blau's letter of June 17, 1959, file COI, for the detailed marginal comments on my draft study of oils and fats, and also for the set of statistical tables and the two documents on butter.

I have noted your comments and have attempted to incorporate a great many of them into the revised study. As I am also going on leave tomorrow I have not had time to study your set of statistical tables and to include any of them in the study as it would mean rechecking some of the rates of growth. However, I am sure I shall find them most useful for future reference.

I do appreciate the very careful review you have so kindly made of my rather long study, thank you so much, once again.

When the final version is completed, I shall be very pleased to send you a copy.

Yours sincerely,

Flora White
Economic Staff

FW:af

c.c. Mr. Rist
Mr. Avramovic



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasé citar:

EX 6/2

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

JUN. 23 1959

Dear Niel,

Personal letter

I am sorry I have been so long in acknowledging the kind advice you gave me in your letter of 29 May. The information you sent me is very helpful and will be followed up.

I have now been home in FAO for nearly two weeks and look back with the greatest pleasure on the time we spent together in New York. I have seldom worked in a more friendly group where it was hardly necessary to discuss matters because everyone knew and respected what everybody else was doing.

My talk to the group in Washington went quite well, I believe. There was a good attendance from all the interested agencies, and a great number of questions were asked, and, I hope, satisfactorily answered.

I wonder if you or someone in your office can help on another matter. One of our technical groups here is interested in knowing something about two consulting firms whom you may have had contact with. They are respectively the International Development Services Inc. and Ford, Bacon and Davis. Both are located in New York and it occurs to me they may be on the Bank's list of consultants. If so, I wonder if the Bank could let me know informally what type of work they specialize in and approximately how large their organization is. If you have used their services perhaps you would say whether you find them in general good people to work with.

I do hope we shall see you soon, perhaps on a visit to Bangkok or Egypt, and if so, don't rush through Rome. We have lots to talk about!

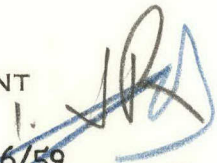
Yours sincerely,

Barney

J.P. Dabell
Groundwater Development Specialist
Water Resources and Irrigation Branch

Mr. Neil Bass
Assistant Chief, Public Utilities Division
Department of Technical Operations
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

1. 
6/26/59
2. *Folk*

Mr. Prud'homme:

The meeting concluded that Demuth should discuss with FAO While in Rome shortly the need for such a study but generally to encourage FAO proceeding with it and for the Bank to participate to the extent of available staff which may be largely sending someone to Rome for a couple of weeks at the launching and for a relatively short time during the preparation of the report. There is also the possibility that the Bank's country representatives may be able to provide some assistance while the team is in their particular country.

H. Folk

~~SR~~

I will ask Folk
(oil countries) to
attend, if you agree
8

6/24/59

ROUTING SLIP

Date

June 23, 1959

NAME

ROOM NO.

Mr. Rosen

614

Mr. Rucinski ✓

600

Mr. Rist

716

Mr. Reid

400

Action

Note and File

Appropriate Disposition

Note and Return

Approval

Prepare Reply

Comment

Per Our Conversation

Full Report

Recommendation

Information

Signature

Initial

To Handle

REMARKS

Could you or some representative
come to a short meeting in my office on
Friday morning (June 26) at 11:30 to
discuss the attached?

Richard H. Demuth



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote: **LA-2/13 LAC**
Référence:
Sirvase citar:

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

JUN 19 1959

Dear Mr. Demuth,

The Fourth FAO Regional Conference for Asia and the Far East suggested that:

"FAO and Member Governments investigate the possibility of developing an international fertiliser pool which might include provision for easier purchase of fertilisers."

We have given considerable thought to the ways and means by which this recommendation should be implemented, and feel that, before the fertiliser exporting countries are approached by FAO concerning the possibility of facilitating purchase of fertiliser by countries of Asia and the Far East Region, accurate country information should be assembled and thoroughly analysed and the possibilities of increasing the fertiliser supplies and use within the Region thoroughly explored.

This information and analysis would probably need to include consideration not only of present and potential fertiliser production, consumption and distribution, including domestic and foreign trade, but also the various factors, economic, industrial and social, impeding the greater use of fertilisers.

We are giving consideration to requesting Member Governments of the Region to cooperate in this study by designating small liaison groups, which would correspond with FAO headquarters, and would provide the information required. The attached tentative outline gives an indication of the kind of information that would be needed. Such liaison groups might have representation not only from Ministries of Agriculture, but also from Ministries of Industry, Trade and Commerce, as well as from the fertiliser industry and fertiliser trade. In the meantime, members of the FAO staff at headquarters would assemble the information available here.

After this preliminary stage is complete, we are thinking of sending a team of specialists to visit a number of countries in the Region to discuss the information assembled in the countries and at FAO headquarters. Tentatively, the team might include an agronomist specialising in fertiliser use, a fertiliser economist, a chemical engineer (fertiliser manufacture) and a fertiliser distribution and trade specialist. The information from countries which will not be visited will be gathered by correspondence.

Mr. Richard H. Demuth
Director of Technical Assistance
and Liaison Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 - H Street, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C.

1. Interesting & important
2. After 4th FAO year ahead
with stage II, will stage 2
be necessary?
3. Local people.

What good
to poor?
As FAO already
does this on
a country by
country basis?
OK reports?
1st & other video
reports
Non countries have
... send
info
problem

The Director-General has in mind to submit the results of the study to a meeting on Fertiliser Production, Consumption and Trade in Asia and the Far East Region.

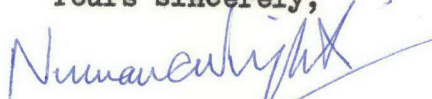
You will appreciate that fertiliser offers one of the readiest means of increasing crop production, so necessary in Asia and the Far East. On the other hand, an attempt to increase fertiliser production, trade and consumption has many economic and financial implications in which the Bank, I am sure, would be interested.

The Bank might wish to cooperate in such a study by sending an economist to take part in the visits to countries and in drafting the report. If the study is undertaken we should probably assemble the team at the beginning of September to enable its members to review the material gathered at headquarters before their departure into the field for a matter of two to three months.

As you see, the project as yet is only in the planning stage and no final decisions have yet been taken, but I thought I should write to you now, so that you would know about it before your departure from Washington and have an opportunity of discussing it within your own Organisation.

For our part, we should like to take advantage of your visit to Rome to discuss the project with you.

Yours sincerely,



Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director-General

RECEIVED
BANK HALL ROOM

1822 JUN 53 AM 2:11

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Yours sincerely,

Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director-General

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM

1959 JUN 23 AM 9:17

Tentative Outline of a Study on the Fertilizer Economy in Asia and the Far East

The study would cover Asia and the Far East, with special reference to the densely populated areas. Mainland China would be covered as far as possible in view of its importance as an importer of fertilizers. The time period would be from 1950 onwards, with references to the pre-war situation. The following are some of the main points which would be covered :

I. CURRENT SITUATION

Descriptive account based on data of individual countries :

- (a) Production of Fertilizers, i.e. annual production in countries by type of fertilizers (the different kinds of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizer); availability of raw material; capacity of plants and their utilization; technical and financial assistance received in the establishment of plants; technical personnel; production costs.
- (b) Consumption of Fertilizers, i.e. annual consumption of various types of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizers; average nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium requirements of various crops on different soils, based on results of experiment stations and on cultivators' fields; economic returns for nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizer application used separately and in combination on selected crops; the use of fertilizers and manures on different food and cash crops; economic organizational and other factors limiting consumption such as research, extension, services rendered to farmers, e.g. soil testing land tenure systems, purchasing power, etc.
- (c) Choices of Fertilizer Materials and Sources of Supplies, i.e. choice of nitrogen fertilizer to produce: (i) cost, (ii) properties, (iii) efficiency for crops; economics of phosphorous fertilizer production and imports of high analysis phosphorous fertilizer; requirements for mixed or balanced fertilizers.
- (d) Foreign Trade, i.e. annual data of various types of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizers by origin and destination; gross value of foreign trade; export and import unit values; foreign aid; type of payments; credits.
- (e) Pricing Systems, i.e. relationship between import prices and prices of domestically produced nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizers; wholesale and retail prices; government subsidies and credit policies.
- (f) Marketing Systems and their development by: (i) governments, (ii) producers, importers, cooperatives and others.
- (g) National Fertilizer Policies, i.e. legislation and controls; experimental stations; services; other methods in promotion of production and consumption.

II. PROBLEMS OF SUPPLY AND DEMAND

This section would attempt to throw light on the following problems :

1. Increased Yields through Fertilizer Application (Technical Aspects)
 - a. Comparisons of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizer usage per unit of agricultural land with more developed countries;
 - b. Comparison of crop yields with more developed countries;
 - c. Technical estimates of potential nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium requirements for selected crops related to certain targets of agricultural production.
2. Trends in Fertilizer Production and Consumption and Trade (Economic Factors)
 - a. Possibilities and limitations of increasing nitrogen and phosphorous fertilizer production, (raw materials; capital investments; evaluation of national planning for fertilizer industry).
 - b. Estimates of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium fertilizer consumption for ^{next two or three years} a medium-term period (1965 or 1970) under different assumptions (e.g. based on the rate of growth of fertilizer consumption in post-war years; increased rate of fertilizer consumption for selected crops guaranteeing economic returns; consumption targets correlated with population growth, etc.).
 - c. Alternative estimates of production and consumption by countries and in the region as a basis for estimating export availabilities and import requirements;
 - d. Potential export possibilities for non-Asian producers;
 - e. Economic obstacles to larger imports (e.g. low purchasing power; price levels of fertilizers; transport costs; lack of foreign exchange).

III. METHODS FOR ALLEVIATING DIFFICULTIES IN FERTILIZER SUPPLY

- a. Increase of domestic production (capital investments; investigation of resources; technical personnel).
- b. Increase of imports (bilateral agreements; lower import prices; special credit arrangements; local currency purchases; national distribution agencies; selection of areas and crops for distribution of fertilizers on special terms; etc.).
- c. Increase of consumption (extension services, distribution systems to villages, long-term credits to farmers, subsidies on fertilizers, land tenure systems, etc.).
- d. Possibilities of international action.



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Please quote
Référence :
Sirvase citat :

INV

19 June 1959

Dear Mr. Graves,

At the 31st meeting of the Film Board in New York, 9-13 March 1959, the subject of co-production of filmstrip kits on specific subjects was not considered in detail since the entire question of visual aids in education was to be discussed at the CGPI. Speaking for FAO, I outlined the plan and said that I had every reason to believe that in one country at least - Australia - we could expect considerable cooperation from the Ministry of Education in the distribution of these kits. I also mentioned that it was the intention of FAO to take advantage of this situation and I was asked whether I would be prepared to include with the FAO material existing filmstrips from other agencies. The resulting collection of strips could then, it was suggested, be regarded as a 'pilot project' the results of which would, in due course, be submitted to the Film Board.

Although at the time I agreed to do this, it later occurred to me that it would prove nothing at all, since FAO's suggestion related to kits specially designed to deal with specific themes or subjects, whereas the proposed collection would not, in fact, be an example of such a kit. However, I felt that the Australian offer of cooperation might be extended to agencies other than FAO. I, therefore, wrote to the Commonwealth National Library, Film Division asking whether materials from other agencies would be welcomed. I have now received an answer which reads as follows:-

"We are most appreciative of your help in mentioning our activities during the UN Film Board meeting. Being interested in spreading information by any means, we would gladly cooperate in any way within our power with any of the Specialized Agencies. I do hope, however that our role is clear in regard to strips and other visual material (except 16mm films). We will be very glad indeed to distribute these materials but are not well set up to ~~use~~ anything but film negatives (35mm or 16mm). We are frankly worried about strip commentaries particularly after our experience with the material you kindly sent. I think that it might be better for us to buy quantities of strip commentaries from you or the Agencies, say,

Mr. Harold Graves

BANK

1818 - H St. N.W.
Washington

./...

Ack June 30.

fifty at a time. The actual distribution of the materials themselves is simplicity itself and presents not the slightest difficulty."

It is evident therefore that we have here an important outlet for certain classes of existing visual material. If you wish to take advantage of these facilities, you should get in touch with Mr. H.O. White, Librarian, The Commonwealth National Library, Film Division, Canberra, A.C.T.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'F.L. Cyprien', is written over the typed name.

F.L. Cyprien
Chief, Visual Media and Edn. Aids Section

Italy

June 17, 1959.

Mr. Walter G. Weisbecker
Chief, Distribution and
Sales Section
Food and Agricultural Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Weisbecker:

I wish to thank you for the ETAP reports which you have
been kind enough to send me in response to my requests of
April 16th and 28th.

If any of the reports which you are at present unable to
send should become available later on, I would greatly appre-
ciate receiving copies. A list is attached for your convenience.

Yours sincerely,

CH

Charles C. Hamilton
Archivist

FAO ETAP Reports requested in our letters
of April 16th and 28th, 1959, and not
available at this time.

Afghanistan

Soil Survey (No. 909)

Argentina

Comercializacion de la Leche (No. 961)

El desarrollo de los recursos de pastos y forrajes con referencia
especial a la region Pampeana Humedo y el Chaco (No. 971)

La Industria de la Pesca Maritima en Argentina (No. 912)

Bolivia

Los problemas de la reforma agraria en Bolivia (No. 787)

La planificacion nacional y la reorganizacion de las instituciones
y servicios para el fomento agricola (No. 870)

Brazil

Agriculture in Northeastern Brazil and Means of Improvement (No. 673)

Burma

The Design and Construction of Storage and Handling Facilities for
Rice and Rice Products - 1959. (No. 1007)

Ceylon

Agricultural Development and Organization (No. 957)

Colombia

El aprovechamiento de los recursos hidraulicos en la peninsula de
Guajira (No. 793)

Cuba

Politica forestal y su ejecucion (No. 876)

Ecuador

Un Estudio Forestal (No. 748)

El Desarrollo de la Economia Agricola Nacional (No. 760)

Organizacion y Administracion de Mataderos (No. 812)

El Fomento de la Industria Pecuaria - 1958/59. (No. 1005)

Egypt

Agricultural Extension (No. 695)

Ethiopia

Economic Policies for Expanding Agricultural Production (No. 926)

Guatemala

Creación de Pequeñas Industrias Lecheras (No. 868)

Haiti

La création des Coopératives Laitières (No. 743)

Iran

Les Projects d'Irrigation Dachte Mogan, Doroodzan et Saveh (No. 866)

Design and Operation of the Karkhem Dam Irrigation Project - 1959.
(No. 976)

Agricultural Marketing (No. 999)

Iraq

Improvement of the Date Industry (No. 794)

Japan

Irrigation of Sloping Lands (No. 939)

Pasture Development - Third Report (No. 985)

Liberia

The Timber Production Potential of Liberia (No. 952)

Libya

Agricultural Marketing (No. 883)

Pakistan

Water Resources Investigations on the Quetta-Kalat Division (No. 855)

Formulation of an Overall Dairy Development Program (No. 937)

Agricultural Mechanization in East Pakistan (No. 950)

Some Economic Aspects of the Ganges-Kobadak Irrigation Development
Scheme - 1959. (No. 1044)

Paraguay

Mejoramiento de los Programas y Servicios para el Fomento
Agricola (No. 842)

Philippines

Establishment and Development of a Dairy Industry (No. 924)

Sudan

Meat Industry (No. 884)

Grassland Improvement and Pasture Development (No. 913)

Thailand

Forest Inventory of the Northern Teak Bearing Provinces (No. 895)

Pilot Survey of Paddy Area and Production (No. 956)

Turkey

Reforestation (No. 932)

U.R.S.S.

Irrigation and Drainage (No. 718)

Uruguay

Aprovechamiento de los Recursos Hidraulicos en el Fomento de la
Agricultura de Riego (No. 878)

Venezuela

El Desarrollo de la Investigación en Administración Rural y su
Aplicación en Venezuela (No. 650)

Caribbean Commission

Le Développement Agricole de la Région des Caraïbes (No. 699)

Asia and Far East

Development Center on Farm Planning and Management (No. 822)

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INCOMING MAIL ROUTING SLIP			Date JUN 23 1959	
Mr. Black	1024		Personnel Div.	207
Mr. Broches	1113		Mr. Poore	801
Mr. Cargill	614		Mr. Reamy	A318
Mr. Clark	1113		Research Files	822
Mr. Cope	813		Mr. Riley	700C
Mr. Demuth	506		Mr. Rist	716
Mr. Doucet	1017		Mr. Rosen	614
E.D.I.			Mr. Rucinski	600
Mr. Goor	705		Mr. Schmidt	513
Mr. Howell	801		Mr. Sommers	1003
Mr. Iliff	1003		Technical Op.	309
Mr. Knapp	1024		Translation	804
Mr. Lejeune	813		Mr. Hauenstein	101
Mr. Mendels	1017		Mr. Worthington	A316
Mr. Nurick	1121		<i>Mr. Hramovic</i>	<i>710-A</i>
Office of Info.	228			
Office Services	111			
Mr. Perry	513			
Remarks:				
From: Communications Unit - Room P-106 (Ext. 3630)				



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote:
Référence: COL
Sirvase citar:

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Dear Mr. Avramovic,

In reply to your letter of 18 May 1959, I am sorry that due to the Committee on Commodity Problems' session and other unavoidable commitments, it was not possible at short notice for Mr. Ridler to comment on the fats and oils study prepared by Miss White. In view of the very considerable amount of work which has gone into the study, we also thought that it merited quite careful review.

I have returned the draft copy to you under separate cover, with a number of detailed marginal comments. In addition I am attaching some statistical tables prepared in the Fats and Oils Section here, which you may perhaps find more suitable for inclusion in Appendix A than the statistics drawn from various sources already included, and which we feel may not be entirely comparable. I have also forwarded with the draft two documents on Dairy Products prepared for the recent CCP session, which you may care to look at in connection with paragraphs 34-51 of the study. They are a more recent review of dairy developments than was made in documents which you quote in various points in the draft.

I should like to make only two comments on your conclusions. Firstly, in paragraph 2, we feel that differences in fat consumption, either per caput or in total between regions are more likely to narrow than to accentuate in future. This would develop from the reaching of ceilings in the high income group of countries and their relatively slow population growth, while there is some possibility in the low income group of countries of raising per caput levels. Secondly, at a number of points in the draft we have the impression that rates of growth in the period 1939-58 are compared and perhaps used as a norm for future trends. We feel that the changes during this period have been highly abnormal and are unlikely to be useful for projections. At the same time, however, I regret that our own work on longterm prospects for this very complex group of commodities has not yet reached the stage where we can ourselves suggest to you alternative possible rates of growth.

Again, I should like to thank you for giving us the opportunity of looking at this work before publication, and we shall be very pleased to give any further assistance we can, and to receive copies when published.

Yours sincerely,

Gerda Blau
Gerda Blau

Director, Commodities Division

Mr. Dragoslav Avramovic
Chief, General Studies Division
Economic Staff
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

Ask Sept 8



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 290011 - 290211 - 299071

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Référence:
001

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Gerd Blum
Gerd Blum
Director, Commodities Division

Mr. Dragoslav Avramovic
Chief, General Studies Division
Economic Staff
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

RECEIVED
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1959 JUN 23 AM 9:17

FAB June 1959.

Estimated World Production of Fats and Oils,
by Commodities and Types of Fats : Average
1934-38 and annual 1954 to 1958

Types of Fats	Average 1934-38 ^{2/}	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958 ^{1/}
	 thousand metric tons					
Butter and ghee (fat content)	3698	3778	3823	3957	4021	4129
Lard	3038	3636	3902	4152	4199	4259
<u>Liquid edible vegetable oils</u>						
Soybean oil	914	2117	2339	2536	2870	2992
Groundnut oil	1618	1786	1936	2034	2233	2302
Rapeseed oil	1237	1607	1953	1809	1996	1936
Cottonseed oil	1254	1892	1892	1873	1836	1841
Olive oil	953	1334	1108	844	1223	1239
Sunflowerseed oil	476	1026	862	1316	1351	1125
Sesame oil	558	632	614	509	482	453
Corn oil	76	130	134	146	147	148
Total:	7086	10524	10838	11067	12138	12036
<u>Lauric acid oils</u>						
Coconut oil	1483	1984	2023	2199	2151	1911
Palm kernel oil	330	424	407	442	416	443
Babassu oil	38	35	49	51	47	47
Total:	1851	2443	2479	2692	2614	2401
<u>Other edible soap fats</u>						
Tallow and greases	1483	2695	2896	3083	3170	3015
Palm oil	830	1154	1124	1193	1146	1187
Whale oil ^{3/}	486	414	378	384	395	380
Total:	2799	4263	4398	4660	4711	4582
<u>Drying and technical oils</u>						
Linseed oil	892	874	822	902	1142	883
Caster oil	186	213	206	202	216	224
Tung oil	137	121	105	112	120	112
Oiticica oils	11	6	11	11	6	6
	1226	1214	1144	1227	1484	1225
Fish and seal oils ^{4/}	280	371	370	412	360	297
Misc. minor oils ^{5/}	250	250	250	250	250	250
World Total:	20228	26479	27204	28417	229777	29179

1/ Provisional
 2/ A few estimates are for shorter periods
 3/ ~~Excludes~~ Excludes sperm oil
 4/ Excludes fish-liver oil
 5/ Rough estimate, based partly on trade data, for hempseed, perilla, mowrah, teaseed, nigerseed, poppyseed, sheanuts, kapok, rice-bran, stillingia, safflower, grapesed, murumaru, tucum kernel, tobacco-seed, cashew shell and nut, and other minor oils.

Estimated World Production of Fats and Oils
by continents and principal producing
countries; average 1934-38, and annual 1954
to 1958

Countries	Average 1934-38	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958 ^{1/}
<u>North and Central America</u>						
United States	3018	5864	6160	6579	6590	6352
Canada	190	370	404	526	669	578
Central America	195	376	412	436	480	477
Total:	3403	6610	6976	7541	7739	7407
<u>South America</u>						
Argentina	740	527	520	622	736	760
Brazil	380	503	510	516	515	570
Other countries	188	315	332	330	338	337
Total:	1308	1345	1362	1468	1589	1667
<u>Asia</u>						
India	1950	2044	2267	2063	2196	2126
China, Mainland	3270	3216	3422	3363	3495	3421
Philippines	405	651	707	849	856	705
Indonesia	690	745	699	694	674	595
Malaya	155	168	158	164	151	150
Pakistan	223	273	294	295	296	292
Ceylon	135	142	191	170	129	142
Japan	147	136	174	186	179	175
Turkey	170	259	305	254	303	256
Other countries	300	326	347	369	428	327
Total:	7445	7960	8564	8407	8707	8189
<u>Africa</u>						
Nigeria	553	878	816	920	795	984
French W. Africa	340	340	312	338	383	438
Belgian Congo	180	301	304	337	354	358
Union of S. Africa	27	142	132	144	149	131
Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia	143	154	132	70	177	91
Other countries	506	714	676	723	742	755
Total:	1749	2529	2372	2532	2600	2757
<u>Europe</u>						
Western Europe ^{2/}	3072	3807	3633	3519	3872	4032
Eastern Europe	800	933	1073	1060	1101	1142
Total:	3872	4740	4706	4579	4973	5174
<u>USSR</u>	1205	2043	1962	2578	2838	2682
<u>Oceania</u>	560	638	679	728	736	723
<u>Antarctic</u> (whale oil)	436	364	333	334	345	330
Undistributed above ^{3/}	250	250	250	250	250	250
<u>World Total:</u>	20228	26479	27204	28417	29777	29179

^{1/}Provisional. ^{2/} Western Europe includes all European countries except Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, E. Germany, Hungary, Poland and Rumania.

^{3/}Rough estimate, based partly on trade data for hempseed, perilla, mowrah, teaseed, nigerseed, poppyseed, sheanuts, karok, rice-bran, stillingia, safflower, grapesseed, murumuru, tucum kernel, tobaccoseed, cashewshell and nut, and other minor oils.

Table 3. - World indigenous exports of fats, oils and oilseeds in terms of oil, by country or area of origin, average 1950-52 and annual 1953-58.

	Average 1950-52	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958 ^{1/}
	 thousand metric tons						
<u>Western Hemisphere</u>							
United States	1,001	1,145	1,711	1,782	2,182	2,038	
Canada	49	82	71	145	187	299	
Argentina	318	178	294	190	126	263	
Brazil	89	67	52	89	48	80	
Uruguay	39	59	45	24	14	22	
Other W. Hemisphere	31	47	37	47	40	37	
Total:	1,527	1,578	2,210	2,277	2,597	2,739	
<u>Europe</u>							
Western Europe ^{2/}	359	355	379	366	373	470	
Eastern Europe ^{3/}	8	16	20	30	40	33	
Total:	367	371	399	396	413	503	
<u>Africa</u>							
Br. Commonwealth in West Africa	526	617	719	665	700	601	
French W. and Equatorial Africa ^{4/}	240	293	302	261	324	334	
Belgian Congo	202	200	211	224	226	236	
Portuguese Africa	95	92	81	86	91	102	
Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia	59	48	58	39	39	73	
Union of South Africa	19	48	47	55	59	67	
Other Africa	105	176	129	148	187	185	
Total:	1,246	1,474	1,547	1,478	1,626	1,598	
<u>Asia</u>							
Philippines	525	445	556	589	729	738	
India	174	70	84	359	162	105	
China ^{5/}	193	312	204	277	349	201	
Indonesia	395	364	378	304	345	366	
Ceylon	116	109	100	143	124	78	
Malaya	110	114	93	105	113	122	
Other Asia ^{6/}	90	108	85	93	88	89	
Total:	1,603	1,522	1,500	1,870	1,910	1,699	
<u>Oceania</u>							
Australia + New Zealand	241	257	240	308	327	311	
Other Oceania	140	141	160	175	169	173	
Total:	381	398	400	483	496	484	
<u>Antarctic Ocean</u> (whale oil, except sperm oil)	331	408 ^{7/}	364	333	304 ^{7/}	355	
WORLD TOTAL :	5,455	5,751	6,420	6,837	7,346	7,378	

^{1/} Preliminary.

^{2/} All European countries except Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland and Rumania.

^{3/} Data not available for USSR and data incomplete for Eastern Europe.

^{4/} Including French Togo and French Cameroons.

^{5/} Seaborne trade only. Shipments to Eastern Europe and USSR estimated.

^{6/} Exports of cottonseed from Pakistan to India not included.

^{7/} 1952/53 Antarctic production of 338,000 tons, plus 70,000 tons sold in 1953 from the 1951/52 season. 1955/56 Antarctic production of 334,000 tons less 30,000 tons unsold in 1956.

Table 4. - World indigenous exports of fats, oils and oilseeds in terms of oil, classified by kind of fat, average 1950-52 and annual 1953-58

	Average 1950-52	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958 ^{1/}
	 thousand metric tons						
Butter(fat content) ^{2/}	365	352	364	455	449	400	
Lard	307	255	299	345	362	344	
<u>Liquid Edible Vegetable</u>							
<u>("Soft") Oils</u>							
Groundnuts (and oil)	499	573	679	791	818	743	
Soybeans (and oil)	315	280	299	481	754	799	
Cottonseed (and oil)	127	146	347	358	369	281	
Sunflowseed (and oil)	92	50	23	27	25	44	
Rapeseed (and oil)	61	98	40	46	63	81	
Olive oil	82	78	118	106	104	130	
Sesameseed (and oil)	41	82	38	47	61	56	
Other "soft" oils ^{3/}	29	87	59	96	94	65	
Total:	1,246	1,394	1,603	1,952	2,288	2,199	
<u>Lauric Acid Oils</u>							
Copra (and oil)	1,180	1,041	1,147	1,202	1,356	1,335	
Palm kernels (and oil) ^{4/}	380	377	404	397	397	375	
Total:	1,560	1,418	1,551	1,599	1,753	1,710	
<u>Other Edible-Soap Oils</u>							
Whale oil ^{5/}	355	451 ^{6/}	407	370	330	399	
Palm oil	492	554	578	541	558	537	
Tallow and greases	372	648	641	703	836	814	
Other "hard" oils ^{7/}	59	63	46	44	49	51	
Total:	1,278	1,716	1,672	1,658	1,773	1,801	
<u>Drying and Technical</u>							
<u>Oils</u>							
Linseed (and oil)	354	299	639	469	381	535	
Casterseed (and oil)	124	128	108	131	114	148	
Tung oil	57	44	45	47	50	49	
Other drying and technical oils	28	14	10	53	33	51	
Total:	563	485	802	700	578	783	
Fish oil (excluding fish liver oil)	136	131	129	128	143	141	
WORLD TOTAL ^{8/}	5,455	5,751	6,420	6,837	7,346	7,378	

^{1/} Preliminary.

^{2/} Includes US non-commercial exports under special programmes (thous. metric tons) 1950, 8; 1951, 9; 1954, 19; 1955, 70; 1956, 55.

^{3/} Chiefly maize-germ oils, teaseed, shortening and margarine.

^{4/} Including babassu, murumuru, tucum kernels and oils from Brazil.

^{5/} From all sea areas. Excludes sperm oil.

^{6/} 1953 includes 70,000 tons in stocks unsold at end of 1952, and 1956 excludes 30,000 tons carried over to 1957.

^{7/} Shea nuts and butter; illipe, mafura and niger seed and oil.

^{8/} Data not available for USSR and data incomplete for Eastern Europe. Excludes land trade of China.

Table 5. - World retained imports of fats, oils and oilseeds, in terms of oil, by country or area of destination, average 1950-58 and annual 1953-58

	Average 1950-52	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958 ^{1/}
	 thousand metric tons; oil basis						
<u>Western Hemisphere</u>							
Canada	152	127	142	144	167	169	
USA	481	418	435	484	447	434	
Cuba	100	91	103	113	108	113	
Other W. Hemisphere ^{2/}	162	281	317	333	370	262	
Total:	895	917	997	1,074	1,092	978	
<u>Europe</u>							
United Kingdom	1,459	1,216	1,230	1,269	1,323	1,379	
Western Germany	728	836	916	952	962	977	
France	392	422	497	542	494	538	
Netherlands	213	243	350	288	254	328	
Entrepot trade		-3	29	-12	-10	...	
Italy	204	270	232	297	448	444	
Other Western Europe ^{3/}	706	658	712	711	1,077	1,033	
Eastern Europe ^{4/} and USSR	74	219	355	391	318	271	
Total:	3,776	3,864	4,321	4,438	4,866	4,970	
<u>Africa</u>							
Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia	57	54	66	92	161	109	
Egypt	37	47	29	47	70	89	
Other Africa ^{5/}	79	89	115	96	115	127	
	173	190	210	235	346	325	
<u>Asia</u>							
Japan	164	284	265	388	362	378	
India and Pakistan ^{6/}	69	82	116	120	108	136	
China and Hong Kong	15	32	58	56	54	58	
Other Asia ^{7/}	116	144	242	284	244	234	
Total:	364	542	681	848	768	806	
<u>Oceania</u>							
Australia + New Zealand	45	41	50	58	54	58	
Other Oceania	1	5	2	2	9	1	
Total:	46	46	52	60	63	59	
WORLD TOTAL :	5,254	5,556	6,261	6,655	7,135	7,138	

- ^{1/} Preliminary.
^{2/} Mainly Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Mexico, Colombia and Venezuela.
^{3/} Austria, Belgium-Luxembourg, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Malta, Ireland, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Yugoslavia.
^{4/} Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland and Rumania.
^{5/} Figures are unofficial estimates based on export data, and exclude overland trade with China.
^{6/} Mainly Union of South Africa.
^{7/} Excludes trade in cottonseed between Pakistan and India.
^{8/} Mainly Burma, Malaya, Philippines, South Korea and Near Eastern countries.

ROUTING SLIP

Date

NAME

ROOM NO.

~~Economic Staff~~

716

~~R. Demuth~~

Files

Action

Note and File

Appropriate Disposition

Note and Return

Approval

Prepare Reply

Comment

Per Our Conversation

Full Report

Recommendation

Information

Signature

Initial

To Handle

REMARKS

Too specialized a
subject to justify
sending anyone that
far.

Thanks R. Demuth

From

Richard H. Demuth

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasse citar:

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

JUN. 9 1959

G/E-X/109(c)

The Director-General has the honor to state that the Second Session of the Working Party on Copra Quality and Grading of the FAO Group on Coconut and Coconut Products, will be held in Colombo from 17 to 25 August 1959, and to invite representation at the session by an observer. A copy of the Provisional Agenda and Agenda Notes is enclosed.

The Director-General draws attention to the recommendation of the Working Party at its First Session that domestic marketing should form the main topic of discussion at the Second Session, and that delegates from the different producing countries would include technical personnel working in the marketing, cooperative and scientific fields in the coconut industry, in order to enable the fullest expert discussion on problems of improvement in product quality. The Director-General also takes the occasion to refer to Resolution 11/57 of the Ninth Session of the FAO Conference urging member governments, in order to make the best use of cumulative marketing experience, to collaborate in regional meetings, and asking the Director-General to assist in this undertaking.

It is proposed to conduct the discussions of the Working Party in English.

The Director-General would appreciate being informed of names of representatives by 30 July.

Mr. Eugene Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
1818 - H Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.
U S A

FAO GROUP ON COCONUT AND COCONUT PRODUCTS
WORKING PARTY ON COPRA QUALITY AND GRADING
Second Session, Colombo, 17-25 August 1959

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

- I. Election of Officers
 - II. Adoption of Provisional Agenda
 - III. Arrangements for Further Work on Coconut under the FAO Regular Program
 - IV. Proposals for Research and Training under the Expanded Technical Assistance Program
 - V. Quality Standards for Producing Countries
 - VI. Establishment of Quality Standards by Copra Processors
 - (i) Study of Methods of Copra Sampling and Analysis by the International Association of Seed Crushers (IASC)
 - (ii) Information provided by the IASC on characteristics of copra shipments from the Philippines
 - VII. The Provision of Economic Incentives to the Producer for Better Quality Copra
 - (i) Causes of Lack of Incentives
 - (ii) Marketing Organizations to Implement Incentive Programs
 - (a) Role of Cooperative Organizations of Coconut Producers
 - (b) Other Integrated Marketing Systems
 - (iii) Central Selling Organizations
 - VIII. Discussion of Visits and Field Trips organized by the Ceylon Government
 - IX. Future Meetings
 - X. Other Business
 - XI. Report to the CCP Group on Coconut and Coconut Products
- ANNEX. Agenda Notes

AGENDA NOTES

The Second Session of the Working Party on Copra Quality and Grading will be held in Colombo, in the Planters Association Meeting Hall, 17-25 August 1959. After election of officers and adoption of the agenda, it is suggested that the business of the session might proceed as follows :

Item III. Arrangements for Further Work on Coconut under the FAO Regular Program

Having regard to the emphasis in the Report of the Second Session of the Group and also in the previous Report of the Working Party on the need for greater attention to technical improvement in processing, the Working Party will wish to be informed of proposals by the Director-General to establish a Technical Working Party to carry out complementary activities to those of the Group on economic aspects. The Working Party may wish to review its own activities in the light of these proposals, and examine means of coordinating programs.

Item IV. Proposals for Research and Training under the Expanded Technical Assistance Program

In paras 8-10 of the report of its First Session, the Working Party recommended the inclusion of a regional project on copra quality research and training under the Expanded Technical Assistance Program. As requested, a report on progress made on this proposal will be prepared for the information of the Working Party.

Item V. Quality Standards for Producing Countries

The Working Party recommended at its First Session that efforts in copra producing countries should be directed towards achieving moisture content standards specified in its report, since it considered moisture content the most important single factor affecting the quality of copra. The Ceylon delegation undertook to arrange for the preparation of a paper on this subject, which will be circulated to Members and Observers in due course.

Item VI. Establishment of Copra Quality Standards by Processors

In accordance with its terms of reference to facilitate the exchange of information on quality characteristics and grades desired by processors for the main edible and industrial uses, the Working Party at its First Session studied recommendations on these matters made by the International Association of Seed Crushers (IASC). It felt that the implications for trading methods in exporting countries were difficult to assess without further study at the Second Session. The IASC was requested to make available further information for this purpose, as follows :

(i) Methods of Copra Sampling and Analysis by the IASC

In response to the Working Party's request, the IASC has agreed to make available information on the sampling and analysis of copra in importing countries. It is expected that this material will be available for study before the Session.

(ii) Information provided by the IASC on characteristics of copra shipments from the Philippines

The Working Party also recommended, at the request of the Philippines delegation, and as regards the actual standards proposed by the IASC, that more information should be made available on the average oil, f.f.a., and moisture content of copra reaching Europe and the USA. The IASC has agreed to furnish to the Working Party the results of its analyses of copra shipments, and this information will be circulated in due course to Members and Observers.

Item VII. Provision of Economic Incentives to the Producer for Better Quality Copra

Under its terms of reference, the Working Party should study and promote the rationalization of marketing measures to ensure that monetary incentives which the user is willing to pay will benefit the copra producer and coconut grower. In consequence, the Working Party recommended at its previous session that the subject of domestic marketing should form the main topic of discussion at the Second Session. The FAO Conference in 1957 also gave special emphasis to the importance of achieving marketing improvement, and referred to the economic losses to producers and consumers due to impaired quality from marketing deficiencies, and to the need for an effective approach to marketing difficulties interrelated at all stages of processing and distribution. The newly-appointed Regional Marketing Specialist for Asia and the Far East will now be able to assist the Working Party in its discussions and activities. A paper is being prepared by the secretariat on internal marketing problems with special reference to quality improvement, and the Ceylon and Indonesian delegations agreed to make available information giving details of copra marketing methods and the organization and working of coconut cooperatives in their countries. Other governments may also wish to submit individual papers on this item of the agenda. Attention is also drawn to the FAO Marketing Guide No.1, Marketing Problems and Improvement Programs, (Rome 1958), which has been distributed to governments, which the Working Party may wish to use as a guide to possible lines of action on copra quality problems.

(i) Causes of Lack of Incentives

The Working Party may first wish to examine the causes of lack of incentives in domestic marketing stages, and the difficulties found in transmitting to the producer incentives offered in international trade. Some aspects

of the problem to which attention has been drawn in previous discussions include imperfections in marketing which do not allow world market prices to be reflected in producer prices, indebtedness, lack of credit, deterioration in storage and transport, and producers' lack of information on standards required.

(ii) Marketing Organizations to Implement Incentive Programs

(a) Role of Cooperative Organizations of Coconut Producers

The Working Party suggested that special attention be given to this aspect of marketing at the Second Session. In view of the importance attached to the general development of cooperation in the main producer member countries of the Group, the Working Party may wish to allocate sufficient time for a full examination of the feasibility and possible advantages of cooperative marketing, in the coconut field, as regards the particular aspects of quality improvement.

(b) Other Integrated Marketing Systems

Under this item, consideration could be given to other types of marketing systems than cooperatives and to adjustment in existing systems which would permit the maintenance of an effective relationship between financing and marketing of the product, which would encourage the repayment of commodity loans and the best selection of outlets, and would lead to improvement in processing, storage and transport.

(iii) Central Selling Organizations

The Working Party wished to discuss the part that centralised organization of selling, such as through Marketing Boards or at central auctions, could play in raising the level of copra quality. Attention is drawn to the information on sales organizations contained in document CCP/Coconut/SCQ/Ltd 1-4 issued for the First Session and to the appendix in the Summary Record of the First Session of the Group (CCP/Coconut/57/10) on the Ceylon Coconut Board Copra Sales Room.

Item VIII. Discussion of Visits and Field Trips Organised by the Ceylon Government

The Working Party suggested Ceylon as the site for the Second Session in order to have an opportunity of seeing the Central Sales Room for Ceylon, which began operation in 1957, and the functioning of coconut cooperatives in that country. The Ceylon Government has kindly offered to arrange such facilities, and the Working Party may wish to take the opportunity of setting aside part of its time after such visits for an exchange of views on the study of processing and marketing in Ceylon, and for any further information which may be requested.

Item IX. Future Meetings

Item X. Other Business

Item XI. Report to the CCP Group on Coconut and Coconut Products

June 2, 1959

Mr. John Duncan Miller
Special Representative in Europe
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
67 rue de Lille
Paris 7e
France

in Anna

Dear Johnnie:

I am writing with reference to Dr. Lopez-Herrarte's letter to you of May 29 with regard to the FAO meetings taking place in June in Rome.

We would be very much interested in receiving through your office a set of documents emanating from the meetings of the Committee on Commodity Problems and of the FAO Council. In addition the FAO Group on Grains met at the end of May. Although we received the documents prepared for that Group prior to its meeting, it would be very helpful to us if we could receive any working papers prepared during the course of the meeting as well as the Group's report to the Committee on Commodity Problems.

With all best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leonard B. Rist
Director, Economic Staff

LBrist/SNehmer/nj

SN

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

COMMUNICATION: **Letter**

DATED: June 1, 1959

TO: The President,
I.B.R.D.

FROM: U Nyun
Executive Secretary
Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East
Bangkok, Thailand

FILED UNDER: Liason - U.N. E.C.A.F.E.

SUMMARY: Re Seventh Session of the Sub-Committee on Electric
Power in Tokyo - September 1959

Ack. by Mr. Lopez-Herrarte **Letter** dated June 18, 1959

May 29, 1959

Your Ref: G/X-203(a)

Mr. B. R. Sen
Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome
Italy

Dear Mr. Sen:

On behalf of Mr. Black I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter of March 5, 1959, inviting the Bank to be present at the Thirty-First Session of the Committee on Commodity Problems, which will convene at FAO Headquarters in Rome on June 1, 1959.

I wish to inform you that the Bank will be represented at this meeting by Mr. John Duncan Miller, the Bank's Special Representative in Europe.

Sincerely yours,

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte
Liaison Officer
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

ELH:em

cc: Mr. Avramovic

*File to Mr. Avramovic
then routed to Files*

May 29, 1959

Your Ref: G/X-207(b)

Mr. B. R. Sen
Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome
Italy

Dear Mr. Sen:

On behalf of Mr. Black I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter of March 26, 1959, inviting the Bank to be present at the Thirty-First Session of the Council, which will convene at FAO Headquarters in Rome on June 15, 1959.

I wish to inform you that the Bank will be represented at this meeting by Mr. John Duncan Miller, the Bank's Special Representative in Europe.

Sincerely yours,

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte
Liaison Officer
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

ELH:em

cc: Mr. Avramovic

*File to Mr. Avramovic,
then routed to Files*

May 25, 1959

Dear Mr. Ezekiel:

Following your recent talk with Mr. Demuth and Mr. Rist, I am sending you by separate mail a number of publications about the Bank which may be of interest to you.

The publications being sent in pamphlet form are articles by Mr. Elack, Mr. Iliff and Mr. Diamond -- all, as you will recognize, of the Bank's personnel -- and Mr. Heilbroner. In addition, I am sending a picture book, "Loans at Work" and two paper bound books, one entitled "Design of Development" and the other called simply "The International Bank."

Except for the last two items, any of this material could be made available in considerable quantity should you desire it.

Sincerely yours,

Harold N. Graves, Jr.
Director of Information

Mr. Mordecai Ezekiel
United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization
Rome
Italy

May 18, 1959

Dr. Gerda Blau
Chief, Commodities Division
Economics Department
Food and Agriculture Organisation
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Dr. Blau:

When you visited the Bank several months ago, I believe I mentioned that Miss Flora White was in the midst of preparing an oils and fats study, Past Trends and Future Prospects for Oils and Fats, which was recently completed in draft form. A copy is attached.

I should appreciate it if Mr. Ridler would be kind enough to have a look at the study and to express his general views and to make any suggestions on specific points. I might add that we received the February issue of your Monthly Bulletin of Statistics in which his very interesting article, "Trends in Production and Consumption of Food Fats and Oils," appeared when we were just finishing the draft.

As we are rather pressed for time, I wonder if Mr. Ridler's comments could be sent by air mail.

Many thanks for your help and all best wishes to you for a most successful meeting in June.

With kindest regards,

Yours truly,

Dragoslav Avramovic
Chief, General Studies Division
Economic Staff

Enclosure

cc: Mr. L. M. Goreux

Messrs. Rist and Avramovic

Ack June 17

ROUTING SLIP

Date

May 15, 1959

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

NAME

ROOM NO.

~~Mr. Demuth~~

~~506~~

Ague Dio, T.O.D.

Action

Note and File

Approval

Note and Return

Comment

Prepare Reply

Full Report

Previous Papers

Information

Recommendation

Initial

Signature

Remarks

*Letter of April 7/59
to FAD regretted
Bank's inability
to send a
representative
T.*

From

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasse citar:

Cable Address: FOODAGR ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

MAY 11 1959

G/A-X/454(a)

Dear Sir,

With reference to my letter of 27 February 1959 inviting your Organization to participate in the First South American Technical Meeting on Agricultural Cooperatives which it was proposed to hold in Buenos Aires, Argentina, from 1 to 14 June 1959, under the joint sponsorship of FAO and OAS, I now wish to inform you that, at the request of the Argentine Government, the Meeting has been postponed to 15 - 30 September, 1959.

I hope that this change of dates will not cause any inconvenience to your Organization and that you will be able to send one or more representatives to the Meeting. It would be appreciated if the names and addresses of participants could be communicated by 15 July 1959 in order that working documents and additional information may be forwarded.

The documents attached to the letter of invitation of 27 February 1959 (prospectus, agenda and outline for country reports) remain unchanged except for the dates.

Yours truly,

M. K. K. K. K.

for B.R. Sen
Director-General

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President

International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
Washington D.C., U. S. A.

ROUTING SLIP

Date

April 28, 1959

NAME

ROOM NO.

1. Mr. Rist

716

2. ~~Dr. Lopez-Herrarte~~

506

Action

Note and File

Appropriate Disposition

Note and Return

Approval

Prepare Reply

Comment

Per Our Conversation

Full Report

Recommendation

Information

Signature

Initial

To Handle

REMARKS

File

FAO

From

Richard H. Demuth

1. Mr. Rust;

2. Dr. Lopez-Narante

Copy for Mr. de Mouth, F.A.O.
International Bank

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Please quote:
Référence:
Sirvase citer:

ECD.

APR. 24 1959

Dear Mr. Jacobsson,

Your letter of the 7th January acknowledged my letter of the 21st November regarding the proposed "Free the World from Hunger Year". In this letter you said that the Fund would be glad to cooperate to whatever extent was feasible and practical, when more details were available as to the form which the activities for the program might take.

The general idea of developing this activity has now been discussed with the ad hoc committee of our FAO Conference and has received their general approval and we are going forward with further discussions of the matter at the next meeting of the ACC.

As it happens Dr. Ezekiel, Head of our Economics Department, will be in Washington over much of the next two weeks to take part in the meetings called by the U.S. on President Eisenhower's Food for Peace proposal.

Dr. Ezekiel has been conducting discussions with various international agencies as to the part they might play in the proposed campaign. If convenient to you, I should like to have him visit with you and other members of your staff and also with corresponding officials in the International Bank, as opportunity permits, while he is in Washington. He could then bring you up to date on the further development of our ideas with respect to this proposal and explore further possible participation of the Bank or Fund in this campaign.

With best personal regards,

Yours sincerely,

B.R. Sen,
Director-General.

Mr. Per Jacobsson,
Managing Director,
International Monetary Fund,
Washington 25, D.C.,
U.S.A.

1020 16658 14 3:18

RECEIVED

ORGANIZATION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 280011 - 280211 - 28021



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

Please quote:
Référence:
Référence:
Référence:

APR 24 1959

Dear Mr. Jacobson,

Your letter of the 7th January acknowledged my letter of the 31st November regarding the proposed "Free the World from Hunger Year". In this letter you said that the Fund would be glad to cooperate to whatever extent was feasible and practical, when more details were available as to the form which the activities for the program might take.

The general idea of developing this activity has now been discussed with the ad hoc committee of our FAO Conference and has received their general approval and we are going forward with further discussions of the matter at the next meeting of the AGC.

As it happens Dr. Ezekiel, Head of our Economics Department, will be in Washington over much of the next two weeks to take part in the meetings called by the U.S. on President Eisenhower's Food for Peace proposal.

Dr. Ezekiel has been conducting discussions with various international agencies as to the part they might play in the proposed campaign. It convenient to you, I should like to have him visit with you and other members of your staff and also with corresponding officials in the International Bank, as opportunity permits, while he is in Washington. He could then bring you up to date on the further development of our ideas with respect to this proposal and explore further possible participation of the Bank or Fund in this campaign.

With best personal regards,

Yours sincerely,

B.R. Sen,
Director-General.

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM
1959 APR 28 AM 9:46

Mr. Per Jacobson,
Managing Director,
International Monetary Fund,
Washington 25, D.C.,
U.S.A.

FAO Doc

He

April 28, 1959.

Mr. Walter Weisbecker
Chief, Distribution and Sales Section
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Weisbecker:

Thank you for your letter of April 24th. I enclose herewith the list of ETAP reports which was omitted from my letter of April 16th. Since we have now received the "Quarterly List of FAO Final Reports... as at 31 March 1959" I have drawn up a supplementary list of ETAP reports which we would like to have.

The address you have used for dispatch of the "Quarterly List" is correct. I much appreciate your assistance in this matter.

Yours sincerely,

Charles C. Hamilton
Archivist

Encl.

43 unrec'd
✓ - Rec'd 15 June 59

Supplementary List of FAO ETAP Reports
Requested for the Use of IBRD.

Burma

The Design and Construction of Storage and Handling Facilities for
Rice and Rice Products - 1959. (No. 1007)

Chile

✓

La Industria de la Pesca en Chile - 1959. (No. 991)

Ecuador

El Fomento de la Industria Pecuaria - 1958/59. (No. 1005) .

Iran

Design and Operation of the Karkhem Dam Irrigation Project - 1959.
(No. 976)

Pakistan

Some Economic Aspects of the Ganges-Kobadak Irrigation Development
Scheme - 1959. (No. 1044)

Caribbean Commission

✓

Report on the Financing of Agriculture in the Countries Served by
the Caribbean Commission. (No. 1023)



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote:
Référence:
Srvase citar:

PUDs

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

APR. 24 1959

Dear Mr. Hamilton,

I have your 16 April letter requesting one copy each of ETAP Reports on an "enclosed list" and advising that you have received no "Quarterly Lists of FAO Final Reports" other than the September 1957 and December 1958 issues.

No "enclosed list" was received with your 16 April letter, and we are unable, therefore, to satisfy your request.

Since my 11 September 1957 letter to you, in which we agreed to send you the "Quarterly Lists", a regular service has been inaugurated. One copy of each "Quarterly List" to date was sent directly to you by name at the address appearing on your just-received 16 April letter to us. If the following address is insufficient, please advise accordingly:

Mr. Charles Hamilton
Archivist
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

Yours sincerely,

Walter G. Weisbecker
Chief, Distribution and Sales Section

Mr. Charles Hamilton
Archivist
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

ack april 28

April 23, 1959

Mr. Frank Weisl
Director of Administration
Food and Agriculture Administration
Via delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Frank:

In my rather hasty departure from the CCAQ meeting a week ago today, I did not adequately express my appreciation for the hospitality FAO, and particularly you Weisls, extended me. I would also like to congratulate you on your chairmanship of the meeting. You certainly, in my estimation, handled it to the king's taste.

It is a little difficult to cite chapter and verse regarding the worth of these meetings to the Bank and Fund, but I have a feeling it would be a mistake for us not to attend whenever we have the opportunity.

I had a reasonably successful stay in Paris, although the weather was pretty atrocious.

All the best to you and Mrs. Weisl.

Sincerely yours,

William F. Howell
Director of Administration

WFH/jc

April 17, 1959

Mr. T. S. Robertson, Chief
Fiber Section
Food and Agriculture Organization of the
United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Tom:

Thank you very much for sending me a copy of the 1956 and 1957 country-by-country breakdown of per capita consumption of textile fibers. This has always been extremely useful information. Your organization is making a real contribution through its work in this field.

With all best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Stanley Nehmer
Economic Staff

SN/nj

FILE COPY

April 7, 1959

AIR MAIL

Mr. T. S. Robertson
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Robertson:

Thank you so much for the statistical material which you have sent me on various fibers. This is certainly very valuable information which we can use in our Commodity Division here in the Bank. It is very nice of you to remember me and I hope that in the future should you have any similar material you will also send me copies.

Yours sincerely,

Maurice F. Perkins
Economist

MPerkins:jg

April 7, 1959

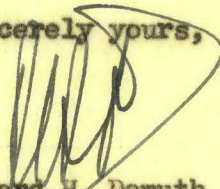
Mr. Norman Wright
Deputy Director General
Food and Agriculture Organization
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Wright:

I am writing in reply to your letter of March 18 to Mr. Black concerning the Technical Meeting on Agricultural Cooperatives for South America, which is to be held in Buenos Aires from June 1 to 14.

Although the Bank appreciates greatly your invitation to send representatives to this meeting, we must unfortunately decline since no member of the staff experienced in the field of agricultural cooperatives will be available to attend. On behalf of the Bank, however, I want to express our good wishes for the success of the meeting.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:mo

Cleared as to substance with and copies to
Agricultural Division, TOD, and Western Hemisphere.

ROUTING SLIP

Date

NAME

ROOM NO.

Mr Patterson French

Action

Note and File

Appropriate Disposition

Note and Return

Approval

Prepare Reply

Comment

Per Our Conversation

Full Report

Recommendation

Information

Signature

Initial

To Handle

REMARKS

Pat:

Mr Rist suggests that we send a representative from our Paris Office (Johnny Miller or his deputy) to the Council meeting. He can also attend the last few days of the Committee for Commodity Problems meeting and send us all relevant documents. ~~if this is feasible~~ ~~we would~~ If you decide that this is feasible please let me know. We would write them

From to the Paris Office asking them for specific things. *Burrows*

ROUTING SLIP

Date

April 1, 1959

NAME		ROOM NO.
1)	Mr. <i>Squire</i>	308
2)	Mr. Rist	716

Action	Note and File
Appropriate Disposition	Note and Return
Approval	Prepare Reply
Comment	Per Our Conversation
Full Report	Recommendation
Information	Signature
Initial	To Handle

REMARKS

Are you interested in having

someone attend this meeting?

Impossible for TOB to send anyone.

From

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasé citar:

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

G/X-207(b) 6 1959

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has the honour to extend an invitation to be represented by an observer at the Thirty-First Session of the Council, which will open at FAO Headquarters in Rome at 10.30 a.m. on 15 June 1959.

...

A copy of the Provisional Agenda (CL 31/1 - FIRST DRAFT) is attached. This Provisional Agenda may have to be revised and expanded after the Sessions of the Program and Finance Committees which are scheduled for the second half of April.

Organizations are kindly requested to inform the Director-General as early as possible of the name of their observers to the Council Session.

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
Washington - D.C.
U. S. A.

Ad May 29.

1959 MAY 31 10:00

BOOK WITH BOOK

RECEIVED



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Centre Address: Rome, Italy
Tel: 29011 - 29012 - 29013

Via delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Phone: 29011
Telex: 29012
Cable: 29013

0(X-2011) 0 214

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has the honor to extend an invitation to be represented by an observer at the Thirty-First Session of the Council, which will open at FAO Headquarters in Rome at 10.30 a.m. on 13 June 1959.

A copy of the Provisional Agenda (CI 31/1 - FIRST DRAFT) is attached. This Provisional Agenda may have to be revised and expanded after the Session of the Council and Finance Committee which are scheduled for the second half of August.

Organizations are kindly requested to inform the Director-General as early as possible of the names of their observers to the Council Session.

1959 MAR 31 AM 10:09

BANK MAIL ROOM

RECEIVED

RECEIVED

Item 1 of the
Provisional Agenda

Thirty-First Council Session

Rome, 15 June 1959

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

I. PROCEDURE

1. Adoption of agenda (Rule III-1 of the Rules of Procedure for the Council)
2. Election of Vice-Chairmen (Rule I-1 of the Rules of Procedure for the Council)

II. PREPARATIONS FOR THE TENTH SESSION OF THE CONFERENCE

1. Provisional Conference agenda
2. Proposals for organization of Conference Session
3. Nominations to be made under Rule VII of the Rules Adopted by the Conference.

III. PROGRAM OF WORK AND BUDGET FOR 1960/61

The Program Committee and the Finance Committee will be holding their sessions in April-May 1959 and will report to the Council on the Director-General's Program of Work and Budget.

IV. ACTIVITIES OF THE ORGANIZATION

1. Report of Program Committee on matters other than the Program of Work and Budget for 1960/61.
(A list of these matters will be communicated after the spring session of the Program Committee)

2. Expanded Technical Assistance Program.

Report by Director-General on implementation of 1959 Program.

3. Special Fund for Economic Development.

Progress report by Director-General.

4. Freedom-from-Hunger Campaign.

Report by the Director-General on consultation with the ad hoc Council Committee thereon (the Committee is scheduled to meet in Rome from 15 to 17 April 1959)

5. FAO/UNICEF Joint Policy Committee.

The Council at its Twenty-Ninth Session decided to consider at its Thirty-First Session the adequacy of existing arrangements for co-operation between FAO and UNICEF.

V. COMMODITY PROBLEMS

The Committee will be holding its Thirty-First Session from 1 to 13 June 1959. Its report will therefore not be available for circulation before the Council Session but will be circulated during the Session itself.

VI. CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL MATTERS

1. Draft agreement for the establishment on a permanent basis of the Latin American Forest Research and Training Institute.
2. Draft amendments to the Rules Adopted by the Conference resulting from the recommendations adopted by the Twenty-Ninth Session of the Council on Voting and Elections.
3. Draft Agreement with the League of Arab States.

VII. ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL MATTERS

Report of Finance Committee on:

1. Financial position of the Organization.
2. Draft amendments to Rules Adopted by the Conference and Financial Regulations.
3. Amendments to Staff Regulations.
4. Currency of Salary Payments.
5. General Service Salary Scale at Headquarters.
6. Review of Common System of Salaries (Professional staff and above)
7. Repatriation Grant Equalization Fund.
8. Other administrative and financial matters.

VIII. APPOINTMENTS

Appointment of Alternate Member of Staff Pension Committee.

IX. OTHER MATTERS

X. DATE AND PLACE OF THIRTY-SECOND SESSION

F.A.O.

March 20, 1959

Mr. John D. Miller
67 Rue de Lille
Paris 7^e, France

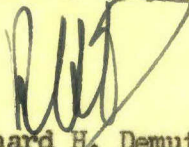
Dear Johnnie:

Thank you for your letter of March 4 from Milan about your visit with Norman Wright in Rome. I'm glad you had such a good impression of him.

What you wrote about the Freedom from Hunger Year did not come as a surprise. The scheme was first launched by Sen at last summer's ECOSOC, and later in the October ACC FAO tried to push it very hard. I have been told that all other agencies, including U.N., have up to now been lukewarm towards the idea and have given it only token support. Boerma is unlikely to get more from us when he shows up, which he has not yet done.

With all best wishes,

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

RHD:ELH:ga:tf

ROUTING SLIP		Date	
NAME		ROOM NO.	
① Mr. Alderweeld		306	
② Mr. Schmidt		513	
Mr. Perry		- no we would not propose representation	
Mr. Demuth			
Action		Note and File	
Appropriate Disposition		Note and Return	
Approval		Prepare Reply	
Comment		Per Our Conversation	
Full Report		Recommendation	
Information		Signature	
Initial		To Handle	
REMARKS			
Do we want to be represented? RHD			
From Richard H. Demuth			

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

March 27, 1959

Mr. Demuth:

Although in principle we would like to work more closely with FAO, I am afraid that we will be unable to participate in the Technical Meeting on Agricultural Cooperatives in Buenos Aires, June 1 to 14. The staff of the Agriculture Division is too depleted to provide an officer at that time. In addition, Bank operations to date have not covered finance through rural cooperatives and we could not contribute from the basis of direct experience.

S. A.

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
ROME

MAR. 18 1959

Dear Dr. Black,

I have pleasure in informing you that a Technical Meeting on Agricultural Cooperatives for South America will be held in Buenos Aires, Argentina, from 1 to 14 June 1959. The Meeting is being organized jointly by the Organization of American States (OAS) and under the auspices of the Government of the Republic of Argentina. The countries of South America have been consulted and have shown a definite interest.

The participants will be given the opportunity to exchange ideas and experiences on various aspects of agricultural cooperation to examine common problems and to arrive at conclusions which will assist member governments in the development of cooperative movements.

Your Organization is invited to send one or more representatives to the meeting, who, I am sure, would make a valuable contribution to the proceedings and the solution of the problems discussed.

The attached prospectus gives information concerning the meeting including the subjects to be discussed on which the participants will be asked to submit papers. Although representatives nominated by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development would be free to contribute to any of the items of the agenda, contributions on item VI would be specially appreciated.

It is desirable that these papers be distributed well in advance among all the participants for careful study. It will, therefore, be appreciated if you will send us the names and addresses of your representatives at an early date so that the agenda and other pertinent information may be sent direct to them.

I look forward to the collaboration of your Organization in this project which, we hope, will be a source of real help to the countries of South America.

Yours sincerely,

Norman E. Borlaug
Acting for B.R. Sen
Director-General

1022 MAR 20 1959
Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

Ack Apr 7

U.S.A.
WASHINGTON
RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM
1959 MAR 24 AM 9:59
Mr. Eugene H. Black

Director-General
Acting for B.K. Sen

Yours sincerely,

of South America.

Project which, we hope, will be a source of real help to the countries
I look forward to the collaboration of your organization in this

information may be sent direct to them.

Representatives at an early date so that the agenda and other pertinent
subjects of your work may be the names and addresses of your
among all the participants for careful study. It will, therefore, be

It is desirable that these matters be distributed well in advance

work be specifically anticipated.

contribute to any of the items of the agenda, contributions on them at
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development work be free to
be asked to submit papers. Although representatives nominated by the
including the subjects to be discussed on which the participants will

The attached prospectus gives information concerning the meeting

the proceedings and the solution of the problems discussed.

to the meeting, who, I am sure, will make a valuable contribution to
your organization is invited to send one or more representatives

major member governments in the development of cooperative movements
to examine common problems and to arrive at conclusions which will
ideas and experiences on various subjects of agricultural cooperation

The participants will be given the opportunity to exchange

have shown a definite interest.

Argentina. The countries of South America have been consulted and
(OAS) and under the auspices of the Government of the Republic of
being organized jointly by the Organization of American States
Buenos Aires, Argentina, from 1 to 14 June 1959. The meeting is
on agricultural cooperation for South America will be held in

I have pleasure in informing you that a technical meeting

Dear Mr. Black,

ROME

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla

OF THE UNITED NATIONS

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA ALIMENTACION
Y LA AGRICULTURA

PRIMERA REUNION TECNICA SUDAMERICANA SOBRE
COOPERATIVAS AGROPECUARIAS

auspiciada por la
Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura
y
la Organización de los Estados Americanos
bajo el patrocinio
del Gobierno de la República Argentina

1 - 14 de junio, 1959
Buenos Aires, Argentina

PROSPECTO

1. Antecedentes

En varias ocasiones y particularmente en la última Conferencia de la FAO, se ha subrayado el importante papel que el sistema cooperativo puede y debe desempeñar en todo programa de desarrollo agropecuario en Latinoamérica.

El movimiento cooperativo del agro sudamericano ha registrado, especialmente en la última década, un desarrollo tal que lo faculta para desempeñar una función orientadora y promotora en el medio rural. Sin embargo, esta expansión del movimiento cooperativo del agro sudamericano ha originado a la vez una serie de nuevos problemas que requieren un reconocimiento preciso y técnico, así como una concentración de esfuerzos para resolverlos. A tal propósito la FAO y la OEA convinieron incluir en sus programas de trabajo correspondientes al año en curso, la organización de una reunión de dirigentes cooperativos del agro, en uno de los países de América del Sur. La generosa hospitalidad ofrecida por el Gobierno de la República Argentina permitió la convocación de dicha reunión en la ciudad de Buenos Aires para el período del 1 al 14 de junio, 1959.

2. Objetivos

La reunión proporcionará la oportunidad de intercambiar experiencias e ideas entre los participantes sobre cooperativas agropecuarias y sus problemas, a fin de orientar y llamar la atención de los Gobiernos sobre la importancia que tienen las cooperativas en todos los programas de fomento agropecuario en particular y de bienestar rural, en general. La reunión estudiará también los medios que deben adoptar los gobiernos y las organizaciones auspiciadoras para promover el cooperativismo en el agro, como asimismo los métodos que han de emplearse para estimular la iniciativa y acción de los agricultores en el campo de la cooperación y ayuda mutua.

3. Países

Serán invitados a participar en esta reunión los siguientes países del continente sudamericano: Argentina, Bolivia, Brasil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Perú, Uruguay y Venezuela. Se espera que los resultados de la Reunión sean útiles a otros países latinoamericanos que tengan problemas semejantes.

4. Participación

Los países anotados en el inciso 3) serán invitados a enviar una delegación compuesta por tres personas por lo menos. Se espera que las personas designadas sean eminentemente calificadas; esto es, de alto nivel técnico, a fin de que puedan realmente contribuir en una forma constructiva no sólo en los debates y conclusiones de la reunión sino también a la solución de los problemas con que se enfrentan las cooperativas agropecuarias de los demás países de la región.

Se desea que por lo menos uno de los miembros de cada delegación nacional sea un representante del más alto nivel del movimiento cooperativo agropecuario de su país, capaz de exponer la opinión no oficial en asuntos de cooperación agropecuaria.

Otras organizaciones internacionales y regionales serán invitadas a participar en los trabajos y debates de la Reunión por intermedio de observadores.

Para que las opiniones expresadas durante los debates estén libres de cualquiera influencia y responsabilidad no técnica, los participantes serán considerados como especialistas en la materia con su propia experiencia y convicciones, y en ningún caso comprometerán a sus gobiernos o instituciones.

El nombre, cargo y dirección de cada delegado y observador deberán notificarse con la debida anticipación a la Oficina Central de la FAO, Departamento de Bienestar Rural, Roma, Italia.

4. Patrocinio

La reunión será auspiciada por la Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura (OAA/FAO) y la Organización de los Estados Americanos (OEA/OAS); y patrocinada por el Gobierno de la República Argentina.

El gobierno del país hospedante proporcionará los medios y hará los preparativos locales, nombrando una Comisión Organizadora de la Reunión.

5. Idioma

El idioma de trabajo será el castellano.

6. Duración

La reunión se verificará del 1 al 14 de junio de 1959 en la ciudad de Buenos Aires. Conviene que los participantes estén en la capital de

la República Argentina con dos días de anticipación, a fin de poder cumplir con las formalidades de inscripción, alojamiento, etc., y para establecer los primeros contactos personales.

Durante los primeros 6 días se tratarán sucesivamente en sesiones plenarias y de comisiones especiales, los puntos que componen el temario adjunto, con el objeto de llegar a una conclusión sobre cada punto al terminar la jornada. Los siguientes 3 o 4 días se utilizarán para visitas a distintos lugares donde operan cooperativas del agro de diferentes tipos. Después se reunirán los participantes nuevamente en sesiones plenarias para dar método y forma a los resultados de las discusiones y conclusiones y para aprobar el informe final.

7. Gastos

Cada país u organización que envíe participantes a la Reunión se hará responsable de los gastos de viaje y subsistencia de los mismos.

Los gastos relacionados con visitas al interior del país (transportes) los sufragarán en parte las autoridades del país hospedante.

Las autoridades del país hospedante se harán cargo además del local para la Reunión, del personal y material de oficina, de la reproducción y distribución de documentos y otros servicios que son usuales en reuniones de esta índole.

8. Temario

... Véase el temario provisional adjunto.

9. Autoridades de la Reunión

Las autoridades de la reunión estarán constituidas por un presidente y dos vicepresidentes elegidos por los participantes a propuesta de las organizaciones auspiciadoras; la FAO y la OEA facilitarán un director técnico cada una, los cuales actuarán como asesores de la reunión.

Para los trabajos preparatorios y arreglos previos a la Reunión se constituyó en Buenos Aires una comisión organizadora. El presidente y el secretario de dicha Comisión, una vez abierta la reunión, pasarán a actuar como Coordinador y Secretario General, respectivamente.

10. Documentos de trabajo

... En la carta de invitación, se solicitó de cada país participante un informe conciso y breve sobre el estado actual del movimiento cooperativo del agro. A fin de facilitar la refundición de estos informes en un único documento, se recomienda prepararlos de acuerdo con el esquema adjunto.

Además, es de esperar que cada uno de los delegados prepare al menos un breve trabajo (o ponencia) sobre el aspecto que más le interese de los puntos incluidos en el temario. Se recomienda a los autores de estos trabajos se limiten a la experiencia obtenida en su propio país o en países de la región, e ilustren y refuercen sus exposiciones con estadísticas pertinentes.

Los países y organizaciones interesados podrán enviar o llevar publicaciones relacionadas con el temario.

Todos los documentos deberán ser enviados, a más tardar, el 31 de marzo de 1959 por duplicado, a la Comisión Organizadora en Buenos Aires:

Comisión Organizadora de la
Reunión Técnica Sudamericana sobre Cooperativas Agropecuarias
a/c Dirección General de Cooperativas Agrarias
Secretaría de Estado de Agricultura y Ganadería
de la Nación Argentina
Buenos Aires, Argentina

y un ejemplar a la FAO, Roma.

A medida que la Comisión Organizadora vaya recibiendo los documentos, los reproducirá en ciclostilo y los distribuirá entre los participantes, quienes de este modo podrán estudiarlos con la debida anticipación.

Las ponencias presentadas constituirán la documentación básica para los documentos de trabajo que la FAO y la OEA prepararán sobre cada punto del temario.

11. Información adicional

Ni la FAO ni la OEA sufragarán los gastos de indemnización en casos de muerte, accidente, enfermedad u otros riesgos de los participantes de la Reunión; por lo tanto, se recomienda a cada uno de los Gobiernos y organizaciones participantes hagan las provisiones necesarias en este sentido.

Las consultas sobre aspectos técnicos se dirigirán a la FAO, Departamento de Bienestar Rural, Roma, Italia, las de carácter informativo y arreglos administrativos, a la Comisión Organizadora en Buenos Aires.

PRIMERA REUNION TECNICA SUDAMERICANA SOBRE
COOPERATIVAS AGROPECUARIAS

auspiciada por la
Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura
y
la Organización de los Estados Americanos
bajo el patrocinio
del Gobierno de la República Argentina

1 - 14 de junio, 1959
Buenos Aires, Argentina

TEMARIO PROVISIONAL

- I. Síntesis sobre el Desarrollo del Cooperativismo en el Sector Agropecuario de los Países Participantes.
 1. Breve exposición informativa de las delegaciones en la primera sesión plenaria.
- II. Las Cooperativas como Instrumentos en los Planes de Desarrollo Agropecuario
 1. Breve exposición de los puntos más importantes contenidos en un documento que sobre el mismo tema ha sido preparado por la FAO y la OEA. Primera sesión plenaria.
- III. El Estado y las Cooperativas Agropecuarias
 1. El papel de las agencias del Estado respecto al fomento, registro, y vigilancia de cooperativas.
 2. Coordinación del cooperativismo con programas conexos del Estado; Servicio crediticio; Extensión agrícola; etc.
 3. El cooperativismo como factor complementario de los programas económicos y sociales del Estado.
- IV. Las Poblaciones Indígenas y el Cooperativismo
 1. Problemas que afectan la formación de cooperativas por las poblaciones indígenas
 2. Métodos que podrían usarse para la formación de cooperativas, basados en las formas tradicionales de organización económica y social y prácticas de cooperación y ayuda mutua de dichas poblaciones.

V. Integración del Cooperativismo Agropecuario en Sudamérica, también con fines económicos:

1. Nivel nacional: federaciones de segundo y tercer grado
2. Nivel interamericano: unión o confederación interamericana
3. Nivel mundial: afiliación con organismos de carácter mundial

VI. Problemas de Financiamiento de las Cooperativas Agropecuarias

1. Las instituciones crediticias y las cooperativas agropecuarias
2. La canalización de créditos a los productores del agro a través de cooperativas
3. La creación de instituciones de financiamiento al servicio exclusivo de cooperativas
 - a. ^{level} nivel nacional
 - b. nivel interamericano
 - c. nivel mundial

VII. Problemas de Educación Cooperativa

1. Métodos para estimular la participación de los productores del agro en cooperativas
2. Métodos para la mejor capacitación de los servicios y personal técnico y administrativo de las cooperativas agropecuarias.
3. Métodos de divulgación e información al público en general

VIII. La Asistencia Técnica de la FAO y la OEA con relación al Movimiento Cooperativo Latinoamericano

1. Breve exposición verbal de los representantes de la FAO y la OEA en la sesión final plenaria.

Rid Mar 13.

F.A.O

2/14

Des vœux et des marques de confiance m'ont été adressés en grand nombre à l'occasion de mon élection au Conseil fédéral. Très sensible à ceux que j'ai reçus de vous, je vous en remercie vivement.

Berne et Rome, en ^{février} ~~décembre~~ 1958

F. T. Hallen.

My dear Mr. Demuth,

Your letter of Feb. 18th recalled to my

memory the very pleasant associations with
the Fut. Park and particularly with you
personally which have now come to an end
through a sudden turn of events. I shall
always cherish them and hope that our
paths may cross again in the future.

With best personal regards,

Sincerely yours

F. T. Brown

RECEIVED
BANK MAIL ROOM
1959 MAR 13 AM 9:57

FAO

March 12, 1959

Your Ref: G/E-48(c)

Mr. B. R. Sen
Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Sen:

On behalf of Mr. Black, I wish to thank you for your letter of February 27, inviting the Bank to send a representative to the Fourth Session of the FAO Group on Grains which will be held at FAO Headquarters, Rome, from 18th to 29th May, 1959.

Unfortunately it will not be possible for the Bank to be present on this occasion. However, we will be extremely grateful to you if you would send us any information or documentation emanating from this Session.

Sincerely yours,

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte
Liaison Officer
Technical Assistance and
Liaison Staff

FAO Doc
Italy

(some rec'd 12 June 59 & 15 June 59)
as instructed.

April 16, 1959.

Mr. Walter G. Weisbecker
Chief, Distribution and
Sales Section
Food and Agricultural Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Weisbecker:

I enclose a list of ETAP Reports of which I should like to receive a copy. As in the past we shall be glad to comply with any restrictions imposed on their use.

The reason for this long list is that no "Quarterly List of FAO Final Reports..." was received between that ending September 1957 and that ending December 1958. Perhaps you will be good enough to make it known that we are anxious to receive the Quarterly List regularly.

Yours sincerely,

CH

Charles C. Hamilton
Archivist

Rec'd 12 June 59 ✓

FAO ETAP Reports Requested for the Use of IBRD

Afghanistan

- ✓ The Improvement of Irrigation (No. 862)
- Soil Survey (No. 909)

Argentina

- Comercializacion de la Leche (961)
- El desarrollo de los recursos de pastos y forrajes con referencia especial a la region Pampeana Humeda y el Chaco (No. 971)
- La Industria de la Pesca Maritima en Argentina (No. 912)

Bolivia

- Los problemas de la reforma agraria en Bolivia (No. 787)
- La planificacion nacional y la reorganizacion de las instituciones y servicios para el fomento agricola (No. 870)

Brazil

- Agriculture in Northeastern Brazil and Means of Improvement (No. 673)
- ✓ Livestock Production in the Amazon Valley (No. 852)

Burma

- ✓ The Teakwood Trade (No. 692)

Ceylon

- Agricultural Development and Organization (No. 957)

Chile

- ✓ Mejoramiento de la comercializacion de productos agropecuarios y ganaderos (No. 709)
- ✓ El riego y los metodos de riego (No. 879)
- ✓ Cooperativas Agricolas (No. 958)
- ✓ La relacion entre los pastos y los forrajes y la produccion ganadera (No. 791)

Colombia

- El aprovechamiento de los recursos hidraulicos en la peninsula de Guajira (No. 793)

Costa Rica

- ✓ El perfeccionamiento del regimen de tierras con referencia especial a los problemas de la tierra y la colonización (No. 646)

Cuba

Politica forestal y su ejecucion (No. 876)

Ecuador

✓ Colonización (No. 729)

Un Estudio Forestal (No. 748)

El Desarrollo de la Economia Agricola Nacional (No. 760)

Organización y Administración de Mataderos (No. 812)

Egypt

Agricultural Extension (No. 695)

✓ The Construction of Grain Storage Facilities at Alexandria and
Cairo (No. 761)

El Salvador

✓ La Organización de Cooperativas Lecheras entre los Granjeros (No. 771)

Ethiopia

✓ Les Forêts et le Développement Economique (No. 675)

✓ Cotton Production (No. 738)

✓ La Production Caféière (No. 797)

Economic Policies for Expanding Agricultural Production (No. 926)

Ghana

✓ Irrigation Problems of the ACCRA Plains (No. 818)

✓ Prospects of Development of the Forest Industry (No. 863)

✓ Agronomic Aspects of the Kpong Pilot Irrigation Scheme (No. 903)

Guatemala

Creación de Pequeñas Industrias Lecheras (No. 868)

Haiti

La création des Coopératives Laitières (No. 743)

Honduras

✓ Las Industrias de la Madera (No. 674)

India

- ✓ Development Center on Watershed Management India (No. 703) *not in French & span only*
- ✓ The Plywood Industry (No. 716)

Indonesia

- ✓ Cotton Production (No. 725)
- ✓ Rice Improvement (No. 874)

Iran

- ✓ Design of Irrigation Projects (No. 800)
- ✓ Tea Processing (No. 814)
- Les Projects d'Irrigation Dachte Mogan, Doroodzan et Saveh (No. 866)
- Agricultural Marketing (No. 999)

Iraq

- Improvement of the Date Industry (No. 794)

Japan

- ✓ The Hydraulic Design of Spillways (No. 917)
- Irrigation of Sloping Lands (No. 939)
- Pasture Development - Third Report (No. 985)

Jordan

- ✓ Agricultural Problems of Jordan (No. 719)
- ✓ Fruit and Vegetable Marketing (No. 927)

Liberia

- The Timber Production Potential of Liberia (No. 952)

Libya

- ✓ Cooperative Societies (No. 701)
- Agricultural Marketing (No. 883)

Mexico

- ✓ La Producción de Fibras Suaves (No. 783)

Morocco

- ✓ Développement de l'Industrie Animale (No. 730)
- ✓ Les Possibilités de Production de Thé (No. 765)
- ✓ Les Possibilités d'Amélioration de la Production Oléicole (No. 943)

Pakistan

- ✓ Surface Water Development in Baluchistan (No. 762)
Water Resources Investigations on the Quetta-Kalat Division (No. 855)
Formulation of an Overall Dairy Development Program (No. 937)
- ✓ Agronomic Development in the Ganges-Kobadak Area (No. 942)
Agricultural Mechanization in East Pakistan (No. 950)

Paraguay

- ✓ The Rice Processing Industry (No. 744) *(Rec'd in Spanish)*
- ✓ Tratamientos Silvícolas y Reforestación a Ejecutarse con el Fondo Forestal (No. 779)
Mejoramiento de los Programas y Servicios para el Fomento Agrícola (No. 842)

Philippines

Establishment and Development of a Dairy Industry (No. 924)

Sudan

- ✓ A Program of Groundwater Investigations (No. 875)
Meat Industry (No. 884)
Grassland Improvement and Pasture Development (No. 913)

Thailand

Forest Inventory of the Northern Teak Bearing Provinces (No. 895)
Pilot Survey of Paddy Area and Production (No. 956)

Tanganyika

- ✓ Rice Production (No. 919)

Turkey

- ✓ Grain Handling (No. 801)
Reforestation (No. 932)

Tunisia

- ✓ Production Agricole Tunisienne (No. 726)

U.R.S.S.

Irrigation and Drainage (No. 718)

Uruguay

Aprovechamiento de los Recursos Hidraulicos en el Fomento de la Agricultura de Riego (No. 878)

Venezuela

- ✓ Producción Animal (No. 708)

El Desarrollo de la Investigación en Administración Rural y su Aplicación en Venezuela (No. 650)

- ✓ La Elaboración del Arroz (No. 752)

Caribbean Commission

Le Développement Agricole de la Région des Caraïbes (No. 699)

Asia and Far East

- ✓ Farm Management Development Center (No. 647)

Development Center on Farm Planning and Management (No. 822)

- ✓ FAO/ECAFE CENTRE on Policies to Support and Stabilize Agricultural Prices and Incomes in Asia and Far East (No. 887)

- ✓ Agricultural Extension Study Tour (No. 892)

- ✓ Agricultural Extension Training Center (No. 915)

Central America

- ✓ Food and Nutrition Policy (No. 857)

Near East

- ✓ Production of Fodder Crops (No. 628)

- ✓ Center on Land Problems in the Near East (No. 689) (rec'd in French)

ROUTING SLIP		Date March 11, 1959	
NAME		ROOM NO.	
Mr. Rist		716	
			
	Action		Note and File
	Appropriate Disposition		Note and Return
	Approval		Prepare Reply
	Comment		Per Our Conversation
	Full Report		Recommendation
	Information		Signature
	Initial		To Handle
REMARKS Please let me know if you are interested in sending someone to this meeting.			
From Enrique LopezHerrarte - 506			

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

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Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

MAR. - 5 1959

G/X-203(a)

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations presents his compliments and has the honour to invite representation by an observer at the Thirty-First Session of the Committee on Commodity Problems, which will be held at FAO Headquarters, Rome, from 1 - 12 June 1959. The opening meeting will begin on Monday, 1 June, at 10.30 a.m.

... The Provisional Agenda for the Session and Agenda Notes are attached. Further supporting documentation will be circulated in due course.

During the Session, the Panel on Dairy Products will again be meeting to discuss matters on the CCP Agenda relating to dairy products. For the convenience of representatives attending the Panel, these have been set out in a Provisional Agenda and Agenda Notes for the Meetings of the Panel (see attachment to main CCP Agenda).

The Director-General would appreciate being informed as soon as possible of the names of representatives who will be attending the CCP Session.

Mr. Eugene Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction and
Development
Washington DC
U.S.A.

Ack Mar. 29

1959 MAR 10 AM 3:30

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BANK MAIL ROOM

1959 MAR 10 AM 9:34

074

1. The Board of Directors of the United Nations
has decided to recommend to the General Assembly
the following resolution:

Resolution
The Board of Directors of the United Nations
has decided to recommend to the General Assembly
the following resolution:

The Board of Directors of the United Nations
has decided to recommend to the General Assembly
the following resolution:

The Board of Directors of the United Nations
has decided to recommend to the General Assembly
the following resolution:

UNITED NATIONS
SECRETARIAT

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COMMITTEE ON COMMODITY PROBLEMS

THIRTY-FIRST SESSION

1 June 1959, 10.30 a.m.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

- I. Adoption of Agenda
- II. Adoption of Summary Record of Thirtieth Session
- III. Report of Twenty-Ninth Session of the Council
- IV. Rules of Procedure
- V. Major Developments in the World Agricultural Commodity Situation since the Thirtieth Session of the CCP
 - (a) Review of Current Developments
 - (b) Long-Range Projections
 - (c) European Common Market
- VI. Reports of CCP Commodity Groups and Special Commodity Questions
 - (a) Report of Fourth Session of FAO Group on Grains
 - (b) Report of Third Session of CCP Consultative Sub-Committee on the Economic Aspects of Rice
 - (c) Report of Second Session of FAO Group on Coconut and Coconut Products
 - (d) FAO Cocoa Study Group
 - (e) Citrus Fruit
 - (f) Dried Fruit
 - (g) Hard Fibers
 - (h) Dairy Products
 - (i) Coffee
 - (j) Other Special Commodity Questions
 - (i) Tobacco
 - (ii) Spices

VII. Surplus Disposal

- (a) Eighth Report of the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal
- (b) Report on the Operation and Adequacy of FAO Principles of Surplus Disposal
- (c) Other Matters

VIII. National Food Reserves

IX. Report of the Panel on Agricultural Support Measures

X. Major Developments in Inter-Governmental Commodity Consultations and Arrangements since the Thirtieth Session of the CCP; including:-

- (1) Activities in the United Nations Organizations, including:-
 - (a) United Nations Commission on International Commodity Trade
 - (b) Interim Coordinating Committee on International Commodity Arrangements (ICCICA)
 - (c) General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)
 - (d) United Nations Administrative Coordinating Committee: Sub-Committee on Commodity Problems
- (2) Activities in Inter-Governmental Commodity Councils and Groups
- (3) Any Other Inter-Governmental Commodity Consultations and Arrangements

XI. Admission of Czechoslovakia to Membership of the FAO Cocoa Study Group

XII. Organizational Matters

- (a) Press Releases
- (b) Classification of Documents

XIII. Date, Place and Agenda of the Thirty-Second Session and of the Sessions of the CCP Commodity Groups

XIV. Other Business

Attached: Agenda Notes

AGENDA NOTES

The CCP, at its last Session, decided that its Thirty-First Session should be convened for a period of two weeks immediately prior to the Thirtieth Session of the FAO Council. With the opening date of the Council Session having since been set for 15 June 1959, the Thirty-First Session of the CCP will open on 1 June 1959.

Item I. Adoption of Agenda

The agenda items are those included in the Provisional Agenda agreed upon by the Thirtieth Session of the CCP, with the addition of the following items which have been added as a result of developments since the Thirtieth Session of the CCP, as described in more detail in the Agenda Notes for these items:-

Item VI(g): Hard Fibers

Item VI(j): Other Special Commodity Questions
(i) Tobacco; (ii) Spices

Item XI : Admission of Czechoslovakia to Membership of the
FAO Cocoa Study Group

Item XII : Organizational Matters: (a) Press Releases
(b) Classification of Documents

In deciding upon the order in which the various items should be taken, the Committee will wish to bear in mind the following points which had been noted at its last Session:-

Item VI(h): It was agreed that the reports on Dairy Products provided for in Resolution No. 1/58 should be considered on specified days in plenary meetings of the Committee, and that, after such discussion, these reports should be passed to the Panel on Dairy Products for consideration along with other items of the attached Provisional Agenda.

Item IX: The Director-General was requested to arrange, as far as possible, for a specified day during the first week of the Committee's deliberations to be set aside for the consideration of the item on the Report of the Panel on Agricultural Support Measures. Suggestions concerning these dates will follow later.

Item II. Adoption of Summary Record of Thirtieth Session

The Provisional Summary Record of the Thirtieth Session has been circulated as CCP 58/19. Amendments to the Summary Record received prior to the Thirty-First Session will be circulated as an Addendum.

Item III. Report of the Twenty-Ninth Session of the Council

An extract from the Report of the Twenty-Ninth Session of the Council, dealing with commodity matters is circulated as CCP 59/2.

Item IV. Rules of Procedure

The Committee, at its Thirtieth Session, adopted provisionally Rules of Procedure which had been revised to bring them into line with the new provisions agreed upon by the Ninth Session of the Conference, and decided to place the matter of final review and adoption of its Rules of Procedure as one of the first items on the Agenda of its Thirty-First Session. Pending the final review and adoption of its Rules of Procedure the Committee requested the Director-General to circulate the Provisional Rules of Procedure to all CCP Member Governments and ask them to submit any comments they might have, in writing to him, not later than 1 January 1959. Copies should also be sent to other FAO Member Governments for

their information, on the understanding that they could send in comments if they so desired. These Rules have now been circulated as requested, and Member Governments' comments will be circulated as early as possible in 1959.

The Committee will also be called upon to approve the revised Rules of Procedure which will have been adopted, in accordance with the new provisions, by the CCP Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal and by the CCP Commodity Groups.

The Committee also decided to place the matter of the revision of the Terms of Reference of its subsidiary bodies consequent of the provisions adopted by the Ninth Session of the Conference, on the Agenda of its Thirty-First Session. The Committee may wish to take up this matter under the present item or under Item VI below. In the meantime, as requested by the Committee, the various subsidiary bodies have been presented with papers, for their guidance in drawing up their revised Rules of Procedure, on modifications in their Terms of Reference which will be required by the provisions referred to above.

Item V. Major Developments in the World Agricultural Commodity Situation since the Thirtieth Session of the CCP

(a) Review of Current Developments

Under this Item, the customary review of developments in the world agricultural commodity situation will be presented for the Committee's consideration.

(b) Long-range Projections

At its Thirtieth Session, the Committee noted the Director-General's intention to develop the work being undertaken on long-range prospects for the demand for, and supply of agricultural commodities, and asked to be kept informed of these activities, on which a statement will be presented to the Session. The Committee may also, under this heading, wish to take note of the work of the inter-agency meeting, held on the request of the Sub-Committee on Commodity Problems of the United Nations Administrative Coordinating Committee, which is referred to under Item X below.

(c) European Common Market

At its Thirtieth Session, the Committee expressed the wish to be kept informed of developments in the European Economic Community. It noted that these developments would be regularly covered in the Secretariat document on Major Developments in Inter-Governmental Commodity Consultations and Arrangements (see Item X below) and asked that the commodity notes on current developments (Item V(a) above) should also take account of significant developments affecting individual commodities.

The Committee may therefore wish to take up this matter, both generally, as regards the section in the paper to be presented under Item X below, and for individual commodities, under the present Item, as one single Agenda Item.

Item VI. Reports of CCP Commodity Groups and Special Commodity Questions

It will be recalled that at the Thirtieth Session doubts were expressed as to the appropriateness of the title hitherto used for this Item "Reports of CCP Commodity Groups and Related Matters". No alternative wording was adopted by the Committee, but the Director-General proposes that in future the title given above might serve.

(a) Report of Fourth Session of FAO Group on Grains

As indicated in the introduction to these Agenda Notes, the Fourth Session of the FAO Group on Grains will be held in Rome immediately prior to the Thirty-First CCP Session and its Report tabled at that Session.

(b) Report of Third Session of Consultative Sub-Committee on the Economic Aspects of Rice

The Third Session of the Consultative Sub-Committee on the Economic Aspects of Rice will be held in Ceylon on 16 - 24 February 1959, preceded by the Fourth Session of the Group of Experts on Rice Grading and Standardization from 12 - 16 February. Its Report will be circulated as soon as possible thereafter.

(c) Report of Second Session of FAO Group on Coconut and Coconut Products

The Second Session of the FAO Group on Coconut and Coconut Products was held in Manila on 20 - 29 October 1958, preceded by a meeting of the Sub-Committee on Copra Quality from 15 - 19 October. Its Report is circulated as CCP 58/23.

(d) FAO Cocoa Study Group

This Group, not having determined the date of its Fourth Session, authorized its Executive Committee for the period until its Fourth Session, to present, on its behalf, such reports as might be required to keep the CCP informed of developments affecting the commodity. It is expected that the Executive Committee will hold its next meeting at Rome in May 1959. The Group's Statistical Committee met in Rome, in October 1958, and again in January 1959. A Report will be circulated to the CCP as indicated above.

(e) Citrus Fruit

After considering, at its Thirtieth Session, a suggestion by the Ninth Session of the Conference that more detailed attention should be given to analysing problems affecting the production and consumption of, and international trade in, citrus fruit with a view to the possible establishment of a study group on these products at a later stage, and a formal request that this matter should be considered at the Committee's Thirtieth Session presented by the Government of Israel, the Committee decided that the problems attaching to this group of commodities were not of a nature that required the immediate establishment of a study group. It agreed, however, that citrus fruit should be considered again at its next Session. It was also agreed that the Secretariat, in its preparation for the next Session of the CCP, should request governments to furnish additional material along the lines suggested by the observer for Israel on the problems of the citrus industry.

This request of the CCP is now being pursued and further documentation on citrus fruit will be circulated before the Thirty-First CCP Session.

(f) Dried Fruit

The Committee at its Thirtieth Session had before it a request of the Ninth Session of the Conference and of the Twenty-Eighth Session of the Council to consider the desirability of establishing a group on dates and other dried fruit. The Committee considered that the problems attaching to this group of commodities were not of a nature that required the immediate establishment of a study group. It was, however, agreed that the proposal should be reconsidered by the Committee and that the item should be retained on its Agenda for consideration at the Thirty-First Session.

The study on dried fruit (CCP 58/12) which was presented to the Thirtieth CCP Session will be brought up to date for circulation for the Thirty-First Session.

(g) Hard Fibers

The Director-General has received a letter from the Abaca Corporation of the Philippines informing him that the Philippine Republic wishes to renew the request made by them at the 1955 FAO Conference for the establishment of a CCP study group on hard fibers.

It will be recalled that at its Twenty-Ninth Session, the CCP, in view of the fact that there had been no indication that the governments originally sponsoring the Conference Resolution (No. 10/55) which had asked the CCP to look into the matter, wished to pursue the question (which had been on its Agenda both at its Twenty-Seventh and Twenty-Eighth Sessions), agreed to remove this item from its Agenda unless governments interested in the commodity group should again request its consideration.

On the matter being taken up by the Government of the Philippines at the Thirtieth Session of the Council, the Council, as recorded in the extract from its Report circulated as CCP 59/2, agreed that the matter should be considered by the CCP. The Philippines' letter, with a background note by the Secretariat, is being circulated as CCP 59/3.

(h) Dairy Products

During its Thirtieth Session, the Committee held the Second Session of the Panel on Dairy Products and agreed to reconvene the Panel during its Thirty-First Session. The Provisional Agenda and Agenda Notes for the Panel are attached and form part of the Agenda of the CCP. As indicated in the Note under Item I, the reports on national dairy policies and on the butter situation and the progress report on the study of the effects on dairy markets of the substitution of vegetable fats for animal fats in milk and milk products will be presented to the Committee before being passed on to the Panel. In connection with the report on dairy policies, a meeting of experts from a representative sample of importing and exporting countries (Denmark, New Zealand, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the United States of America) with an observer from the OEEC was held in Rome 15 - 18 September, its object being, as suggested by the CCP, to assist the Director-General in the preparation of this report.

Under this item, the Committee will no doubt wish, as in the past, to take up matters concerned with dairy policies reported by the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal (see Item VII below).

(i) Coffee

At its Thirtieth Session, the Committee decided that in view of international action on coffee currently proceeding elsewhere, it was preferable not to convene ad hoc FAO meeting on coffee as had been decided at previous Sessions. It requested the Director-General, however, to report to future Sessions of the CCP on activities in the field of cooperation on international consultations and action concerning coffee. On 5 November 1958, the Director-General received a letter from the International Coffee Study Group in Washington requesting FAO collaboration in the work of the Group. As a result, discussions have been held between the FAO Secretariat and the Group on practical ways of achieving this collaboration. A note on the results of these discussions will be circulated.

(j) Other Special Commodity Questions

(i) Tobacco

In February 1958, the Government of the Philippines asked the Secretary-General of the United Nations to convene conferences for the purpose of concluding a series of international agreements for various commodities, among these being tobacco. The Secretary-General brought the matter to the attention of FAO, ICCICA and the U.N. Commission on International Commodity Trade. In his reply the Director-General of FAO pointed out that FAO had not received any request for a special study of fluctuations in the prices of tobacco in an FAO commodity group or otherwise, but that in FAO commodities work tobacco was regularly covered. ICCICA was of the opinion that there were special problems in regard to the Philippines proposal which required further elucidation, and suggested that the Secretary-General write to the principal importing and exporting countries to see if there was any interest in inter-governmental action. The U.N. Commission on International Commodity Trade noted that tobacco was "included within the responsibility of FAO". Comments were subsequently submitted to the Secretary-General on the Philippines proposal, and, since some governments also indicated the usefulness of a preliminary consideration within the CCP, their comments will be brought to the attention of the Session.

(ii) Spices

At the FAO Fourth Regional Conference for Asia and the Far East, the Indian delegation raised the question of the extension of FAO commodity work to cover the field of spices, (particularly pepper). The matter is therefore being brought to the attention of the CCP. A note examining to what extent and by what methods such work could be undertaken, and what it would involve, will be circulated to the Session. The note will also take account of work already undertaken in ECAFE.

Item VII. Surplus Disposal

(a) Eighth Report of the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal

The Committee will have before it the Eighth Report of the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal. As indicated above, it is anticipated that some of the subjects in this Report will link up with Item VI(h) "Dairy Products".

(b) Report on the Operation and Adequacy of FAO Principles of Surplus Disposal

At its Thirtieth Session, the CCP was presented by the Sub-Committee with a Report on Consultative Machinery and Procedures (CCP 58/7 Addendum 1), on which certain comments were made. Subsequently, the Sub-Committee has discussed how best to deal with the recommendations in this Report, and the CCP comments thereon, and has agreed that its Eighth Report should contain a section devoted to an appraisal of how far FAO Member Governments have been able to implement these recommendations.

The Sub-Committee has also set up an ad hoc group to study the operation and adequacy of the FAO Principles and will report on this subject to the Thirty-First Session.

Item VIII. National Food Reserves

The Committee was presented, at its Thirtieth Session, with a Report on National Food Reserves in Underdeveloped Countries (CCP 58/14). Since this Report was shortly to be considered by the Economic and Social Council, and since many CCP Member Governments had not yet had time to consider it in detail, the Committee decided to place the matter on the Agenda for its next Session, meanwhile requesting its consideration by the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal.

The Economic and Social Council discussed the Report at its Twenty-Sixth Session (July 1958) and an account of its findings will be given in the paper to be circulated for Item X "Major Developments in Inter-governmental Commodity Consultations and Arrangements since the Thirtieth Session of the CCP". The Committee will also wish to consider under this Item the comments which it is anticipated will be presented by the Consultative Sub-Committee on Surplus Disposal (see Item VII).

Item IX. Report of the Panel on Agricultural Support Measures

The Committee was informed at its Thirtieth Session that a special panel of experts from interested countries would be convened in Rome in April 1959 to pursue the study of agricultural support measures in accordance with Resolution No. 8/57 of the Ninth Session of the Conference. The Report of this Panel will be circulated to the CCP for its comments.

Item X. Major Developments in Inter-Governmental Commodity Consultations and Arrangements since the Thirtieth Session of the CCP

A review of major developments in inter-governmental commodity consultations and arrangements will be circulated in advance of the Thirty-First Session for the Committee's consideration under this Item or other Agenda Items where appropriate.

The review will be divided into three main sections:-

(1) Activities in the United Nations Organizations, including:-

(a) United Nations Commission on International Commodity Trade

- the review will cover the results of the Commission's Seventh Session to be held in May 1959;

(b) Interim Coordinating Committee on International Commodity Arrangements (ICCICA);

(c) General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)

- including reference to the Report by a Panel of Experts on "Trends in International Trade" which has been prepared at the request of the Contracting Parties and deals, inter alia, with the problem of the stabilization of particular commodity markets;

(d) United Nations Administrative Coordinating Committee: Sub-Committee on Commodity Problems

- including the work of an inter-agency meeting on long-range supply and demand projections which was held, following a decision of the Sub-Committee, in September/October 1958. This meeting was attended by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Monetary Fund, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, the Economic Commission for Europe, the Organization for European Economic Cooperation, and FAO itself. The object of the meeting was to promote a closer collaboration in long-term projections work between the international agencies concerned. Since the meeting's discussions are closely linked with the CCP work on long-term trends in commodities, it is felt that the Committee will wish to be informed of their results, and, as mentioned above, may wish to consider these with Item V(b) of its Agenda

(2) Activities in inter-governmental commodity councils and groups, including:-

(a) the International Wheat Council and the International Sugar Council, with particular reference to the results of negotiating conferences on the International Wheat Agreement and the International Sugar Agreement held in the period between the Thirtieth and Thirty-First CCP Sessions;

(b) negotiations on an International Olive Oil Agreement, which, as agreed at the Thirtieth Session, will be considered under this Agenda Item instead of, as at previous sessions, under Item VI;

- (c) developments in the European Economic Community (see Item V(c) above);
 - (d) other inter-governmental commodity bodies.
- (3) Any other inter-governmental commodity consultations and arrangements.

Item XI. Admission of Czechoslovakia to Membership of the FAO Cocoa Study Group

On 22 September 1958 the Director-General received a letter from the Government of Czechoslovakia requesting membership of the FAO Cocoa Study Group. Under the rules of the Organization adopted by the Ninth Session of the Conference, Governments not members of FAO but who are members of the United Nations may, on request and with the approval of the parent body (in this case the CCP) be admitted to membership of FAO Commodity Study Groups.

The request by the Government of Czechoslovakia is therefore being circulated as CCP 59/4 for the Committee's consideration.

Item XII. Organizational Matters

(a) Press Releases

The wish has been expressed by some members of the Committee that the subject of the procedures for the preparation and issuance of Press Releases concerning the Committee's activities be taken up at the Thirty-First Session.

(b) Classification of Documents

Since various matters concerned with procedures for the CCP and its subsidiary bodies will be discussed at the Thirty-First Session, it is felt that the Committee might wish to take the opportunity of discussing at this Session the question of the classification of documents of the Committee itself and of its subsidiary bodies.

At present, Sessions of the CCP are held in public, unless otherwise decided by the Committee; Sessions of its subsidiary bodies are normally held in private. However, up to the present, no definitive system of classification has yet been adopted for documentation, that is to say, for the restriction of CCP papers or the working papers of subsidiary bodies which it is desired not to make generally available, nor has the question of the definition of "restricted" been gone into by the Committee. The Committee may, therefore, wish to decide, for the future, which documents should be restricted, and what such restriction would entail.

The Committee may also wish to discuss the two above questions in a small working party meeting during the Session, which would also deal with Rules of Procedure and Terms of Reference (see Item IV above).

Item XIII. Date, Place and Agenda of the Thirty-Second Session and of the Sessions of the CCP Commodity Groups

Item XIV. Other Business

COMMITTEE ON COMMODITY PROBLEMS

THIRTY-FIRST SESSION

PANEL ON DAIRY PRODUCTS

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

1. Election of Chairman
2. Report on National Dairy Policies
3. Review of the Butter Situation
4. Effects on Dairy Markets of the Substitution of Vegetable
Fats for Animal Fats in Milk and Milk Products: Progress
Report
5. Stimulation of Milk Consumption
 - (a) Progress on Requests for International Cooperative
Action
 - (b) Possible further Action to Implement Recommendations
of FAO Milk Surveys
6. Production, Trade and Prices of Dairy Products: Any
Specific Problems in the Field of Dairying Proposed
by Member Governments.

Attached: Agenda Notes

AGENDA NOTES

Items 2 and 3. National Dairy Policies and the Butter Situation

At its last Session, the CCP requested the Director-General (CCP Resolution No. 1/58) to prepare, with the assistance of experts of interested governments, a special report on national dairy policies. Experts from five countries met in Rome in September and discussed with the Secretariat the main problems involved and suitable methods of approach. A draft report prepared by the Secretariat will be circulated in advance of the meeting. The Director-General was also asked to review the butter situation in late 1958 including an assessment of the effectiveness of actions taken by Member Governments in accordance with the recommendations made in paragraph 47 of the CCP's Report of its Thirtieth Session. A report will be distributed in advance of the meeting.

Item 4. Substitution

Following the request of the CCP at its last Session, the Secretariat has commenced a study of the effects on dairy markets of the substitution of vegetable fats for animal fats in milk and milk products. As a first step, the Director-General has sent a questionnaire on "filled milk" to Member Governments. The replies will be analyzed in a progress report which will be circulated in advance of the meeting.

Item 5. Stimulation of Milk Consumption

The CCP, when deciding on a Dairy Panel, emphasized that the Panel should give special attention to the stimulation of milk consumption especially in areas of low consumption. The two points under this item of the Agenda deal with this aspect. Item 5(a) will in part be dealt with in the Report of the Washington Consultative Sub-Committee. The Secretariat at the Panel Meeting will bring the Sub-Committee's review up to date. Under 5(b), the Panel may wish to consider recommendations of recent FAO Milk Surveys.

Item 6. Production, Trade and Prices of Dairy Products: Specific Problems

Notice of any specific problem which a Member Government wishes the Panel to consider should be sent to the Secretariat in writing well in advance of the opening of the CCP Session so that interested Governments can be informed and send appropriate representatives to the Session. Such notifications should be addressed to:-

The Secretary
Dairy Panel
Committee on Commodity Problems
FAO Headquarters
Rome.



HOTEL PRINCIPE E SAVOIA
MILANO

March 4th 1959.

Dear Dick,

I had a long talk with Norman Wright — and I think a much more satisfactory one than would have been possible with his predecessors. We were joined half way through by Boerma who has become a sort of Chef de Cabinet for the D.G. and D.D.G. (head of a coordinating dept).

I am writing this lastly note because Boerma is turning up in Washington early next week and will be coming to you to ask for help in their scheme for a Freedom from Hunger Year — or whatever it is called. (Viggo Christensen listened to a speech from Sen on the subject a few weeks ago in Rome and came back full of gloom at the wooliness of the concept and its family resemblance to projects he had to suffer when with the U.N.) I don't think they want anything very serious at the moment — merely some statistics that Leonard can probably produce without much trouble. But they would also like our support (let us say "enthusiastic support") for the scheme at the A.C.C. meeting in May. So later demands may be more troublesome. So far the project seems to be all propaganda and to contain no hint of an attempt to deal with the main problem — how to raise the purchasing power of the underdeveloped countries.

The other news from FAO is that the Mediterranean project is being pushed forward and will be all ready

Alberghi di proprietà e gestione della «C.I.G.A.»
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- Grand Hotel Europa & Britannia - Hotel Regina - LIDO: Excelsior Palace Hotel - Grand Hotel Des Bains
- Grand Hotel Lido - Hotel Villa Regina - FIRENZE: Hotel Excelsior Italie - Grand Hotel - ROMA: Hotel
Excelsior - Grand Hotel - NAPOLI: Hotel Excelsior - STRESA: Grand Hotel et des Iles Borromées - GENOVA:
Colombia Excelsior Hotel (STAI).

for the Conference in November, Tommy Balogh is arriving in Rome in a week or two and settling there for a month or two to work on it.



HOTEL PRINCIPE E SAVOIA
MILANO

never over
Tommy

I had a long talk with Norman Wright - and I think a much more satisfactory one than would have been possible with his predecessors. He was joined half way through by Barrow who has become a sort of Chief of Cabinet for the A.C. and D.C. (leaves of a coordinating dept.)
I am writing this last note because Barrow is turning up in Washington early next week and will be coming to you to ask for help in their scheme for a Freedom from Hunger Year - or whatever it is called. (Vid. Christensen's lecture to a speech from Gen. on the subject a few weeks ago in Rome and came back full of glow at the wisdom of the concept and its financial assistance to projects he had to suffer when with the U.N.) I don't think they want anything very serious at the moment - merely some statistics that haven't been probably produced without much trouble. But they would also like our support (let us say "enthusiastic support") for the scheme of the A.C. meeting in May. 2. Later Barrow may be more troublesome. So for the present seems to be all propaganda and to contain no hint of an attempt to deal with the main problem - how to raise the purchasing power of the underdeveloped countries.
The other news from FAO is that the Malabar project is being pushed forward and will be all ready

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- Grand Hotel Villa Reale - Hotel Villa Reale - FIRENZE: Hotel Excelsior Italia - Grand Hotel - ROMA: Hotel
Excelsior - Grand Hotel - NAPOLI: Hotel Excelsior - STRESA: Grand Hotel et des Iles Borromées - GENOVA: Colombia Excelsior Hotel (STAI).

Mr. O. J. McDiarmid
61 Casilla 2323
Quito, Ecuador

March 3, 1959

Dear Mac:

My friend Dr. Franco Rotondi is coming to Ecuador and it may be that he will get there in time to catch you before you leave. Dr. Rotondi was the agriculture member of our Technical Bureau in the Seven-Year Plan Organization in Iran. We fought a good fight together in setting up the Technical Bureau and in establishing a good working relationship with the Iranians.

Dr. Rotondi like me went out on a contract of fixed duration and after going home to Italy last autumn he has accepted an FAO assignment in Quito. I am sure he would be grateful for any background you can give him in Ecuadorian affairs.

Looking forward to your early return,

Yours sincerely,

Hector Prud'homme
Assistant Director
Department of Operations
South Asia & Middle East

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
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ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA
Y LA ALIMENTACION

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

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Référence:
Sirvase citar:

DDG

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME

Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

FEB. 27 1959

Dear Mr. Demuth,

I should like to thank you for your letter of 18 February and for the kind thought which prompted you to send me your good wishes on my recent appointment. I too look forward to continuing the close association which has been maintained between our two organizations and especially to the pleasure of meeting you in the not too distant future.

Yours sincerely,

Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director-General

Mr. Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

1959 MAR -3 AM 10:08
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Yours sincerely,

Norman C. Wright
Deputy Director-General

Mr. Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
1818 H Street N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

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Date

Mar. 3, 1959

NAME

ROOM NO.

2) ~~Mr. Rist~~

~~716~~

~~1) Mr. Aramov~~

~~716~~

3. Lopez Herrarte

506

Would you kindly excuse
our lack of available staff we declining
but ask for papers, if any. Thanks
L. R.

Action

Note and File

Appropriate Disposition

Note and Return

Approval

Prepare Reply

Comment

Per Our Conversation

Full Report

Recommendation

Information

Signature

Initial

To Handle

REMARKS

Please let me know if you are
interested in sending someone to this
meeting.

Mr Rist: In the light of the
fact that Williams just been on
the Rio conference (the most important
for us of the plains), I think we ought
to decline
Ararou

From

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte - 506

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
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FAO
ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA
LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

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OF THE UNITED NATIONS

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Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

G/E-48(c)

FEB. 27 1959

Sir,

I have the honour to invite you to be represented by an Observer at the Fourth Session of the FAO Group on Grains which will be held at FAO Headquarters, Rome, from 18th to 29th May, 1959. The opening meeting will begin at 10.30 a.m. The Provisional Agenda and Agenda notes for ... the Session are attached.

I should appreciate being informed as soon as possible of the names of your representative.

Accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

for B. R. Sen
Director-General

Mr. Eugene Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 - H Street N.W.
Washington, D.C.
U.S.A.

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FAO GROUP ON GRAINS

FOURTH SESSION

18-29 May, 1959

FAO Headquarters, Rome

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

- I. Election of Chairman and Vice Chairmen.
- II. Adoption of Provisional Agenda.
- III. Adoption of Summary Record of Third Session.
- IV. Review of **Current** Grain Situation and Short-Term Outlook for Wheat and Coarse Grains.
- V. Developments in World Cereal Production 1951-57, and Medium-Term Outlook.
- VI. National Grain Policies:
 - (a) Developments since the Third Session.
 - (b) Exports under Bilateral Arrangements and Special Programs.
- VII. Coarse Grain Studies:
 - (a) Utilization.
 - (b) Price Relationships.
- VIII. Statistics.
- IX. Inter-Governmental Consultations and Agreements on Grains.
- X. Revision of Rules of Procedure and Terms of Reference.
- XI. Date, Place and Agenda of Next Session.
- XII. Report to CCP.
- XIII. Press Release.
- XIV. Other Business.

AGENDA NOTES

The Fourth Session of the FAO Group on Grains will open at FAO Headquarters, Rome, at 10.30 a.m. on 18 May, 1959, and is expected to last for approximately two weeks.

Item I - Election of Chairman and Vice-Chairmen

The Rules of Procedure (Art. Ia) establish that the FAO Group on Grains shall elect a Chairman and two Vice-Chairmen for such period as the Group may decide.

Item III - Adoption of Provisional Summary Record of Third Session

The Provisional Summary Record of the Third Session has been distributed as document CCP/Grains/58/10. Representatives of Members and Observers who participated in the Third Session are requested to examine the Record and to send in comments and amendments, if any, in time to be received at FAO Headquarters at least two weeks before the Fourth Session of the Group.

Item IV - Review of the Grain Situation and Short-Term Outlook

A review of the grain situation is a regular item in the Agenda of the Group. A paper on the current situation and short-term outlook for grains is in preparation and will be submitted to the Fourth Session of the Group. The Director-General would welcome any supplementary information which Delegations may wish to present at the time of the Session.

Item V - Developments in World Cereal Production 1951-57 and Medium-Term Outlook

The consideration of trends is intended to help to clarify and measure the factors which shape the current position and to facilitate the appraisal of the outlook. The Secretariat is preparing a document (CCP/Grains/59/4) which will survey the main developments in world cereal production by types of cereal and by regions.

Item VI - National Grain Policies.

Country statements on national policies and measures affecting grains were presented to the Group at the Third Session in draft form. These and some additional ones have subsequently been checked by the countries concerned and sent to the printers by FAO in book-form. The English text is ready, but is not being distributed - except to the International Wheat Conference - until the French and Spanish editions are also printed.

(a) Developments since the Third Session. At the Third Session the Group decided that "the opportunity should be afforded for the periodic review of national policies affecting grains on the basis of the material contained in the statements of policies in individual countries, and maintaining this information in up-to-date form" (paragraph 48 CCP/16). To facilitate this review the Director-General would welcome country statements setting out any changes in national policy subsequent to the account countries have already checked for the printed collection (see above). To facilitate comparison, these statements should keep to the lay-out of the earlier statements.

(b) Exports under Bilateral Arrangements and Special Programs.

In accordance with a decision of the Group at its Third Session (paragraph 46) a questionnaire on Exports under Bilateral Arrangements and Special Programs (CCP/Grains/58/9) was circulated to governments of 12 exporting countries. It is hoped to present a document collating and analysing the data received. However, by 1 February, 1959, only 2 replies had reached the Secretariat.

Item VII - Coarse Grain Studies

At the Third Session, the Group requested that the Secretariat should give special attention to coarse grains and the relationships between coarse grain and livestock products.

(a) Utilization. In October, 1958, the Secretariat circulated to 58 countries a questionnaire (CCP/Grains/58/11) on the Supply and Utilization of Coarse Grains. For the Fourth Session of the Group a document will be prepared analysing the replies. By 1 February, 1959, only 22 replies had been received.

(b) Price Relationships. The Secretariat is studying the price relationships between coarse grains and livestock products. It is hoped to present an outline of this study to the Group at its Fourth Session.

Item VIII - Statistics

This item will afford Delegates an opportunity to bring forward any points they wish to raise on statistics of grains.

Item IX - Intergovernmental Consultations and Agreements on Grains

At the time when this Agenda was drafted, the International Wheat Conference was still negotiating a new International Wheat Agreement. The Group will wish to be informed of the outcome of this Conference as well as of any other intergovernmental consultations that may have taken place by the time the Group meets.

Item X - Revision of Rules of Procedure

The CCP at its Thirtieth Session asked its subsidiary bodies to adopt Rules of Procedure consistent with the provisions adopted by the Conference at its Ninth Session and the new Rules of Procedure adopted provisionally by the CCP. The Group is asked to submit its revised Rules to the CCP for approval at the earliest possible date. A Secretariat paper, including suggested new Rules of Procedure for consideration by the Group is circulated herewith (CCP/Grains/59/1).

February 26, 1959

Mr. A. H. Boerma
Director, Programme and Budgetary
Service
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Boerma:

On behalf of Mr. Black, I wish to acknowledge receipt of and to thank you for your letter of 19 February 1959, attaching copy of a letter which Mr. Sen sent to Mr. Martin Hill concerning the Report of Mr. Maheu on ACC machinery and procedures.

Yours sincerely,

Enrique Lopez-Herrarte
Liaison Officer
Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

ELH/ga

ROUTING SLIP

Date

Feb. 25, 1959

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

NAME

ROOM NO.

~~Dr. Lopez-Herrarte~~

506

Action

Note and File

Approval

Note and Return

Comment

Prepare Reply

Full Report

Previous Papers

X Information

Recommendation

Initial

Signature

Remarks

From

M.L.

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA
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R O M E

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Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

FEB 25 REC'D

FEB. 19 1959

Dear Mr. Black,

...

You will be interested to see the attached copy of a
letter which Mr. Sen has sent to Mr. Hill concerning the
Report of Mr. Maheu on ACC machinery and procedures.

I hope it will be a useful contribution to the dis-
cussion on the matter at the next session of the ACC.

Yours sincerely,

A.H. Boerma
Director
Programme and Budgetary Service

Ack Feb 26

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 H Street, N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA
LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION



ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
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FEB 22 REC'D

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 290011 - 290211 - 290271

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Please quote
Référence:
Référence:

FEB 19 1959

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You will be interested to see the attached copy of a
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Report of Mr. Mahan on AOC machinery and procedures.
I hope it will be a useful contribution to the dis-
cussion on the matter at the next session of the AOC.

Yours sincerely,

A.H. Boerma
Director
Programme and Budgetary Service

Ad 4150

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development
1818 H Street N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.
U.S.A.

CONFERENCE
GENERAL

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FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

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Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

29 January 1959

Dear Mr. Hill,

When you were recently in Rome, we discussed the review of ACC machinery and procedures, and I would like to confirm in writing the views I expressed during our meeting.

First of all, I should like to express my appreciation of the work done by Mr. Maheu in assembling and analysing the material contained in his preliminary report (CO-ORDINATION/R.278). I have found this report extremely useful in providing a background for reviewing the past development and present position of the ACC machinery. The bringing together of the views of the members of ACC enables one to see the extent of agreement which existed at the time Mr. Maheu made his survey and should facilitate reaching agreement on these points where divergent views were expressed.

Thus the report provides a basis for the progress report which ACC has been requested (resolution 694 A (XXVI) to make to the twenty-eighth session of ECOSOC.

In general, I am in agreement with what is said in Part I of the report.

In Part II of Mr. Maheu's report, several references are made to my views. As these are necessarily condensed, they do not always express accurately what I had in mind and I shall therefore take this opportunity to offer some clarification and elaboration. Incidentally, the views attributed to Sir Herbert Broadley, at the bottom of page 17, might give the wrong impression that Sir Herbert's views could have been different from mine. The fact is that these views were expressed in my memorandum to you of 1 February 1958, entitled

Mr. Martin Hill
Deputy Under-Secretary for
Economic and Social Affairs
United Nations
New York

"FAO Report to ACC on ECOSOC Resolutions 665 A and 665 C Dealing with Co-ordination and Concentration of the Programmes of the United Nations and Specialized Agencies".

There seems to be some slight confusion between the views attributed to me in paragraph 20 and in paragraph 26. In order to eliminate any possible misunderstanding, I should like to make it clear that, in my view, these Committees (or Sub-Committees or Working Parties) dealing on a continuing basis with important matters of policy should be kept as standing ACC Sub-Committees. This would not rule out the establishment of ad hoc sub-committees, also reporting to ACC, whenever these are needed to deal with important policy matters. Thus the criterion to be used in determining whether a particular committee should report to ACC should be whether it deals with policy questions and not whether it is a standing committee or an ad hoc body.

It seems to me that Mr. Maheu's suggestion for suppressing the Preparatory Committee and entrusting the preparatory work for ACC to a permanent secretariat is hardly compatible with the concept of ACC as an inter-agency body. However, rather than go into details of what I regard as the disadvantages of such a departure, I shall instead set forth my views on the manner in which the present machinery can be modified in order to produce the desired results.

1. To make the Preparatory Committee more effective: as its name implies, the Preparatory Committee should, insofar as possible, prepare the work of ACC. ACC should continue the practice of devoting whatever time is necessary to private, informal meetings which afford opportunity for free exchange of views. However, except for such decisions as may be reached at these private meetings, the draft decisions and reports of ACC may be prepared by the Preparatory Committee. Some members of the ACC have criticised the Preparatory Committee because (1) it does not consist of sufficiently senior officers; (2) its reports are available to ACC only on the day when the latter convenes; and (3) since it is not a continuing body, it is unable to take up problems from time to time as they arise.

As to the seniority of members of the Preparatory Committee, it seems to me that the actual grade of the officers concerned is of less importance than their ability to speak on behalf of their principals. It is true that they are not all "deputies" in one sense of the word. In fact this would hardly be possible as there is no "deputy" Secretary-General of the United Nations, and many of the Specialized Agencies do not have "deputy" chief executive officers. In another sense, however, they may

be considered as deputies for this particular purpose, always assuming, of course, that they are adequately briefed and instructed.

As to the timing of the reports of the Preparatory Committee, I see no reason why the sessions of the Preparatory Committee could not be held sufficiently in advance of sessions of ACC so that the Preparatory Committee's reports (including draft reports of ACC) could be in the hands of ACC members some time before ACC convenes, thus affording the ACC members an opportunity to acquaint themselves with the reports and, if necessary, consult members of their staffs, before having to take action on them.

As to the ability of the Preparatory Committee to take up problems as they arise, I would point out that four of the Specialized Agencies most concerned, as well as the IAEA, maintain permanent liaison offices in New York, in charge of officers at the director level. These officers, by the very nature of their assignments, are currently informed on the activities and policies of their Organizations. The records will no doubt show that they frequently represent their Directors-General at Preparatory Committee sessions held in New York. They would be available to attend meetings on short notice and would have every opportunity of obtaining the views of their Directors-General on any questions which might arise; in addition, the Bank and the Fund, and perhaps even ICAO, are close enough to New York so that attendance at emergency meetings of the Preparatory Committee could be arranged with little inconvenience or expense. In fact, quite apart from formal sessions of the Preparatory Committee, I have sometimes wondered why greater advantage has not been taken of the presence of these officers at United Nations headquarters, to confer informally with them on matters of mutual concern.

Mr. Maheu's suggestion of replacing the Preparatory Committee by a permanent secretariat of ACC made up of officials with a specialized knowledge of the questions of co-ordination, seconded for varying periods from those Organizations, seems to me also impracticable. So far as I know, the personnel entrusted with co-ordination with the United Nations within the different Specialized Agencies at present is rather small, and it would seem absolutely impossible to second one of the members and transfer him to New York.

2. Subsidiary organisations: the organisation of ACC's sub-committees should, in my view, be kept somewhat flexible as circumstances may indicate the need for new ones, either on a permanent or ad hoc basis and the suppression of those which are no longer required.

I entirely agree with Mr. Maheu's suggestion that it is absolutely essential that the ACC should undertake as soon as possible an appraisal of each separate subsidiary body of the ACC to determine which of them should be kept in being, which should be transformed, which abolished and what new bodies should be set up. As a matter of fact, these were my own suggestions in the above-mentioned memorandum of 1 February 1958 in which I suggested that "The existing machinery of co-ordination at the secretariat level should be overhauled and co-ordination achieved" in accordance with the basis indicated in my memorandum. In that memorandum I also pointed out that "The present system of collaboration at the individual level between individual officers of the different Organizations should be continued, and be further encouraged. The importance of this form of collaboration is often under-estimated. It covers a great deal of the work of the different Agencies in fields of common interest without any formal machinery or committees, either as part of ACC or as separate technical committees. It is conducted by correspondence or by visits of the staff of one Agency to a sister Agency when convenient, without the time and cost involved in organising meetings and working parties".

In summary, my recommendations for increasing the effectiveness of the ACC machinery are:-

1. Maintain the semi-annual sessions of ACC, alternating between New York and Europe, with adequate provisions for informal, private meetings.
2. Afford the Preparatory Committee an opportunity to be of greater service to the ACC by (a) arranging for its regular sessions to precede those of ACC by sufficient time and (b) calling special sessions when necessary.
3. Reports of inter-agency technical committees and ad hoc inter-agency meetings on specific technical problems should be transmitted to the Preparatory Committee for its consideration. They would not ordinarily be referred to ACC except when in the view of the Preparatory Committee, policy issues requiring a decision of ACC are involved.

Yours sincerely,

B.R. Sen
Director-General

F.A.O.

February 18, 1959

Your Ref: G/129(b)

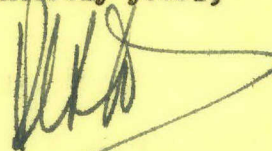
Dr. Norman Wright
Deputy Director-General
Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Dr. Wright:

I have just learned of your appointment as Deputy Director-General of FAO, and, on behalf of the International Bank, wish to extend congratulations and good wishes to you. Having enjoyed very cordial relationships with your two most immediate predecessors, I look forward to a similar association with you. I hope we shall have the opportunity to meet soon, either here or in Rome.

With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

SB/ga

Ack Feb 27

February 18, 1959

Dr. F. T. Wahlen
Federal Councillor of Switzerland
Federal Building
Bern, Switzerland

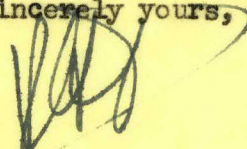
Dear Dr. Wahlen:

I have learned with much regret of your resignation as Deputy Director-General of FAO, although of course that regret has been tempered with pleasure at the news that you have become a member of the Federal Council of Switzerland. I trust that you will derive deep satisfaction from the important new responsibility you have assumed.

The cordial relationship established between FAO and the Bank while you were Deputy Director-General greatly facilitated our work together. I want you to know how much I appreciated, and was helped by, your unfailing courtesy and cooperation. I hope very much that we shall continue to maintain that relationship with your successor, whom I look forward to meeting.

My congratulations and very best wishes to you.

Sincerely yours,



Richard H. Demuth
Director

Technical Assistance and Liaison Staff

SB/ga

*Adk (nodate)
recd Mar 13.*

F. A. O.
✓ X C C A Q.

AIRMAIL

February 11, 1959

Mr. Irving L. Posner
Chief, Administrative Planning Branch
Food and Agriculture Organization of
the United Nations
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Posner:

In reply to your letter of February 2, I am enclosing three copies of our responses to Part A of your questionnaire. I hope you will find them useful in your study.

After a careful review of Part B of the questionnaire, we have come to the conclusion that its completion by the Bank would make no useful contribution to the background material you are assembling. In the cases of most of the management functions and services listed in Part B there is no prescribed frequency in the Bank and the responsibility usually is assigned to, or assumed by, those staff members who are most directly concerned and best qualified to look into the matter at hand.

In some instances these responsibilities are assigned to an ad hoc committee convened formally by the management, sometimes with one of the vice presidents as chairman; on other occasions the matter may be referred to an informal working party to ensure that the views of all interested departments are represented; and in other instances, certain of these functions are undertaken entirely within the organizational unit directly concerned. Frequently the role of the Administrative Planning Section of this Department is to assist in obtaining opinions, clearances and approvals from those concerned and to see that any necessary follow-up instructions are issued.

File Copy

Mr. Irving L. Posner

-2-

February 11, 1959

In view of these considerations, I hope you will agree with our decision not to complete Part B of the questionnaire.

It now seems that there is a possibility that I will attend the April meeting of CCAQ and see you there.

Sincerely yours,

William F. Howell
Director of Administration

Enclosures

AFJ/it

IBRD Replies to CCAQ Questionnaire

Part A

Background Information on Availability of Management Services

- (1) Yes.
- (2) One of the principal responsibilities of the Administration Department is "to develop policies, procedures, standards, records and reports necessary to ensure accomplishment of administrative objectives." Administrative Manual, Organization Bulletin No. 12. Performed by a section of the Administrative Planning and Expense Division, reporting through the Chief of the Division to the Director of Administration.
- (3) Two professionals; one secretary. See above for relationship. No post descriptions available.
- (4) None of significance.
- (5) Confined to survey assignments and recommendations as directed.
- (6) At instruction of the Director of Administration or at request of organizational units concerned.
- (7) Director of Administration. No work program as such. Drafted by Administrative Planning Section. Approved by Division Chief, Director of Administration, and, on some occasions, the management. Results assessed by Administrative Planning Section.
- (8) Not applicable.
- (9) No. If called, would expect collaboration.
- (10) (a) Review of joint services with International Monetary Fund; study of health programs; recommendations for a salary supplement for staff members with dependents.
(b) None.
- (11) Not applicable.
- (12) Review of operational procedures.
- (13) No definite plans.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

Letter dated Feb 11, '59.

to Mr. Pooner of FAO. sent
to Mr. Kenneth Clark

Ru 603 Fund at

Mr. Johnston's request

Jues. Feb. 24 '59

**RESEARCH FILES
ROUTING SLIP**

Date **FEB 10 1959**

	Mr. Allardice	310		Mr. Richards	1117
	Mr. Alter	513		Mr. Rist	716
	Mr. Beevor	900		Miss Scanlon	F326
	Mr. Bennett	225		Mr. Symonds	223
	Mr. Black	1024		Mr. Woolley	1007
	Mr. Camacho	220		Mr. Young	215
	Mr. Cancio	1115		Communications	213
	Mr. Curtin	112		General Files	209
(1)	Mr. Demuth	506		I.F.C. Library	909
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	Mr. Graves	224		Office of Info.	216
	Mr. Iliff	1003		Periodicals-J.L.	F326
	Mr. Johnston	A318		Travel & Transp.	101
	Mr. Loftus	F326			
	Mr. Lopez-Herrarte	506			
	Mr. Mendels	1009			
	Mrs. Pendleton	224			
	Mrs. Pollock	1008	(2)	Research Files	822

ORGANISATION DES NATIONS UNIES POUR
L'ALIMENTATION ET L'AGRICULTURE



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

ORGANIZACION DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA AGRICULTURA Y LA ALIMENTACION

IBRD
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Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Please quote:
Référence:
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FEB. - 6 1959

G/129(b)

The Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations presents his compliments and has the honour to report on the action taken by the Council at its Thirtieth Session held in Rome on 15 January 1959, under the chairmanship of the Independent Chairman, Mr. S. A. Hasnio.

Rule **XXXVI**, paragraph 1 of the Rules adopted by the Conference, prescribes that the appointment of the Deputy Director-General is subject to confirmation by the Council. The emergency session of 15 January 1959 was called by the Director-General in conformity with the above provision, the Director-General having decided to appoint Dr. Norman Wright to fill the vacancy in the office of Deputy Director-General resulting from the resignation of Dr. F. T. Wahlen.

During the discussion of this matter, tribute was paid to the outstanding services rendered by Dr. Wahlen, and satisfaction was expressed at the Director-General's decision to appoint Dr. Norman Wright to the post of Deputy Director-General. These views were recorded in the following resolutions which the Council unanimously adopted:

Resolution No. 1/30

Resignation of Dr. F. T. Wahlen

THE COUNCIL

Noting the circumstances in which Dr. F. T. Wahlen resigned from the office of Deputy Director-General to be elected Federal Councillor of Switzerland,

Mr. Eugene R. Black
President
International Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
WASHINGTON

Conveys to Dr. Wahlen its sincerest regret at this departure from the Organization in which, because of his outstanding ability, his energy, his belief in the purposes of the Organization and his deep understanding of human relations, he has rendered the most distinguished service, first as Director of the Organization's Agriculture Division and then as Deputy Director-General, and

Wishes Dr. Wahlen every success in the high office to which he has been elected and in which he will undoubtedly be able to continue to serve the cause of international cooperation.

Resolution No. 2/30

Appointment of Dr. Norman Wright to the office of Deputy Director-General

TILE COUNCIL

Noting the decision of the Director-General to appoint Dr. Norman Wright to fill the vacancy created by the departure of Dr. F.T. Wahlen, and

Conscious of Dr. Wright's wide experience and great ability and of his familiarity with the affairs and activities of the Organization,

Confirms the appointment of Dr. Norman Wright to the office of Deputy Director-General of the Organization, in accordance with the terms of Rule XXXVI, paragraph 1, of the Rules adopted by the Conference, and

Conveys to Dr. Norman Wright its great satisfaction at his acceptance of the post.



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Please quote:
Référence:
Sírvasse citer:

ADa

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla
R O M E

Cable Address: FOODAGRI, ROME
Tel. 590011 - 590211 - 599071

Bill

FEB. 2 - 1959

Dear Mr. Howell,

1. You will recall that at the last session of the CCAQ, FAO was asked to take on responsibility for an inter-agency study dealing with the question of the organization and functions of "Management Services (O and M)". I have been requested to draw together the information required for this study and therefore I am sending you — *Jan 26* — several copies of the questionnaire which is designed to provide enough background so that some useful conclusions may be derived.

2. Each of the agencies has its own particular organizational approach and methods of work in the field of management services. I believe that given the objectives of the survey the questionnaire will serve as a helpful device in the compilation and analysis of the relevant facts and background.

3. The questionnaire is not quite as imposing as it looks at first glance since much of the information is quite readily available within each agency, and probably a large number of the items are not specifically applicable in every agency. In any event from the replies received, assuming that the material will be received by 1 March 1959, I believe we can have some interesting conclusions available in advance of the coming CCAQ session.

4. As the CCAQ itself found, it is not easy to define just what is meant by the "Management Services" concept. There is a decided difference in terminology and fields of activity among the various agencies (and their legislative bodies) as well as in the general world of public and private administration in considering the problem of what constitutes this specific area of administrative practice.

../..

Mr. W. F. Howell
International Bank
Director, Administration Department
1818 H Street NW
Washington 25, D.C.

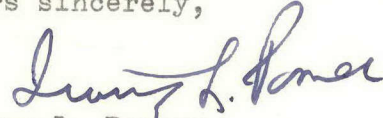
Arch 7-11-11

From our preliminary review of the various conceptions of this field as revealed in actual practice, we have derived an approach which deals with the concept in terms of specific types of functions or assignments and without any formal attempt at precise definition.

5. Needless to say, any suggestions or comments on the survey will be most welcome.

Best personal regards.

Yours sincerely,



Irving L. Posner
Chief, Administrative Planning
Branch

my best to the family etc.
Irving

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

COMMUNICATION: Letter

DATED: Jan.29, 1959

TO: Mr. Graves

FROM: Mr. Christensen
Paris Office

FILED UNDER: Paris P.R.

SUMMARY: Re the F.A.O. "Free the World from Hunger Year"
scheduled for 1963

F.A.O.
210

January 27, 1959

Mr. Egon Glesinger
Director
Forestry and Forest Products Division
Food and Agricultural Organization
Viale Delle Terme di Caracella
Rome, Italy

Dear Mr. Glesinger:

I attach photostat copies of a letter and its attachments that we have received from the College of Agriculture of the Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan, in which extensive information on the forestry situation in eight Far East countries is requested.

Since our records do not contain sufficient material on the subject to enable us to furnish adequate information I am forwarding the request to you and would like to recommend it to your kind consideration.

I have advised the College of Agriculture of the Kyoto University accordingly.

Thanking you in advance, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Richard F. Quandt
Department of Operations - Far East

Attachments

cc: Messrs. Watanabe, ~~Crane~~-Martin

RFQUANDT:prb

26 January 1959

CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATIVE QUESTIONS

STUDY OF ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT SERVICES
IN INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES

NOTE BY FAO

1. At its April 1958 meeting the CCAQ requested FAO to assume leadership for an inter-agency study dealing with "the question of the organization and functions of 'management services' (O and M)". This was in further implementation of the agreement at the March 1957 session that CCAQ should devote its attention to specific management problems of common interest.

2. The objective of the survey has been interpreted as a descriptive analysis covering (i) the types of management advisory services already existing in international agencies, and their organizational location; (ii) the determination of whether such services also include responsibilities for line functions of a day-to-day administrative or executive type and the nature of such functions; (iii) the experience already derived from such services; (iv) the action contemplated to establish such services where non-existent or to modify existing management services; and (v) the formulation, on the basis of these factors, of some useful conclusions as to the possibilities which might well be pursued in connection with the further development of the concept of management services in international agencies.

... 3. The attached questionnaire has been devised, on the basis of preliminary discussions, to facilitate the compilation of the required information.

4. The term "management services" is not easy to define precisely since there is such variety in its terminology and in the fields encompassed. This is partially illustrated by the many terms in common usage which have comparable and overlapping meanings in this respect, such as:

Management services	Organization and methods (O + M)
Management planning	Procedures analysis
Management consultancy	Scientific management
Management research	Business management
Management analysis	Office services administration
Administrative management	Methods improvement
Administrative services	Methods and system analysis
Administrative planning	Work simplification
Administrative research	Operations research
Administrative analysis	

5. Certain areas seem, however, to be universally or most frequently regarded as falling within the general concept of management services, such as development of effective long-range program planning and review procedures; intallation

of improved administrative practices; development of sound and adequate organizational plans; preparation of operating instructions and procedural manuals; development of improved methods and operating relations in the fields of general administration, accounting and finance; comparative study of the cost and effectiveness of machines and equipment; installation of automatic data processing systems and related training programs; development of methods of work simplification; preparation of space allocation programs; continuing and systematic analysis and improvement of form utilization; analysis of various phases of personnel and wage and salary administration; determination of specific staffing and budgetary needs; development of budgetary execution and control systems; comparative studies of administrative and management practices and policies in other agencies; and execution of special studies as requested by key administrative officials or legislative bodies.

6. It might be sufficient, for purposes of the immediate study, to say that "management services" are provided by the highly specialized staff who, on an advisory basis, are dedicated to helping top-management and administrators do a better, more efficient job with the resources available, by undertaking systematic and comprehensive analyses of organization and management problems, for which administrators rarely have the time, the overall view (since usually more than one administrator is concerned), or the specialized professional knowledge, analytical experience and skill required to attain effective and economical solutions.

7. While there is general agreement that "management services" are in essence of a purely advisory nature, experience has shown that there is often a tendency for top-management also to assign "line" duties to its management advisory staff; or, conversely, to assign management investigations to "line" officers responsible for the daily execution of a specific part of the Organization's program -- inevitably, but by no means exclusively, in those Organizations where internal management advisory services do not exist. It is proposed to review the extent to which these differing approaches prevail in international agencies and, if possible, their reason and the action contemplated to modify them, if any.

8. A review of the various functions or tasks which administrators and legislative bodies tend to ascribe to "management services" (whatever the organization term actually used) makes it possible to group these various aspects under thirteen or fourteen different general headings convenient for this study, i.e.

A. Advisory Services

1. Organization analysis
2. Work simplification, measurement and improvement
3. Use of machines and equipment
4. Space and lay-out analysis
5. Form analysis and control
6. Standardization of records, reports, and communications
7. Effective utilization of resources
8. Field operations
9. Administrative research
10. Other

B. Line or Executive Functions

1. Staffing authorizations and manning tables
2. Development of policy and procedure Manuals and related materials
3. Classification and grading of posts
4. Establishment of general remuneration standards
5. Other

Each of these groups covers two to eight specific types of functions or assignments as shown in part B of the attached questionnaire. This grouping provides a means of surveying the ways in which the various international agencies approach the specific aspects listed, or of indicating where such aspects have not yet been dealt with.

9. You are asked, therefore, to specify in the format shown, which organizational unit in your agency, if any, is systematically concerned with or would be concerned with each management function or task listed, illustrating your responses, as appropriate, with specific examples of surveys or activities carried out in that field.

10. It should be emphasized that even though an agency may not have a formally designated management service, as such, it is still confronted with the types of functions and problems listed, and would necessarily, therefore, assign the responsibility to one or more organizational units, or else the functions and problems listed might be spread among several officers or units.

11. There are undoubtedly some overlappings among the various items listed, through the very nature of the management process; this fact will reveal itself, of course, in the analysis of the information provided.

12. If there are other types of functions or projects which are not listed but which you consider to fall within the scope of management services for purposes of this review, please so indicate on the questionnaire.

13. Any other related comments or information you can provide on the review as a whole or on specific aspects will be most welcome and helpful.

14. In order to have the preliminary results of the review ready for circulation well in advance of the forthcoming CCAQ session in Rome, would you be good enough to ensure that, if at all possible, the completed questionnaire is submitted, in triplicate, by 27 February 1959.

26 January 1959

APPENDIX

ITEMS TO BE CONSIDERED IN CONNECTION WITH STUDY OF ORGANIZATION
AND FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT SERVICES IN INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES

NOTE:

- (1) For convenience in correlating and analysing replies it is requested that the following format be utilized as closely as possible in presentation of information.
- (2) Each question or item should be covered, even if the response may be simply "not applicable in this Agency" or a similar negative answer.
- (3) It will be appreciated if the returns are transmitted in triplicate by 27 February.

PART A

BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON AVAILABILITY OF MANAGEMENT SERVICES

- (1) Do you have staff engaged full time on providing management advisory services to your organization's top management and administrators?
- (2) If yes, provide the official statement of its functions. How is the service organized? To whom does it report? (a) Structurally or organizationally, and (b) functionally? To whom, and through what channels does it submit its recommendations?
- (3) Indicate the number, type, and grading of staff in the service. Enclose a detailed organization and staffing chart indicating the relationship of the service to other parts of the organization; also copies of post descriptions at different levels, if available, of the staff in the service.
- (4) Does it have any continuing duties of a day-to-day nature as part of routine administrative process in addition to its advisory studies? If so, specify nature of duties. Indicate the reason for assigning these to the management staff. Specify whether any modification in the location of these functions is contemplated.

../..

(5) If you do have such a management or organisation and methods service, are its responsibilities confined to survey assignments and recommendations; or do they also extend to installation, follow-up, and even in some cases actual supervision of operations? Are such supervisory or operating functions of a recurring or routine nature?

(6) How are surveys by the internal management service initiated: (i) upon request from top management; (ii) upon direct request of organizational units; (iii) upon initiative of the service itself, or (iv) from other specified sources?

(7) Who determines priority of requests in terms of potential returns and establishes the work schedule? Is there a yearly or long-term program of work? Who drafts, who approves, and who assesses the results of this program?

(8) If the answer to (1) is no, has the question of setting up a management or organization and methods service been discussed, either internally within the organization or at sessions of your legislative bodies? What were the conclusions?

(9) Have you employed in the past, or do you contemplate calling in outside management experts? Would you expect such outside experts to work in collaboration with the internal management service or independently?

(10) Indicate in general the type of surveys already undertaken - (a) by the internal management or organization and methods service, and (b) by outside experts. (Specific examples may be indicated in Part B of this questionnaire.)

(11) If your answer to (1) is no, please indicate the specific organizational units, if any, which have been assigned or would be assigned the various functions and problems listed above under para.8 of the transmittal memorandum of this questionnaire. If possible, include a detailed organizational and staffing chart which shows the scope and inter-relationship of these units. It would also be useful to have an evaluation of the advantages and disadvantages of such a distribution of management service functions.

(12) In the light of the actual experience of your agency or in terms of current requirements, in what fields would you consider a management or organization and methods service being of particular value in international agencies?

(13) What are your own future plans in the field of management services?

PART B

TYPES OF FUNCTIONS OR ASSIGNMENTS PERFORMED BY MANAGEMENT OR ORGANIZATION AND METHODS SERVICES

Management Function or Service	Specify whether each of these functions are undertaken - (a) systematically, or (b) ad hoc, or (c) never	Organizational Unit or title and grade of Officer(s) currently responsible	Actual examples of surveys or projects already carried out in this field (and by whom -- specify title and grade of Officer(s) or Organizational Unit, or if done by outside experts	Comments
<u>(1)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(5)</u>

A. Advisory Services

1. Organization Analysis

(1) General surveys of organizational structure (determining appropriate organization by function or purpose, process, clientele, area, time, or combination of factors).

(2) Review of specific problems in organizational relationships and channels of command (relationships between Units; staff versus line relationships; lines of authority and delegation).

(3) Problems of headquarters/field relationships; centralization versus decentralization; location of field offices.

(4) Formulation of functional statements, clearly assigning

Management Function or Service (1)	Frequency (2)	Responsibility (3)	Examples (4)	Comments (5)
functions and responsibilities to individual units.				
(5) Construction of charts (organizational, functional, establishment, other).				
(6) Maintenance of organizational reference materials and charts on up-to-date basis.				
<u>2. Work Simplification, Measurement, and Improvement</u>				
(1) Analysis of division of labour; flow of work; volume of work; work distribution.				
(2) Developing techniques for assessing quantity and quality of work performed and results obtained in terms of effort and resources applied.				
(3) Analysing systems of planning, scheduling, and reporting work.				
(4) Time and motion studies.				
(5) Preparation of process charts; flow charts; work distribution charts; etc.				
(6) Clerical operations measure- ment.				
(7) Planning and providing training programs for super- visors and other staff in the				

<u>Management Function or Service</u> (1)	<u>Frequency</u> (2)	<u>Responsibility</u> (3)	<u>Examples</u> (4)	<u>Comments</u> (5)
application of an improved management or work simplification approach to problems of everyday administration.				
3. <u>Use of Machines and Equipment</u>				
(1) Surveys on advisability of mechanization in terms of labour cost, safety, and accuracy of work process, and space requirements.				
(2) Ensuring most effective use of existing equipment.				
(3) Centralization versus decentralization of equipment.				
(4) Introduction of punched-card, automatic data processing, and computer systems -				
(a) Analysis of need				
(b) Adoption to current requirements				
(c) Related training programs				
(d) Continuing supervision of operations				
(5) Research in and development of special machinery or equipment				
(6) Review of requests for special furniture and equipment.				
(7) Analysis of operating procedures and equipment available to transportation personnel engaged in such activities as shipping, warehousing, receiving and traffic management.				

<u>Management Function or Service</u> (1)	<u>Frequency</u> (2)	<u>Responsibility</u> (3)	<u>Examples</u> (4)	<u>Comments</u> (5)
<u>4. Space and Lay-out Analysis</u>				
(1) Surveys to determine spatial requirements and physical arrangements.				
(2) Development of space allocation programs.				
(3) Revisions of space allocations.				
(4) Revision of space/lay-out arrangements in line with improved working procedures, flow of work, essential safety or security practices, and comfort and convenience of staff.				
(5) Charting floor plans, including arrangement of equipment, machinery and utilities.				
<u>5. Form Analysis and Control</u>				
(1) Surveys to ensure that forms facilitate the logical flow of work, and procedural routine, and that paper work is reduced to actual needs, eliminating non-essential forms and data.				
(2) Reviewing, consolidating, simplifying and controlling new or redesigned forms.				
(3) Systematic research into possible standardization of sizes, lay-out patterns, quality and weight of paper, etc.				

<u>Management Function or Service</u> (1)	<u>Frequency</u> (2)	<u>Responsibility</u> (3)	<u>Examples</u> (4)	<u>Comments</u> (5)
(4) Determining appropriate paper, format, and method of reproduction for individual forms.				
(5) Continuing inventory of existing forms and their distribution.				
6. <u>Standardization of Records, Reports, and Communications</u>				
(1) Surveys of reporting systems -				
(a) from staff to supervisors				
(b) from field to headquarters				
(c) from supervisors to top management				
(d) from top management to legislative bodies				
(e) from top management to staff a whole				
(2) Standardization of statistical and other questionnaires.				
(3) Review and control of the issuance and handling of questionnaires.				
(4) Surveys of internal office communications system.				
(5) Surveys of files and records systems.				
(6) Establishment and operation of archives and records disposal programs.				
7. <u>Effective Utilization of Resources</u>				
(1) Review of comparable budgetary resources for stipulated programs in				

<u>Management Function or Service</u> <u>(1)</u>	<u>Frequency</u> <u>(2)</u>	<u>Responsibility</u> <u>(3)</u>	<u>Examples</u> <u>(4)</u>	<u>Comments</u> <u>(5)</u>
terms of prescribed objectives (for example, adequacy of provision for building mainten- ance, internal communications, or fellowships administration).				
(2) Comparative analyses of costs to determine whether a service can be more economically and effectively rendered by the agency or by use of commercial facilities; or on a contractual rather than personnel services basis.				
(3) Determining that general accounting and cost accounting procedures are compatible with organization structure, operating procedures, and statutory require- ments.				
(4) Appraising the efficacy of various types of budgetary controls in current use (allotment system, reports on receipts of expenditure, administrative audits of expen- ditures and work programs, etc.)				
(5) Comparative cost studies on various types of operation among different agencies.				
(6) Determination of criteria for charging items against various funds (for example, allocation of operating costs between Regular Program and ETAP).				

Management Function or Service (1)	Frequency (2)	Responsibility (3)	Examples (4)	Comments (5)
(7) Audits of work programs.				
(8) Operations research.				
8. <u>Field Operations</u>				
(1) Conducting on-the-spot operations and administrative audits in field offices and missions.				
(2) Establishing standards of equipment, space, facilities, and staffing for field offices.				
9. <u>Administrative Research</u>				
(1) Review and development of improved standards and procedures for conferences, meetings, and training centers.				
(2) Review of adequacy of procedures followed at sessions of legislative bodies.				
(3) Review of inter-departmental mechanisms for program planning and co-ordination.				
(4) Study of flexibility in use of secretarial staff.				
(5) Standardization of reports and papers prepared by the Secretariat for legislative bodies.				
10. <u>Other</u>				
(1)				

Management Function or Service (1)	Frequency (2)	Responsibility (3)	Examples (4)	Comments (5)
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B. Line or Executive Functions

1. Staffing Authorizations and Manning Tables

(1) Determining establishment (personnel) required for organization-wide or individual-unit operations in terms of type, number and level of staff.

(2) Reviewing requests for additional personnel or for change in type in staff, to determine minimum or most suitable working force necessary to carry out authorized functions of the organization - on a continuing or temporary basis.

(3) Spot studies to review utilization of existing manpower.

(4) Determination of post coding and numbering.

(5) Issuing manning tables and staffing authorizations, controlling revisions, and maintaining them on up-to-date basis.

2. Development of Policy and Procedure Manuals and related materials

(1) Developing Manuals co-ordinating and defining the various policies, functions, and activities of the organization.

Management Function or Service (1)	Frequency (2)	Responsibility (3)	Examples (4)	Comments (5)
(2) Developing written procedures for achievement of standardized working practices, including correspondence manuals.				
(3) Compiling training or orientation manuals and hand-books.				
(4) Development of new administrative, personnel and financial regulations, rules and directives.				
(5) Control of issuance and distribution of administrative manuals and directives.				
(6) Comparative analyses of administrative, personnel, financial and operating policies and practices of other agencies.				
(7) Compilation and issuance of organization directories.				
(8) Development of special personnel procedures (for example training programs, merit-rating systems and procedures, general terms of employment for special categories of workers, etc.)				

Note: In reviewing these functions, distinguish, if possible, between responsibility for (a) development and compilation, (b) review and co-ordination, and (c) editing and reproduction.

<u>Management Function or Service</u> <u>(1)</u>	<u>Frequency</u> <u>(2)</u>	<u>Responsibility</u> <u>(3)</u>	<u>Examples</u> <u>(4)</u>	<u>Comments</u> <u>(5)</u>
<u>3. Classification and Grading of Posts</u>				
(1) Development of appropriate classification standards and class specifications as basis for allocation of professional and general service posts.				
(2) Allocation (classification and grading) of new posts.				
(3) Review of classification of existing posts through desk audits, interviews, etc.				
(4) Development of improved usefulness of individual job descriptions.				
(5) Study of classification standards in other agencies.				
<u>4. Establishment of General Remuneration Standards</u>				
(1) Development of standards for surveys of salaries, wages and related elements.				
(2) Surveys of salaries, wages and related practices in particular areas to ascertain community levels and practices.				
(3) Surveys of cost-of-living.				
(4) Establishment of schedules of salary ranges to allow proper pay differences between classes of posts.				

<u>Management Function or Service</u> (1)	<u>Frequency</u> (2)	<u>Responsibility</u> (3)	<u>Examples</u> (4)	<u>Comments</u> (5)
(5) Review of other elements in the remuneration pattern such as travel subsistence, field allowances, fellowships stipends, hospitality rates, deductions for lodging, etc.				
(6) Analysis of fees and contractual services arrangements for translation work, graphics services, maintenance work, etc.				
5. <u>Other</u>				
(1)				
(2)				
(3)				