Region: Sub-Saharan Africa

Income Category: Upper Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Botswana in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is 21 per 1,000 live births (2023), compared to 23 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **95%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine. This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Net enrollment rate, early childhood education. In 2022, 25% of children at the official age were enrolled at early childhood education. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

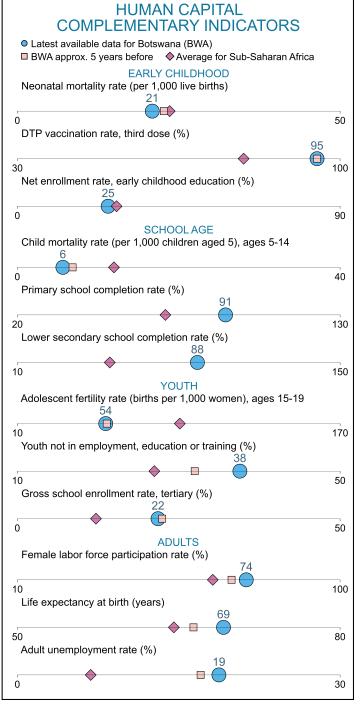
- Child mortality rate. The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is 6 per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023), compared to 7 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **91%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2022). The indicator is above the regional average.
- Lower secondary school completion rate. The lower secondary school completion rate is 88% (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2022). The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **54** (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Youth not in employment, education or training. In 2024, 38% of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 32% in 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary. Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is 22% (2023). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Female labor force participation rate. Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **74%** (2024), compared to 70% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is 69 years (2023), compared to 66 in 2018. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is 19% (2024), compared to 17% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.



