

A vision for the future of G2P in Indonesia



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Outline

Context of G2P in Indonesia

Current G2P Architecture & Mechanism

Future G2P Implementation (G2P 4.0)



Context of G2P in Indonesia

th most populous country in the world (273 million, 2020)

Number of G2P programs identified under the national budget in 2018

Example of Major G2P Programs in Indonesia



Budget: 27,5 Trillion IDR (2023) Number of Beneficiary: 10 Million Families (2023)



Budget: 45 Trillion IDR (2023) Number of Beneficiary: 18.8 Million Families (2023)



Budget: 839 Million USD (2021) Number of Beneficiary: 10 Million Families (2021)



Budget: 4,3 Trillion IDR (2023) Number of Beneficiary: 1 Million (2023)

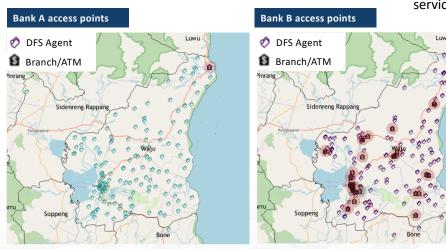


Challenge Illustration: Wajo, South Sulawesi

Impact on beneficiaries:

- Bank A is appointed as a social assistance distributor.
- But Bank B actually has more branches, ATMs, and agents.

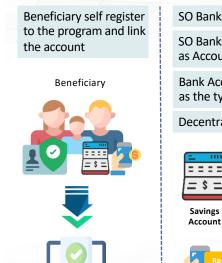
- Lower agents' service quality due to lack of support from bank branch.
- Less financial deepening agents offer fewer financial services.

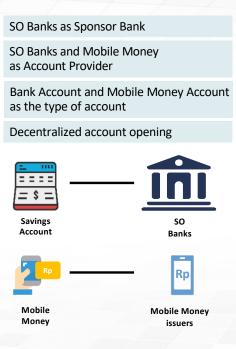


| Bank A | Bank B |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| None | 23 |
| 1 | 32 |
| 158 | 276 |
| N/A | 12 |
| 22,200 | 965 |
| 81 km | 18 km |
| | None 1 158 N/A 22,200 |



Current Architecture | PRAKERJA (almost 4.0)

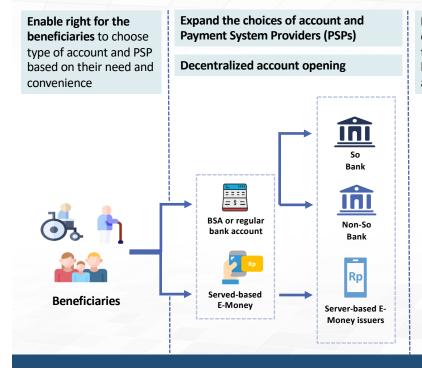








New Architecture | G2P 4.0



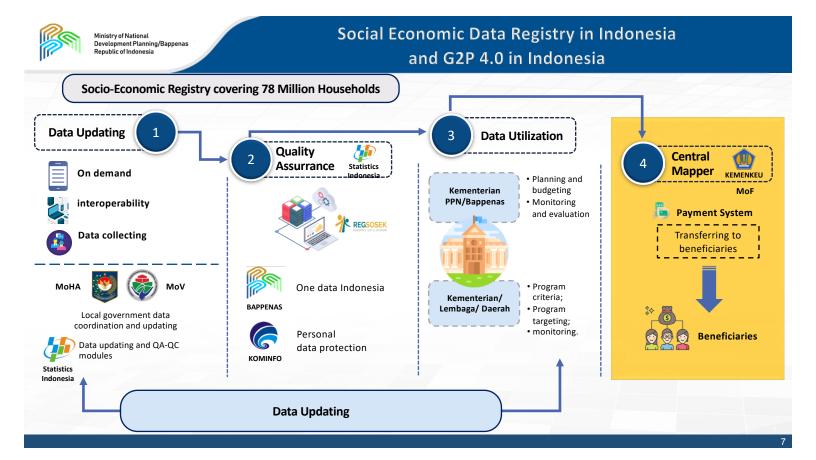
Introduce the function of *Central Mapper* to make the distribution of benefits becomes more effective and well targeted.



Expand the choices of payment instrument

Expand the options of access points to utilize the benefits by optimizing the interoperability scheme.







Lessons for Consideration



Digitalization is an empowerment: literacy and power of choices.



Put beneficiaries at the center: accessibility,



Leverage and connect existing infrastructures as much as possible



gradual short-term reform to reach the long-term goal



THANK YOU





Current status of the G2P Payments intervention

Fund Transfer Allocation



Administration of the Program



Distribution or Payment Process



- Budget process and disbursement.
- Line Ministries, Bappenas, MoF, The House of Representative.

Registration and ensuring eligibility of recipients.

- Distribution or payment process
- Line Ministries, MOF, Central Bank.



Challenges

Support & Infrastructures

- Urban/rural divide in digital infrastructure especially outside the Java islands.
- Fragmentation of program payment in various ministries.
- Limited use of shared infrastructure that links the beneficiary's unique national ID with program IDs and bank account number.

Payment Technology

- Regulated payment instruments are still limited to card and cash based.
- Heavy reliance on the use of ATM and EDC to conduct transactions.
- The current PIN-based authorization poses problems for recipients with low literacy level.

Distribution Channels

- Limited interoperability and uneven distribution of access points (ATM and appointed G2P agents).
- Low number of active & economically sustainable agents.
- Low level of liquidity and food variants at agents.

For Payment Service Providers

- Direct and regional-based appointment in PSPs procurement system and is limited to SOEs Bank and Postal Office.
- Difficulties in performing standard KYC procedures for benefit recipients, rendering an accurate and compliant onboarding process difficult to achieve.
- Incentive system is yet to be developed, affecting PSP's quality of services
 delivery

For Beneficiaries

- Gaps in cellphone ownership among G2P beneficiaries.
- Low financial literacy and low level of awareness on security issues.
- Beneficiaries have limited/no options to select the PSPs and instruments as well as to access a wider range of access points for their convenience and cost savings..

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Current status of the G2P Payments intervention (2)

Based on the invoice submitted by the Line Ministries Spending Unit, in term of cash, there are two main mechanism of payments of distributions to the person/recipient (either a group of recipient or individual recipient).



- Payment from Treasury (MoF) through a channeling bank that enter into a contract service with Line Ministries.
- The Channeling Bank will further transfer to recipient account and accountable with report to the Line Ministries.

Payment from Treasury (MoF) that incurs transfer directly from the State's Bank Account (*Rekening Kas Umum Negara*/RKUN) to the recipient's bank account (a group or individual).



Flow of Funds | PRAKERJA





















Program Owner (Prakerja)

MOF

Interbank Payment System (IPS)

Sponsor Bank (SO Bank)

Ac

Account Providers (Bank/Mobile Money Issuer)

Beneficiary Accounts

1. Program Owner instructs MOF to release funds to Prakerja Sponsor Bank.

MoF instructs BI to release funds to Prakerja Sponsor Bank.

3. The

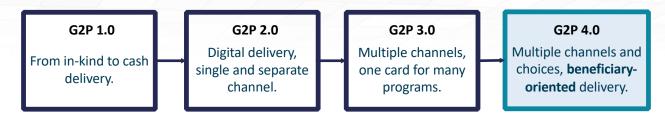
The Sponsor Bank processes fund transfer to Account Providers of the Beneficiaries.

4.

The Account Provider disburse the fund to Beneficiary Account.



G2P Reform as a Solution..



Focus of the new architecture: beneficiary choice & interoperable system.

Pre-requisites



Connectivity

Electricity and telecommunication signal.



ID coverage

NIK for accurate account opening.



Provider competition

Fair incentives to draw in multiple providers.



Beneficiary rights

Facilitation, education, and grievance mechanism.



Offline alternative

Alternatives for customers in regions with limited signal.