



# SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Region: Europe and Central Asia  
Income Category: High Income



**Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth.** This brief tracks progress by the Slovak Republic in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

## EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **3** per 1,000 live births (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio.** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is **102%** (by the official age) (2020), compared to 93% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **96%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 97% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

## SCHOOL AGE

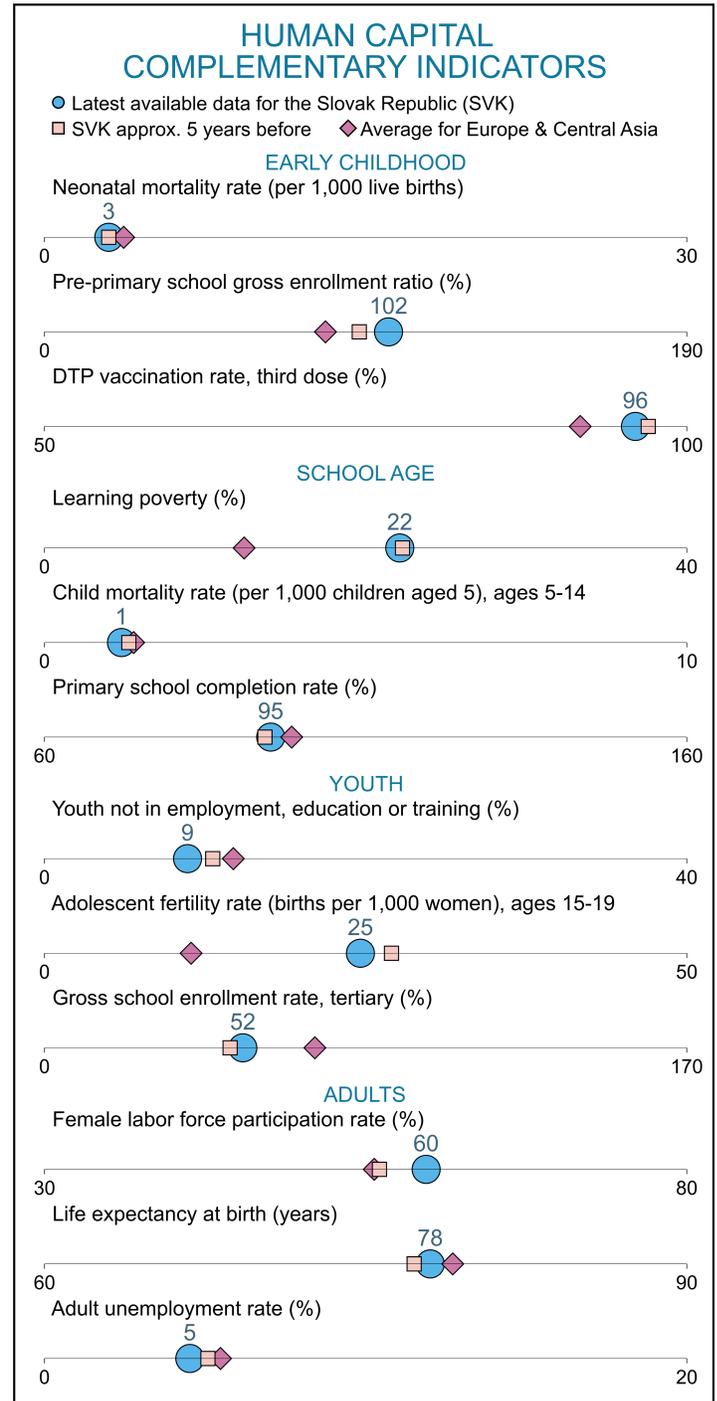
- **Learning poverty.** In 2021, **22%** of children could not read and understand a simple text, by age 10. This remains unchanged since 2016. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **1** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **95%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2022), compared to 94% in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

## YOUTH

- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2024, **9%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 10% in 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **25** (2023), compared to 27 in 2018. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary.** Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is **52%** (2022), compared to 49% in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

## ADULTS

- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **60%** (2024), compared to 56% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **78** years (2023), compared to 77 in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **5%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is similar to the regional average.



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.

