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Egypt has a historic opportunity to accelerate the deep reforms necessary to create a competitive economy that is on a path toward green, resilient, and inclusive development. Recognizing Egypt's fast-changing landscape and the complex challenge of sustaining growth at this juncture in the global economy, the World Bank partners with Egypt to support national development ambitions and pave a way for a bright future for all Egyptians.

The following pages present a snapshot of the World Bank's portfolio in Egypt as of February 28, 2023, and an overview of its Country Partnership Framework (CPF) for Egypt during FY2023-2027. The CPF is designed to put the people of Egypt at the center of the strategy in pursuit of three highlevel outcomes (HLOs): more and better private sector jobs, enhanced human capital outcomes, and improved resilience to shocks-including climate and macroeconomic shocks.

We look forward to continuing to work with the Government of Egypt and supporting Egyptians as they realize their many aspirations. As a link between continents, Egypt enjoys a unique geostrategic location. Tapping the potential of its youthful and ambitious population will allow Egypt to maximize its growth and reach its full potential. The World Bank will continue to work closely with development partners to support these efforts.

Mel-

World Bank Country Director for Egypt, Yemen, and Djibouti

Who We Are

The World Bank as an Institution

The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) was founded in 1944 to help rebuild countries devastated by World War II. Since then, it has expanded from a single organization to a closely associated group of five development institutions working to end poverty around the world. In addition to the IBRD, which operates in middle-income countries, the World Bank Group includes the International Development Association (IDA), which supports the poorest countries through interest-free or very low interest credits and grants; the International Finance Corporation (IFC), which provides loans, equity, and advisory services to stimulate private sector investment in developing countries; the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA); and the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID). Headquartered in Washington, DC, the World Bank comprises 189 member countries represented by a Board of Governors, the ultimate policy makers at the World Bank.

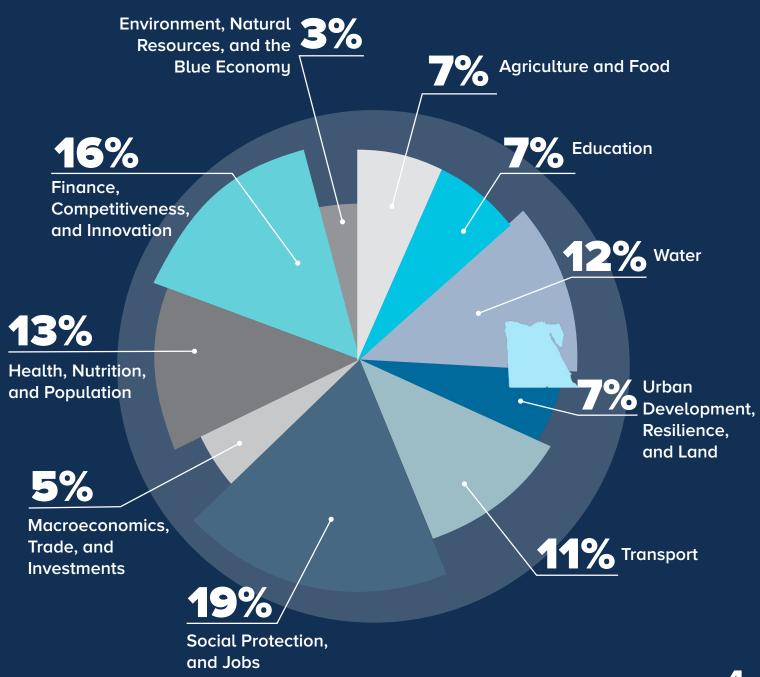
In light of consecutive global pandemic and geopolitical shocks, the World Bank has redoubled its efforts to achieve two overarching goals:

- Ending extreme poverty by reducing the share of the global population living on less than US\$1.90 per day to 3 percent by 2030; and
- Promoting shared prosperity by increasing the income growth of the bottom 40 percent of the population of every country in a sustainable manner. The World Bank has been doing this by focusing on supporting the resilient recovery of its client countries, including through job creation, human capital, and food security operations.



Portfolio

The IBRD portfolio comprises 15 projects totaling **US\$7.33 billion.** Over one-third of this engagement is committed to Human Development (39%), including Social Protection and Jobs, Health, Nutrition and Population, and Education. This is followed by Sustainable Development (29%), including Environment, Agriculture and Food, Water, and Urban Development. This commitment reflects an increasing focus on people and climate. Egypt's portfolio is complemented by a package of 24 Advisory Services and Analytics (ASA) products.



Egypt's Country Partnership Framework FY2023-2027

People are at the heart of Egypt's new CPF for FY2023-2027, which draws upon key analytic reports, including the Systematic Country Diagnostic, the Country Private Sector Diagnostic, and the Country Climate and Development Report. The CPF will support the transformation of Egypt's growth model toward greater inclusion and sustainability by fostering private investment, human development, and resilience. Implementation of the CPF in collaboration with the Government of Egypt is planned, coordinated, and followed up through the Ministry of International Cooperation.

The CPF focuses on three high level objectives (HLOs):

- More and better private sector jobs
- Enhanced human capital outcomes
- Improved resilience to shocks

It builds on two cross-cutting themes:

- Strengthening governance and citizen engagement
- Promoting women's empowerment



Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals

The Egypt CPF for FY2023-2027 is aligned with the government's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS), "Egypt Vision 2030," and supports Egypt's National Climate Change Strategy 2050.



1 KAFR EL SHEIKH 2 DAMIETTA 3 PORT SAID 4 ALEXANDRIA 5 BEHEIRA 6 GHARBIYA

7 DAGAHLIYA

10 QALIUBIYA

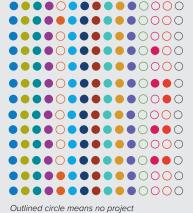
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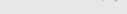
13 GIZA

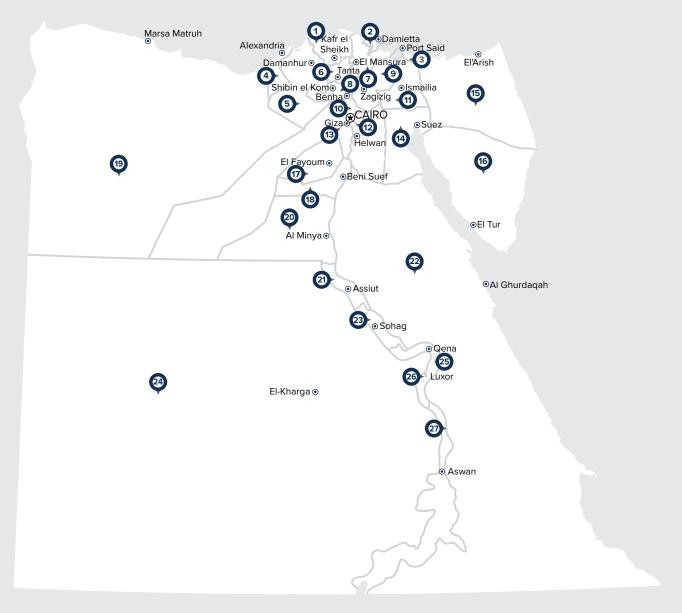
14 SUEZ



- **15** NORTHERN SINAI **16** SOUTHERN SINAI
- 17 EL FAYOUM
- **18** BENI SUEF **19** MARSA MATRUTH
- 20 AL MINYA
- 21 ASSIUT
- 22 AL BAHR-AL AHMAR 23 SOHAG
- 24 AL WADI-AL JADID
- 25 QENA
- 26 LUXOR
- 27 ASWAN







 National Capital Governorate

Governorate Capital

BEHEIRA, MENOUFIA, DAMIETTA, AND GHARBIA

Ministry of Housing, Utilities, and Urban Communities

Portfolio Footprint

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Strengthening Social Safety Nets Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Social Solidarity
Takaful and Karama Cash Transfer Expansion and Systems Building Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Social Solidarity
Supporting Egypt Education Reform Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Education and Technical Education
Transforming Egypt's Health System Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Health and Population
Supporting Egypt's Universal Health Insurance System Project	PORT SAID, ISMAILIA, SUEZ, LUXOR, ASWAN AND SOUTH SINAI	Ministry of Finance
Egypt COVID-19 Response Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Health and Population
Catalyzing Entrepreneurship for Job Creation Project	NATIONWIDE	The Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Development Agency (MSMEDA)
Inclusive Housing Finance Program	NATIONWIDE	The Social Housing and Mortgage Finance Fund
Egypt Inclusive Growth for Sustainable Recovery DPF Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of International Co- operation, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Public Business Sector, Ministry of Trade and Industry, Ministry of Justice, Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Environment
Emergency Food Security and Resilience Support Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Supply and Internal Trade, Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation
Greater Cairo Air Pollution and Climate Change Project	NATIONWIDE	Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Local Development, Ministry of Transport
Cairo Alexandria Trade Logistics Development Project	ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO	Ministry of Transport
Railway Improvement and Safety for Egypt Project	CAIRO, GIZA, BENI SUEF, ASSIUT, QALYUBIA, GHARBIYA, BEHEIRA, ALEXANDRIA, MINYA, QENA, SOHAG	Ministry of Transport
Upper Egypt Local Development Program	QENA, SOHAG, MINYA AND ASSUIT	Ministry of Local Development, Ministry of Planning, Ministry of Trade and Industry, Ministry of Finance

Sustainable Rural Sanitation Program



ASA Program

Egypt Public Procurement Modernization Project

Technical Assistance for Egypt's Universal Health Insurance System

Supporting Egypt's Gold Mining Sector / Decarbonization of the Oil and Gas Value Chain

Egypt: Financial Inclusion Global Initiative 2.0

Local Competitiveness and Livability in Egypt

Egypt FCCL and PPP Prioritization Support

Egypt Country Environmental Analysis

Unlocking Egypt Private Sector Potential

Water Sector Dialogue

Agriculture and Food Systems Performance and Options for Competitiveness Enhancing Policies

Strengthening Public Finance, Administration, and Accountability for Improved Service Delivery

Strengthening Operational and Legislative Frameworks for Addressing Gender-Based Violence

Egypt Country Economic Memorandum

Egypt Sustainable Cities Platform

Integrated Land and Urban Management in Egypt Technical Assistance

Supporting Egypt in its Green Transition and Preparations for COP27

Transport Sector Climate Transition and Unlocking Private Sector Potential in Egypt

Egypt InfraSAP Climate Transition Module: An Integrated Roadmap to Enable and Mobilize Private Capital for Green Infrastructure

Egypt Poverty and Equity Work

Advancing Human Capital in Egypt

Egypt Promoting Women's Economic Empowerment

Building the Capacity of Public Procurement Officials in Egypt

Supporting Citizen-Centric Justice Service Delivery for Improved Business Environment And Economic Growth

Egypt Government Debt and Risk Management Program – Phase 2 (2023)



I sell vegetables and poultry to provide for my family. My husband has a disability that makes it difficult for him to move. The Takaful cash transfer helps me pay for my children's education and living expenses. It also helps me purchase the goods I later sell. I hope to one day have my own shop."

-Azza Saeed

Development Goals (SDGs)



Strengthening Social Safety Nets Project

Context

Social safety net programs, particularly the flagship Takaful and Karama Cash Transfer Program (TKP), remain critical for mitigating the impacts of recent reforms on the poor and vulnerable. The beneficiaries of the conditional (Takaful) and unconditional (Karama) cash transfer programs include women and children and people with disabilities. The conditions attached to health care and education are designed to help break the cycle of poverty, while building resilience against shocks.

Development Objective

The program aims to support effective cash transfers and improve access to economic opportunities. Through additional financing, economic inclusion is being piloted to improve livelihoods through skills development and enabling access to wage and self-employment.

Actual Results

- ▶ Impact evaluations showed that the program led to an improvement in the quality of diets and child nutrition, reduced the probability of falling below the poverty line, increased the likelihood of enrolling in primary and secondary schools, and helped households avoid negative coping strategies during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- ► The Government of Egypt reached 5 million households: 4.1 million under the ongoing operation in addition to 320,000 under Daman (old social pension) pending issuance of new law and 600,000 covered by the National Coalition for Community Development Work.
- ► The TKP is helping consolidate cash transfers under one national program and is being complemented with cashplus interventions to address the multidimensional nature of poverty, including promoting economic inclusion.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Social Solidarity

Financing Development **Partners**

Government of the United Kingdom

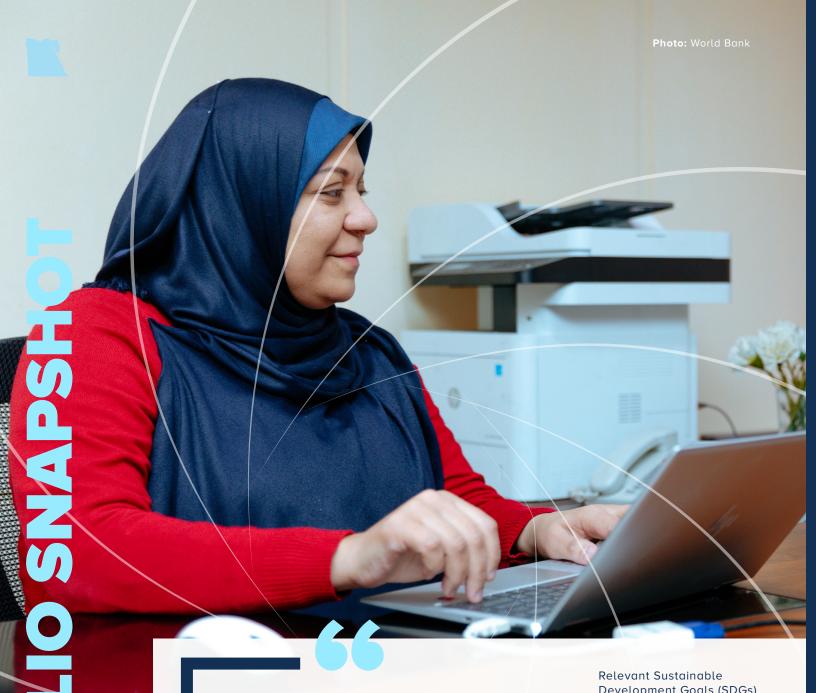
Project Details

Project Approval Date	April 10, 2015
Project Effectiveness Date	September 6, 2015
Project Closing Date	December 30, 2022
Total Financing	US\$400 million

Additional Financing

Project Approval Date	July 2, 2019
Project Effectiveness Date	January 9, 2020
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2023
Total Financing	US\$500 million

Development partners mentioned throughout the brochure are Development Financial Institutions co-financing IBRD loans, and bilateral donors providing grants to support IBRD project implementation. The Bank collaborates with many other Development Partners to ensure complementary and good coordination of interventions.



The project's support to Takaful and Karama's social registry, which determines eligibility for social protection, is expected to increase the registry's agility and adaptiveness, which in turn allows for swift registration of citizens in case of emergencies, including climate-related shocks. The strengthened registry will also more efficiently link beneficiaries to other social protection programs."

> -Engineer Amal Helmy, Takaful and Karama Social **Registry Lead**

Development Goals (SDGs)



























Takaful and Karama Cash Transfer Expansion and Systems Building Project

Context

The flagship Takaful and Karama Cash Transfer Program (TKP) is a cornerstone of Egypt's social protection system. It has been instrumental to Egypt's response to consecutive global crises, reducing the impact on the poor and vulnerable. The new project builds on achievements and will support efforts to further enhance TKP's adaptability and shock responsiveness, while continuing to promote human capital and the resilience of beneficiaries against future shocks.

Development Objective

The objective of the project is to increase the coverage and effectiveness of TKP transfers, expand the program's social registry to support effective targeting of social protection programs, and enhance access of the poor and vulnerable to economic inclusion opportunities.

Targeted Results

- ► The project will help increase TKP coverage to reach 4.6 million households with cash transfers under the new operation. This will be complemented by an additional 500,000 households covered separately by the National Coalition for Community Development.
- ► The Ministry of Social Solidarity's social registry aims to reach 10 million households, accelerate the linkage of beneficiaries to cash and other social protection programs, and enhance the registry to reach populations living in climate-vulnerable areas.
- ▶ The project will support 30,000 beneficiaries through microcredit schemes to reduce their dependence on cash transfers and help them graduate from the program.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Social Solidarity

Financing Development **Partners**

Government of the United Kingdom

Project Approval Date	December 22, 2022
Project Effectiveness Date	To be confirmed
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2026
Total Financing	US\$500 million



I am enjoying the new system because it makes learning easier and the system is much more developed. It depends more on thinking and less on memorizing. Also, being taught through technologies increases our ability to deal with technology and accordingly increases our qualifications for better jobs."

-Rahma Tarek

The new system makes learning more enjoyable; it provides us with a wide variety of information not just directly linked to the syllabus, which helps us deal with real life situations. It also encourages me to think and understand more than memorize."

-Omar Mohamed

Relevant Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Quality Education

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Supporting Egypt Education Reform Project

Context

Education is a top priority for the Government of Egypt; the 2014 Constitution commits to the expansion and quality of pre-tertiary education—including general education and technical and vocational education (TVE)—and bringing it in line with international standards. In 2018, Egypt launched a transformational sector reform that prioritizes equipping students with 21st century skills, such as critical thinking, creativity, communication, higher-order cognitive skills, and digital skills, and moving away from rote learning.

Development Objective

The project aims to improve teaching and learning conditions in public schools through: improved quality of kindergarten to enhance children's readiness for school; effective professional development systems for teachers, supervisors, and leaders; comprehensive student assessment reform for improved learning to promote higher-order thinking skills, with a focus on secondary examinations and national assessments for grades 4 and 7; and use of alternative learning resources.

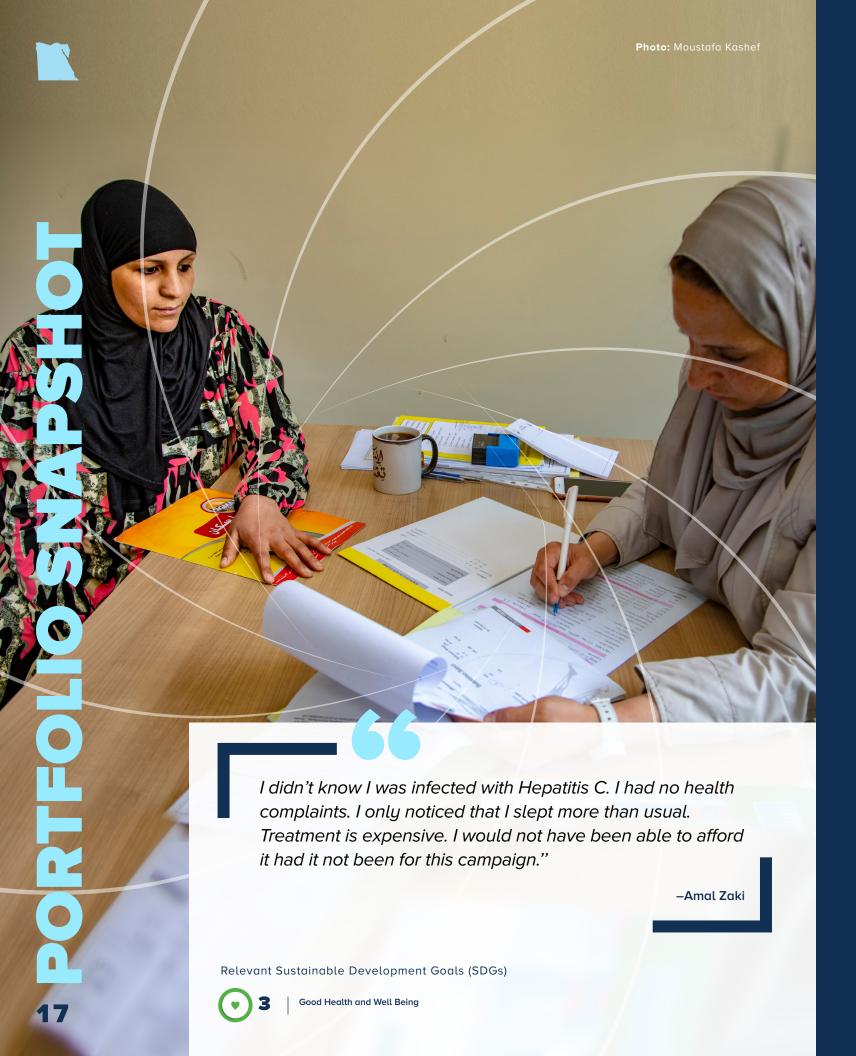
Actual Results

- ► Conducted kindergarten diagnostics to guide development of additional kindergarten training modules to improve teaching practices.
- ▶ Developed curated digital and TV learning resources and made them available to students and teachers in grades 4-12 (primary 4 and secondary 3).
- ► Administered baseline national grade 4 assessment for literacy and numeracy.
- Designing and administering examinations in grades 10-12 (secondary 1, 2, and 3), focusing on higher-order thinking skills.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Education and Technical Education

Project Approval Date	April 13, 2018
Project Effectiveness Date	August 28, 2018
Project Closing Date	March 3, 2025
Total Financing	US\$500 million





Transforming Egypt's Health Care System Project

Context

Even before the onset of the global COVID-19 pandemic, Egypt's health care sector faced significant social, economic, and fiscal crises. To address these challenges, including the soaring prevalence of Hepatitis C, the government has undertaken a major overhaul of the system toward delivering inclusive, equitable, and high-quality health care services.

Development Objective

The aim of this project is to support the country's ongoing efforts to improve the health care system and build human capital as foundations for growth and prosperity. It also aims to improve services in 600 primary health care facilities and 27 hospitals, boost supply and demand for family planning interventions, increase blood screening efficiency, and conduct one of the largest Hepatitis C and non-communicable diseases screening campaigns in the world.

Actual Results

- ► Screening of more than 53 million people for Hepatitis C, of which over 1.2 million were treated.
- ► Contracting of 780 community health workers and 220 family doctors.
- ► Modern contraceptives (self-injecting) used for family planning.
- ► Improved services at 600 primary health care facilities and 30 hospitals.
- ► Screening of 200,000 suspected COVID-19 cases during the early outbreak of the pandemic.
- Strengthening the national blood bank network with needed blood vehicles and equipment.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Health and Population

Project Approval Date	June 27, 2018
Project Effectiveness Date	September 7, 2018
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2023
Total Financing	US\$530 million





Supporting Egypt's Universal Health Insurance System Project

Context

Despite recent improvements, Egypt's health system continues to face multiple challenges that affect its ability to meet the growing demands of the population. Rising rates of non-communicable diseases, population growth, and a longer life expectancy are increasing demand for health services. The service delivery system is underfunded and highly fragmented, resulting in lower-quality care and suboptimal provider payment mechanisms.

Development Objective

The aim of this project is to foster access to and use of health care services. Egypt has chosen a transformational system as its pathway toward achieving universal health coverage and improving the health outcomes of its citizens. The Universal Health Insurance Law was passed in December 2017. The project will support Egypt with the roll-out of the Universal Health Insurance System (UHIS). Temporary financial protection will be provided to the vulnerable to protect them from high out-of-pocket health expenditures resulting from the pandemic.

Actual Results

- ▶ Up to 3.1 million people enrolled with a general practitioner under the UHIS in Phase I governorates.
- ▶ Development of quality of care monitoring frameworks for clinics and hospitals.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Finance, Universal Health Insurance Authority, Egyptian Health Care Authority, General Authority for Health Care Accreditation and Regulation, **Unified Procurement Authority**

Financing Development **Partners**

Agence Française de Development (AFD), Government of Japan, Government of the United Kingdom

Project Details

Project Approval Date	June 16, 2020
Project Effectiveness Date	August 29, 2021
Project Closing Date	October 31, 2024
Total Financing	US\$400 million

Relevant Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)









Egypt COVID-19 Response Project

Context

The COVID-19 pandemic put a strain on the country's already overburdened health care system, exacerbating its existing challenges. Lockdowns, containment measures, and disruptions to global value chains adversely impacted Egypt's economy. The social and economic fallout from the pandemic is expected to hamper growth through both supply-side and demand-side effects.

Development Objective

The project aims to strengthen the prevention, detection, and response to the COVID-19 pandemic through funding that complements Egypt's COVID-19 response plan. Urgent costs associated with medical equipment, incentive pay and training for health workers, social distancing strategies, and monitoring and evaluation will be supported. Treatment and isolation centers, as well as policy tools, will be funded to optimize the country's response to COVID-19.

Actual Results

- ▶ Preparing 28 health facilities dedicated for quarantine, isolation, and treatment of COVID-19.
- Increased supply of personal protective equipment in 70 percent of public hospitals.
- ► Training 10,000 health workers on COVID-19 infection prevention and control measures.
- ► Training 5,000 physicians, pharmacists, and nurses on official Ministry of Health and Population COVID-19 case management protocol and guidelines.
- ▶ Development of key guidance documents, such as a national strategy for the protection of high-risk groups against
- ▶ Supporting the development of Egypt's National Deployment and Vaccination Plan.
- ▶ Supporting NGOs and more than 200 volunteers in COVID-19 response activities.
- ▶ Supporting contact tracing activities at the onset of the pandemic.

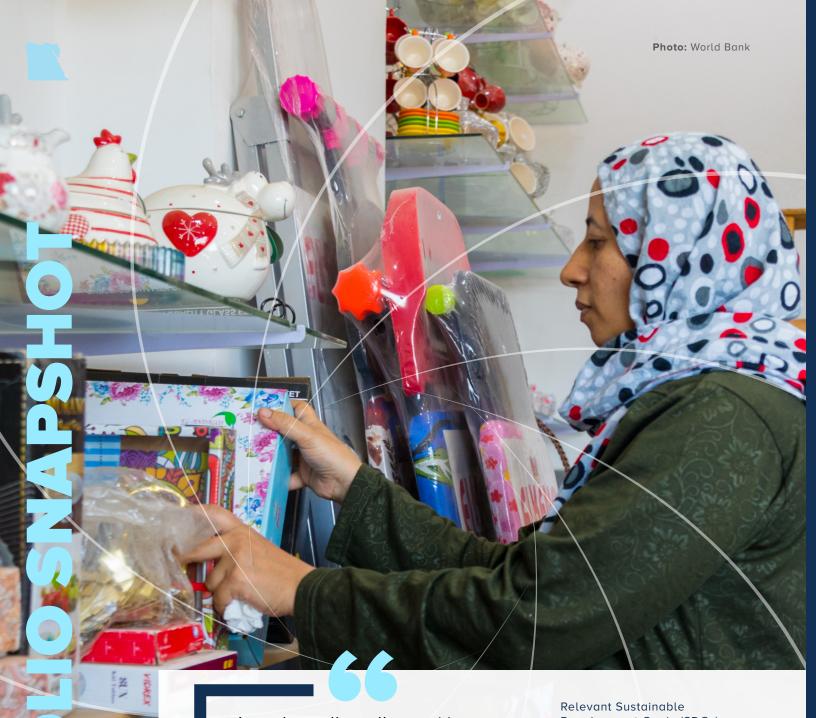
Government **Implementing Partners**

Ministry of Health and Population

Project Approval Date	May 14, 2020
Project Effectiveness Date	March 18, 2021
Project Closing Date	June 30, 2023
Total Financing	US\$50 million







I used to sell small quantities of home equipment on a small scale. This loan enabled me to expand my business, purchase more merchandise, and rent a shop. I hope to add electronic equipment to my merchandise and open many branches for my shop to secure a stable income for myself and my son."

-Magda Abd El Malek

Development Goals (SDGs)













Peace, Justice, and Strong





Catalyzing Entrepreneurship for Job Creation Project

Context

To foster a stronger private sector response and improve the business environment, the government has launched several entrepreneurship-support programs, as well as various initiatives to build entrepreneurial skills—particularly for women and youth. In parallel to government efforts, private sector and development partners have made significant investments to encourage high-growth firm development. Even with reforms, jobs are not being created fast enough to absorb the unemployed people of Egypt.

Development Objective

The aim of this project is to spur job creation and improve economic opportunities for target beneficiaries. It aims to support the country's private sector development and job creation efforts through a comprehensive package of financial and non-financial support to all entrepreneurs, from micro, small, and medium enterprises (MSMEs) to innovative startups and high-growth firms.

Actual Results

- ▶ Number of beneficiaries receiving financing through the project reached 125,983, of which 42 percent are women, and 46 percent are youth.
- ▶ This led to the generation of 227,490 jobs, 34 percent of which are filled by women. This exceeds the target of one hundred thousand jobs, 30,000 of them targeting women.
- Fifty-six financial intermediaries received debt financing for serving MSMEs; equity financing for 190 startups is expected by June 2025.

Government Implementing Partners

The Micro, Small, and Medium **Enterprise Development Agency** (MSMEDA)

Project Approval Date	April 17, 2019
Project Effectiveness Date	January 15, 2020
Project Closing Date	June 30, 2025
Total Financing	US\$200 million





The Inclusive Housing Finance Program

Context

The Social Housing Program launched by the Egyptian government aims to provide one million homes for low-income households. The US\$1 billion Inclusive Housing Finance Program-for-Results (PforR) directly finances policy and institutional reforms to make social housing accessible, affordable, and decent. The PforR supports the delivery of direct down-payment subsidies to beneficiaries.

Development Objective

The aim of this program is to improve the affordability of formal housing for low-income households and to strengthen the Social Housing and Mortgage Finance Fund's capacity to design policies and coordinate programs. The program aims to increase the effectiveness of the government's social housing program, providing low-income citizens with home ownership and rental opportunities through cost-efficient subsidy programs and enhanced utilization of vacant and unfinished units.

Actual Results

- ➤ Supporting demand-side subsidies to over 480,000 low-income households across all 27 governorates. Analysis shows more than 80 percent of households are among the lowest 40 percent of Egypt's households by income distribution.
- Contributing to greater social and youth inclusion, with 51.5 percent of program beneficiaries below the age of 45 and 18 percent below the age of 30.
- Prioritizing families, with 55.6 percent of beneficiaries being married couples with young children.
- Prioritizing women, contributing to increased gender inclusion, and addressing the asset ownership gap, with 23 percent of beneficiaries being women. This is a significant share, as only 5 percent of women in Egypt own assets (either alone or jointly), compared to 95 percent of men.
- ▶ 65 percent of beneficiaries are first-time borrowers dealing with a bank for the first time, which enhances financial inclusion.

Government Implementing Partners

Social Housing and Mortgage Finance Fund (SHMFF); Ministry of Housing, Utilities, and Urban Communities

Project Details

Project Approval Date	May 5, 2015
Project Effectiveness Date	November 11, 2015
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2024
Total Financing	US\$500 million

Additional Financing

Project Approval Date	March 20, 2020
Project Effectiveness Date	October 20, 2020
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2024
Total Financing	US\$500 million



strengthening Egypt's private sector, including through creating a level playing field for women. The project has already paved the way to gender inclusion in the workplace, including the participation of women in sectors that were previously off limits."

> -Nehad Abol Komsan, Lawyer & Gender and **Development Consultant**

Peace, Justice, and Strong





Egypt Inclusive Growth for Sustainable Recovery **Development Policy** Financing Project

Context

Recently, Egypt embarked on a reform program that helped address pressing macroeconomic challenges. While these reforms helped sustain the economy, further efforts are needed to accelerate growth, enhance inclusion, and reduce poverty. This development policy financing (DPF) operation aims to foster inclusive growth after the economic and social upheavals of the COVID-19 pandemic and supports reforms in line with the government's program.

Development Objective

The aim of this DPF is to enhance macro-fiscal sustainability, enable private sector development, and foster women's economic inclusion.

Targeted Results

The operation supports existing reform measures. Expected results achieved by March 2023 include:

- ▶ Regular publication of debt reports, enhancement of the green public investment framework, and reduction of incargo inspections.
- ► Increased private sector investment in waste management.
- Increase in the number of women benefiting from available financing from non-bank financial institutions.

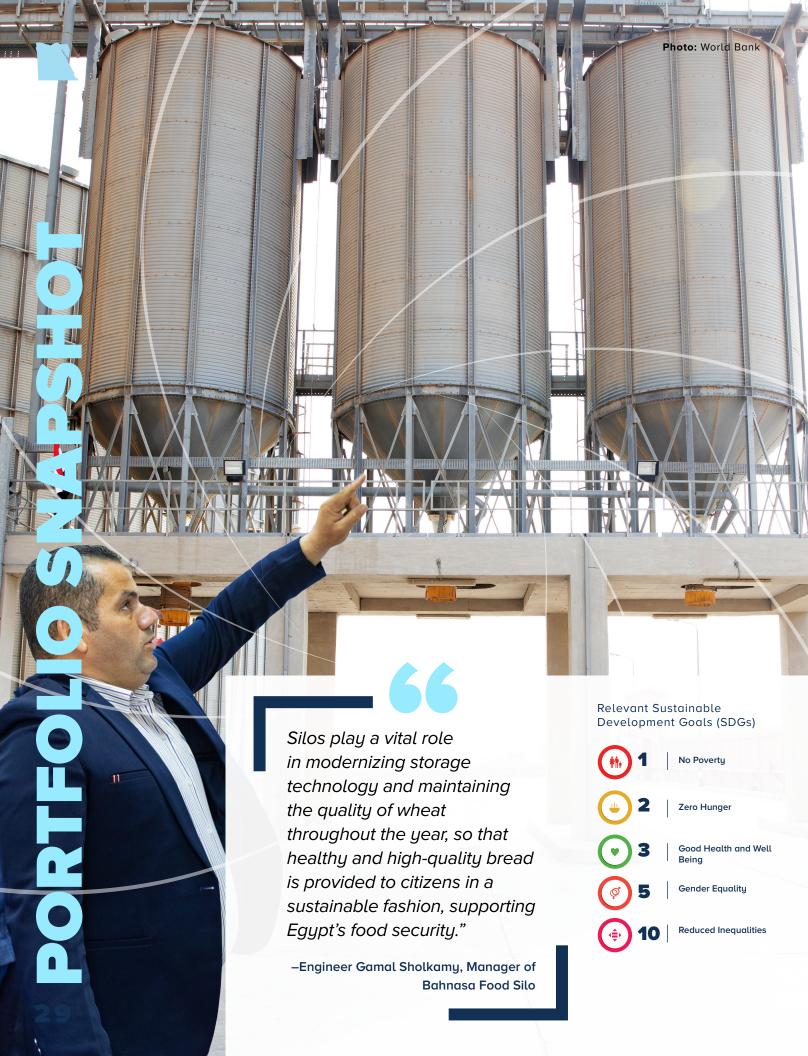
Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of International Cooperation, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Public Business Sector, Ministry of Trade and Industry, Ministry of Justice, Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Environment, National Council for Women, Financial Regulatory Authority

Financing Development **Partners**

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB)

Project Approval Date	October 26, 2021
Project Effectiveness Date	A pril 21, 2022
Project Closing Date	March 31, 2023
Total Financing	US\$360 million





Emergency Food Security and Resilience Support Project

Context

The project will help cushion the impact of Russia's invasion of Ukraine on food and nutrition security in Egypt. High prices and nutritional shortfalls affect people who rely on bread for their daily nutritional needs. The project links wheat imports to direct assistance to the poor and vulnerable through Egypt's Bread Subsidy Program.

Development Objective

The aim of this project is to ensure the short-term supply of wheat for uninterrupted access to bread for poor and vulnerable households and to strengthen Egypt's resilience to food crises.

Targeted Results

- ► The project will support purchases of up to 700,000 metric tons of imported wheat, for one month-equivalent of the total consumption of the Bread Subsidy Program.
- ► The project will help reduce food waste and loss in the wheat supply chain and improve the efficiency of strategic grain storage.
- ► The project will help boost productivity and farm-level resilience and increase the adoption of climate-smart agricultural practices in Upper Egypt.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Supply and Internal Trade, Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation

Project Approval Date	June 28, 2022
Project Effectiveness Date	December 8, 2022
Project Closing Date	June 15, 2026
Total Financing	US\$500 million



sustainable job opportunities for them after the closure of the dumpsite. This dialogue includes increasing awareness among garbage collectors and their families regarding the potential for more formal opportunities to improve their livelihoods."

-Walaa Sala El Din, Project Outreach Specialist, Qaliyubia

Relevant Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)













Greater Cairo Air Pollution and Climate Change Project

Context

Ambient air pollution is the most significant environmental health issue in Greater Cairo, and it weighs heavily on the quality of life of its residents and the economy. Despite significant improvements in air quality in recent years, air pollution levels still exceed national thresholds and international standards by multiple factors. Pollution management is key to providing safe living conditions for communities, and reducing the health burden, fiscal strain, and economic costs.

Development Objective

The aim of the project is to reduce air and climate emissions from critical sectors and increase resilience to air pollution in Greater Cairo.

Targeted Results

- ► Emissions are being reduced to lower pollution concentrations and improve air quality.
- ▶ Development of an integrated Climate and Air Quality Management Plan.
- Creation of a mechanism to respond to air pollution peaks.
- ► Enhanced solid waste management services and reduction in number of waste fires.
- ► Demonstration scale-up program for e-buses implemented in Cairo.
- ► Active stakeholder engagement in air pollution management activities, with improved awareness and positive behavioral change.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Local Development, Qalyubia Governorate, Cairo Transport Authority, Ministry of Planning and **Economic Development**

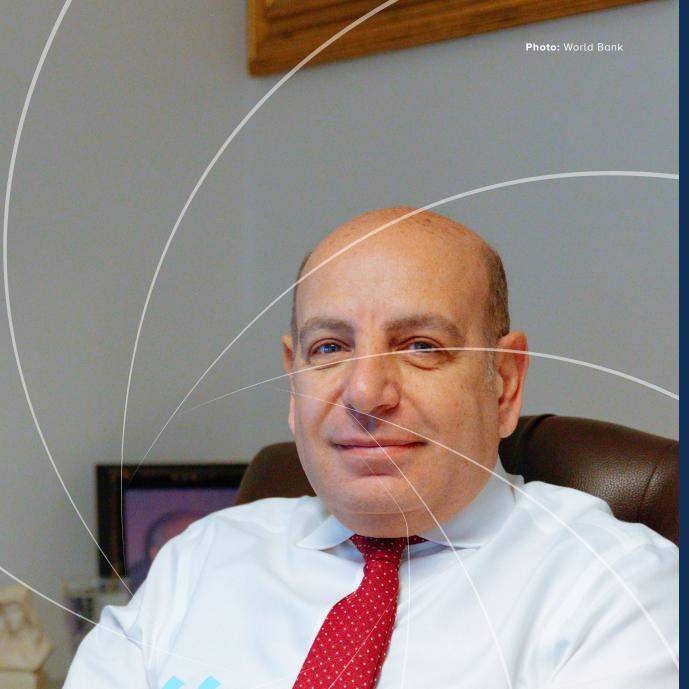
Project Details

Project Approval Date	September 30, 2020
Project Effectiveness Date	June 9 , 2021
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2026
Total Financing	US\$200 million

Additional Financing

Project Approval Date	February 28, 2023
Project Effectiveness Date	February 28, 2023
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2026
Total Financing	US\$9.13 million





This project is a breakthrough in Egypt's transportation and logistics sectors. It is expected to reduce road traffic congestion, increase the revenues of Egyptian National Railways, and contribute to the sectors' decarbonization. The project will also support Egypt as it becomes the region's logistics hub and enhances private sector participation in the aforementioned sectors."

-Alfred Assil, Transport Consultant

Relevant Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)







Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure









Cairo Alexandria Trade Logistics Development Project

Context

Egypt has the potential to better integrate into global value chains and expand as a regional trading hub. The country needs to improve its logistics and transport connectivity—including rail transport—to expand trade competitiveness. However, rail network bottlenecks, especially along the Alexandria Port—6th of October Dry Port corridor, are hindering Egypt's potential for achieving green and resilient trade connectivity.

Development Objective

The aim of this project is to improve the performance and support the decarbonization of the logistics and transport sectors along the Alexandria–6th October–Greater Cairo railway corridor. Egypt is developing several logistics centers and inland dry ports to alleviate constraints at seaports and promote multimodal transport. The project will implement a railway bypass to the congested Greater Cairo Area (GCA), linking the Alexandria Sea Port with GCA and the October 6th Dry Port, which was implemented through a public-private partnership (PPP).

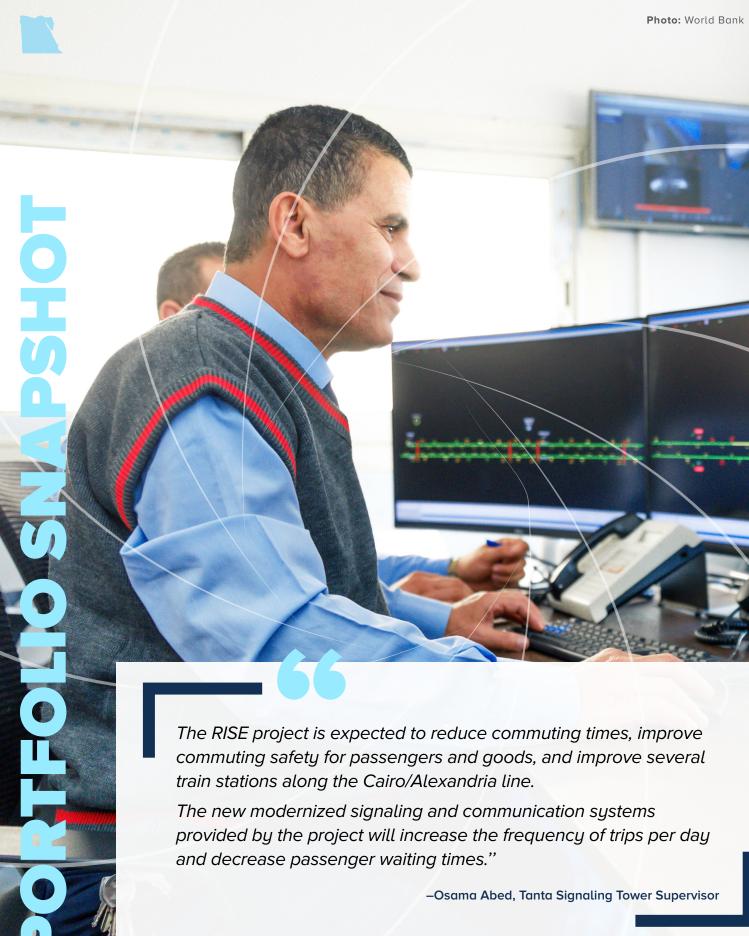
Targeted Results

- ► The creation of a railway bypass around the Greater Cairo area, resulting in 184,000 containers being handled by rail instead of trucks between Alexandria Port and 6th of October dry port.
- ► Lowering the greenhouse gas emissions of the logistics and railway sectors in the Alexandria—6th October—Greater Cairo Area by 965,432 on a net basis over 30 years (metric tons/year).
- ► Policy reform preparatory analysis for Infrastructure Access Charge regime, allowing private sector operators to use the national network.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Transport, Egyptian National Railways (ENR)

Project Approval Date	September 29, 2022
Project Effectiveness Date	To be confirmed
Project Closing Date	September 28, 2029
Total Financing	Total Cost: US\$998 million World Bank Loan: US\$400 million





Railway Improvement and Safety for Egypt (RISE) Project

Context

The project will modernize the signaling along the Alexandria—Cairo—Nag Hammadi corridor of the Egyptian National Railways network and help improve safety at select stations and junctions using a safe systems approach, while underscoring citizen engagement and disability considerations. The project will introduce reform measures through performance-based funding, in accordance with best international practices. An estimated 1.4 million users will benefit from safer, more reliable service on a daily basis.

Development Objective

This project aims to improve safety and quality of railway services along the Alexandria-Cairo-Nag Hammadi corridor.

Targeted Results

- Reduced fatalities and weighted serious injuries, improving passenger safety along the Alexandria—Cairo— Nag Hammadi corridor.
- ► Reduced lost time injury frequency rate, reflecting the project's holistic view of safety.
- ► Improved punctuality, with an increase in on-time arrivals from 75 percent to 90 percent, and improved reliability of infrastructure.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Transport, Egyptian National Railways (ENR)

Project Details

Project Approval Date	March 5, 2021
Project Effectiveness Date	August 25, 2021
Project Closing Date	September 30, 2027
Total Financing	Total Cost: US\$681.1 million World Bank Loan: US\$440 million

Relevant Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Decent Work and Economic Growth



Industry, Innovation, an Infrastructure



11

Sustainable Cities and Communities



shop, which takes minimal time. We

received all the training we needed

to be able to efficiently operate the

-Hebattalah Hares, Front Office Employee at the

Sohag District Service Center

new system."







Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure









Peace, Justice, and



Upper Egypt Local Development Program

Context

The program is designed improve the business environment and strengthen local government capacity. It pilots an innovative approach for integrated local economic development and spatially coordinated infrastructure and service delivery by providing results-based financing to governorates. It also integrates citizen and business engagement as a means to strengthen local accountability.

Development Objective

The aim of this Program-for-Results (PforR) is to improve the business environment for private sector development and strengthen local government capacity for delivering good-quality infrastructure and services in selected governorates in Upper Egypt.

Actual Results

- ▶ Infrastructure improvements benefited about 5 million people, half of them women.
- ► Cluster Competitiveness Initiatives initiated to date are expected to benefit more than 7,000 MSMEs and value chain actors by the end of 2023, of which more than 2,000 local firms have already benefited from
- Occupancy rate in industrial zones increased by 23 percentage points in Qena and 5.5 percentage points in Sohag governorates.
- ► Time to provide construction permits and shop licenses reduced by 25 percent in more than half of targeted districts.
- ▶ Improved local capacity for capital investment planning, project implementation, asset management, local government own-source revenue, and environmental and social risk management.

Government Implementing **Partners**

Ministry of Local Development, Ministry of Planning, Ministry of Trade and Industry, Ministry of Finance, Governorate of Sohag, Governorate of Qena, Governorate of Assiut, Governorate of Minya

Financing Development **Partners**

Government of the United Kingdom

Project Approval Date	September 29, 2016
Project Effectiveness Date	March 14, 2017
Project Closing Date	October 31, 2023
Total Financing	Total Cost: US\$957 million World Bank Loan: US\$500 million





Sustainable Rural Sanitation Services Program

Context

Lack of proper sanitation services in rural Egypt adversely affects the public health of communities and the local economy. By 2015, only 12 percent of rural households were linked to public sewers, leaving 50 million people without adequate access to the sanitation chain. The use of contaminated water in irrigation leads to health hazards and contaminates the soil, affecting agriculture—one of Egypt's main income generators.

Development Objective

The program aims to increase access to and improve rural sanitation services in six governorates—Sharkiya, Dakhaliya, Beheira, Damietta, Gharbia, and Menoufia—by covering the entire sanitation chain, from household connections to wastewater treatment. It strengthens decentralization by putting local Water and Sanitation Companies in charge of the construction, operation, and maintenance of household connections and is expected to benefit over 1.8 million people. The program also supports the development of the national strategy for long-term reform of the water and sanitation sector.

Actual Results

- Standard Bidding Documents and Procurement Procedures Manual adopted, reducing procurement processing time by 40%.
- ► Standard Operating
 Procedure (SOP) for Land
 Acquisition approved,
 and interministerial
 memorandum of
 understanding for SOP
 implementation signed,
 making more than 95%
 of the required land
 available before start of
 construction.
- Key performance indicators achieved by utilities across operational, financial, institutional, and citizen engagement parameters.
- Unified water and sanitation information system adopted by the six program utilities and system rollout underway across all utilities in Egypt.
- Over 110,000 households have received connections to date, and over 230,000 household sanitation connections are under construction.

Government Implementing Partners

Ministry of Housing, Utilities, and Urban Communities; Holding Company for Water and Wastewater; six water and sanitation companies in Sharkiya, Dakhaliya, Beheira, Damietta, Gharbia and Menoufia; and the Egyptian Water Regulatory Agency

Financing Development Partners

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB)

Project Details

	Project Approval Date	July 28, 2015
	Project Effectiveness Date	December 30, 2015
-	Project Closing Date	December 31, 2023
	Total Financing	US\$550 million

Additional Financing

Project Approval Date	September 21, 2018
Project Effectiveness Date	May 30, 2019
Project Closing Date	December 31, 2024
Total Financing	Total Cost: US\$600 million World Bank Loan: US\$300 million



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