EMBEDDING ECOSYSTEM SERVICES INTO POLICY LEARNING SERIES

Session 2: Collaborative and Interoperable Open Science



<mark>about</mark> our workshop

Integrated, easily manipulable and collaborative data is important to ensure equity in NCA practices. It also goes a long way in linking the work of the global NCA community with minimal effort. This session explores the idea of interoperability in NCA, suggests a shared vision for NCA, and does a deep dive into the ARIES and SEEA tools for the advancement of interoperability in NCA.

Keywords: Interoperability, Semantics, Models, ARIES, SEEA

learning objectives

- Understand the role of interoperability in advancing open science for natural capital accounting.
- Learn how to access the ARIES for SEEA tool for compilation of natural capital accounts, and where to find further resources to use it..



Kenneth Bagstad

Research Economist, Geosciences and Environmental Change Science Center, U.S. Geological Survey

🖻 kjbagstad@usgs.gov

Kenneth Bagstad is a Research Economist working with the U.S. Geological Survey's Geosciences and Environmental Change Science Center. Since 2016, he has co-led the development of pilot natural capital accounts in the United States. He also assisted in the development of natural capital accounts in Colombia, Costa Rica, the Philippines, and Rwanda as part of the World Bank's WAVES Program. Ken has been a member of the Artificial Intelligence for Environment and Sustainability (ARIES) team since 2007 and since 2020 has collaborated with the U.N. in developing the ARIES for SEEA platform.

PR[®]GREEN









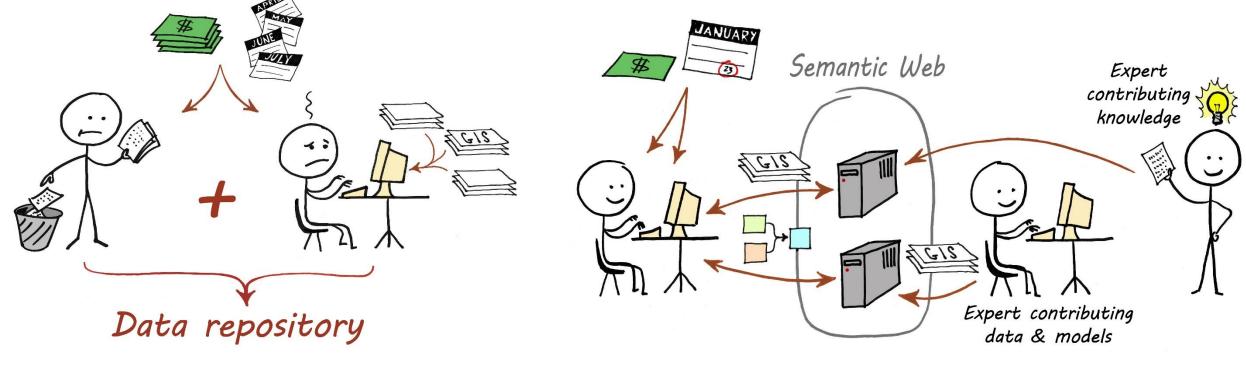


Collaborative & interoperable science for ecosystem services & natural capital accounting June 2022

Ken Bagstad, Ferdinando Villa, Stefano Balbi, Alessio Bulckaen & the ARIES, UNSD, & UNEP Team

Toward faster, better modeling

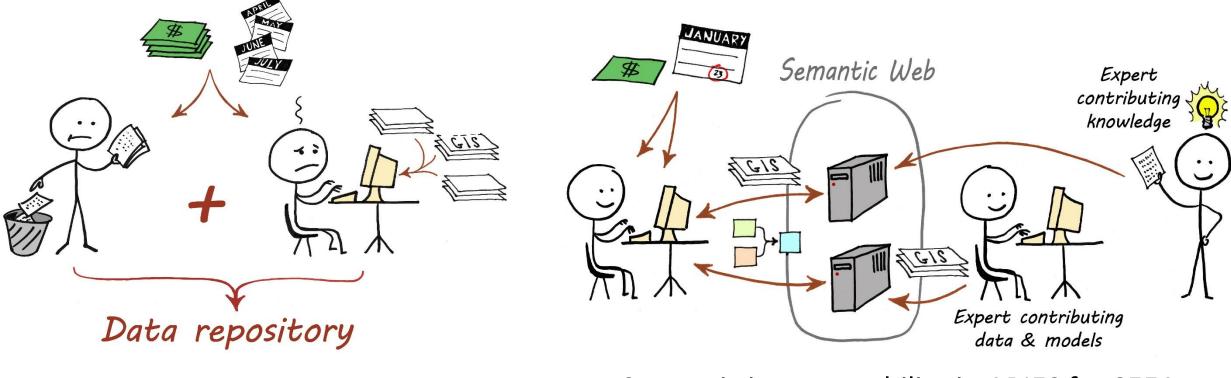
Status quo



Linked, web-based collaborative modeling

Practical example: Sediment retention accounting

Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE): commonly used in InVEST, LUCI, ARIES, and one-off modeling applications



Status quo

Semantic interoperability in ARIES for SEEA

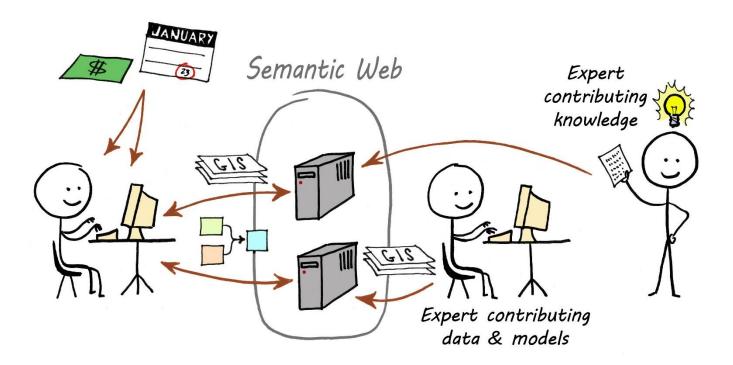
Given the urgency of scaling up NCA, interoperability is a powerful tool to do so as a community

Who benefits?

An ecosystem accounts compiler at a NSO

A member of an indigenous community or urban environmental justice group

A small NGO or local government



Interoperability:

The ability of independently developed data or tools to integrate or work together with minimal effort

A core challenge to the global NCA community

Interoperability can address serious equity issues

- Scientists from the Global North can do great (& painstaking) one-off studies
- Diffusion of best scientific practices is time-consuming & requires great expertise
- Capacity development in the Global South remains very time consuming
- A fundamental equity issue: Global North experts are at a huge advantage.
 How do we maximize the opportunity for junior NSO employees tasked with developing their nation's first SEEA EA accounts to succeed?

Before we worry about <u>choosing a model</u>, we need to <u>choose a vision</u> for the future of NCA implementation

Interoperability *must address the human element:* User-friendly, equitable, community endorsed



interoperability

https://www.earthobservations.org/ geo_blog_obs.php?id=527



A shared vision?

SEEA accounts & related indicators will be:

- 1. rapidly recompilable as new science emerges,
- 2. quickly produced to show the most recent trends as new annual data become available, with
- 3. robust international comparisons possible from common global data, while country-specific customization is still easily done.

This vision moves high-quality, meaningful **information from scientists into the hands of decision makers**, the public, and the media as quickly as possible. 2021 AN INTEROPERABILITY STRATEGY FOR THE NEXT GENERATION OF SEEA ACCOUNTING

Winted Nations of Construct of Construct And Construct of Construct And Construct And



ARIES & other tools

- Ecosystem service modeling toolkits (InVEST, ESTIMAP, LUCI, ENSYM/Data4Nature): provide a set of models, one for each ES
- Data viewers (UN Biodiversity Lab): Visualize & summarize data in interactive, attractive settings
- Cloud computing platforms (Google Earth Engine, Microsoft Planetary Computer): Run large-scale computations on the cloud
- Model integration frameworks (CSMDS, VLab, OpenGMS): Highly technical tools for model coupling, usually using syntactic interoperability

ARIES: Assemble & use (with AI support) collective knowledge of the scientific community to make it easier to implement SEEA globally

How can NSOs use ARIES for SEEA?

- 1. Determine which methods a NSO wants to use for NCA
- 2. Catalog available national data & models; determine which can be made public and which are restricted
- 3. Make needed data & models interoperable with ARIES, placing in public or private projects as appropriate
- 4. Test & validate models
- 5. Produce accounts using ARIES for SEEA
 - Revisit underlying data & methods as improved approaches become available

Support of ARIES for SEEA

- Wiki space (accessible with your username & password; register at https://integratedmodelling.org/hub/): https://confluence.integratedmodelling.org/
 - Questions: https://confluence.integratedmodelling.org/questions
 - Modeling Quick Tips: https://confluence.integratedmodelling.org/display/KIM/0.+Getting+started
- Software support: support@integratedmodelling.org

Support from ARIES team

- 1. Training materials (video, in-person, remote)
- 2. Support for data hosting
 - 1. Pending QGIS plugin for data ingestion
- 3. Support for semantic annotation of data & models

An Africa NCA CoP vision – By <u>2027</u>, with a <u>clear</u> <u>focus on interoperability</u> from the global SEEA community, African nations will:

- Produce their own SEEA EA accounts, endorsed by their NSOs and populated with their own data
- Regularly update accounts as new global, regional, and national data become available
- Continually improve the quality of estimates as science continues to evolve
- Lead South-South capacity building around NCA

An Africa NCA CoP vision – By 2040, with an undirected focus on interoperability from the global SEEA community, African nations will:

- Produce their own SEEA EA accounts, endorsed by their NSOs and populated with their own data
- Regularly update accounts as new global, regional, and national data become available
- Continually improve the quality of estimates as science continues to evolve
- Lead South-South capacity building around NCA

Do we have a decade or more to waste when mature technology already exists?

Where should we invest our efforts?



Countries should demand more of the global SEEA community: focused collaboration & leadership for interoperability



Balbi et al. Environmental Evidence (2022) 11:5 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13750-022-00258-y

Environmental Evidence

COMMENTARY

Open Access

The global environmental agenda urgently needs a semantic web of knowledge



Stefano Balbi^{1,2*}[®], Kenneth J. Bagstad³, Ainhoa Magrach^{1,2}, Maria Jose Sanz^{1,2}, Naikoa Aguilar-Amuchastegui⁴, Carlo Giupponi⁵ and Ferdinando Villa^{1,2}

Discussion/Q&A

kjbagstad@usgs.gov

Beyond the state of the practice: common goals & standards

Syntactic interoperability: Use of compatible data formats and communication protocols. Low bar, more limited advantages

Semantic interoperability: Data transfers where a receiving system can understand the meaning of exchanged data, reusing it appropriately. Higher bar, greater potential for automation & data/model reuse.

Heiler 1995

Key building blocks for interoperability



1. SEMANTICS: a flexible, shareable, easy-to-learn **language** to describe scientific observations.

Developed by experts in collaboration with disciplinary scientists – typical scientist/NSO does *not* build these.

Use to accurately describe data & model elements in a consistent, machine-readable way.



2. OPEN, LINKABLE DATA: enabling access & publishing of semantically annotated data.

Put data on the web in machineaccessible formats.

Best practices already exist: no more PDFs of model parameters or zip files of spatial data.



3. OPEN, LINKABLE MODELS: open, accurate, "Wikipedia–like" sharing and linking of models.

Code models in a modular style that facilitates reuse (vs. monoliths).

Build documentation into code for automated reporting.

Specify appropriate conditions for safe reuse of your models.





Thank you!

Questions?

Boris F. Ochoa-Tocachi, PhD boris@atuk.com.ec @topicster CatLK

