



MOROCCO

Region: Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan, and Pakistan

Income Category: Lower Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Morocco in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **10** per 1,000 live births (2023), compared to 12 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **96%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 99% in 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio.** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is **60%** (by the official age) (2021), compared to 50% in 2016. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **3** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Learning poverty.** In 2021, **60%** of children could not read and understand a simple text, by age 10, compared to 64% in 2016. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **105%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2023), compared to 91% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **25** (2023), compared to 28 in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Youth literacy rate.** The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is **99%** (2022). The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2024, **33%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 34% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **21%** (2024), compared to 24% in 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **75** years (2023), compared to 74 in 2018. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **7%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

HUMAN CAPITAL COMPLEMENTARY INDICATORS

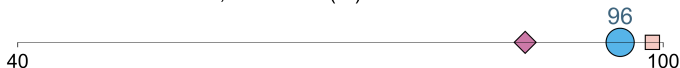
● Latest available data for Morocco (MAR)
 ■ MAR approx. 5 years before ◆ Average for MENAAP

EARLY CHILDHOOD

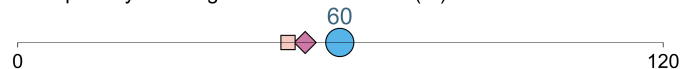
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)



DTP vaccination rate, third dose (%)



Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio (%)



SCHOOL AGE

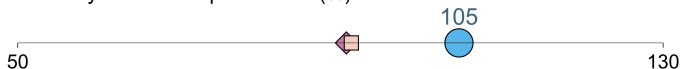
Child mortality rate (per 1,000 children aged 5, ages 5-14)



Learning poverty (%)

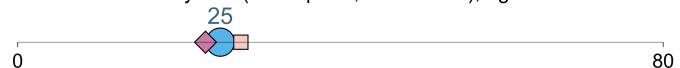


Primary school completion rate (%)



YOUTH

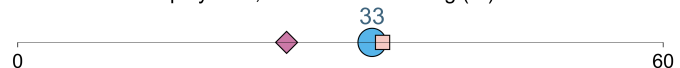
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women), ages 15-19



Youth literacy rate (%), ages 15-24

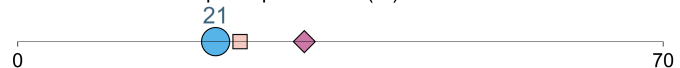


Youth not in employment, education or training (%)

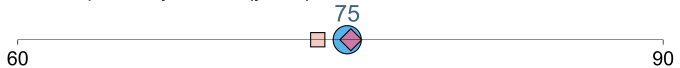


ADULTS

Female labor force participation rate (%)



Life expectancy at birth (years)



Adult unemployment rate (%)



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.

