

# AFRICAN MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE ON OCEAN ECONOMIES AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Mauritius, September 1-2, 2016



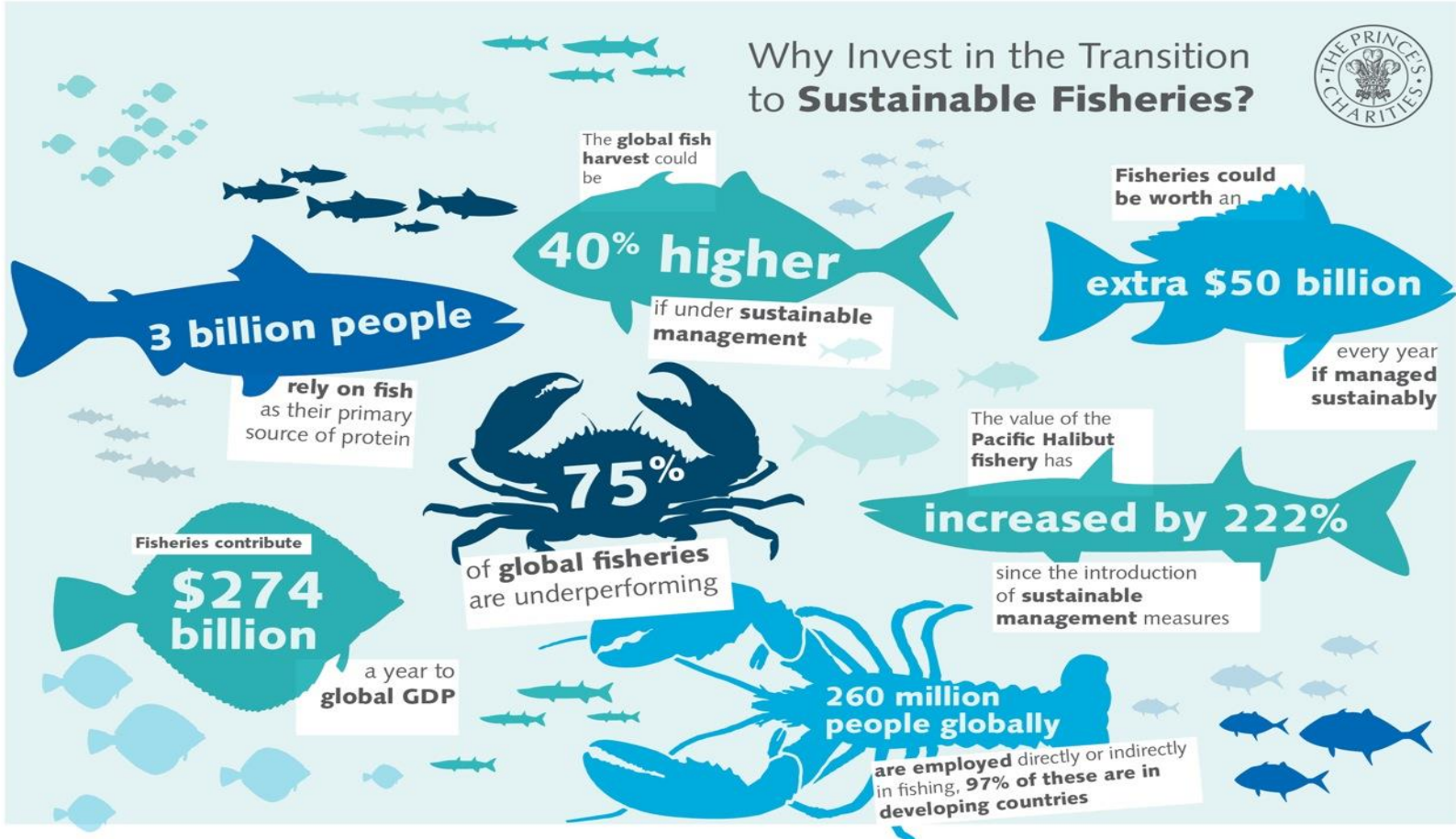
**WORLD BANK GROUP**

Making Climate Smart Ocean  
Economies Happen: Public-Private  
Sector Dialogue

Dialogue 3: Fishing and  
Aquaculture

**September 4, 2016**

# The Opportunity for the Transition to Sustainable Fisheries in a Blue Economy



# The Opportunity for the Transition to Sustainable Fisheries in a Blue Economy

TABLE 1 Increase in revenues in select fisheries

	Fishery revenues – before	Investment activities	Fishery revenues – after	Percent increase
Pacific halibut fishery	US\$77M (1992)	1995: Secure tenure; Monitoring and enforcement	US\$248M (2008)	222%
Ben Tre clam fishery	US\$0.837M (2007)	2006 to 2009: Secure tenure; MSC certification	US\$1.25M (2010)	49%
New Zealand's fisheries	US\$1,577M (1986)	1986: Secure tenure; Monitoring and enforcement; Sustainable harvests	US\$3,200M (unkn)	103%

# Objectives for this Session

1. To identify future priorities and challenges facing the fisheries and aquaculture and seafood sectors in light of the **broader Blue Economy narrative**
2. In addition, this interactive dialogue is intended to facilitate the sharing of innovative practices related to both fisheries and aquaculture and seafood industry as agents of change for **climate-smart Blue Economy development**
3. Allow for maximum synergies and complementarities to be created between and amongst Governments, the Private Sector and other key stakeholders

# Guiding Questions

1. Do participants agree with points raised by the panellists and earlier presentations - are there things that have not yet been considered/put forward?
2. What impact will global megatrends have on efforts to transition to more sustainable fisheries and aquaculture and seafood practices e.g climate change, urbanisation, population growth and migration, food security
3. What are the key future and emerging challenges associated with the sector?
  - Governance
  - Technology
  - Finance
  - Human capital
  - Environmental/ecological resilience
  - Social equity
  - Knowledge creation and sharing
4. What ways can the global community confront these challenges in a pro-active manner?
5. What is the timeline for these priority actions and are there key policies, meetings or political agendas which can help to frame or catalyse future actions?
6. How can we learn from past successes and failures to most effectively implement solutions to future challenges, and how should we prioritise these challenges against a backdrop of growing political, climatic and environmental

4 instability?