



WORLD BANK GROUP

Social Protection & Labor

The Illinois Pension System Case Study

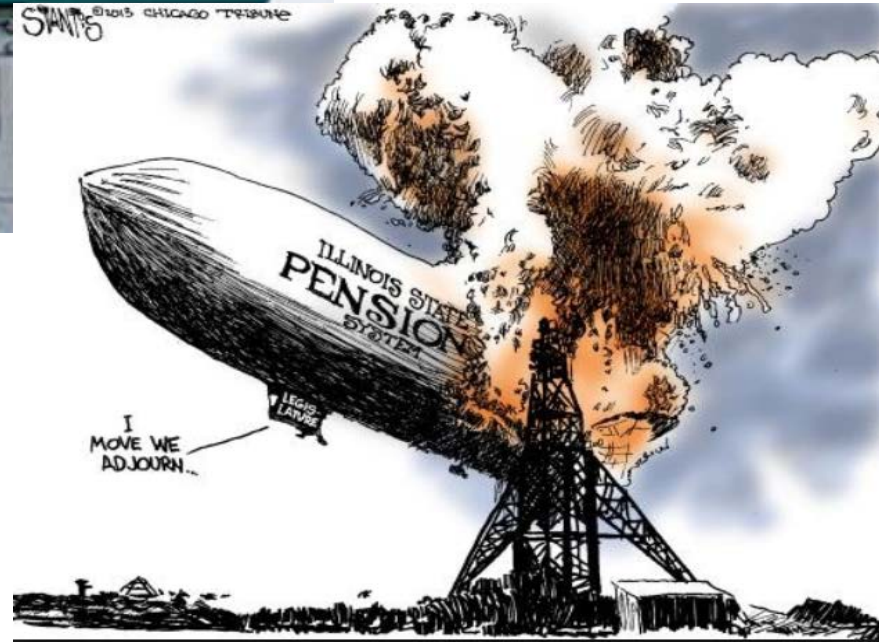
Pensions Core Course

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Organization

1. Historical background and causes
2. Questions for discussion
3. The Exercise
4. Epilogues

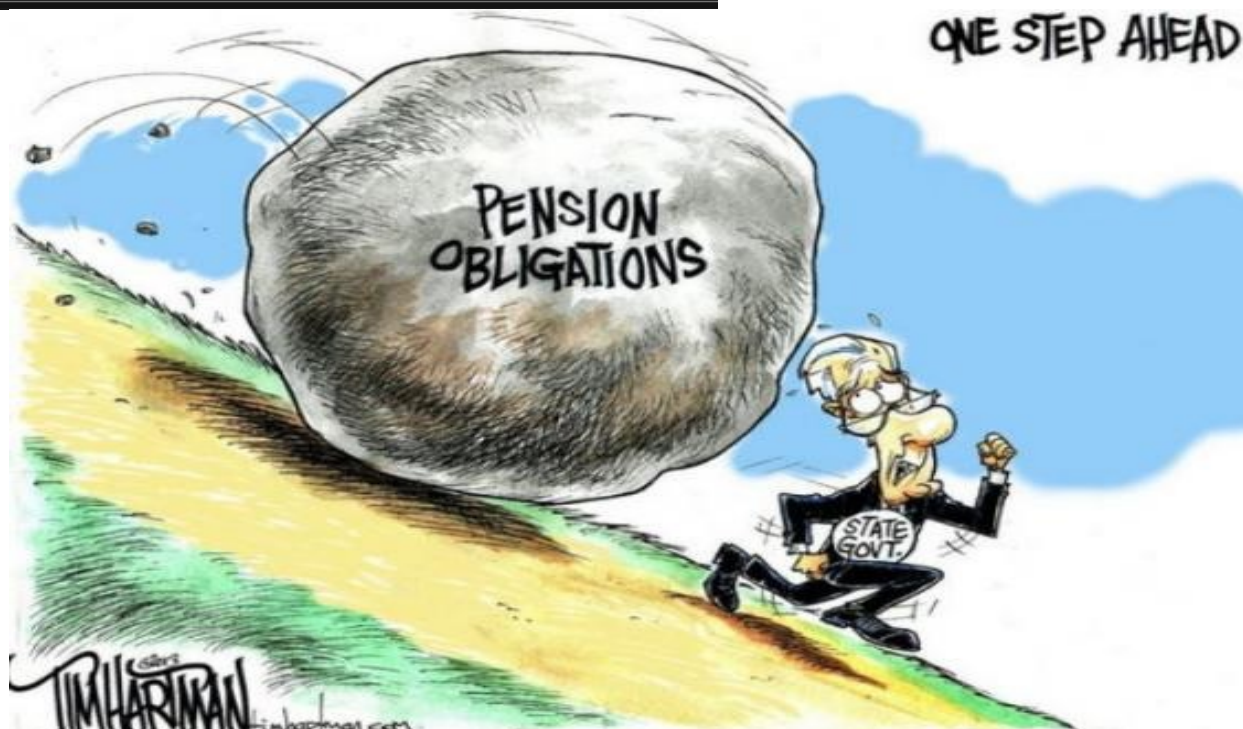


Background - US State Pension Funding Status

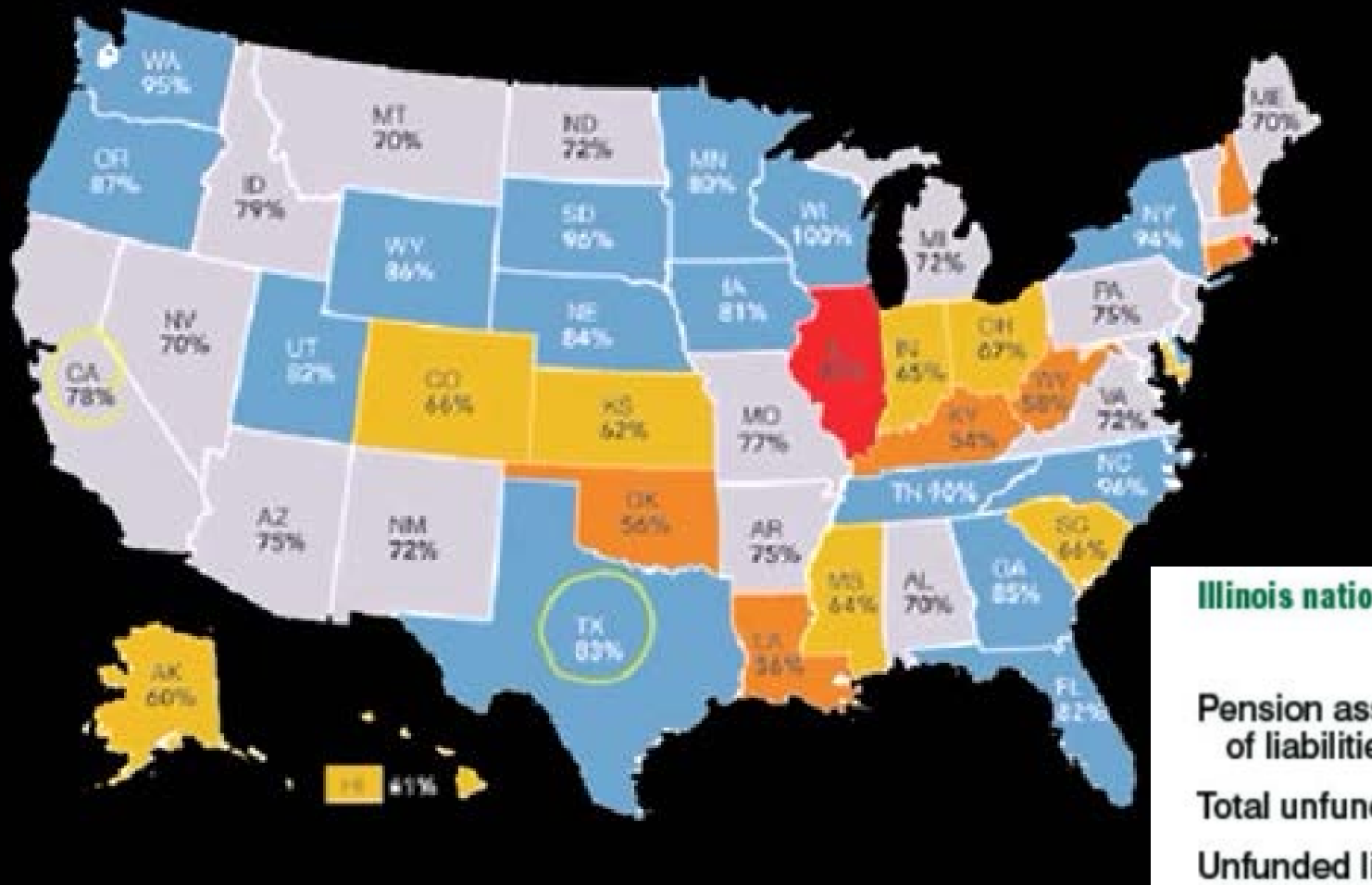
In 1917, the Illinois Pension Laws Commission warned State leaders in a report that the retirement systems were nearing “insolvency” and “moving toward crisis” because of the State’s failure to properly fund the systems. This nearly century old report also recommended action so that the pension obligations of that generation would not be passed on to future generations.



Senator Don Harmon • 39th Senate District



Background - US State Pension Funding Status



Illinois national pension ranking

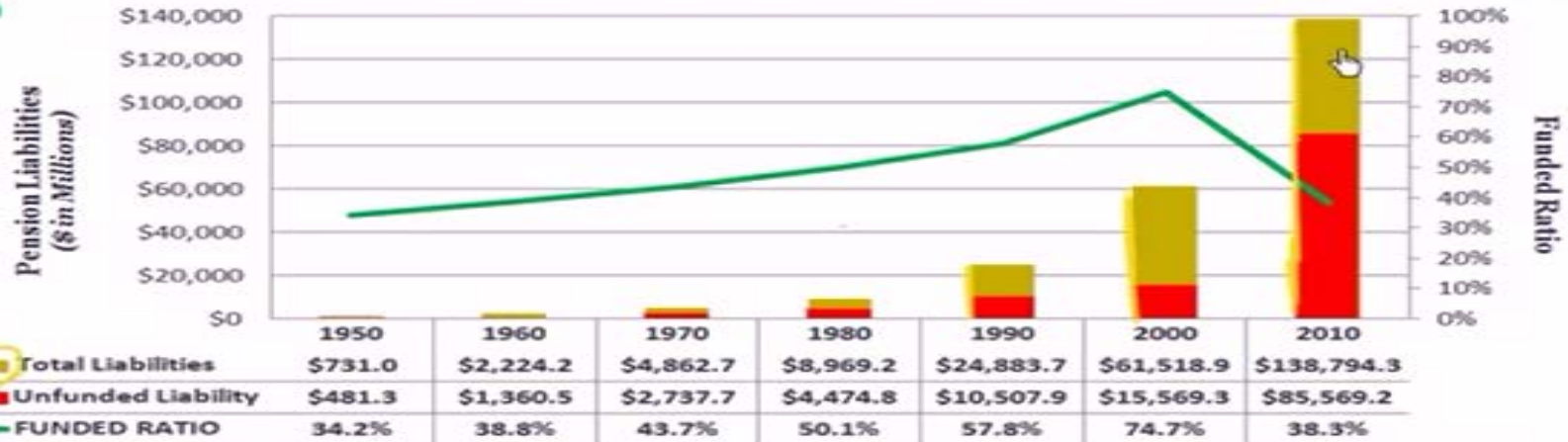
State ranking

Pension assets as percent of liabilities	50
Total unfunded liability	49
Unfunded liability as percent of tax revenue	48
Unfunded liability as percent of state GDP	44

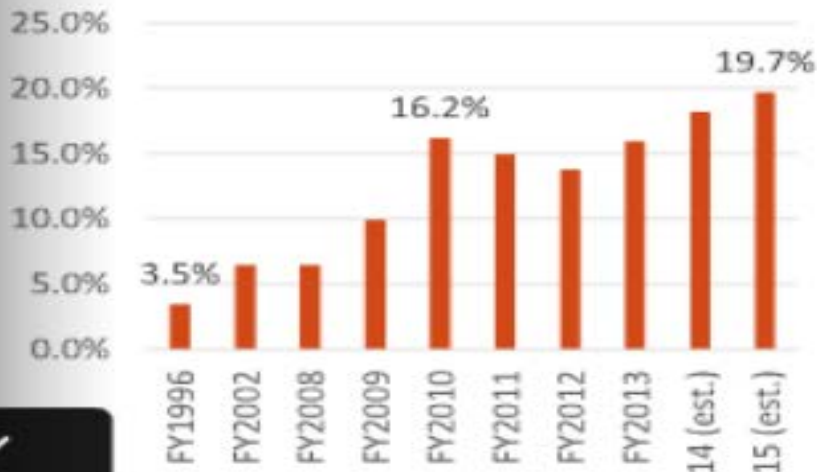
Source: The Pension Bomb, Joshua Rauh, The Milken Institute Review, First Quarter 2011

Historical Background

Illinois



State of Illinois **General Funds** Pension Contributions as % of State-Source General Funds Revenues

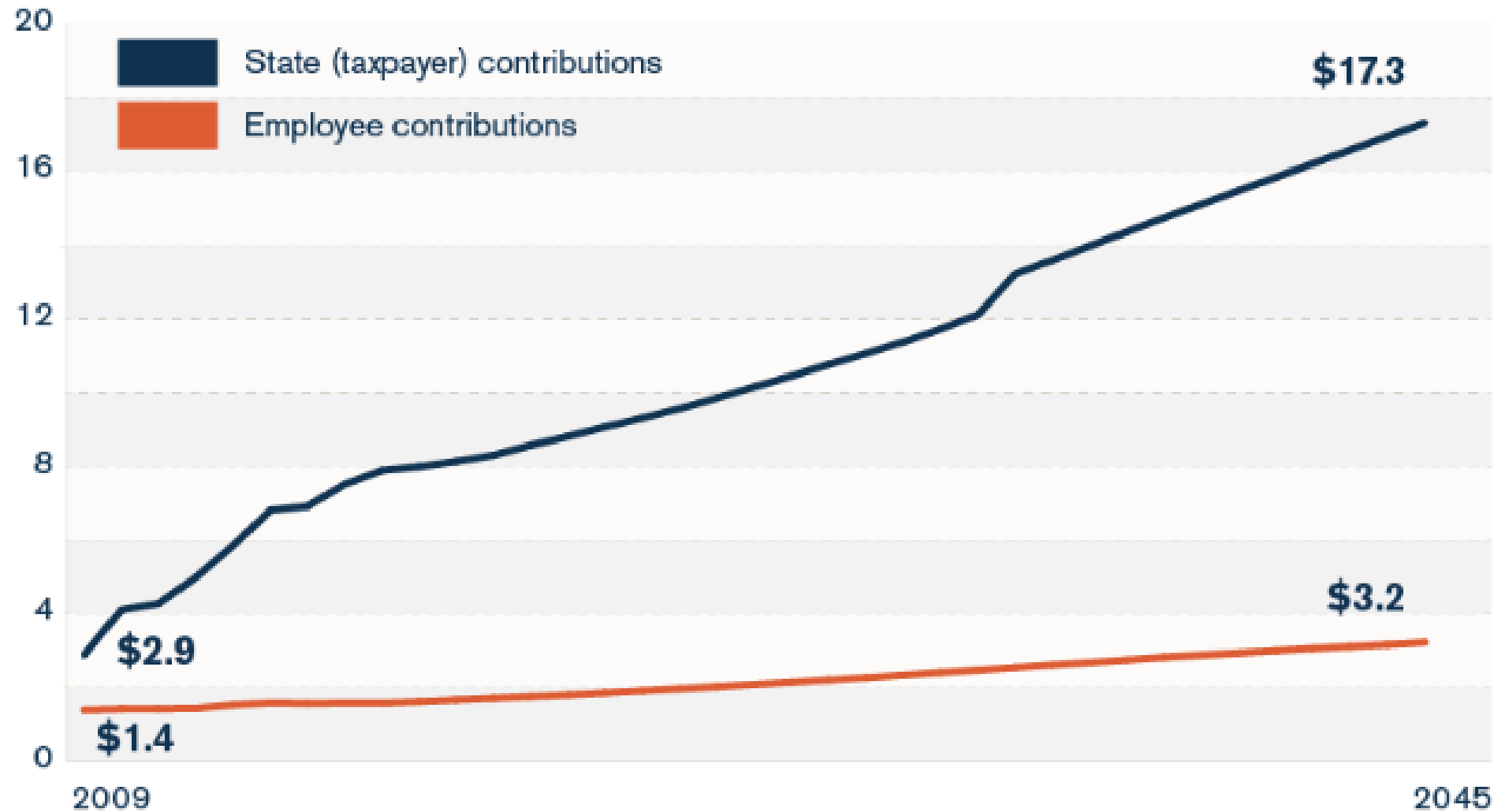


Unfunded Liability Per Capita of State Pension Funds for Illinois Residents FY2004 vs. FY2013



Historical Background

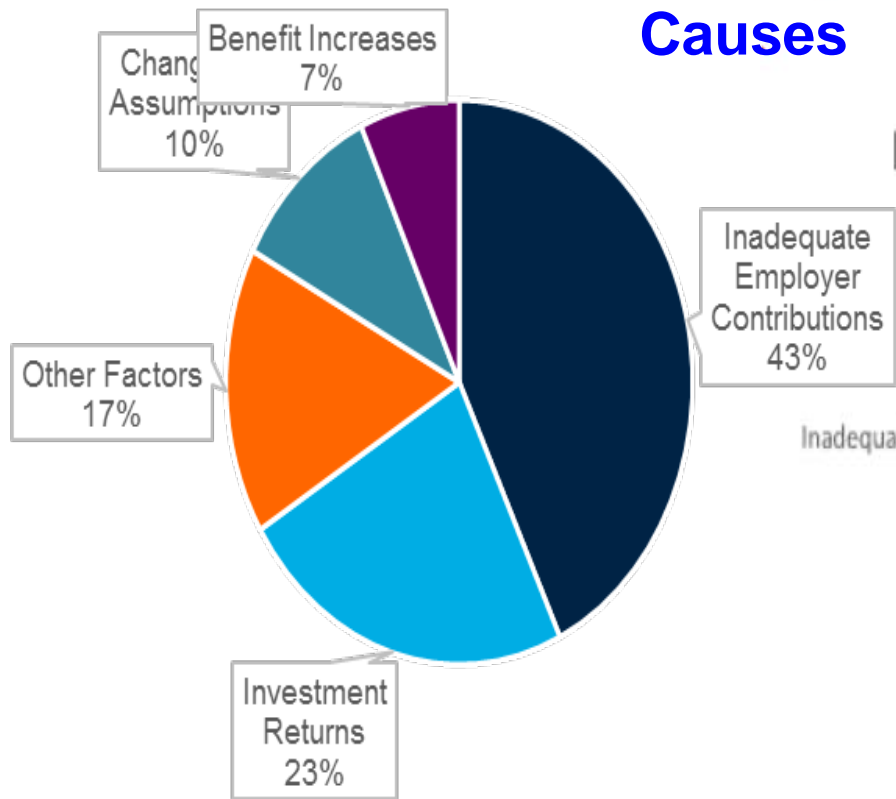
Illinois taxpayers on the hook for massive growth in state pension contributions
Employee vs. state (taxpayer) contributions (in billions of \$)



Source: Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability

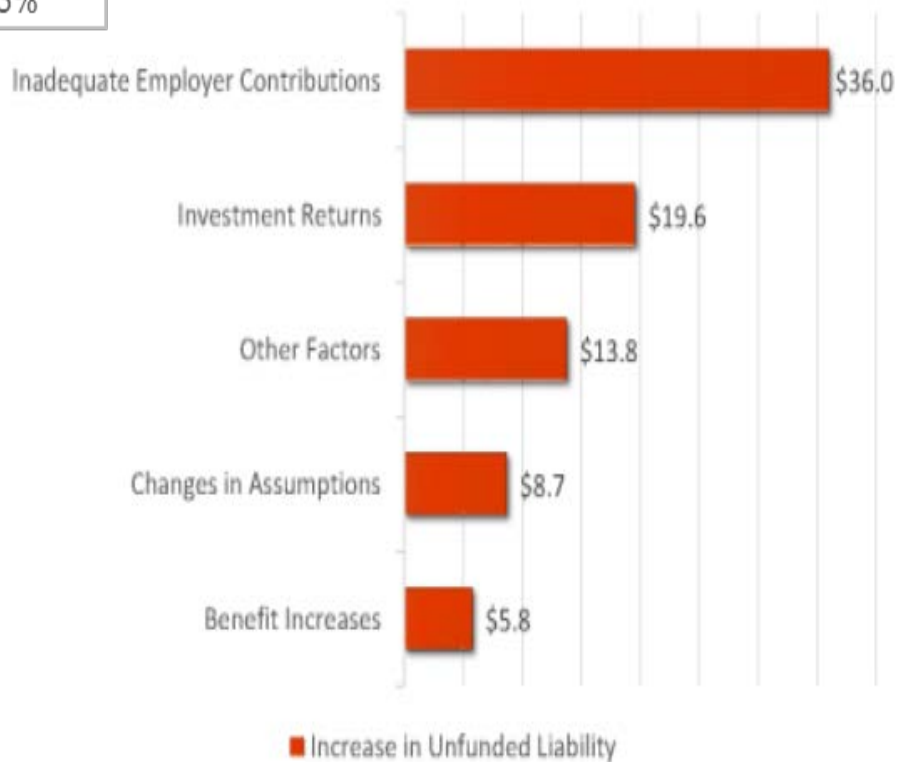
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Causes



- Inadequate Employer Contributions
- Investment Returns
- Other Factors
- Changes in Assumptions
- Benefit Increases

Increases to the **Unfunded Liability** of Illinois' Retirement Systems FY1996-FY2013 (in \$ billions)



State Constitutional Constraint

According to the Illinois Constitution:

Membership in any pension or retirement system of the State, any unit of local government or school district, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, shall be an enforceable contractual relationship, *the benefits of which shall not be diminished or impaired.*

Questions for Consideration

1. Why has the **Funded Ratio** fallen so precipitously? Is the **Funded Ratio** of concern to workers, taxpayers and the State Treasury?
2. What are the options to remedy it?



Reform Options

1. Pension Bonds
 - a. Implicit debt => explicit & payable
 - b. State highly indebted - effect on debt service costs
2. Change in Asset Allocation
 - a. Increase allocation (already 30%) to private equity and hedge funds?
 - b. Invest in other assets (exceed hurdle rate 8.5%)
3. Raise Corporate & Personal Income Taxes
4. Increase Employee Contributions
5. Decrease Plan Liabilities
 - a. Increase normal retirement age for new employees to 67.
 - b. Reduce the accrual rate
 - c. Increase the years in the wage base from 5 to 8.
 - d. Limit COLA to 3% or $\frac{1}{2}$ of CPI whichever is less.
6. DC plan - new employees
7. US government bailout?



Group Exercise

- Divide into 3 groups:
 - (i) **Public service employees' confederation;**
 - (ii) **Illinois State Treasurer;** and
 - (iii) **Association of Illinois taxpayers.**
- Evaluate the choices and formulate a reform program.

Group Exercise

- Key questions:
 1. What are the changes in parameters and qualifying conditions that you propose?
 2. How will the proposed changes improve contribution affordability, benefit adequacy and/or Illinois fiscal sustainability (including quantifying the results)?
 3. What are the tradeoffs you see in achieving these goals?
 4. How do the proposed changes meet the needs of your constituents?