



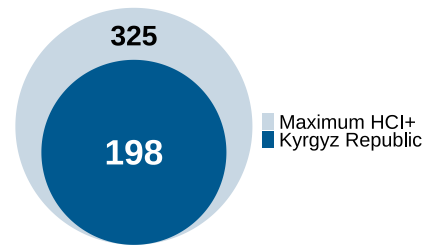
KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

Region: Europe & Central Asia
Income Category: Lower-middle Income

Human capital - people’s knowledge, skills, and health - drives productivity and growth. The Human Capital Index Plus (HCI+) measures the human capital a child born today can expect to accumulate over their working life, extending the original HCI by incorporating tertiary education and work experience. This brief summarizes **Kyrgyz Republic’s** HCI+ score and its performance in building human capital.

What is Kyrgyz Republic’s HCI+ and what does it mean?

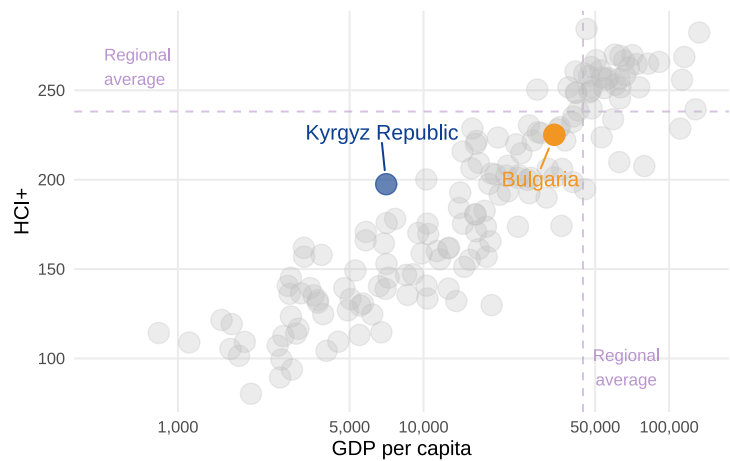
Kyrgyz Republic’s HCI+ score is **198** (out of a maximum of **325**), reflecting its investments in health, education, and employment. A 10-point increase in the index would translate into approximately 10 percent higher future income. Closing the current gaps in these areas relative to high-performing countries with similar GDP per capita would boost future income by 13%.



How does Kyrgyz Republic’s HCI+ compare to other countries?

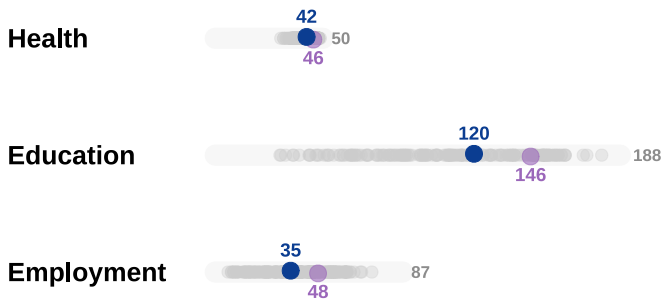
Kyrgyz Republic’s HCI+ is lower than the average for the **Europe & Central Asia region (240)** and higher than the average for **lower-middle-income countries (153)**.

Kyrgyz Republic’s HCI+ score is also **27 points lower than Bulgaria’s**.



What explains Kyrgyz Republic’s HCI+?

The HCI+ has three components corresponding to health, education, and employment.



The HCI+ score for the **Health pillar is 42**, slightly lower than the **regional average of 46**.

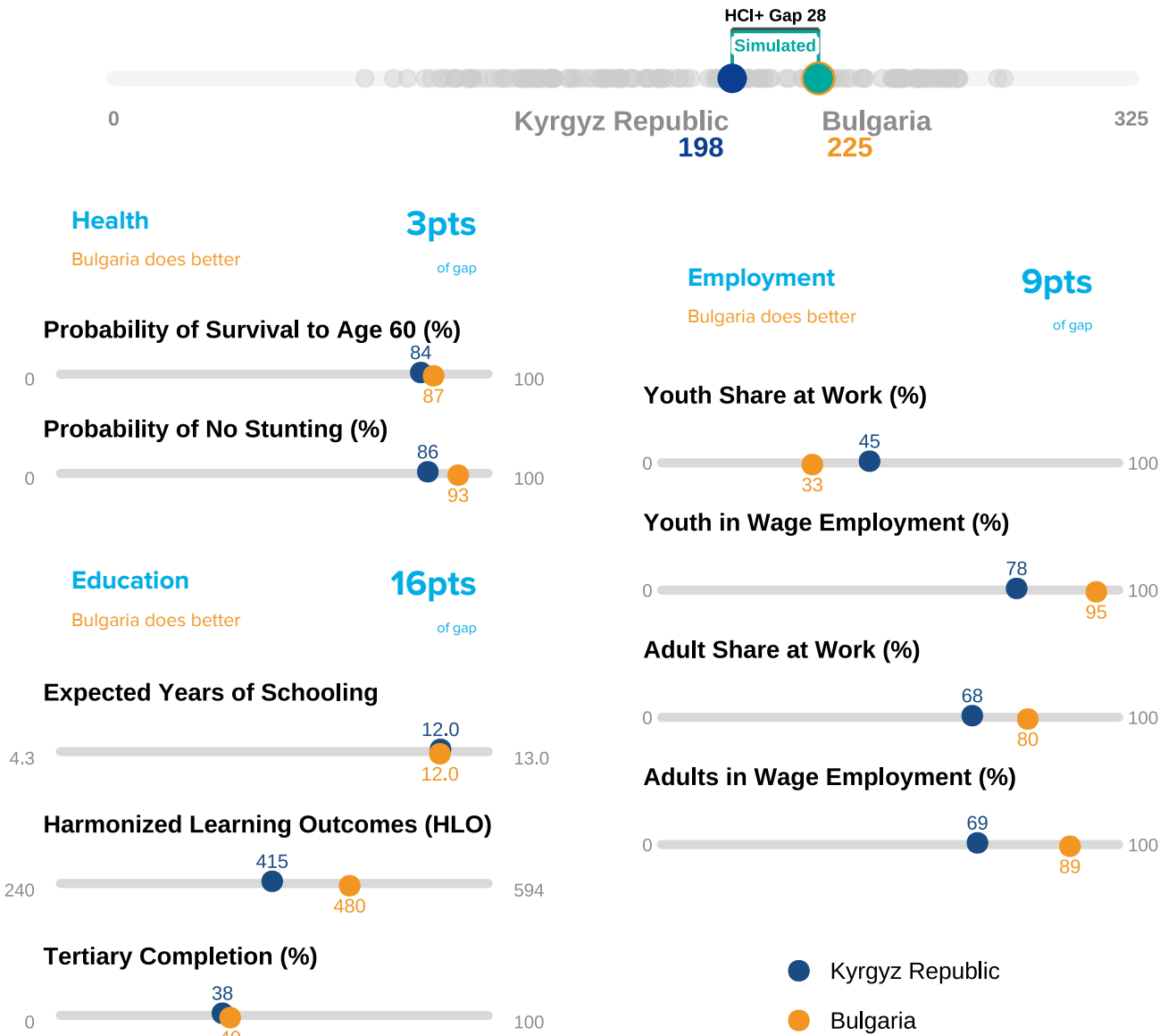
The HCI+ score for the **Education pillar is 120**, lower than the **regional average of 146**.

The HCI+ score for the **Employment pillar is 35**, lower than the **regional average of 48**.



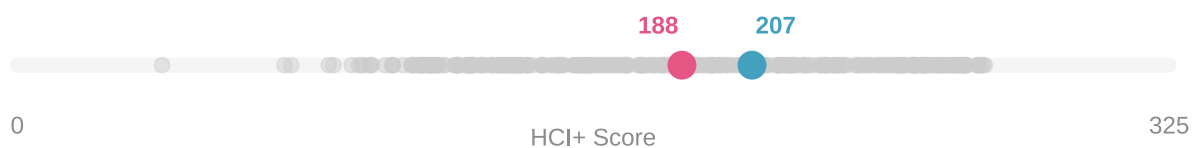
What indicators are responsible for Kyrgyz Republic's HCI+ gap with Bulgaria?

Kyrgyz Republic's HCI+ score (198) is lower than Bulgaria's (225). The indicators that account for the largest share of the HCI+ gap between Kyrgyz Republic and Bulgaria are **Harmonized Learning Outcomes (HLO), adult share at work, and adult in wage employment**. Raising these indicators to Bulgaria's levels would increase Kyrgyz Republic's score to **225**, boosting future income by approximately 27%.



What is Kyrgyz Republic's HCI+ gender gap?

The HCI+ score for **women in Kyrgyz Republic is 188** compared to **207 for men**. The 19-point gap indicates that women's earning potential will be 19% lower than men's due to differences in the human capital acquired by men and women in Kyrgyz Republic.



Note: All values are derived from internationally comparable public datasets.

