

The effect of multinational enterprises on **climate change**

Supply chain emissions, green technology transfers, and corporate commitments.

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MNEs and Climate Change – *Key Questions, Framework, New Data and Policy Tools*

- Objective: to analyze the dynamic relationship between MNEs and climate change:
 1. **What effect do MNEs currently have on climate change?**
 2. **How do MNEs shape the potential transfer of “green” technologies to domestic firms?**
 3. **How committed are leading MNEs currently to transition supply chains to net-zero emissions?**
 4. **What policies can influence multinational enterprises’ effect on climate change?**
- Leveraging new datasets.
 - CDP GHG database, Climate Action 100+ , Orbis, WB Enterprise Survey’s “Green Module”
- Introducing a new framework “(the 5P’s”) highlighting relevant policy tools.

MNEs bring both challenges and opportunities for climate change mitigation

Direct & Indirect effects via three channels

- The climate change literature often presents MNEs/FDI in binary terms:
 - **Pollution haven:** as a risk to shift emissions towards developing countries
 - **Pollution halo:** as opportunity for domestic firms to reduce emissions via cleaner technology
- *Yet,* MNEs brings challenges & opportunities for climate change via *three* channels:

Scale Effect

(Increased production =
increased emissions)

(+)

Technology Effect

(Change in production
methods = reduce carbon
intensity)

(-)

Composition Effect

(Change in industrial
structure = ambiguous
effect on emissions)

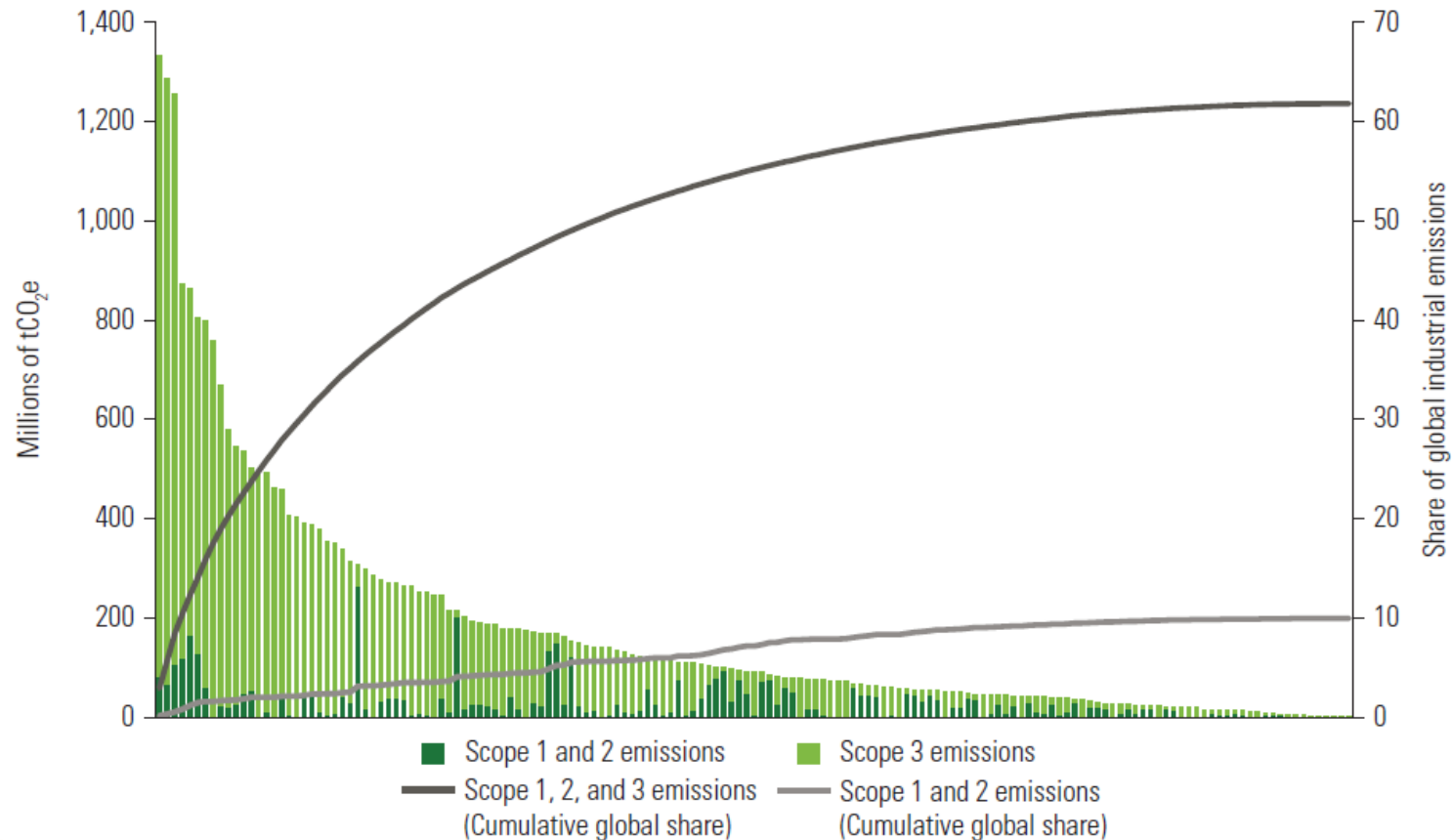
(+/-)

Scale Effect

The supply chains of 157 large MNEs account for a majority of global industrial emissions

157 MNEs' supply chain emissions, (% of global industrial emissions, 2021)

(Each bar represents one MNE, the lines show cumulative emission shares)



Source: Authors' calculations using CDP and OECD data.

Sector	Number of MNEs	Share of Global Industrial Emissions
Energy	75	37
Industry	45	15
Transport	25	7
Consumer Goods & Services	12	2
Total	157	60

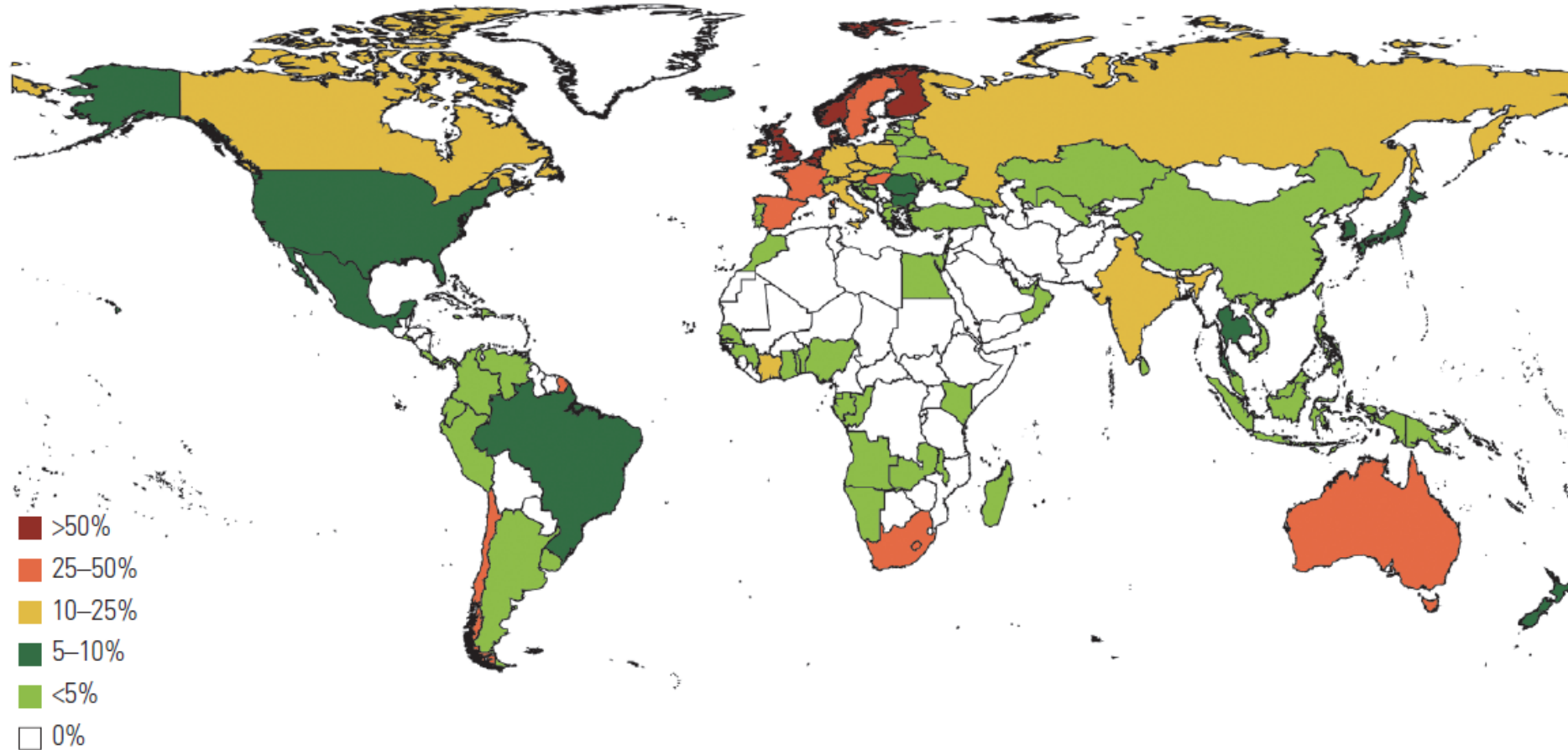
Source: Authors' calculations using CDP and OECD data.

Note: Industry includes mining and manufacturing

Scale Effect

These 157 large MNEs makes up a large share of emissions for many countries, especially in Europe...

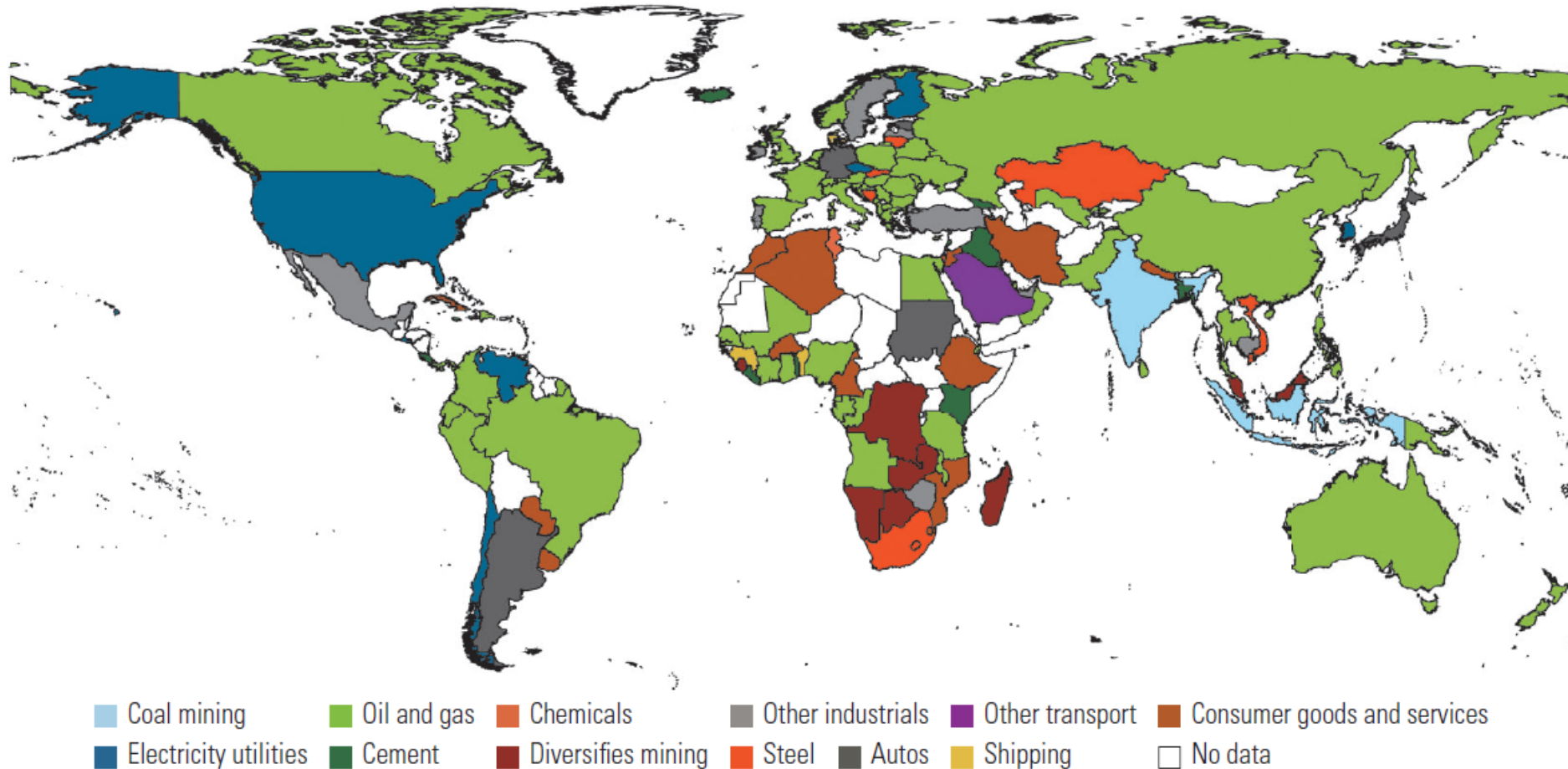
Share of country-level emission from 157 MNEs



Source: Authors' calculations using CDP and OECD data.

....While the most polluting sector differs

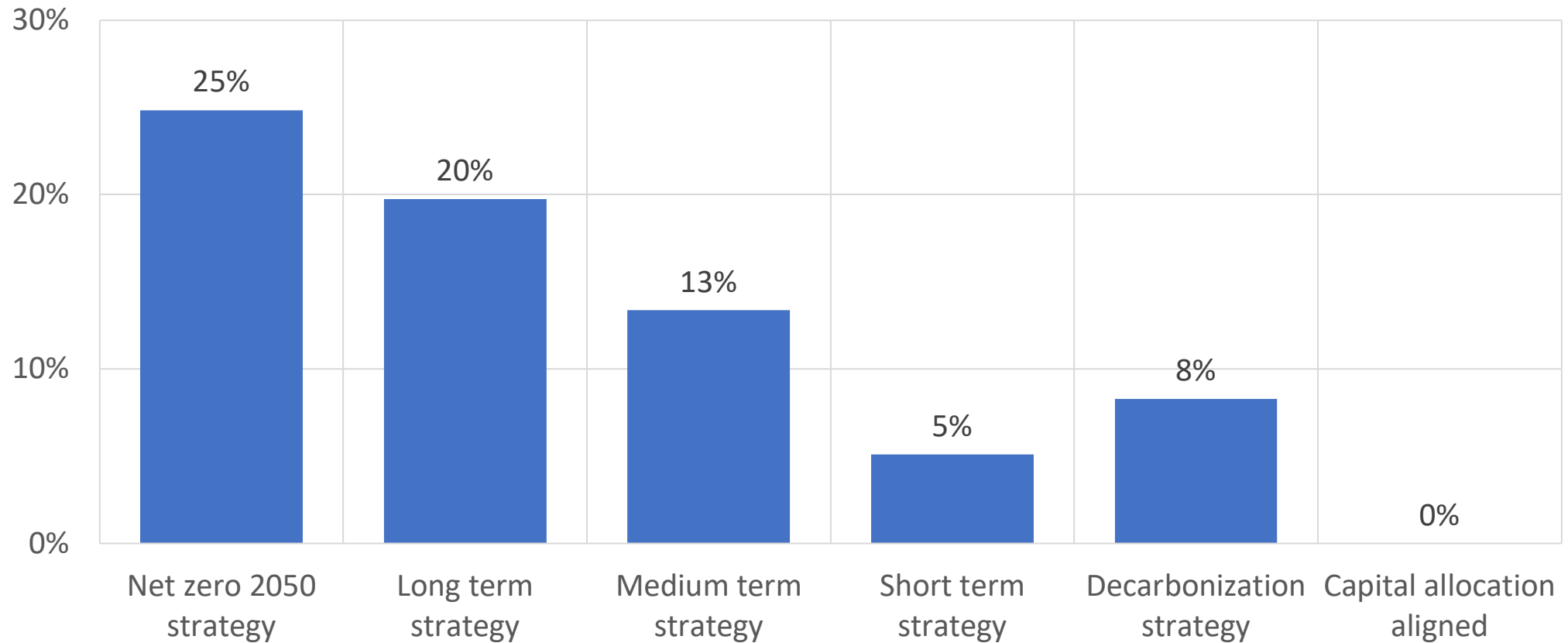
Sector with the biggest emissions from 157 MNEs



Scale Effect

Yet most of the 157 MNEs are insufficiently committed to climate change in the long, medium, and short-term

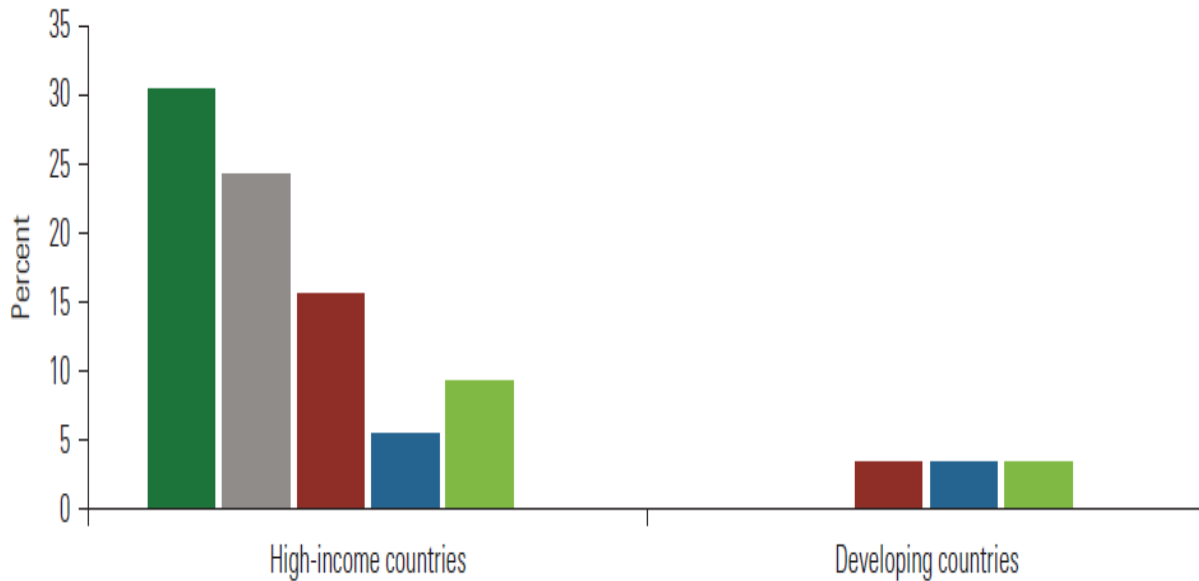
The climate commitments of 157 large MNEs



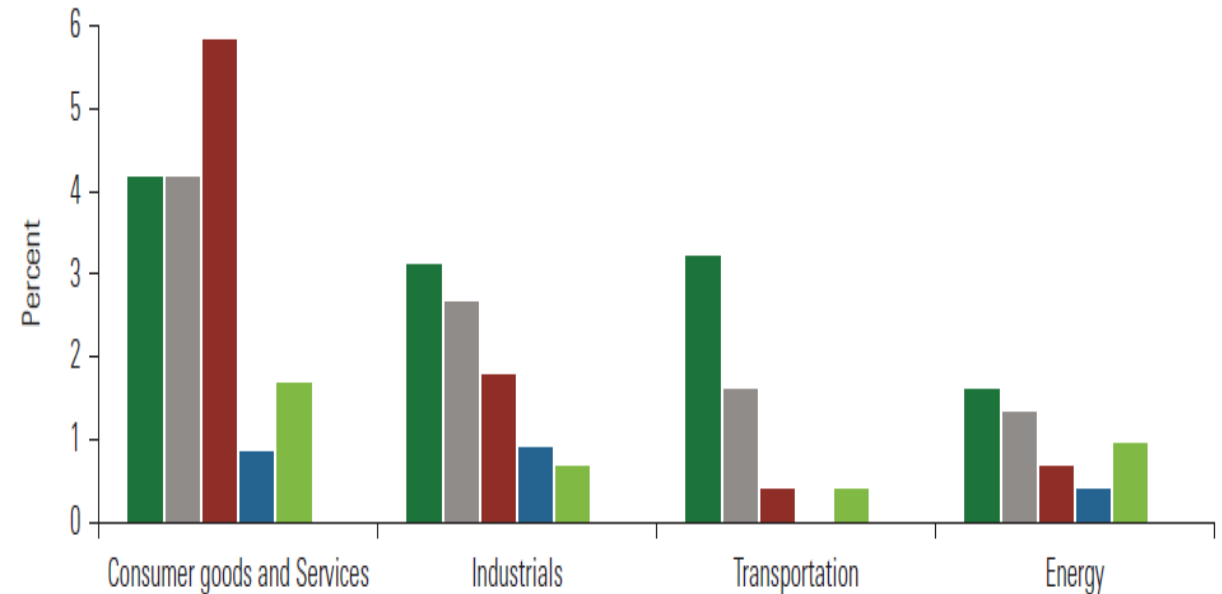
Scale Effect

More committed MNEs are in high-income countries and in consumer goods and services

The climate commitments of 157 large MNEs, by income level



The climate commitments of 157 large MNEs, by sector



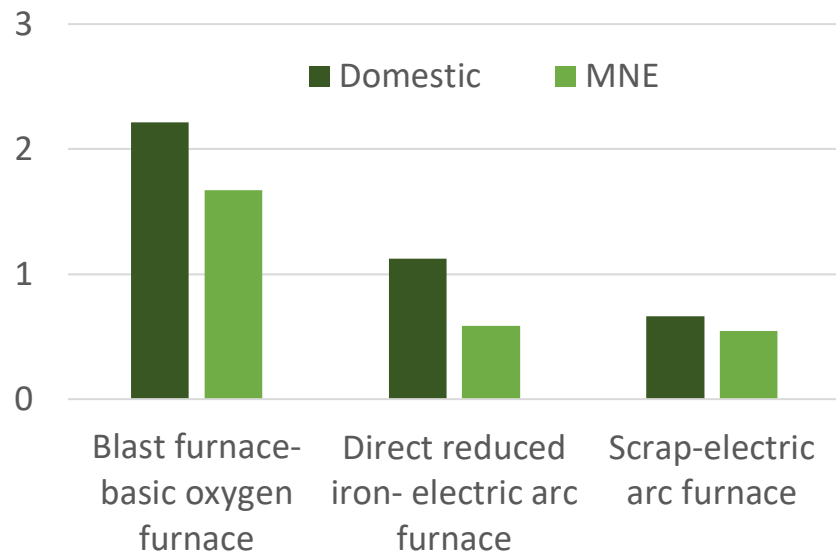
■ Net-zero 2050 strategy
 ■ Medium-term strategy
 ■ Decarbonization strategy
■ Long-term strategy
 ■ Short-term strategy
 ■ Capital allocation aligned

Technology Effect

Linkages with MNEs can help transfer “greener” technology and reduce emissions of domestic firms

MNEs’ production is less carbon-intensive than domestic firms

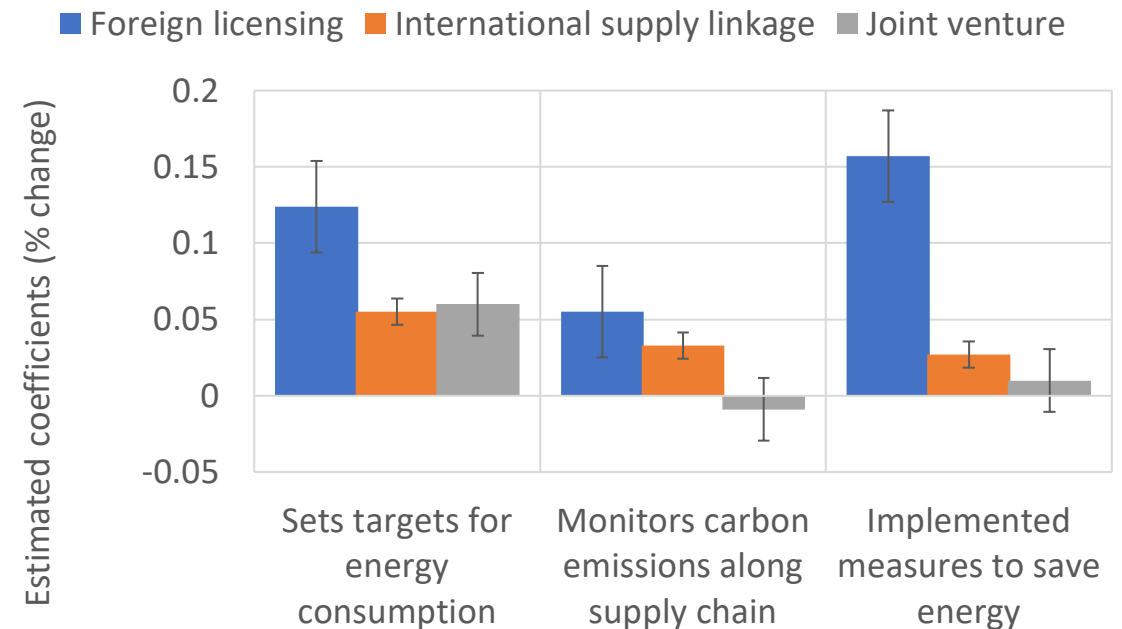
(CO₂e per metric ton of crude steel production)



Source: Authors’ calculations using CDP data.

Linkages with MNEs are associated with more “green” activities

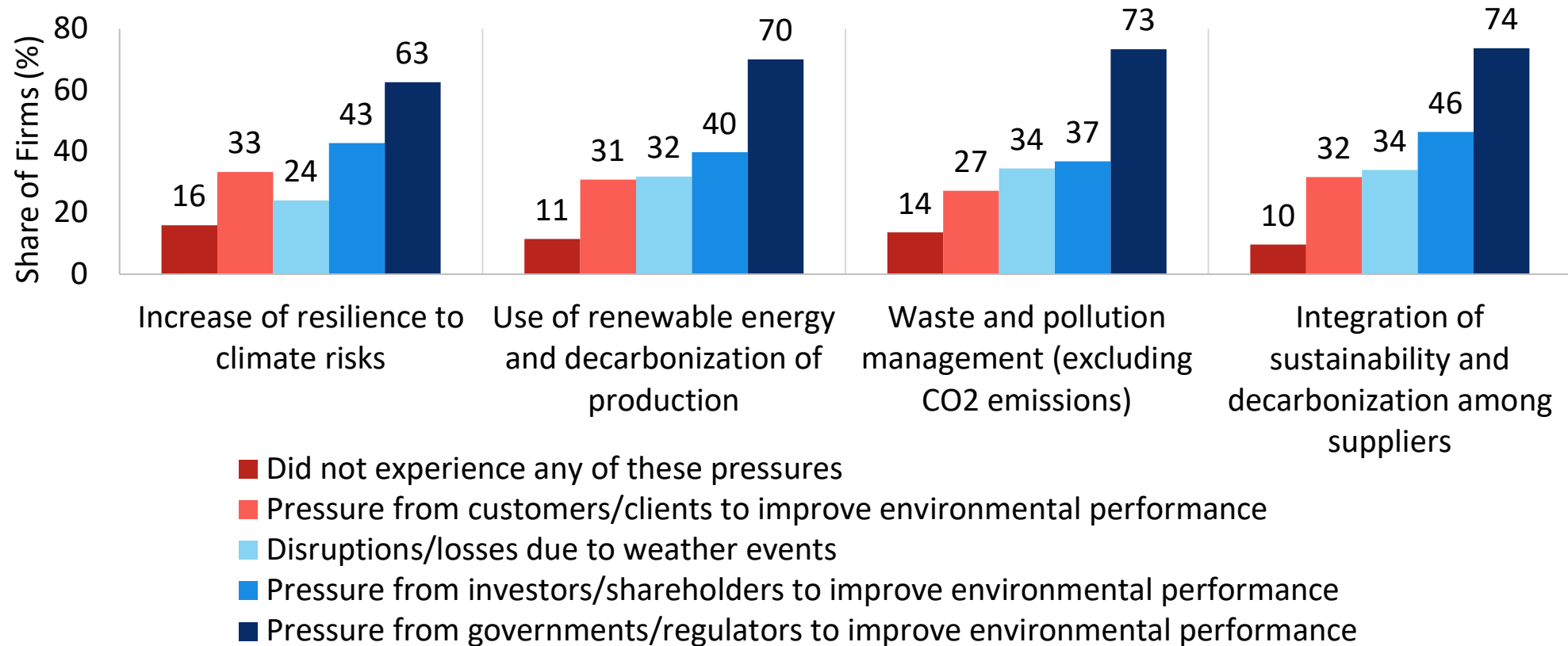
(Regression coefficients associated with MNE linkages vis-à-vis domestic firms)



Source: Authors’ calculations using data from the World Bank Enterprise Survey 2020. Note: Results are from individual regression. Each regression controls for country, sector, and year fixed effects as well as firm age and size. Coefficients are described as marginal effects.

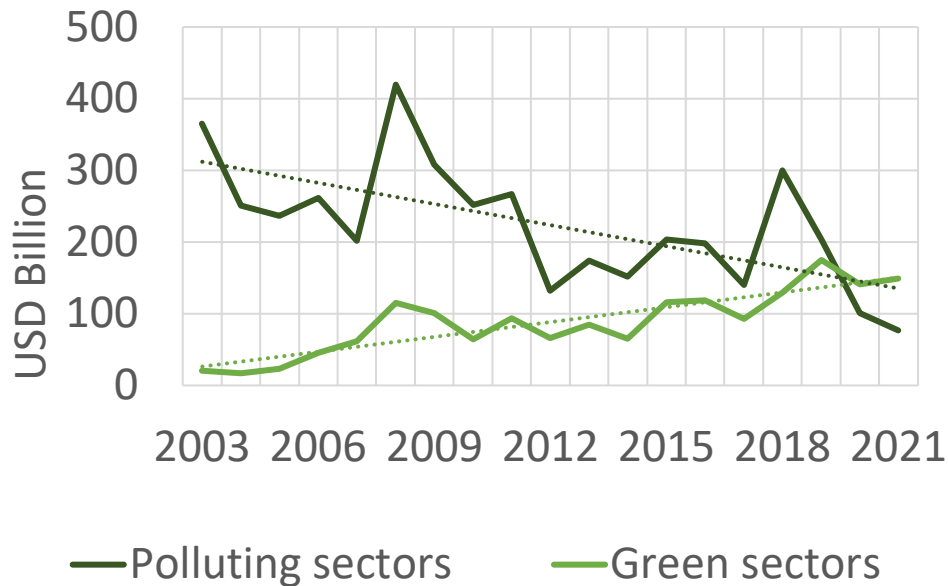
Government pressure is a key driver for MNEs to invest in sustainability initiatives

Question: Will your company invest in environmentally sustainable initiatives in developing countries in next 3 years?

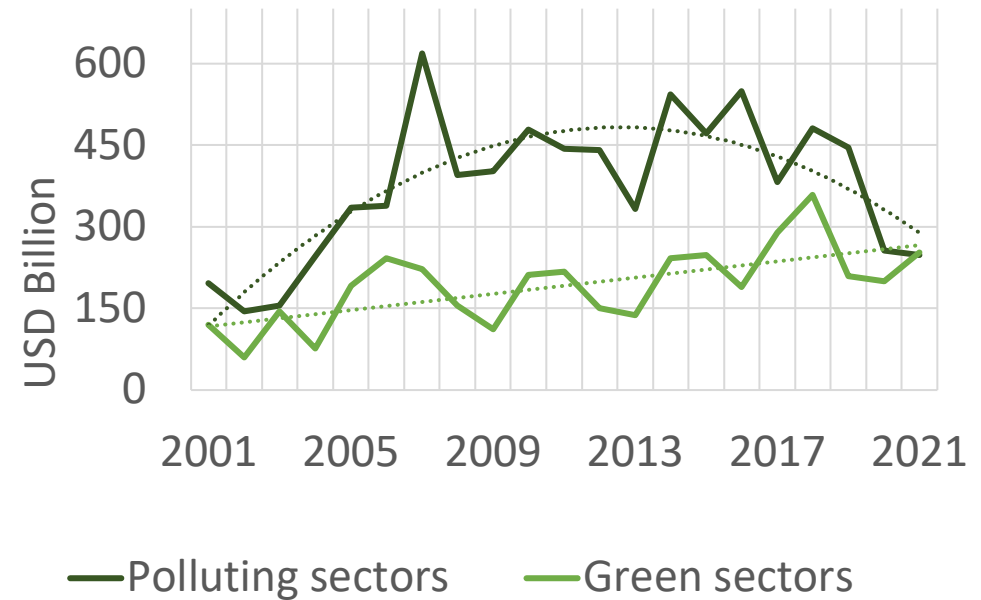


MNEs' cross-border investment (FDI) is increasingly shifting away from polluting and into green sectors

Greenfield FDI announcements

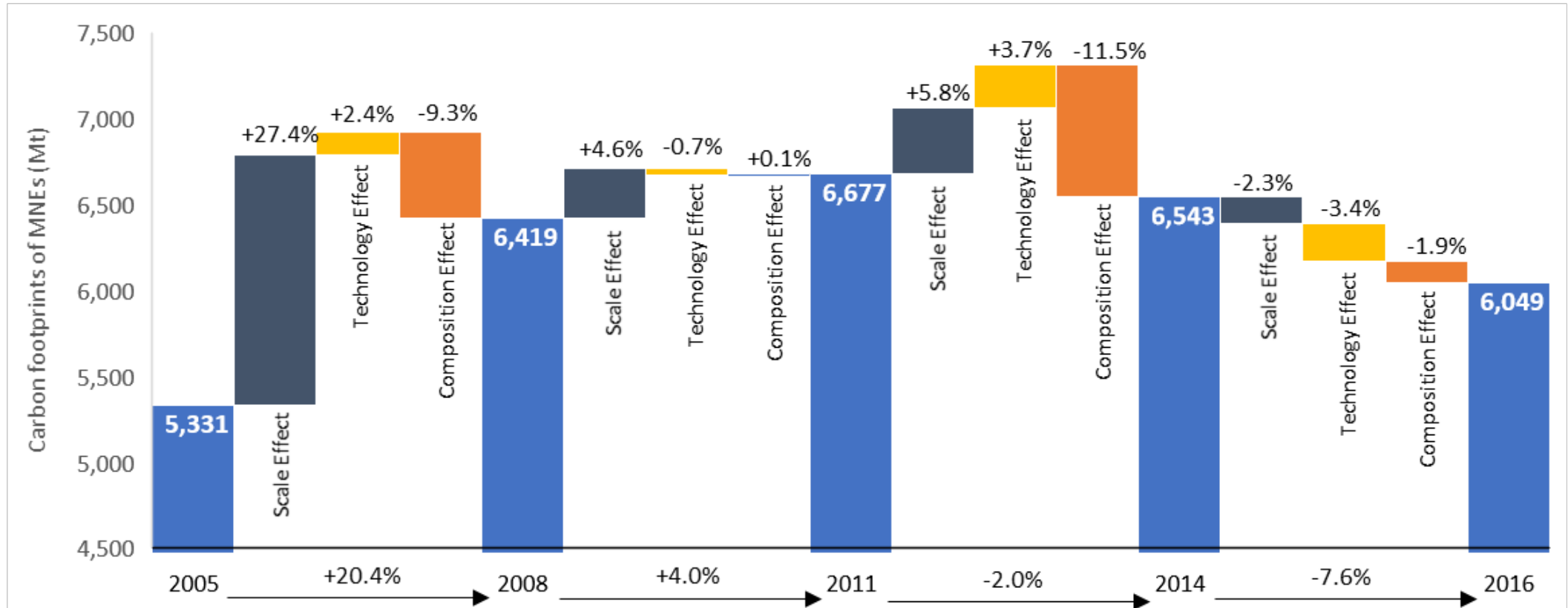


Mergers and acquisitions announcements

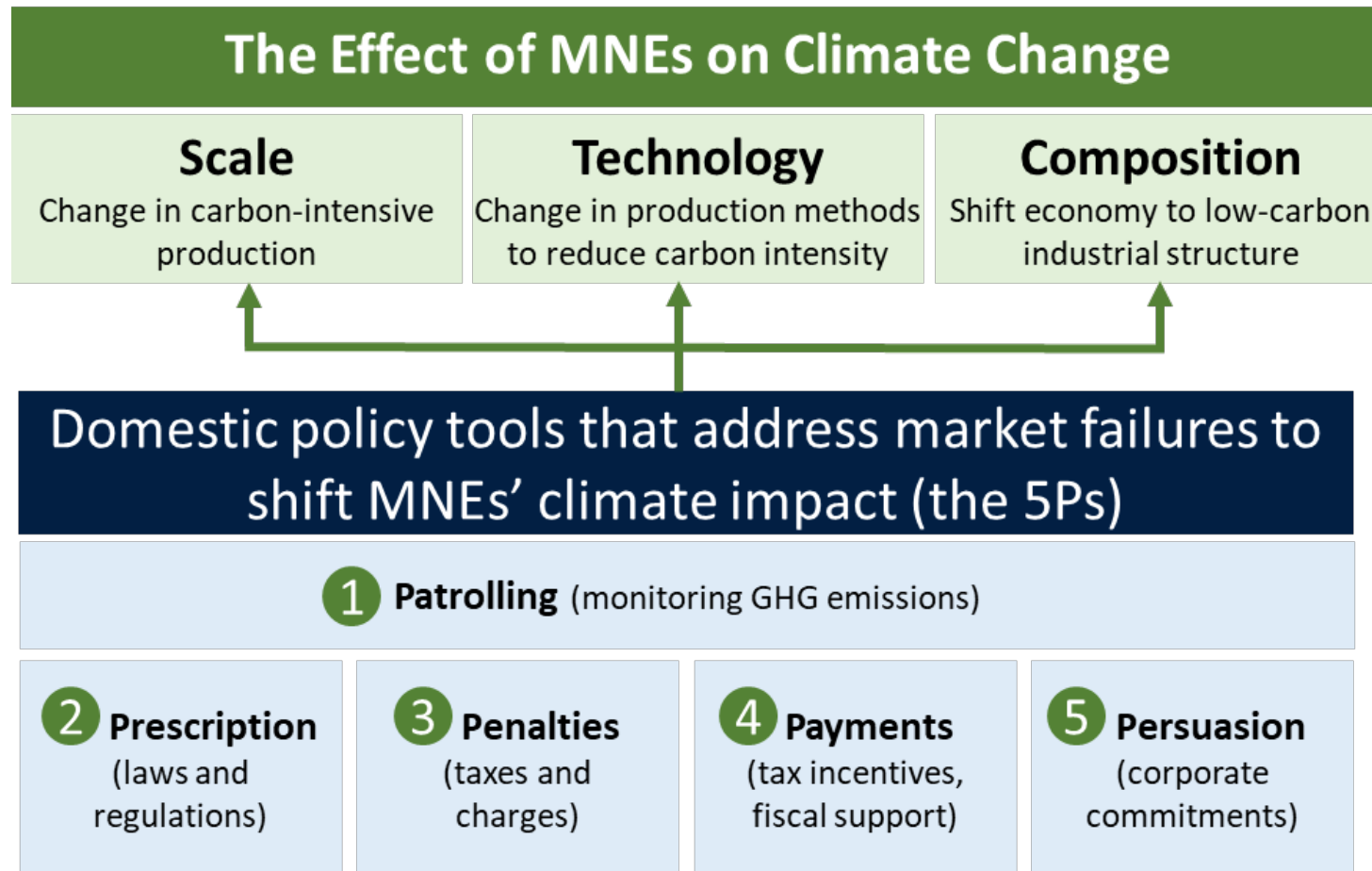


Source: Authors' calculations using FDImarkets and Refinitiv data. Note: sectors classified in accordance with EU Taxonomy for Sustainable Activities. The dotted lines provide the best-fitting trendlines.

In sum, the emissions embodied in the supply chains of MNEs by scale, technology, and composition effect.



Policymakers can deploy a range of policy tools to improve the impact of MNEs and FDI on climate change mitigation and adaptation



Policymakers can use a range of policy tools to improve the impact of MNEs and FDI on climate change mitigation and adaptation

	Objectives to improve MNEs' effect on climate change mitigation		
Domestic policy tools	Scale Channel Reduce carbon intensive production	Technology Channel Change in production methods to reduce carbon intensity	Composition Channel Shift economy towards a low-carbon industrial structure
Patrolling (monitoring emissions)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring firm-level GHG emissions (scope 1, scope 2 and scope 3) Voluntary reporting standards and environmental disclosure laws 		
Prescription (laws and regulations)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental standards Emission permits 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental standards Streamlined regulations for technology licensing, joint ventures, local sourcing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Restrictive business / FDI regulation for 'dirty' sectors Liberalized business/FDI regulation for 'green' sectors
Penalties (taxes and charges)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental taxes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental taxes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Higher income tax for 'dirty' sectors
Payments (tax incentives, fiscal support)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Buy-out schemes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incentives for green R&D, skills training, capital upgrades Incentives for technology licensing, JVs, supplier programs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tax incentives for 'green' sectors.
Persuasion (corporate commitment, information campaigns)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corporate commitment campaigns 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supply chain eco-certification ESG / Impact investing Investor aftercare on green re-investment / supplier linkages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'Green' investment promotion and facilitation

Thank you
for you
attention!



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