The World Bank is the largest external financier of education in the developing world. We support education programs in more than 90 countries and are committed to helping countries increase access to quality education at all levels, reduce Learning Poverty, and develop skills, by putting in place education systems that ensure opportunities for all.
Education is a human right, a powerful driver of development, and one of the strongest instruments for reducing poverty and improving health, gender equality, peace, and stability. It delivers large, consistent returns in terms of income and is the most important factor to ensure equity and inclusion.

For individuals, education promotes employment, earnings, health, and poverty reduction. Globally, there is a 9% increase in hourly earnings for every extra year of schooling. For societies, it drives long-term economic growth, spurs innovation, strengthens institutions, and fosters social cohesion.

Making smart and effective investments in people’s education is critical for developing the human capital that will end extreme poverty. At the core of this strategy is the need to tackle the learning crisis, put an end to Learning Poverty, and help youth acquire the advanced cognitive, socioemotional, technical, and digital skills they need to succeed in today’s world.

The World Bank’s global education strategy is focused on ensuring learning happens—for everyone, everywhere.

Over the last two decades, the World Bank has committed more than US$71 billion to supporting education projects, covering 150 countries and 25 regional states. This support has included technical assistance, loans, and grants designed to improve learning and provide everyone with the opportunity to get the education they need to succeed. The numbers highlight the importance of education for the achievement of the World Bank’s twin goals of ending extreme poverty and boosting shared prosperity. The total of new commitments has consistently increased over time—particularly over the last five years, when International Development Association (IDA) financing going to education projects has grown substantially.

There is strong demand for support: the World Bank’s most recent country opinion survey of stakeholders in low- and middle-income countries identified education as both the top development priority, and preferred priority area for World Bank Group support.

The World Bank is the largest external financier of education in the developing world. The Education Global Practice has a portfolio of 178 projects providing a total financing of $23.6 billion.

EDUCATION PORTFOLIO

In the last three fiscal years (FY 20-22), the World Bank’s new commitments averaged almost US$ 5 billion per year in projects designed to improve learning and provide children and youth with the education they need to succeed. Our current portfolio of education projects totals $23.6 billion including IBRD, IDA and Recipient-Executed Trust Funds. IDA operations comprise about 60% of the education portfolio.

This latest fiscal year, the World Bank also continued to be the largest implementing agency of Global Partnership for Education (GPE) grants to low-income countries. In addition to its portfolio, The World Bank currently manages 55% of GPE’s total grant portfolio ($1.98 billion of $3.60 billion in active grants).

The Education Global Practice (Education GP) provides implementation support to 178 projects for a total commitment of $23.6 billion. This includes: IDA credits/grants ($14.44 billion), IBRD loans ($8.56 billion), and Recipient-Executed Trust Funds ($610 million).

FINANCING

The Education GP focuses on technical education and skills development, early childhood education, primary education, secondary education, tertiary education, and fragile, conflict, and violence settings. The Education GP’s investments are targeted towards providing a total commitment of $23.6 billion.

EDUCATION LEVEL

World Bank investing by education level:

- Technical education and skills development: 25% (primary education)
- Early childhood education: 14% (technical education and skills development)
- Tertiary education: 15% (technical education and skills development)
- Secondary education: 22% (primary education)
- Fragility, Conflict & Violence Settings: 24% (technical education and skills development)

FINANCING BY EDUCATION LEVEL

- Technical education and skills development: $2.45 billion
- Early childhood education: $3.1 billion
- Tertiary education: $3.1 billion
- Secondary education: $3.9 billion
- Fragility, Conflict & Violence Settings: $5.35 billion

The World Bank comprises two institutions: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Development Association (IDA). They form part of the World Bank Group, which also includes the International Finance Corporation and the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency and the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes.

1 The World Bank comprises two institutions: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Development Association (IDA). They form part of the World Bank Group, which also includes the International Finance Corporation, the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency, and The International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes.

2 All dollars are in US$ unless otherwise indicated.

3 $23.6 billion is the total value of all active projects as of June 30, 2022.

4 In Recipient-Executed Trust Funds (RETIFs), the World Bank passes funds on to a third party while retaining an operational role, such as appraisal and supervision of the activities financed by these funds.

5 All numbers are as of June 30, 2022.

6 This does not include financing spent on public administration or other education funding.
**OUR GOAL**

By 2030, our target is to halve **Learning Poverty**—the share of 10-year-old children around the world who cannot read and understand a simple text. We are working toward the target by helping countries build foundational skills like literacy, numeracy, and socioemotional skills—the building blocks for all other learning. Throughout all education levels—from early childhood to tertiary education and beyond—we help children and youth acquire the skills they need to thrive in school, the labor market and throughout their lives.

**OUR VISION**

To ensure that everyone can achieve her or his full potential with access to a quality education and lifelong learning. We envision a world in which all countries prepare all their children and youth to succeed as citizens and have the tools to participate in their country’s development.

**OUR APPROACH TO REALIZING THE PROMISE OF EDUCATION FOR ALL**

To guide our policy advisory and operational support to countries, we focus on policy actions that are needed to accelerate learning and that characterize the way many successful systems operate. These are presented within five interrelated pillars of a well-functioning education system that underpin the World Bank’s education policy approach: learners, teachers, learning resources, schools, and system management.

**WHAT WE DO**

The World Bank works directly with governments, providing technical assistance, loans, and grants. We help countries share and apply innovative solutions to education challenges, focusing on systemic reform throughout the education cycle—from early childhood through tertiary education and lifelong learning. We do this by generating and disseminating evidence, ensuring alignment with policymaking processes, and bridging the gap between research and practice.

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**The World Bank’s annual new education commitments recently reached $US 5 billion**

The two lines refer to the two institutions comprising the World Bank: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Development Association (IDA). IBRD lends to governments of middle-income and creditworthy low-income countries. IDA provides interest-free loans—called credits—and grants to governments of the poorest countries.

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*The numbers shown are 3-year averages referring to new grants and loans agreed with countries. Each grant or loan is then executed in a period of 3-5 years.*

*Source FY00 - FY22 data is a Project Sector IBRD/IDA Summary Report.*
**SCALING UP IMPACT IN EDUCATION**

**Increasing focus on Fragility, Conflict & Violence (FCV) settings:**

Our engagement in education in FCV settings is rapidly increasing. Over a quarter of the Education GP’s portfolio was in FCV countries as of June 30, 2022.

**World Bank Education Investments Around the World (US$)—as of June 30, 2022**

- **East Asia and the Pacific:** $5.33B, 24 projects
- **Latin America and the Caribbean:** $2.60B, 14 projects
- **Middle East and North Africa:** $2.20B, 14 projects
- **Europe and Central Asia:** $1.87B, 19 projects
- **Sub-Saharan Africa:** $1.33B, 14 projects
- **South Asia:** $1.02B, 27 projects

**Relative Share of the Education Portfolio in FCV Countries (FY16 and FY21)**

- **FY16:** 9%
- **FY21:** 27%

**Key Results**

- **432 million** # of students reached through our active programs—1/3 of the students in current client countries
- **18 million** # of teachers reached through our active programs—nearly 1/4 of the teacher workforce in current client countries

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**LEARNING POVERTY: SPOTLIGHTING THE GLOBAL LEARNING CRISIS**

Even though most children are in school, a large proportion are not acquiring fundamental skills. Moreover, 244 million children are not even in school. This is a learning crisis that threatens countries’ human capital development. Without foundational learning, students often fail to thrive later in school or when they join the workforce. The learning crisis is undermining countries’ efforts to achieve Sustainable Development Goal 4 (SDG4): quality education for all by 2030.

To highlight this crisis, we worked with the UNESCO Institute for Statistics to introduce the concept of Learning Poverty—the percentage of children unable to read and understand a simple text by age 10. Even before the pandemic, progress had stalled: Learning Poverty had reached 57% in 2019. Pandemic-driven school closures have further deepened the crisis, sharply increasing the global estimate of Learning Poverty to 70%. In low-income countries, the level is as high as 90%. Such high levels of Learning Poverty are an obstacle to all future learning and a worrying sign that all global education goals are in jeopardy, including countries’ national benchmarks, let alone SDG4.

Without decisive policy action, the average child in a low- or middle-income country stands to lose 10% of their average annual earnings over their working lives. Overall, this generation of primary and secondary students in low- and middle-income countries risks losing $11 trillion of lifetime earnings (in present value). Unless urgent action is taken, learning losses will be larger for children from lower socioeconomic backgrounds, and in countries that had longer school closures.

There is an urgent need for a society-wide commitment to invest more and better in people. Eliminating Learning Poverty is as important as eliminating extreme monetary poverty, stunting, or hunger. To achieve it in the foreseeable future requires far more rapid progress at scale than we have yet seen.

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**LEARNING POVERTY:**

- **Learning Crisis (Pre-pandemic):** 52.6
- **Learning Crisis (Simulations):** 57.2
- **National benchmarks:** 70

**The pandemic deepened the existing learning crisis jeopardizing the achievement of SDG4**

- **% of children who cannot read & understand a simple text by age 10:**
  - 2015: 52.6
  - 2019: 57.2
  - 2022: 70

**Quality education for all:**

- 2030

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The COVID-19 pandemic has led to the worst education crisis in a century. The World Bank is providing up-to-date and evidence-based guidance and advice to countries to support them in making the difficult decisions they face in addressing the COVID-19 pandemic. Our support includes:

- Providing guidance on the most effective ways to keep children learning during and post-pandemic, through the Global Education Evidence Advisory Panel (GEEAP).
- Guidance on school re-openings.
- Remote learning assessment solutions.
- Bringing reading materials to homes.
- Building remote learning resource packs, with guidance on how to use multimodal technology (TV, radio, mobile, digital content, and platforms).
- Identifying and implementing professional development solutions for teachers.
- Measuring the quality of teaching practices in the classroom, and using these observations to provide continuous, practical support to teachers.

A RAPID Framework for Learning Recovery and Acceleration

A contextually-adapted learning recovery program, consisting of a mix of evidence-based strategies to recover and accelerate learning, can help get students back on their pre-pandemic learning trajectories.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REACH</th>
<th>ASSESS</th>
<th>PRIORITIZE</th>
<th>INCREASE</th>
<th>DEVELOP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Every child and keep them in school</td>
<td>Assess learning losses at national/sub-national level</td>
<td>Teaching the fundamentals</td>
<td>Building the evidence and improving actions that work</td>
<td>Рapid cycle for school well-being and ensure every school is ready to learn</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reopen schools safely and keep them open
Promote re-enrollment through back-to-school campaigns
Provide cash transfers to poor families
Use early warning systems to identify all-risk students

Assess learning losses at national/sub-national level
Provide teachers with tools for classroom-level measurement
Adjust curriculum across and within subjects
Support teachers. Continuously build practical pedagogical and digital skills
Build teachers’ capacity to support their students’ wellbeing and identify students in need of specialized services

Prioritize numeracy, literacy, and socioemotional skills
Focus instruction on closing the gaps between desired and actual student learning in specific subjects
Prioritize numeracy, literacy, and socioemotional skills
Use approaches that align instruction with learning needs: targeted instruction, structured pedagogy, tutoring, self-guided learning
Support teacher wellbeing and resilience

Assess learning needs: targeted instruction, structured pedagogy, tutoring, self-guided learning
Enhance learning with technology
Invest in students’ safety, nutrition, and access to water, sanitation, and hygiene facilities

Increase catch-up learning and progress beyond what was lost
Develop psychosocial health and well-being so every child is ready to learn

Identify and implement professional development solutions for teachers
Identify and implement professional development solutions for teachers
Use early warning systems to identify at-risk students

Support students’ wellbeing and identify students in need of specialized services

The $150 million Ghana Accountability for Learning Outcomes (GALOP) project is supporting a series of interventions to address the impacts of the pandemic on education and accelerate learning:

- **Scaling targeted instruction**: The project is supporting a remedial program that provides instruction aligned to student learning needs by grouping students by proficiency. The operation helped to train 70,000 teachers and produced new teaching and learning materials.
- **Self-guided learning**: The program supported the distribution of pre-loaded tablets for self-guided learning for students with special education needs.
- **E-learning**: The Edmodo Ghana learning management system serves as a platform for distance and hybrid learning, and ongoing communication between students, parents, and teachers.

How did we support countries during the pandemic?

The World Bank is providing up-to-date and evidence-based guidance and advice to countries to support them in making the difficult decisions they face in addressing the COVID-19 pandemic. Our support includes:

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### Key Thematic Areas

#### DATA
Data on Learning Poverty is missing for almost 2 in 5 school-aged children in low-income countries. The World Bank supports the development and use of data to measure, track, and use information for decision-making.

**Highlight:** UNESCO, UNICEF, and the World Bank have joined forces to close learning data gaps through the Learning Data Compact, a commitment to ensure that all countries have at least one quality measure of learning by 2025.

#### TEACHERS
The World Bank supports countries in shifting from traditional, ineffective in-service teacher training systems to tailored, practical, focused, and ongoing professional support informed by the fields of adult learning and behavioral science.

**Highlight:** Teach is the World Bank’s open access classroom observation tool, designed to help countries track and improve teaching quality and inform professional development. Teach is available in 12 languages and has been implemented in 35 countries, reaching at least 200,000 students.

#### INCLUSIVE EDUCATION
All children deserve the opportunity to be in school and learn so they acquire the skills and knowledge to thrive—regardless of their diverse educational needs.

**Highlight:** The World Bank’s aim is that all its investment projects will be disability inclusive by 2025.

#### ED TECH
Education is about human interaction, but technology can be a critical element to improve the effectiveness of teachers, principals, and schools. The World Bank works to discover evidence-based technology solutions, deploy solutions at scale, and diffuse this knowledge across policy makers.

**Highlight:** In Turkey, the Safe Schooling and Distance Education project aims to build future resilience in the education system, by creating a new hybrid learning model to support access to digital resources, and improve connectivity and access to education data.

#### EDUCATION FINANCE
We bring together multi-sectoral expertise to engage with ministries of education and finance and other stakeholders to develop and implement effective and efficient public financial management systems; build capacity to monitor, evaluate and project education spending needs (investment plan) in countries; and support countries to identify financial bottlenecks that impede effective spending in the education sector.

**Highlight:** The Education Finance Watch (EFW) is a collaborative effort among the World Bank, the Global Education Monitoring Report, and the UNESCO Institute of Statistics. It aims to provide an annual analysis of trends, patterns, and issues in education financing around the world.

#### GIRLS EDUCATION
Our projects are aimed at eliminating barriers to girls’ schooling, promoting safe and inclusive schools, improving the quality of education—including through gender-sensitive teaching—and developing skills for life and labor market success.

**Highlight:** In Nigeria, the Adolescent Girls Initiative for Learning and Empowerment is supporting girls’ education through:
- Expanded access to secondary education for girls through new and improved school infrastructure, and conditional cash transfers;
- Life skills training and digital literacy education, providing information on health and safety.

#### FCV
Our approach to education in fragility, conflict, and violence (FCV) contexts starts with recognizing that education of displaced people and refugees is a development issue, not only a humanitarian issue. Our strategy is to (i) use education to prevent the occurrence of violence; (ii) remain engaged in these contexts through humanitarian support; (iii) build resiliency in post-conflict settings; and (iv) address the needs of impacted communities.

**Highlight:** In Yemen, where conflict has caused a humanitarian disaster since 2015, the World Bank finances support to teachers, school meals, school supplies, and helps rehabilitate school infrastructure.

#### ACCELERATOR PROGRAM
The Accelerator Program works with a set of 10 countries that have the political commitment to measuring learning outcomes, set explicit learning targets, and implement a policy package of integrated interventions that can improve learning outcomes in the short and medium term, in a results-based approach.

**Highlight:** In Rwanda, the program is helping the ministry establish its National Strategy for Accelerated Learning, by working with senior government representatives on target setting, and building an investment case.

#### CLIMATE CHANGE
The World Bank helps: (i) harness the power of education for climate action, and (ii) assess and address the impact of climate on student learning. We generate evidence and implementation guidance to scale-up win-win solutions for achieving both Education and Climate goals.

**Highlight:** Three higher education projects in India are supporting 118 competitive research grants in climate change research and development projects, and 2 Research Centers of Excellence in fields addressing climate change issues.

#### MANAGEMENT CAPACITY AND SERVICE DELIVERY
Our approach to education incorporates a clear view to enhance system capacity for implementation to improve service delivery at all levels of the system—from schools to central ministries.

**Highlight:** In the Dominican Republic and Jamaica we supported the development of school principals’ careers, with new training programs emphasizing the pedagogical leadership of principals.
BUILDING CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE IN AFRICA TO ADDRESS REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES

Since 2014, the Africa Higher Education Centers of Excellence (ACE) Program has become synonymous with delivering quality and relevant post-graduate education that meets the demand for skills in priority fields.

- Between 2014 and 2020, the International Development Association (IDA) has invested over $580 million to support more than 70 centers in 20 countries in West, Central, East, and Southern Africa;
- These investments have supported over 14,000 Masters and PhD students in agriculture, health, and other sciences;
- The program continues to expand across Sub-Saharan Africa, focusing on improving teaching and learning, expanding access, and ensuring sustainability.

MOROCCO: IMPROVING EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT SERVICES IN RURAL POPULATIONS

The $450 million Improving Early Childhood Development Outcomes in Rural Morocco project, approved in 2021, is supporting critical interventions to boost access to quality early childhood development programs for rural populations, encompassing education, health, and nutrition services.

- The project is creating and equipping preschools in select rural areas, with a target to enroll an additional 100,000 children in 6,000 new preschool units;
- Over 4,100 preschool educators have already been recruited and trained on appropriate pedagogical practices;
- To promote stimulation and early learning during COVID-19 closures, a new TV program was broadcast to promote home-based playful learning.

FOCUS ON EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION AND TERTIARY EDUCATION

While COVID-19 poses huge challenges, the crisis offers an opportunity to transform and reimagine education, and to start realizing a vision for the Future of Learning where all children learn with joy, rigor, and purpose in school and beyond. The World Bank Group’s Education GP is supporting this future through multiple initiatives going forward.

BRINGING TOGETHER GLOBAL FUNDING TO MAXIMIZE RESULTS

The World Bank has launched two Trust Funds to streamline partner investments that support operations and amplify impact. The two funds will be complementary—covering lifelong learning. Beyond these two trust funds, the World Bank receives support through partner-specific trust funds.

THE FOUNDATIONAL LEARNING COMPACT (FLC)

A new umbrella trust fund designed to align partnerships, financing, and technical support around a few specific and measurable education outcome indicators, increasing Learning-Adjusted Years of Schooling (LAYS) (a metric which combines quantity and quality of schooling), and decreasing Learning Poverty. The FLC’s scope covers Early Childhood (including the Early Learning Partnership), Primary Education, and Secondary Education. It is designed around three pillars (measurement, policy, and knowledge and implementation capacity-building) with an emphasis on cross-cutting themes—financing, fragility, conflict and violence (FCV), inclusion, and technology.

TERTIARY EDUCATION & SKILLS (TES)

A new umbrella trust fund that aims to strengthen the policy framework and increase system-wide and institutional capacity, to enable access to relevant, quality, equitable, and resilient higher education, formal Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET), and youth and adult learning, which are aligned to labor market, economic, and societal needs. TES will help to align support for development of global public goods and co-financing of implementation grants around tertiary education and skills training of the current or imminent workforce.

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SELECTED GLOBAL PARTNERSHIPS AND INITIATIVES

At the global level, the World Bank promotes cross-regional and cross-sectoral knowledge; fosters in-depth technical knowledge and teams of experts through Global Solutions Groups and Thematic Groups; and incubates ideas, programs, and partnerships with multilateral, bilateral, foundations and civil society organizations in strategic areas of knowledge, advisory, and operational support.

The Literacy Policy Package (LPP) builds on interventions that successful countries have followed to help all children in classrooms become literate. It lays out five key elements that have proven successful in rapidly improving reading proficiency levels at scale:

1) Ensure political and technical commitment to making all children literate;
2) Ensure adequate amounts of effective literacy instruction by supported teachers;
3) Provide quality, age-appropriate books and texts to children;
4) Teach children first in the language they speak and understand best, and
5) Foster children’s language abilities and love of books and reading.

The Global Education Policy Dashboard (GEPD), developed by the World Bank’s Education Global Practice, can help countries reduce Learning Poverty. This tool offers a strong basis for identifying priorities for investment and policy reforms that are suited to each country context by focusing on the three dimensions of practices, policies, and politics.

GEPD

1. Highlights gaps between what the evidence suggests is effective in promoting learning and what is happening in practice in each system;
2. Allows governments to track progress as they act to close the gaps.

The GEPD has been implemented in seven education systems—Ethiopia, Jordan, Madagascar, Niger, Peru, Sierra Leone and Rwanda—and preparation is ongoing in eight more countries with expected completion by the end of 2024.

The Global Education Evidence Advisory Panel (GEEAP), co-convened by the World Bank, the UK’s Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office and UNICEF Office of Research-Innocenti, brings together a diverse group of leading researchers and practitioners to provide guidance for policymakers. It is chaired by Professor Kwame Akyeampong of The Open University and Dr. Rukmini Banerji, CEO of Pratham.

- The first GEEAP report focused on cost-effective policies to improve education access and foundational learning;
- The second report offers guidance on how to reverse the devastating learning losses caused by the pandemic.

“Education changes lives. We know that. It is time to act and guarantee that at the global and country level, there is the political commitment to ensure the human and financial resources needed to make quality education for all a reality.”

— Jaime Saavedra
World Bank Global Director for Education
For more information about the World Bank’s work in Education, please visit: www.worldbank.org/education

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