

Region: East Asia and Pacific

Income Category: Upper Middle Income

Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Tonga in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is 4 per 1,000 live births (2023), compared to 5 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Children who are developmentally on track. In 2019, 79% of children (ages 36-59 months) were developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **99%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine. This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

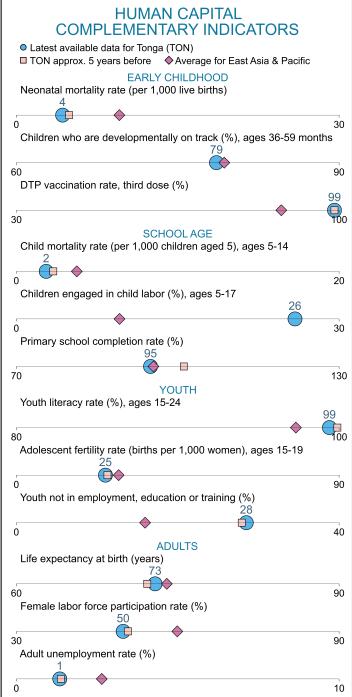
- Child mortality rate. The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is 2 per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Children engaged in child labor. The share of children (ages 5-17) who are engaged in economic activities is 26% (2019). The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **95%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2023), compared to 101% in 2020. The indicator is similar to the regional average.

YOUTH

- Youth literacy rate. The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is 99% (2021), compared to 100% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is 25 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Youth not in employment, education or training. In 2024, 28% of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training. This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is **73** years (2023), compared to 72 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Female labor force participation rate. Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **50%** (2024), compared to 51% in 2019. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is 1% (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the OR code.

