



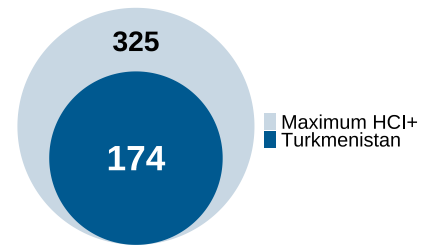
TURKMENISTAN

Region: Europe & Central Asia
Income Category: Upper-middle Income

Human capital - people’s knowledge, skills, and health - drives productivity and growth. The Human Capital Index Plus (HCI+) measures the human capital a child born today can expect to accumulate over their working life, extending the original HCI by incorporating tertiary education and work experience. This brief summarizes **Turkmenistan’s** HCI+ score and its performance in building human capital.

What is Turkmenistan’s HCI+ and what does it mean?

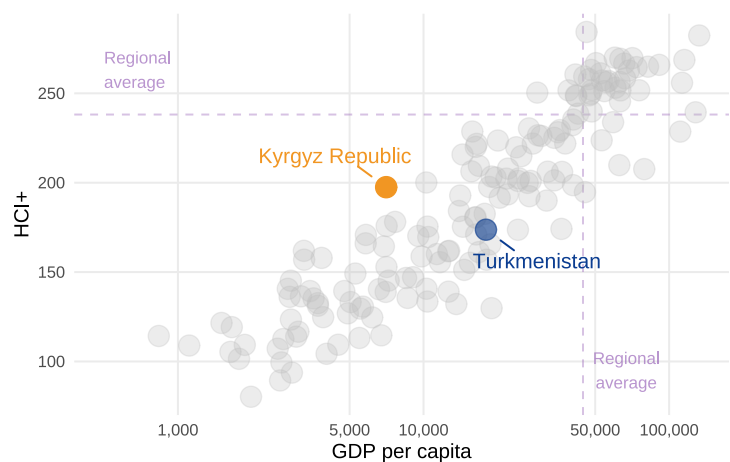
Turkmenistan’s HCI+ score is **174** (out of a maximum of **325**), reflecting its investments in **health, education, and employment**. A 10-point increase in the index would translate into approximately 10 percent higher future income. Closing the current gaps in these areas relative to high-performing countries with similar GDP per capita would boost future income by 83%.



How does Turkmenistan’s HCI+ compare to other countries?

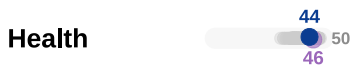
Turkmenistan’s HCI+ is lower than the average for the **Europe & Central Asia region (240)** and lower than the average for **upper-middle-income countries (204)**.

Turkmenistan’s HCI+ score is also **24 points lower than Kyrgyz Republic’s**.



What explains Turkmenistan’s HCI+?

The HCI+ has three components corresponding to health, education, and employment.



The HCI+ score for the **Health pillar is 44**, slightly lower than the **regional average of 46**.



The HCI+ score for the **Education pillar is 112**, lower than the **regional average of 146**.

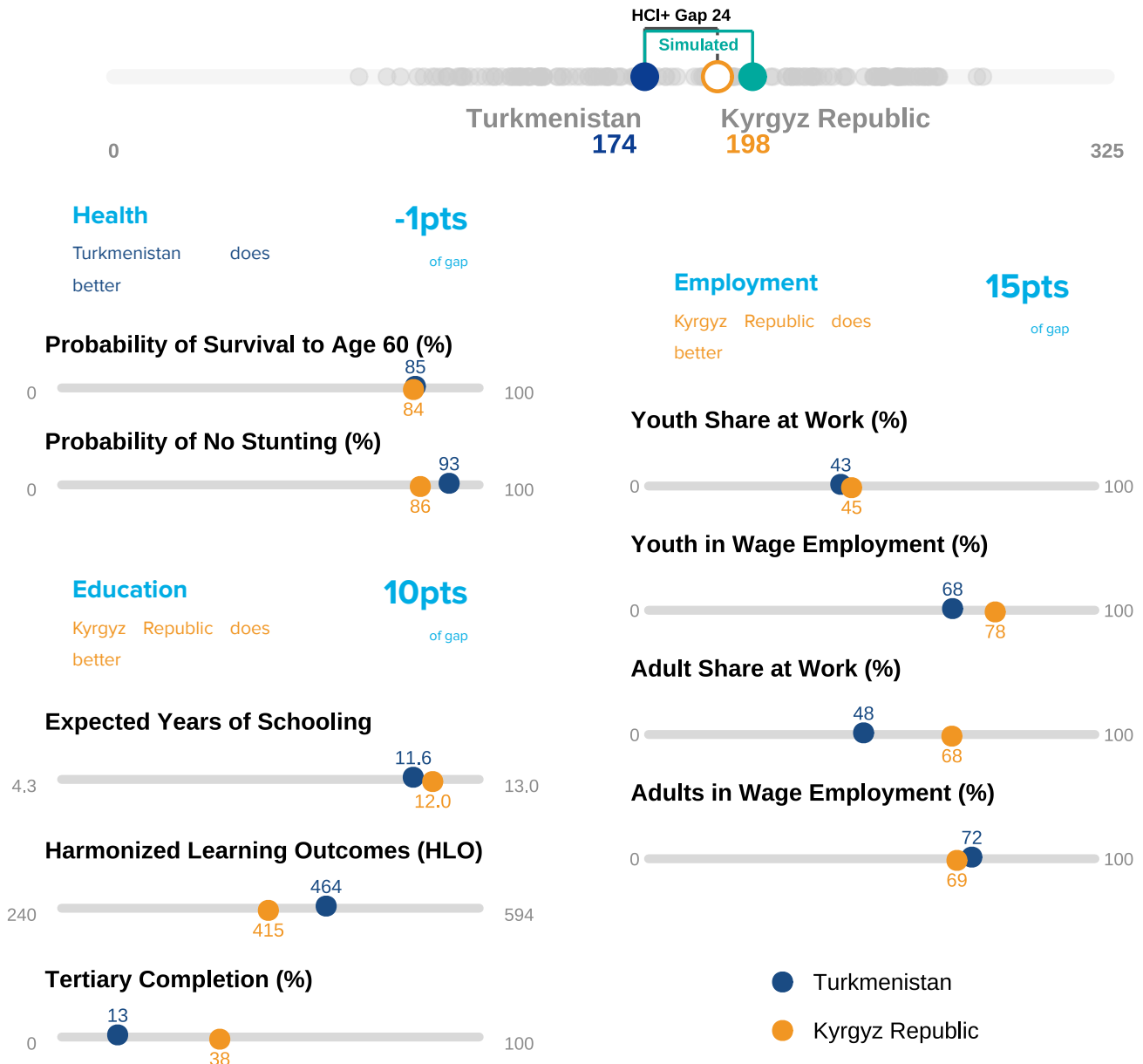


The HCI+ score for the **Employment pillar is 18**, lower than the **regional average of 48**.



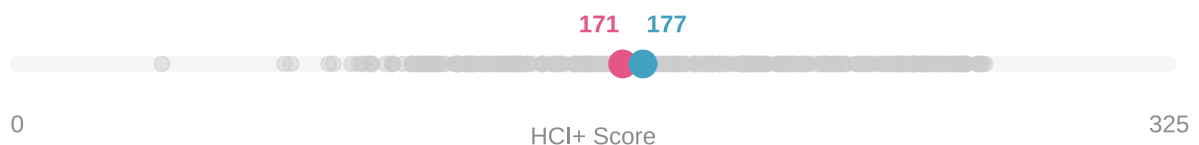
What indicators are responsible for Turkmenistan's HCI+ gap with Kyrgyz Republic?

Turkmenistan's HCI+ score (174) is lower than Kyrgyz Republic's (198). The indicators that account for the largest share of the HCI+ gap between Turkmenistan and Kyrgyz Republic are **tertiary completion, adult share at work, and expected years of schooling**. Raising these indicators to Kyrgyz Republic's levels would increase Turkmenistan's score to **209**, boosting future income by approximately 35.7%.



What is Turkmenistan's HCI+ gender gap?

The HCI+ score for **women in Turkmenistan is 171** compared to **177 for men**. The 6-point gap indicates that women's earning potential will be 6% lower than men's due to differences in the human capital acquired by men and women in Turkmenistan.



Note: All values are derived from internationally comparable public datasets.

