Syrian Arab Republic

Aid Efficiency At a Glance – 2026

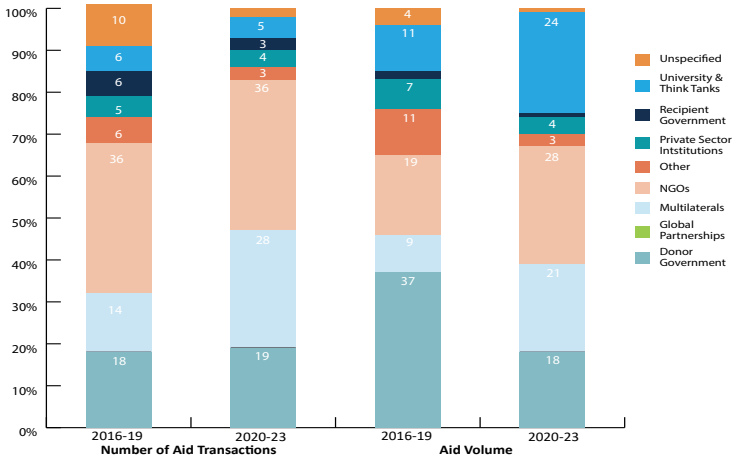
HIGHLIGHTS FOR 2016-23[1]

1. In Syrian Arab Republic, the aid volume decreased by 12%, while the number of donor agencies grew steadily by 8% in 2016-23.
2. Syrian Arab Republic had 153 donor agencies on average in 2016-23.
3. During 2020-23, 3% of total transactions and 1% of the volume were provided through the government, compared to 25% and 54% for low income countries overall in 2020-23.
4. The number of transactions grew by 31%, while the size of transactions declined by 33% in 2016-23.
5. 140 out of 159 donor agencies provided the bottom 10% of aid in 2020-23.

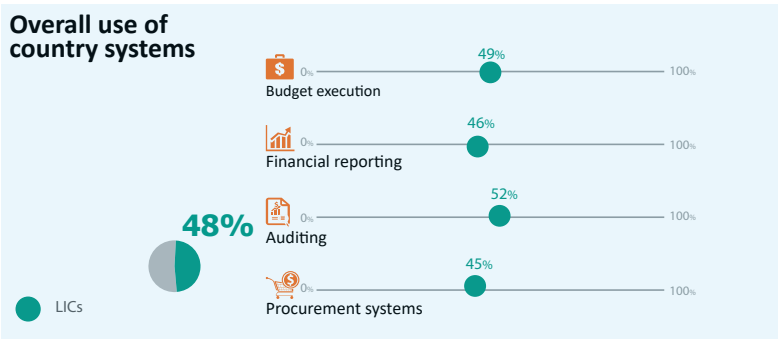
KEY INDICATORS OF AID PROLIFERATION, FRAGMENTATION & CIRCUMVENTION

Description	2016-19	2020-23	% Δ in 2016-23	Comparable % Δ in 2016-23 for LICs
1. Aid volume ($ million)	3,561	3,133	-12%	18%
2. Number of official donor agencies	147	159	8%	12%
3. Number of transactions	2,525	3,296	31%	29%
4. Transactions, size ($ million)	1.41	0.95	-33%	-9%
5. Government channels: % of total transactions	6%	3%	-3%	1%
% of aid volume	2%	1%	-1%	5%
6. Share of aid volume through pooled funds and other aid types	27%	11%	-17%	-1%

SHARE OF AID FLOWING THROUGH GOVERNMENT

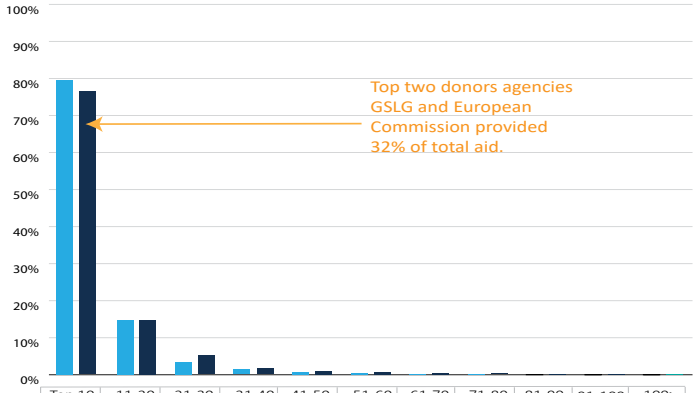


TRENDS IN USE OF COUNTRY SYSTEMS[2]



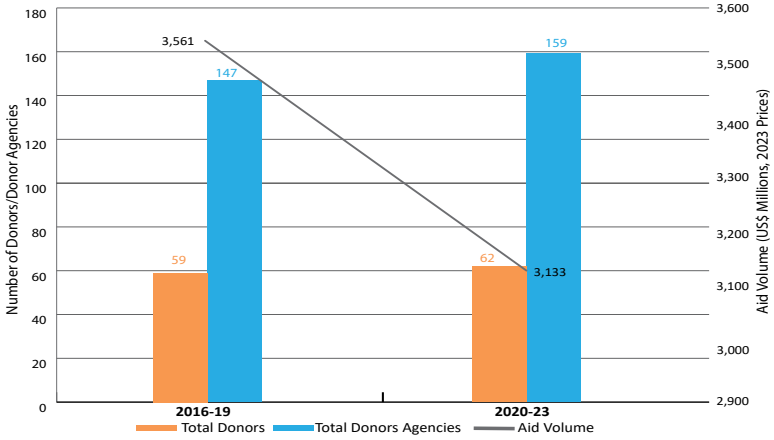
TRENDS IN AID PROLIFERATION AND FRAGMENTATION FOR 2016-23

SHARE OF AID FLOWS BY TOP DONORS AGENCIES

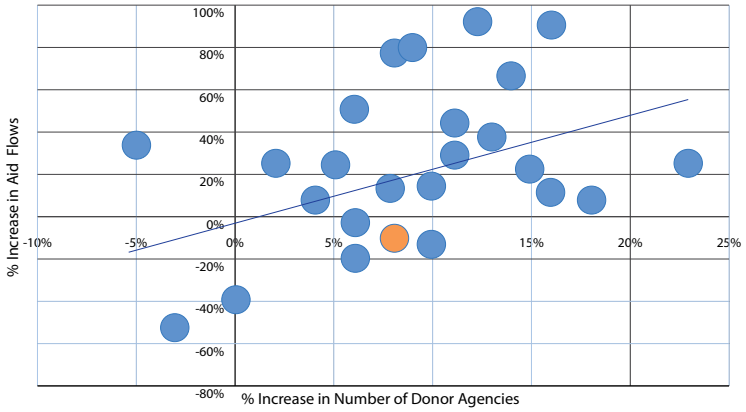


	Top 10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	100>
2016-19	79.46%	14.58%	3.33%	1.30%	0.61%	0.31%	0.18%	0.11%	0.07%	0.03%	0.02%
2020-23	76.33%	14.62%	5.11%	1.59%	0.91%	0.60%	0.36%	0.23%	0.12%	0.07%	0.07%

AID FLOWS AND COUNT OF DONOR/DONOR AGENCIES



CORRELATION BETWEEN % CHANGE IN AID FLOWS AND % CHANGE IN NUMBER OF AGENCIES[3]



SHARE OF AID FLOWING THROUGH POOLED FUNDS AND OTHER AID TYPES[4]

Funding Instrument / Aid Type (share in %)	Syrian Arab Republic	
	2016-19	2020-23
Budget Support	0.00%	0.04%
Basket Pooled Funding	21.56%	1.38%
Specific Purpose Contributions	5.75%	9.13%
Sub-Total	**27.31%**	**10.55%**
Project Type Interventions	57.11%	58.16%
Experts and Technical Assistance	4.02%	3.62%
Sub-Total	**61.13%**	**61.78%**
Unspecified	11.56%	27.66%
Total	**100.00%**	**100.00%**

1. Aid is defined as Country Programmable Aid Official Financial Flows (CPAOFF), which is based on the OECD's definition of Country Programmable Aid (CPA) and on OFF. It reflects the amount of aid that involves a cross-border flow and is subject to multi-year planning at the country/regional level.
2. The chart is based on data from the Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC), whose income group classifications and methodology may differ from those of the World Bank as they apply the UN classification for Least Developed Countries (LDCs). Since GPEDC data for Syrian Arab Republic is unavailable, the trend elements for this country are blank, and only the data for its related income group are shown.
3. The orange dot represents Syrian Arab Republic and the blue dots represent other LIC countries. X axis corresponds to % change in the number of donor agencies between 2016-19 and 2020-23; Y-axis represents % change in the aid volumes between 2016-19 and 2020-23. The two variables have a relatively weak correlation (<10%). Syrian Arab Republic is below the trend line. The trend line reflects the average direction of growth in aid volumes, which was much higher than the increase in donor agencies in LICs.
4. Basket pooled funding: Contributions to funds in which donors relinquish exclusive control and share responsibility with other stakeholders. Specific purpose contributions: Bilateral contributions to funds with a defined sectoral, thematic, or geographical focus.