

Listening to Kazakhstan

• L2Kaz provides high-frequency panel survey data on wellbeing

Collaboration between the World Bank and UNICEF

• Similar initiatives in Tajikistan, the Kyrgyz Republic, and Uzbekistan

• Blends traditional welfare monitoring with polling-type questions, filling a gap in the policy generation process

Objectives

• Promote evidence-based policy and decision making

Assessing the impact of policies and reform

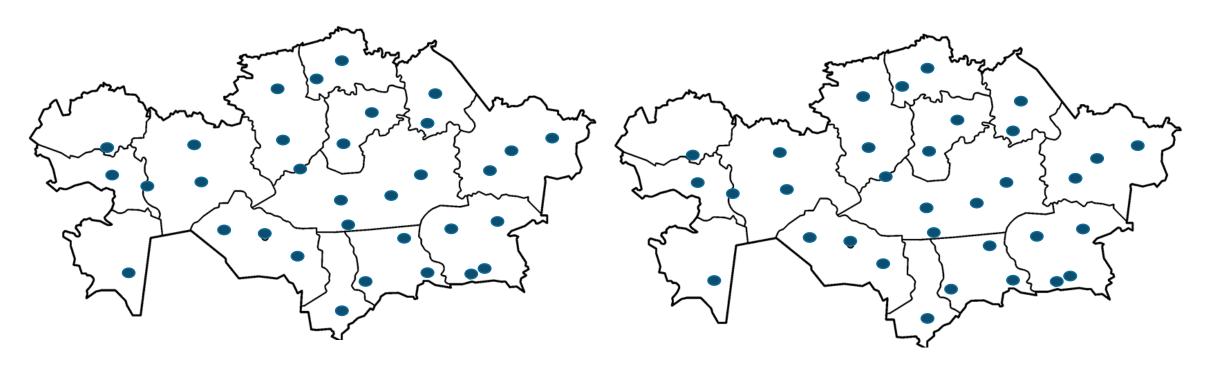
• Traditional surveys are conducted less frequently, but some decisions must be made urgently

 Approach proven very useful in region, particularly responding to shocks

Sample Design: maintaining representativeness

In the baseline survey, each blue dot represents **20 households**

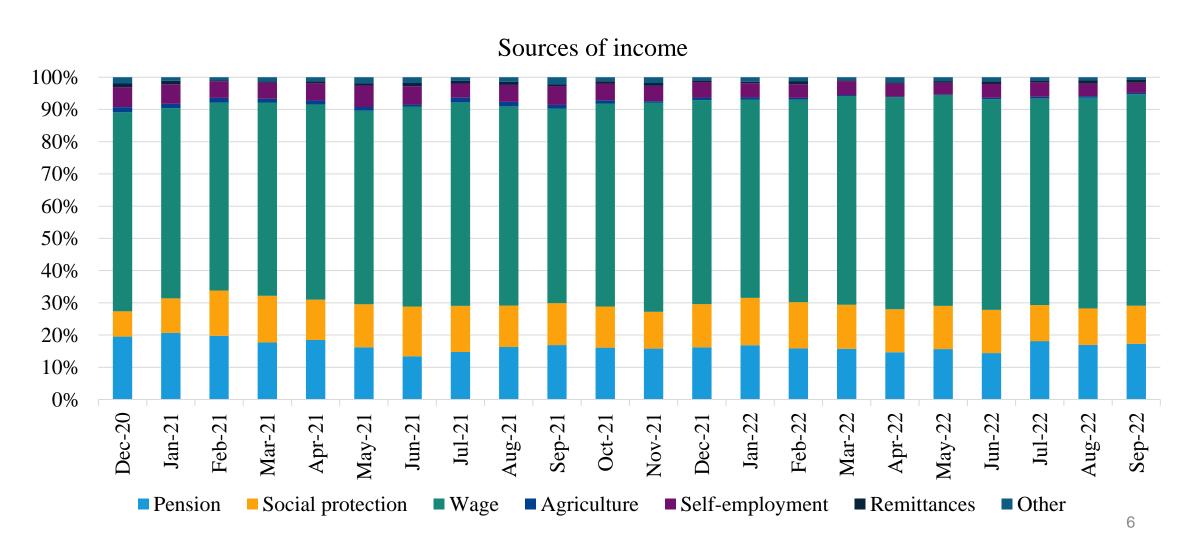
In the panel, each blue dot represents 7 or 8 households – every month



The Listening to Kazakhstan survey

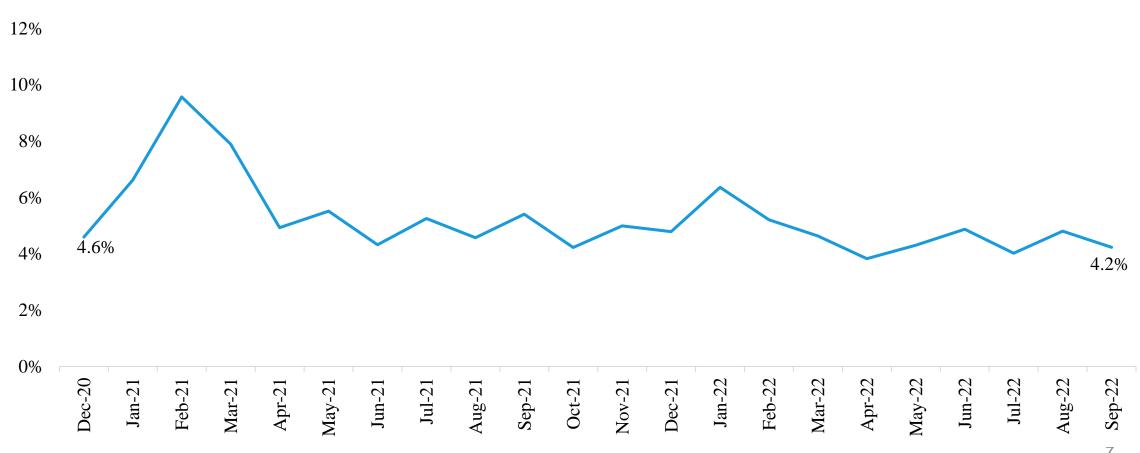
Timing	 Baseline completed in October 2020 Monthly rounds thereafter 34,552 interviews completed
Sample size	• 1400-1500 households (2000 for 6 months)
Geographic coverage	Representative of major cities, urban, and rural areas
Survey content	 9 core modules (demographics, shocks, wellbeing, migration, employment activity, opinions, incomes, savings, COVID-19) 1 rotating module (children's education, immunization, child's safety, etc.)
Similar surveys in other countries	 Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyz Republic The survey design is also linked to the World Bank global rapid assessment monitoring framework

Share of wage income rose while share of income from self-employment fell

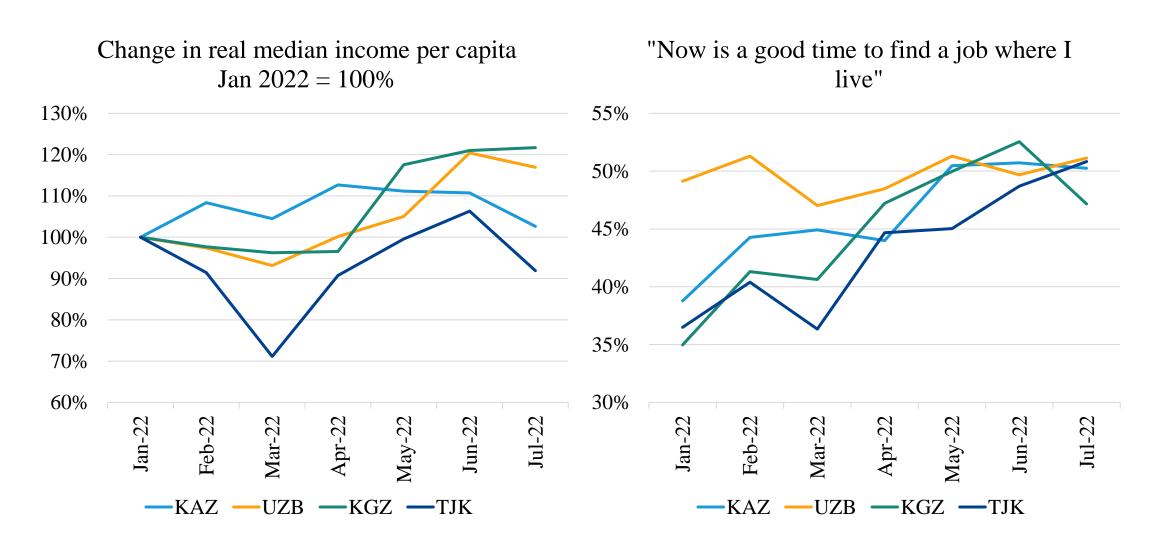


Not working remained consistently low over the last two years despite some temporary fluctuations

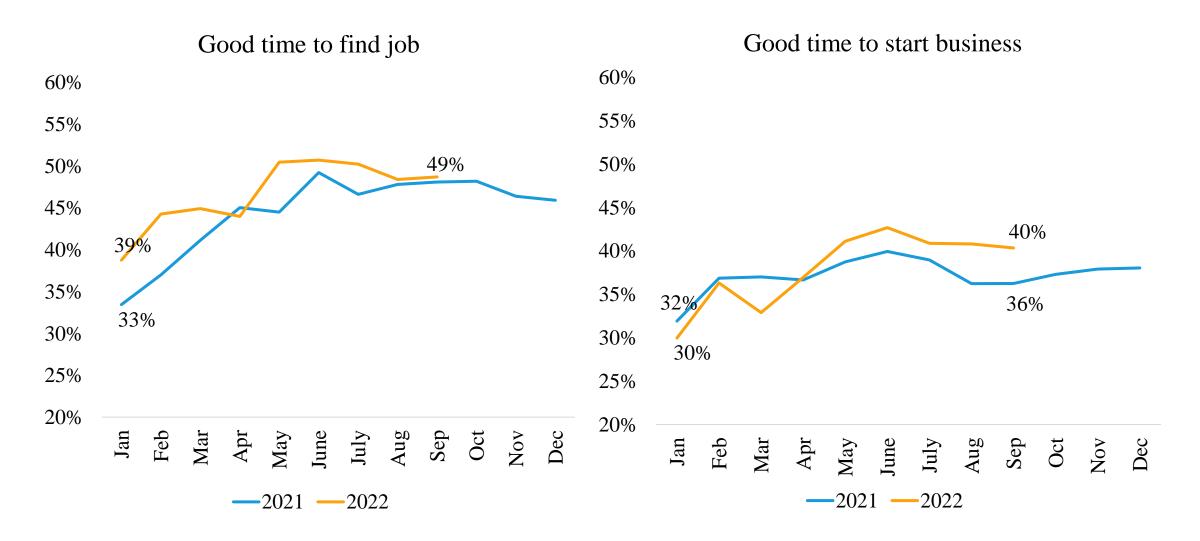
Not working and looking for a job



Despite uncertainty, incomes rose faster than inflation in the first half, rising optimism on jobs

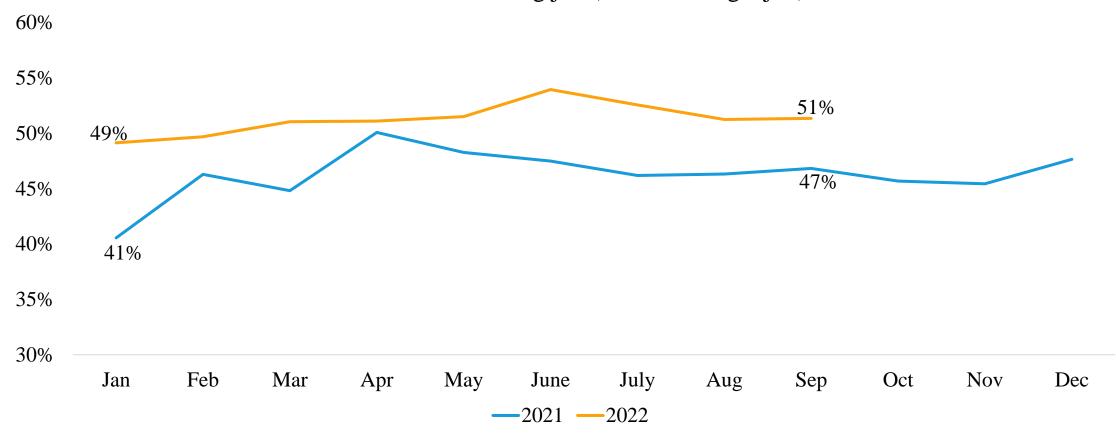


Labor market conditions getting more optimistic in 2022 compared to 2021



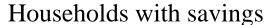
However, higher share of workers worried about losing jobs in 2022

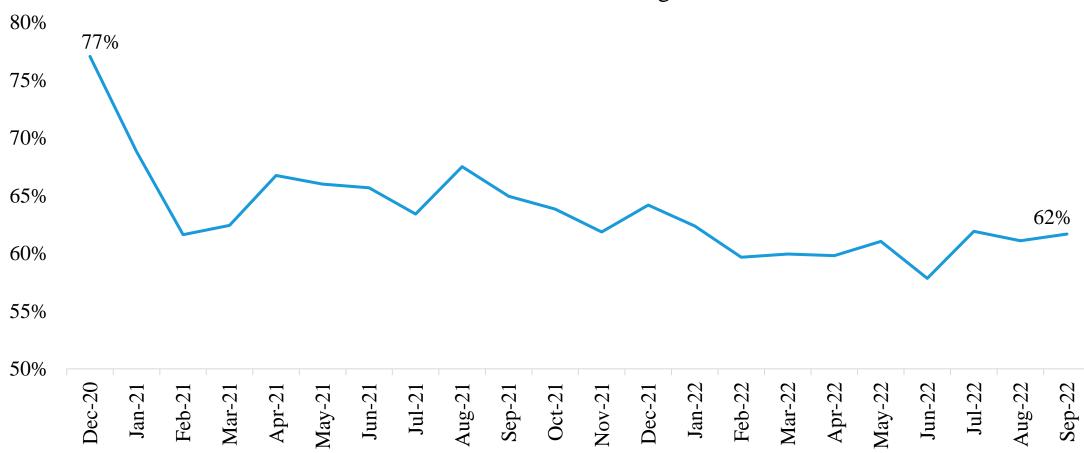
Worried about losing job (or not finding a job)



Listening to Kazakhstan: I am worried about losing my job (or not finding a job)

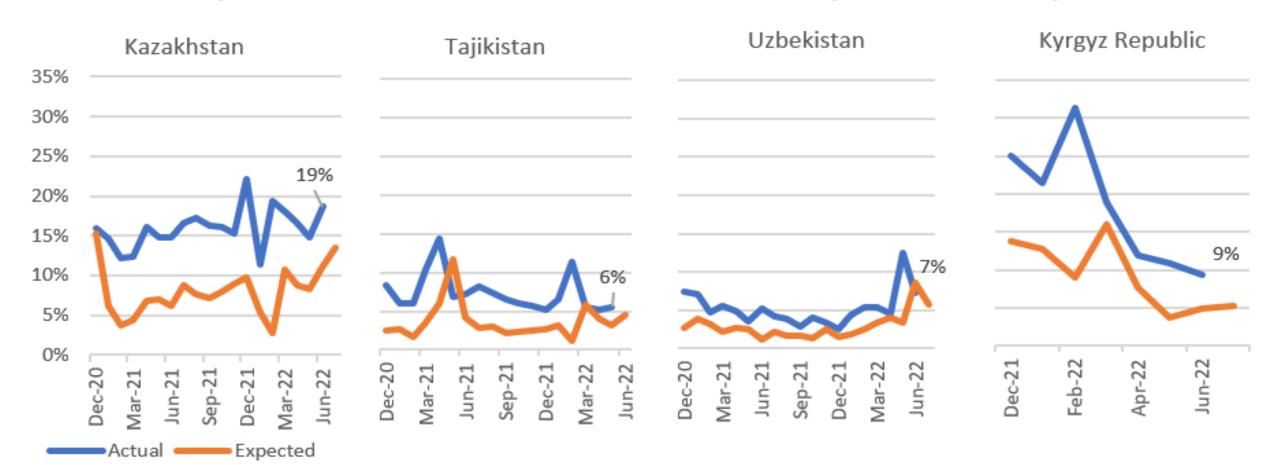
Despite decrease, a significant share of households report savings



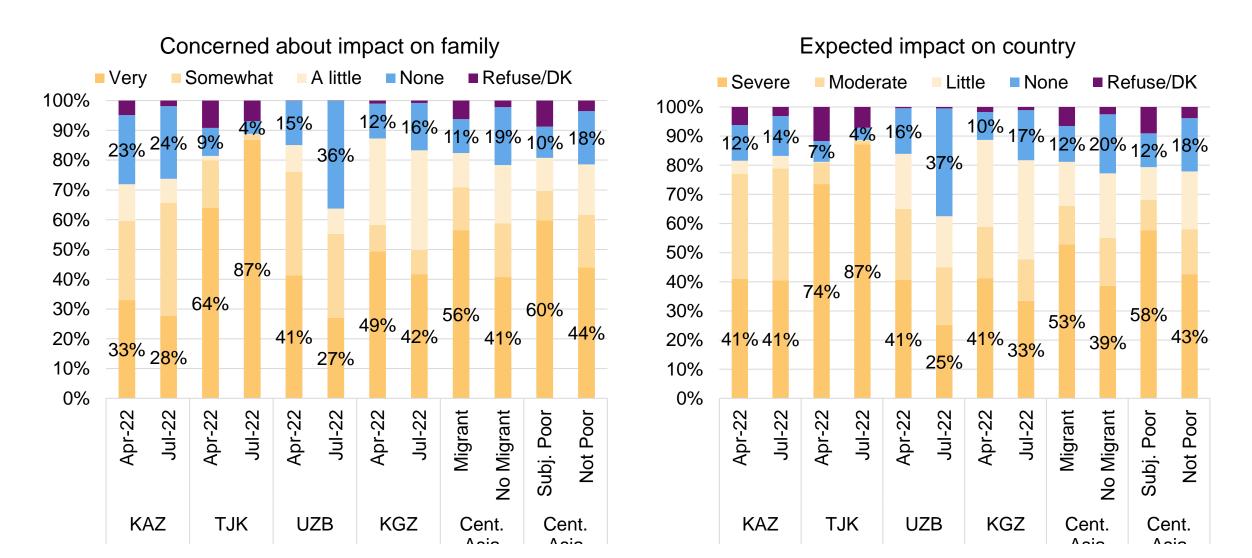


Fluctuations in well-being often linked to surprise deterioration in household finances

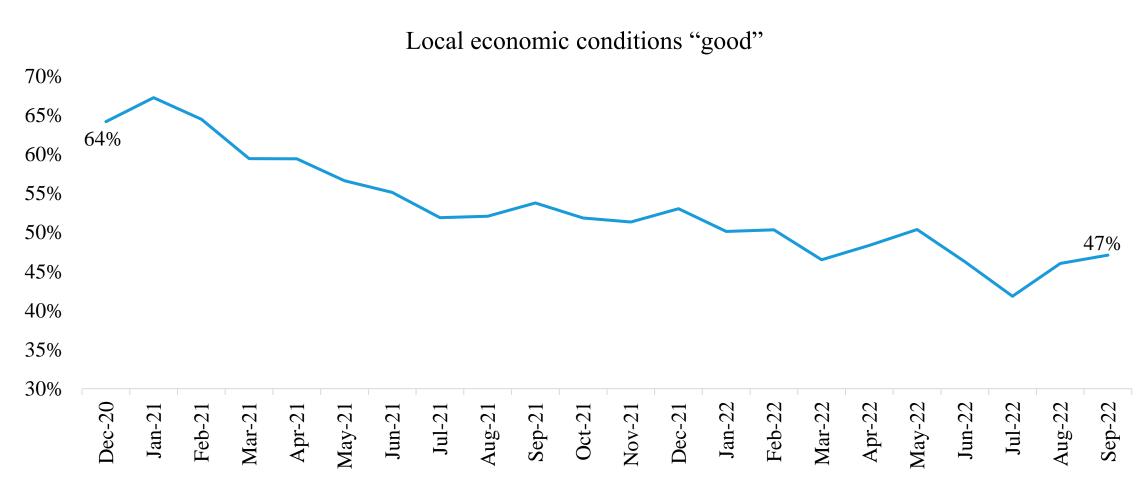
Bad surprises: household finances deteriorated over the past month vs. expectations



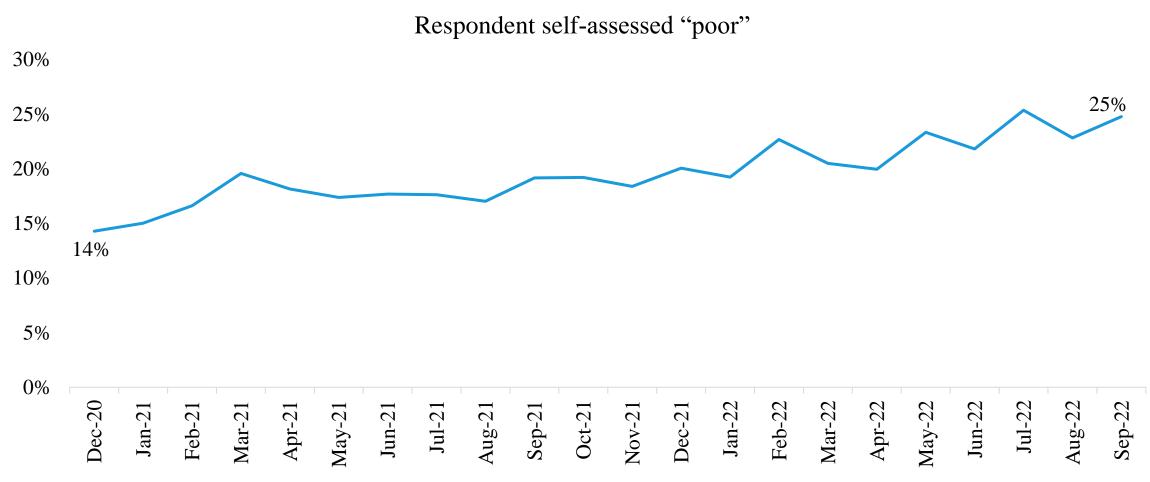
High levels of concern about the indirect effects of the war, but moderating over time



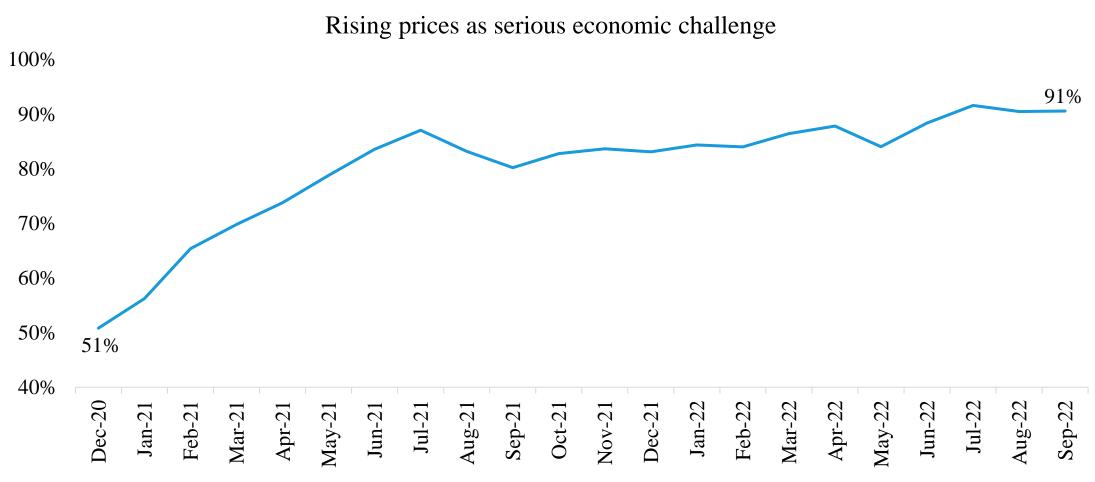
Deterioration of local economic conditions over time



Higher share of households self-identified as "poor"



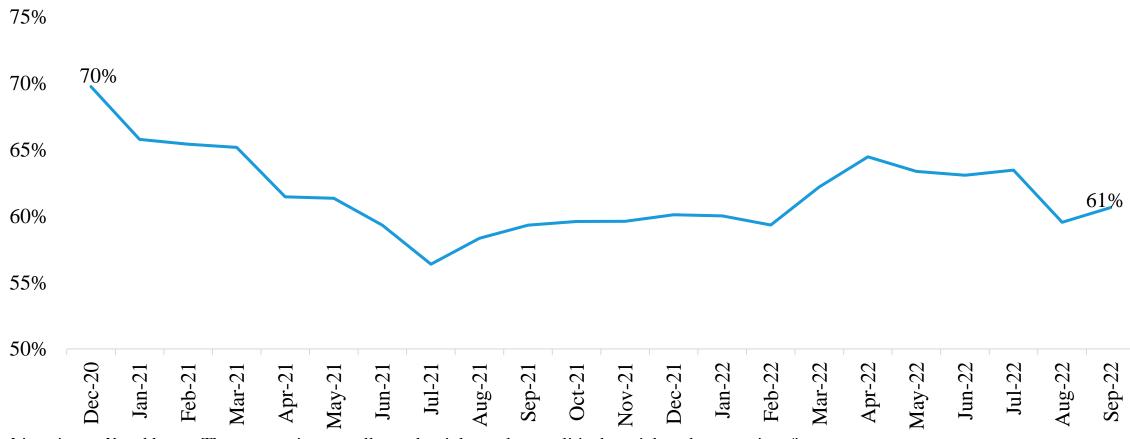
Higher public concern about rising prices



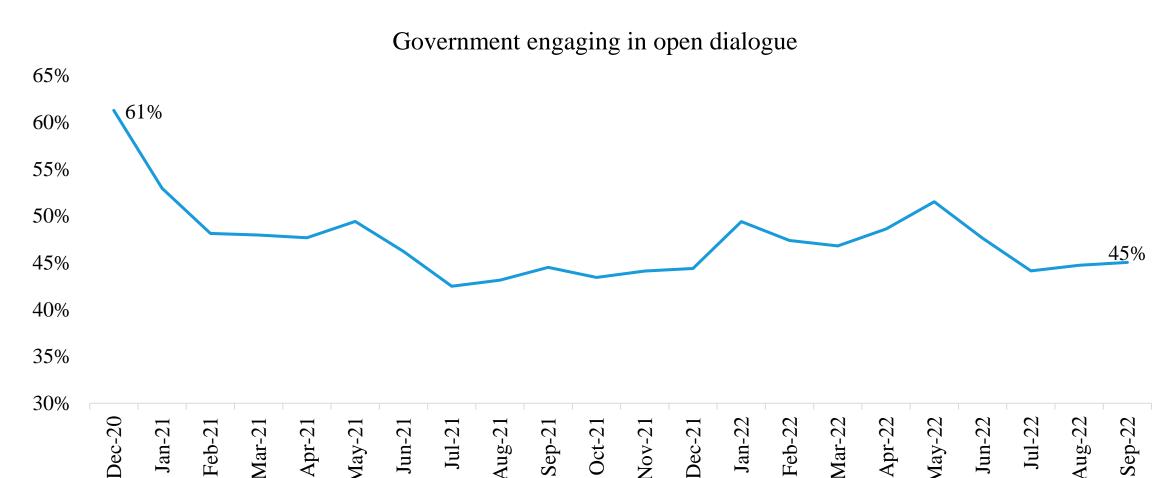
Listening to Kazakhstan: In your view, what are the most pressing economic challenges facing Kazakhstan? (up to 3)

Significant support for ongoing political, social, and economic reforms

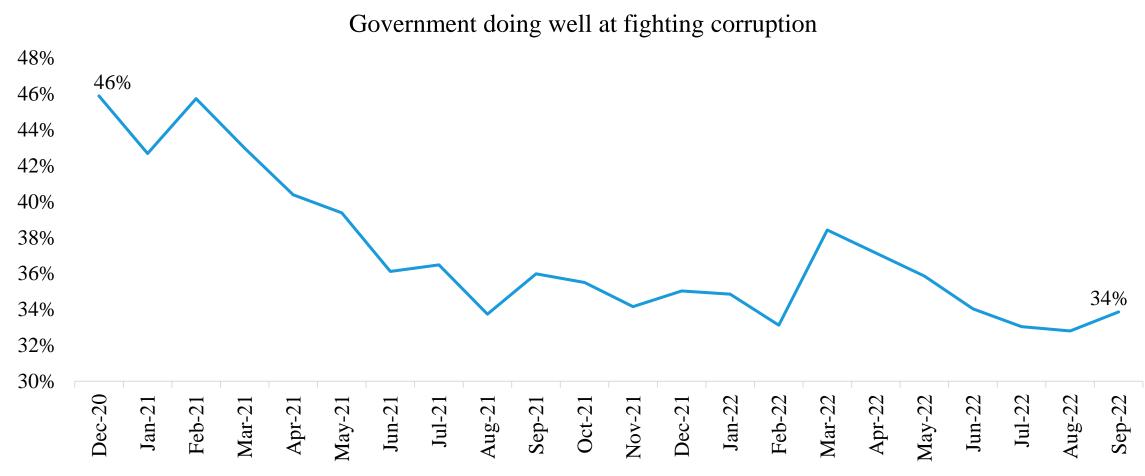
Country on the right track on political, social, and economic reforms



Respondents satisfied with the government's dialogue with citizens fell below the 50 percent



Fighting against corruption is a serious concern



Concerns about the concentration of wealth and income inequality have remained high





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