

Annex

Output/Outcome per pillar

Pillar 1: DRM Policy and Strategy Support for Ministries of Finance

Strategy: Strengthen country DRM and climate change related systems. Design country specific financial instruments for quick dispatch in disaster aftermath.

| | Output | Outcome |
|--|---|--|
| Capacity Building | Open Cities Africa regional workshop in Tanzania at the Understanding Risk forum (Dar es Salaam) | Increased client capacity in disaster risk analysis among public officials of more than 14 countries of Sub-Saharan Africa (risk profiling, disaster loss accounting, expenditure tracking, dynamic financial modeling, improved accountability in post-disaster public financial management) |
| Analytical & Knowledge products and tools | 9 Multi-hazard risk assessments completed | Improved generation of disaster risk information for 9 countries (Cabo Verde, Ethiopia, Kenya, Malawi, Mozambique, Mali, Niger, Senegal, and Uganda) |
| | 2 Agricultural risk assessments developed | Improved generation of agricultural disaster risk information in 2 countries (Zimbabwe and Lesotho) |
| | 8 Disaster Risk Financing Strategies formulated | Increased application of risk information in public policy by 8 countries (Ethiopia, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal and Uganda) |
| | 1 DRM Master Plan 2017–2030 formulated in Mozambique - guidelines for local adaptation developed. | Increased application of risk information in planning by 32 communities of 3 districts in Mozambique |
| Technical Advisory | <p>Developed Financial solutions in 9 countries, leveraging US\$ 464 million:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 3 Cat DDOs designed for Kenya, Malawi, Madagascar and Seychelles ✓ 1 PforR for Mozambique with a CERC mechanism ✓ Shock-responsive social protection systems developed in five countries (Tanzania, Uganda, Nigeria, Ethiopia, and Niger) | Increased financial resilience of 9 governments (Kenya, Malawi, Madagascar, Seychelles, Mozambique, Tanzania, Uganda, Nigeria, Ethiopia, and Niger) |

Pillar 2: Strengthening Urban Resilience in Africa

Strategy: Facilitate knowledge to better manage urban climate and disaster risk in cities

| | Output | Outcome |
|--|--|---|
| Capacity Building | Flood forecasting training with Kobe University and Kyoto University in Japan | Capacity increased in flood forecasting of 14 public officials from Ghana and Togo |
| Analytical & Knowledge products and tools | Completed 16 city-risk screenings and satellite land subsidence analysis | Improved generation of disaster risk information for 16 cities (Nouakchott, Mauritania; Saint-Louis, Senegal; Banjul, The Gambia; Conakry, Guinea; Monrovia, Liberia; Abidjan, Côte d’Ivoire; Lomé, Togo; Cotonou, Benin; Lagos, Nigeria; Luanda, Angola; Mogadishu, Somalia; Mombasa, Kenya; Zanzibar, Tanzania; Dar es Salaam, Tanzania; Nacala, Mozambique; and Quelimane, Mozambique) |
| | Completed 5 country-led multi-sectoral plans and investments for managing climate and disaster risk | Increased application of risk information in public policy and investment planning in 5 countries (Cameroon, Ghana, Malawi, Mali, and Senegal) |
| | Established a regional flood forecasting system at the Volta Basin | Increased accuracy and timeliness of flood forecast for the Volta Basin |
| | Assessed Mozambique’s education sector for multi-hazard risks | Improved schools and public infrastructure safety through resilient construction in Mozambique |
| | Developed a disaster risk information system in Senegal (Nianing–Pointe Sarène–Joal Finion axis and the Basse Casamance) | Improved quality and timely emergency response performance in Senegal’s national agencies |
| Technical Advisory | Developed a qualitative and quantitative risks assessment in Sierra Leone | Improved generation of disaster risk information in Sierra Leone |
| | Developed Financial solutions in 3 countries, leveraging US\$ 185 million of new investments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Freetown Emergency project designed for US\$ 10 million ✓ Integrated Urban Development and Resilience Project for Greater Antananarivo for US\$ 75 million ✓ Greater Accra Resilient and Integrated Development Project (Ghana) for US\$ 100 million | Investment made in risk reduction measures in 3 countries (Sierra Leone, Madagascar and Ghana) |

Pillar 3: Modernizing Hydromet Services

Strategy: Strengthen the analytical underpinning for modernized hydromet services. Provide capacity building, and enhance regional knowledge on weather and climate-related hazards

| | Output | Outcome |
|---|---|---|
| Capacity Building | First Africa Hydromet Forum (AMCOMET) organized | Capacity increased in hydromet solutions of 600 client stakeholders (decision makers and experts) |
| | 6th Central Africa Regional platform for DRR organized 3rd Ministerial Conference on DRR organized | Facilitated exchange of DRM best practice with partners |
| | Post-disaster needs assessment workshops carried out in Gambia and Cabo Verde | Capacity increased in PDNA methodology application for public officials from Gambia and Cabo Verde |
| Analytical & Knowledge products and tools | Developed 1 multi-hazard early warning assessment and strategic plan for Ethiopia | Increased application of risk information in public policy and investment planning in Ethiopia |
| | DRR Plan of Action 2015–2030 implemented in ECOWAS | Improved quality and timely emergency response performance in ECOWAS |
| | Developed 1 report on transboundary impacts of floods for West Africa | Improved generation of disaster risk information in West Africa |
| Technical Advisory | Developed 5 hydromet projects, leveraging a total of US\$ 200 million | Investmented in risk reduction measures in 5 countries (Democratic Republic of Congo, Mali, Niger, Chad, Togo and Burkina Faso) |