# **Post-Settlement Economic Initiatives**

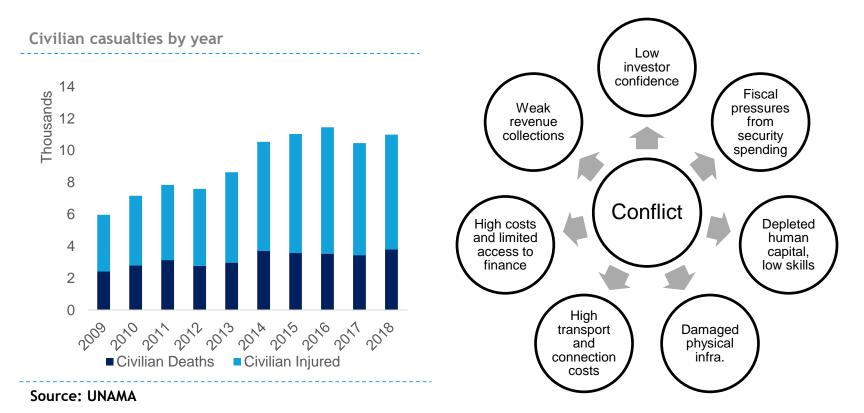
### **Opportunities for Self-Reliance under Peace**





### Afghanistan's dual development imperatives Insecurity significantly constrains development

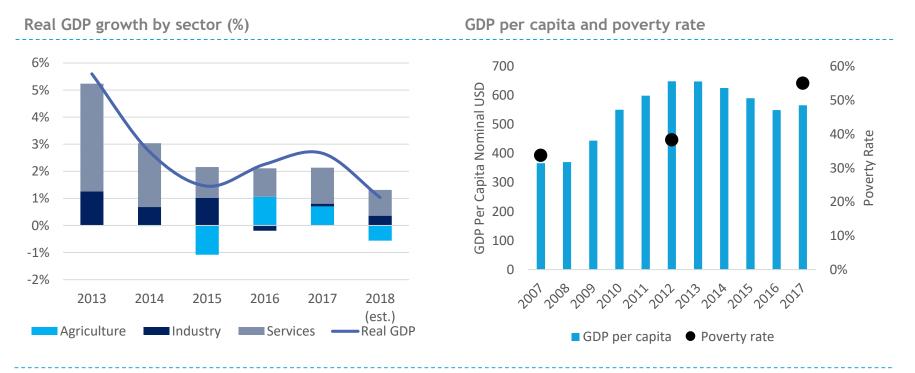
- Insecurity and violence remain the major constraint to Afghanistan's economic and social development
- Aside from direct human costs, violence and insecurity undermine economic development through several important channels





### Afghanistan's duel development imperatives Poverty has increased as economic growth has slowed

- Growth in 2018 is estimated at just 1.8 percent reflects political uncertainty, increasing insecurity, and drought
- With slow growth over recent years, poverty has increased rapidly most Afghans are poor



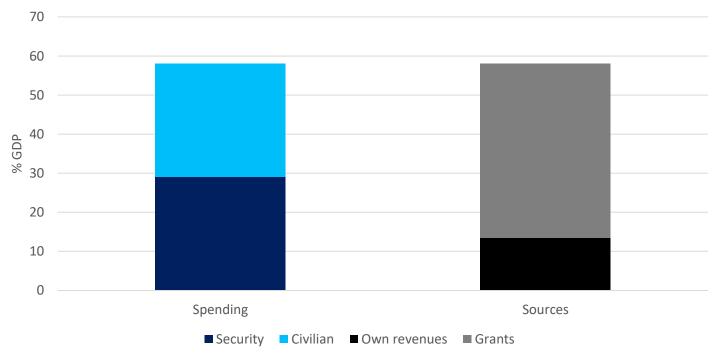
Source: World Bank, NSIA

Source: World Bank, ALCS data



### Afghanistan's dual development imperatives The fiscal situation remains unsustainable

- High financing needs are partly driven by an unsustainably large security expenditure requirements—around 30 percent of GDP
- ...and by the need to invest in the foundations for long-term inclusive growth
- Despite recent revenue growth, grant assistance still finances around 75 percent of total public expenditures





### Afghanistan's dual development imperatives Two interlinked and overlapping challenges

Achieving self-reliance by realizing Afghanistan's potential for broadbased growth

 $\Leftrightarrow$ 

#### Securing and sustaining peace

- Create jobs, invest in human capital, and reduce poverty - livelihoods for the poor and opportunities for the 400,000 young Afghans entering labor market every year
- Close the external financing gap: boost exports and increase domestic value-added
- Generate revenues: reduce dependence on grant assistance

- Signal change through tangible improvements following peace
- Take advantage of new opportunities for economic development under reduced violence
- Move incentives away from violence at the level of potential combatants and powerbrokers



### Investment needs reflect dual imperatives The foundations of development cannot be neglected following peace

- Grant financing underpins core state functions
- Additional priorities will emerge following a peace settlement but base needs will remain and cannot be neglected







# Post-Settlement Economic Initiatives Geneva Ministerial Conference

Paragraph 15 of the Geneva Ministerial Conference on Afghanistan called on the international community to develop:

...a specific action plan, consistent with fundamental values and existing frameworks, in support of broad-based program of economic initiatives which would advance: a postsettlement return of Afghan capital; increased Afghan and foreign investment; job creation; and, enhanced regional economic integration.

#### **Objectives**

Articulate potential economic benefits of peace to all parties

Support a common understanding of potential priorities following a political settlement



Provide an input to planning processes



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Supporting equity and inclusion

Ensuring sustainability



### Signaling change

Supporting equity and inclusion

Ensuring sustainability



#### Short-term impact

but without undermining longer-term economic development or existing institutions



#### Use of existing implementation platforms

to facilitate rapid scale-up and support coordination and alignment



#### Signaling change

Supporting equity and inclusion

#### Ensuring sustainability

#### Needs-based approaches

rather than providing unfair benefits to those previously participating in armed groups



#### Addressing position of women and youth

to reflect their particular needs and importance to a sustainable and peaceful development process

#### Conflict sensitivity

to address risks that assistance fuels conflict at the level of programs



#### Signaling change

Supporting equity and inclusion

#### Ensuring sustainability

#### Building on existing work

no need to reinvent the wheel – initiatives should build on existing plans and programs



#### Mobilizing private investment

as the only sustainable source of long-term growth and the only means of growing revenues and exports



#### Coordination and alignment

to avoid wastage and ensure that aid does not feed into political fragmentation

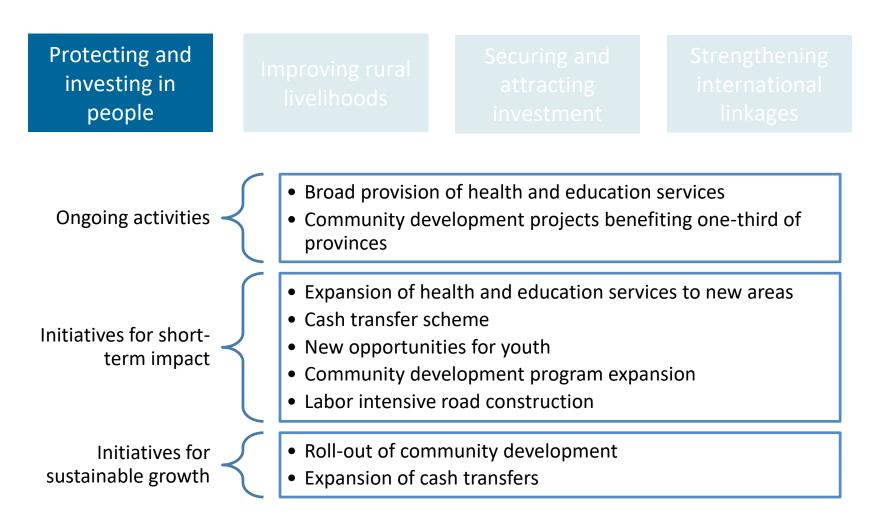




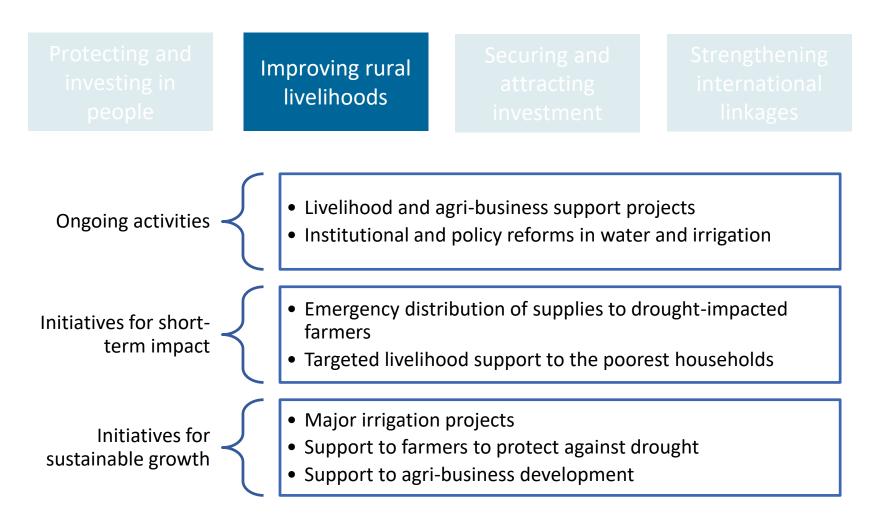
Protecting and investing in people

Improving rural livelihoods Securing and attracting investment Strengthening international linkages

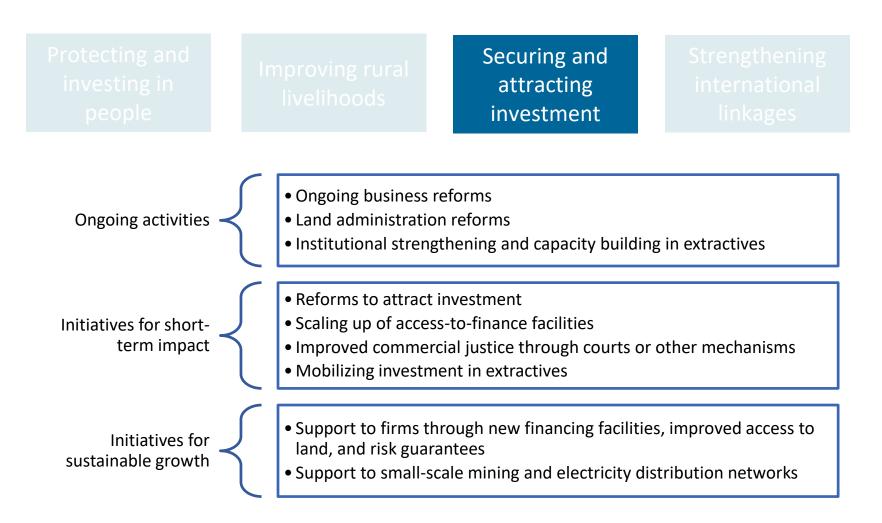




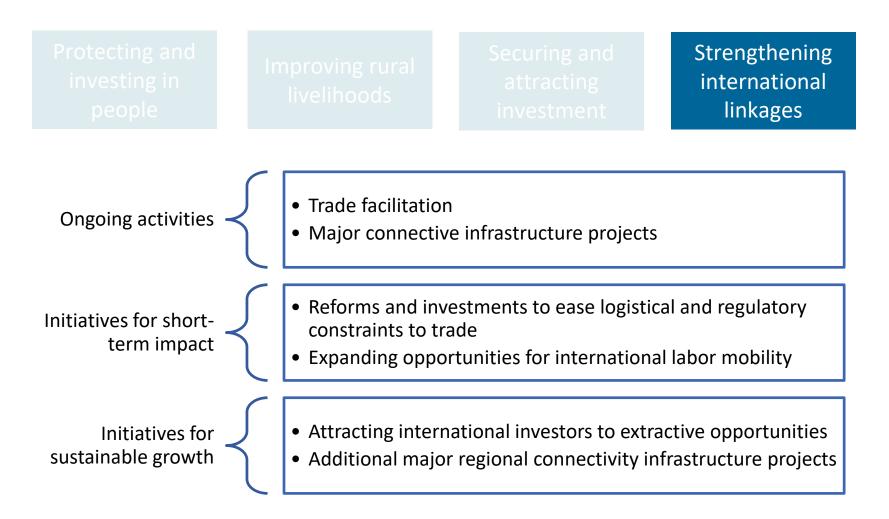




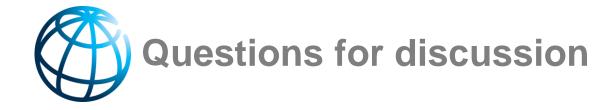












# Post-Settlement Economic Initiatives Questions for discussion

- How can economic development best sustain peace and what role can the international community play?
- Do our principles reflect your priorities for sustaining peace and supporting long-term growth?
- ► Do the four themes cover the main priorities?
- ► Do you have additional ideas for themes, goals, or initiatives?

