THE HUMAN CAPITAL INDEX

A child born in Kuwait just before the pandemic will be 56 percent as productive when she grows up as she could be if she enjoyed complete education and full health. This is slightly higher than the average for the Middle East & North Africa region (56 percent) but lower than the average for High Income countries (71 percent).

THE HUMAN CAPITAL INDEX COMPONENTS

- **Probability of Survival to Age 5.** 99 out of 100 children born in Kuwait survive to age 5.

- **Expected Years of School.** In Kuwait, a child who starts school at age 4 can expect to complete 12 years of school by her 18th birthday.

- **Harmonized Test Scores.** Students in Kuwait score 383 on a scale where 625 represents advanced attainment and 300 represents minimum attainment.

- **Learning-adjusted Years of School.** Factorizing in what children actually learn, expected years of school is only 7.4 years.

- **Adult Survival Rate.** Across Kuwait, 94 percent of 15-year olds will survive until age 60. This statistic is a proxy for the range of health risks that a child born today would experience as an adult under current conditions.

- **Fraction of Children Under 5 Not Stunted.** Internationally comparable data on stunting are not available for Kuwait.

DIFFERENCES IN HCI ACROSS GENDER AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC GROUPS

In Kuwait, the HCI for girls is higher than for boys. The table below shows gender disaggregation for each of the HCI components. There are insufficient data to disaggregate the HCI by socio-economic groups.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCl and its components</th>
<th>Boys</th>
<th>Girls</th>
<th>Overall</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HCl</td>
<td>0.53</td>
<td>0.60</td>
<td>0.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survival to Age 5</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>0.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Years of School</td>
<td>11.6</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>12.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harmonized Test Scores</td>
<td>369</td>
<td>398</td>
<td>383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learning-adjusted Years of School</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Survival Rate</td>
<td>0.93</td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td>0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Stunted Rate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes for all figures in this brief:
- represents Kuwait.
- represents the average for High Income countries.
- represents the average for Middle East & North Africa.
- represent other countries in the World.
Human capital, a crucial ingredient for economic growth, is multi-dimensional and cumulatively built over the lifecycle. Due to the slow moving nature of the HCI, an additional set of Human Capital Complementary Indicators (HCCIs) offer a snapshot of proximate dimensions of human capital in Kuwait that can be monitored to measure simultaneous progress in intermediate outcomes. These selected HCCIs are based on the latest available data (italicized and shown in parenthesis) and benchmarked against regional and country income group averages. They highlight where the need is for investment in people in each stage of life and for data collection and updates for evidence-based policy making.

### Early Childhood

- **Neonatal mortality (deaths per 1,000 live births).** The neonatal mortality rate is 5 per 1,000 live births (2020), lower than the regional average (9) but higher than the income group average (4).
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment (%).** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is 60 percent (2020), higher than the regional average and lower than the income group average.
- **BCG vaccination (%).** The coverage of the BCG vaccine is 99 percent (2021), higher than both the regional and income group averages.

### School Age

- **Primary school completion (%).** Primary school completion rate is 84 percent (2020), lower than both the regional (96%) and income group (99%) averages.
- **Gross secondary school enrollment (%).** The secondary school gross enrollment rate is 98 percent (2015), higher than the regional average (90%) and lower than the income group average (110%).
- **Learning poverty (%).** 51 percent (2016) of 10-year-olds cannot read and understand a simple text by the end of primary school, compared to 48 percent at the regional level and 14 percent at the income group level.

### Youth

- **Adolescent fertility (births/1000 women).** The adolescent fertility rate, i.e., the number of births for every 1000 women aged 15-19, is 7 (2020). This is lower than both the average for its region (25) and the average for its income group (13).
- **Gross tertiary education enrollment (%).** Tertiary education gross enrollment ratio is 61 percent (2020), lower than the income group (70%) average but higher than the regional average (49%).
- **Youth unemployment (%).** Youth unemployment is 23 percent (2022), similar to the regional average (23%) and higher than the income group average (15%).

### Adults & Elderly

- **Female labour force participation (%).** The female labour force participation is 56 percent (2022), higher than both the regional (32%) and income group (55%) averages.
- **Male labour force participation (%).** The male labour force participation is 94 percent (2022), higher than both the regional (81%) and income group (73%) averages.
- **Life expectancy at birth (years).** Life expectancy at birth is 76 years (2020), similar to the regional average (76 years) and lower than the income group average (80 years).