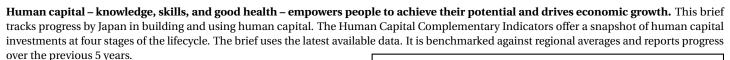
JAPAN

Region: East Asia and Pacific Income Category: High Income



EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is 1 per 1,000 live births (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **99%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 98% in 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Net enrollment rate, early childhood education. In 2022, 95% of children at the official age were enrolled at early childhood education, compared to 91% in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

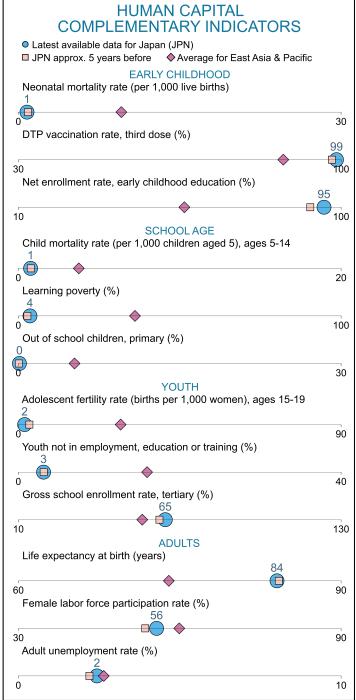
- Child mortality rate. The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is 1 per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Learning poverty. In 2019, 4% of children could not read and understand a simple text, by age 10, compared to 3% in 2015. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Out of school children. In 2022, **0%** of primary-school-age children were out of school. This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **2** (2023), compared to 3 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Youth not in employment, education or training. In 2024, 3% of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training. This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary. Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is 65% (2022), compared to 62% in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **84** years (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Female labor force participation rate. Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is 56% (2024), compared to 54% in 2019. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **2%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.

