2016 PROCUREMENT FRAMEWORK Project Procurement Strategy for Development

Implications for supplies, contractors and consultants

PRIVATE SECTOR SEMINAR



April 2018

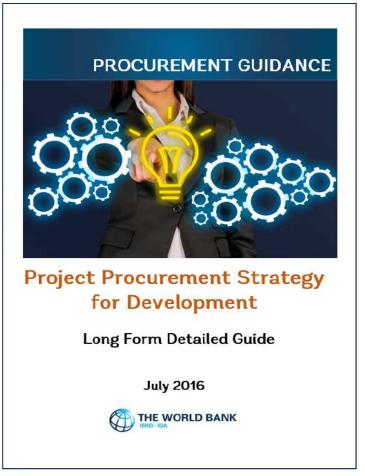


PROJECT PROCUREMENT STRATEGY FOR DEVELOPMENT

Introduction



What is the PPSD?



- PPSD is a methodology that is used to determine the optimum procurement approach to deliver the right procurement result
- Borrower prepares a PPSD for each project financed under Investment Project Financing
- The Bank reviews the PPSD and approves the procurement plan
- By designing the right procurement approach, there is more likelihood of the right bidders participating, better bids being received, and an overall increased chance of achieving value for money and delivery of project outcomes to time, quality and budget

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Key Questions asked by the PPSD

- Borrower capability:
 - What are the Borrower's capabilities and how can they strengthened
- How will the Borrower attract the best suppliers to bid?
 - More upfront market engagement
 - A more interactive approach with the market e.g. sharing the draft bidding documents where appropriate
- What is the best procurement route to choose?
 - Request for Bid or Proposal, Direct Selection, International/National
 - Pre/post qualification, Special conditions of contract
 - Framework agreements, Reverse auctions, Competitive dialogue
 - Value engineering, Best & Final Offer, Negotiation



Key Questions asked by the PPSD (cont)

- How will the bid be priced?
 - Lump sum, Target fee, Schedule of rates
 - Time based, Performance based
- How will responses be evaluated?
 - Substantially responsive/lowest evaluated cost, Value for Money (VFM) rated criteria
- Contract Management approach:
 - Risk management, monitoring of costs, key performance indicators
 - Milestones and deliverables, Contract variations





PROJECT PROCUREMENT STRATEGY FOR DEVELOPMENT

Contents



Contents of the PPSD

- 1. Project overview
- Project development objectives
- Results indicators
- High level statement of requirements

- 4. Stakeholders
- Who, role, objectives, method and purpose of communication

- 2. Strategic assessment
- Country operational context
- Borrower capability as client
- Marketplace market related risk
- Procurement complexity specification, solutions, evaluation
- 5. Procurement objectives
- Key objectives that support delivery of the project development objectives

- 3. Risk analysis
- Risks that can be mitigated through the procurement strategy

- 6. Recommended procurement strategy
- Description of the recommended strategy and supporting rationale

- 7. Activity components
- List of all contracts to be awarded and their scope in terms of value, duration and contract strategy
- 8. Individual component strategy
- Individual component strategy for those largest components comprising 80% of overall project value



Project Overview

- Description of the Project
- Project development objectives
- Key results indicators
- Statement of any specific legal or policy requirements
- Summary of the proposed procurement activities



Operating Context and Borrower Capacity

Operating Context

- Governance aspects (e.g. fragility and conflict affected states, legal regulatory factors, state involvement in specific economic sectors, disaster or emergency situations)
- Economic aspects (e.g. emerging market sector, small economy, inflation, foreign currency restrictions, local content requirements, track record of timely payments)
- Technological aspects (e.g. ease of doing business, availability of information technology, information transfer and security)
- Sustainability aspects (e.g. government environmental standards, health and safety aspects, labor standards, social impacts associated with specific environments)



Operating Context and Borrower Capacity

Borrower Capacity

- Previous experience / track record in implementing similar projects / procurements
- Procurement capacity to carry out procurement process
- Experience in implementing similar projects, track record and lessons learned
- Contract management capacity
- Track record and market reputation for meeting contractual commitments
- Administrative arrangements to facilitate timely decision making
- Complaints management and disputes resolution systems
- Reliance on advisors to augment Borrower capacity
- Inspection arrangements



Analyzes market related risks and opportunities that affect the preferred approach to the market

- What is the type of market?
- Who are the potential bidders and what are their capabilities?
- What factors influence the market and do they affect bidder participation?
- What is the total estimated and available supply market?
- What are the costs associated with the supply of goods, services or works?
- What is the nature of competition?
- What are the market related risks?
- What is the market capability?



Analyzes market related risks and opportunities that affect the preferred approach to the market

- What are the pricing methods used by suppliers?
- What are the trends in pricing?
- What will motivate the market to bid/maximize market interest?
- What are the risks associated with the market and how should they be managed?
- How do other customers in the market achieve VFM?
- What is the Borrower's previous experience with achieving VFM in similar markets?
- Is the Borrower's contract likely to have any impact on the market (positive or negative)?



What are the outputs of this analysis?

- How best to interact with the market to attract the right suppliers to bid?
- How best can the Borrower maximize their influence with suppliers in the market?
- What is the expected level of performance suppliers will provide?
- How to incentivize suppliers to perform?
- How VFM will be achieved?
- How opportunities, threats and risks will be managed at the different procurement stages?



How the analysis influences the strategy

- Modification of requirements (if needed) to align them to the market's capability
- Identifies actions needed to ensure appropriate levels of market participation
- Identifies risks and a management plan based on allocating risk to the party best placed to manage it
- Incorporating current good practice for procuring from market including pricing methods, risk allocation and benchmarks of performance and cost



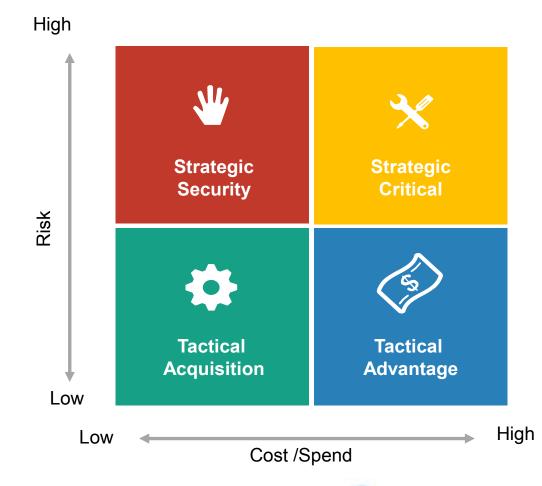
Some tools and techniques available

- SWOT Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats
- Supply Positioning
- Supplier Preferencing
- Porter's Five Forces Analysis
- PESTLE Political, Economic, Social Technological, Legal and Environmental
- Supply chain / Value Chain Analysis
- Etc.



Supply Positioning

- A PPSD should have appropriate and proportionate research and analysis based on the value and risk of the procurement
- Supply positioning is a tool that can help with making this judgement
- Also helps Borrower to estimate how much time, effort and due diligence is required



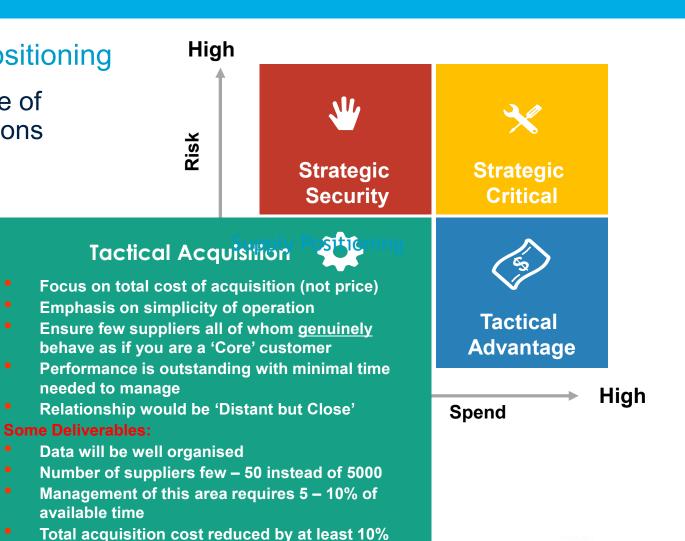




Supply Positioning

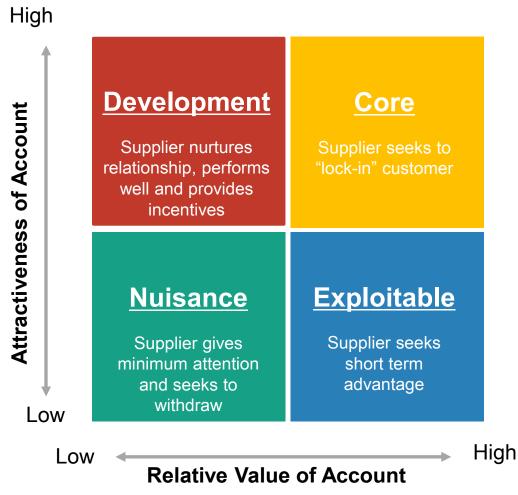
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An example of considerations

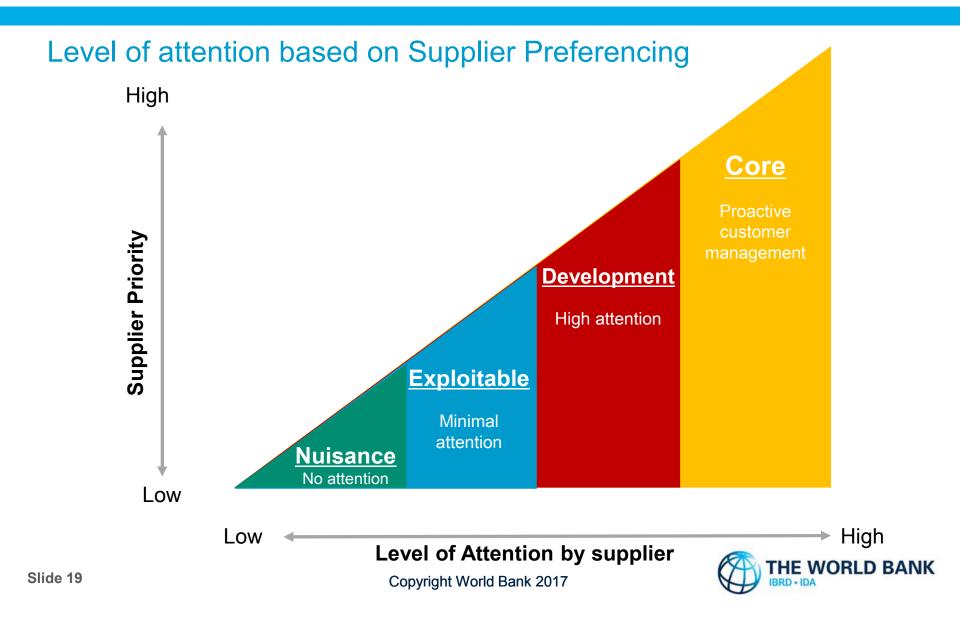




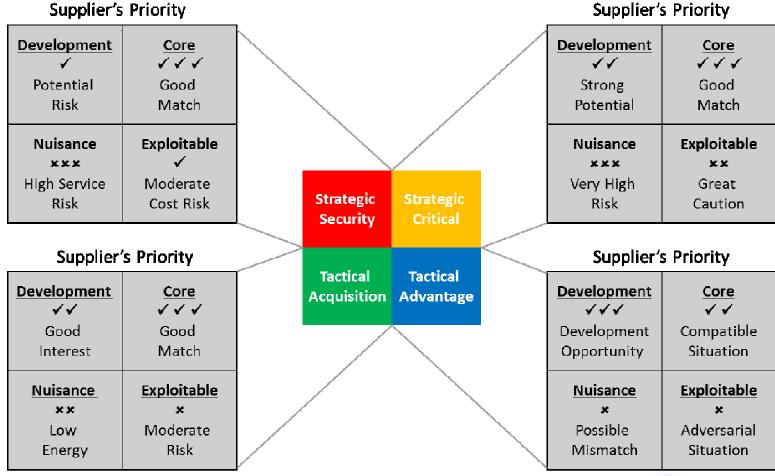
Supplier Preferencing







Supplier Preferencing and Supply Positioning



Procurement Risk Analysis

What are the risks along the following areas?

- Market complexity and competitiveness
- Delivery and supply security
- Suppliers and supplier relationships
- Borrower experience, capacity and capability
- Cost trends
- Technical innovation the degree and rate of change
- Sustainability (environmental, economic, social)
- Business and operating environment.

Which party is best suited to manage these risks?



Procurement Risk Analysis

How can these risks be mitigated throughout the procurement process?

- Market engagement to ensure the Borrower has an understanding of how the market functions and to demonstrate to suppliers the benefits of working with the Borrower
- Prequalification and Initial Selection to make sure that only suppliers capable of delivering the requirements are invited to bid
- Specification to ensure the Borrower clearly states the requirements
- Contract Strategy (contract type, conditions of contract, pricing mechanisms, etc.) to make sure bids are competitive and ultimately deliver demonstrable VfM
- Selection Methods and Market Approaches to make the Procurement Arrangements have selected can deliver the Project Development Objectives (PDOs) and VfM
- Evaluation Methods to make sure the most appropriate supplier is selected and all risks are managed and understood.



Procurement Risk Analysis

Procurement Risk Management Plan

Risk Description	A Likelihood	Overall risk score (AxB)	Risk Owner	Procurement process Stage



Procurement Objectives

Useful in testing alternative procurement approaches to ensure they deliver project requirements



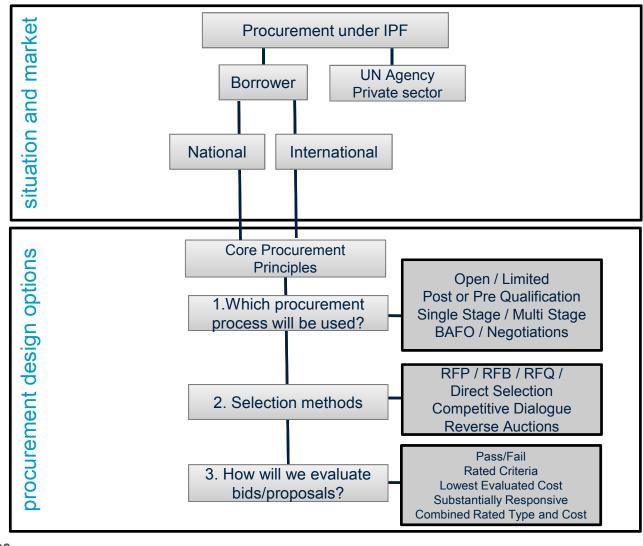


The procurement approach answers the following questions:

- What are the Requirements
- What is the Contracting Strategy
- What are the appropriate Selection Methods and Market Approach Options
- What Evaluation Methods will be followed
- How will the contract be managed

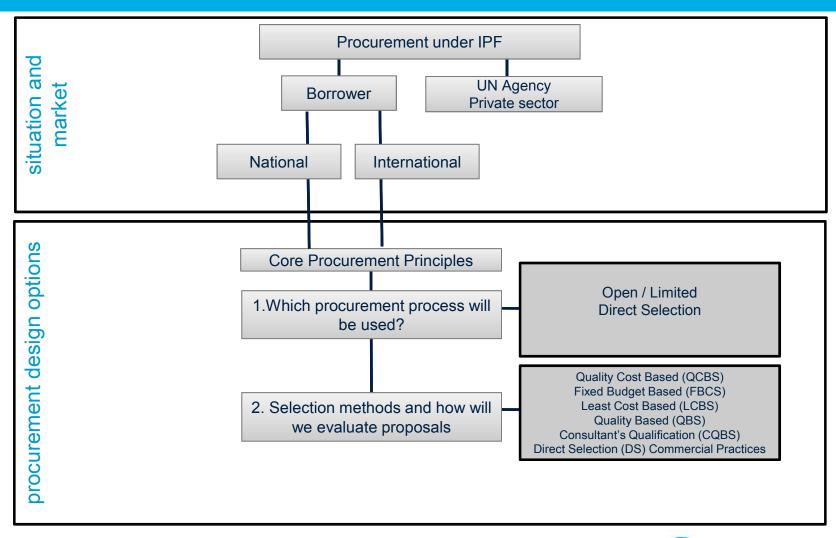


Procurement Approach - GWNcS



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Procurement Approach – Consulting Services





Type of Specifications

Conformance vs performance

What Contract Type shall be adopted

- Traditional
- D&B
- Design, Build, Operate and Maintain
- FPC and FPCM

How will the bid / proposal be costed

- Lumpsum
- Performance based contracts
- Schedule of rates/ admeasurement
- Time and materials

Price Adjustment vs fixed price



What Selection Method shall be adopted?

- Request for Bids
- Request for Proposals
- Request for Quotations
- Direct Selection

Selection Arrangement

- Competitive Dialogue
- PPP
- Commercial Practices
- UN Agencies
- E-reverse auctions
- Framework agreements
- Etc.



Market Approach Options

- Open
- Limited
- International
- National
- Direct
- BAFO or Negotiations (with open international competition)

How shall Qualification be determined?

- Initial Selection
- Prequalification
- Post Qualification



Evaluation Method

- Rated criteria
- Lowest evaluated cost

Contract Management

- Contract management Approach
- Key Performance Indicators



Procurement & Contract Management Approach





Outputs of the PPSD

- Procurement plan (the PPSD provides adequate justification for the selection methods in this output)
- Summary PPSD highlighting the procurement arrangements for high risk activities (Disclosed in the Project Appraisal Document)
- Contract Management Plan





Project Procurement Strategy for Development So What?



What does this mean for Suppliers?

Early Market Engagement

- Opportunity to get early knowledge of the Borrower's requirements
- Solution and requirements informed by the market
- Borrower Capacity
 Assessment
- Borrowers capacity enhanced and they are better able to manage the procurement process
- Suppliers will deal with better capacitated Borrowers

3 Supply Positioning

 Assists Borrower to ensure that risk assessment and procurement approaches are proportionate to the risk and value of the procurement

Supplier Preferencing

 Assists the Borrower to tailor the procurement approach to attract the right response from the market given knowledge of market behaviour



What does this mean for Suppliers?

Fisk Analysis

Risk mitigation is informed by risk assessment

Stakeholder Engagement

 More integrated approach given knowledge of stakeholders and their interests and influence

Procurement Approach Increases chances of using the right procurement approach for the market and requirement including RFP, BAFO, CD, Negotiations, rated criteria etc.

Risk Management Informed risk analysis increases chances that the risks are assigned to the party that is best placed to manage them and they are rewarded accordingly



What does this mean for Suppliers?

- Contract Management
- Will be done properly
- Timely project delivery
- KPI will keep parties focused on project objectives
- PPSD Summary in PAD
- Market will be informed of the requirements and the strategy and approach through disclosure of the PAD

Value for Money

- VFM will be built into the whole procurement process
- PPSD is a systematic review of what is the procurement and the best approach to meet objectives
- Procurement Plan
- Well informed by market analysis
- Increases chances of first time success

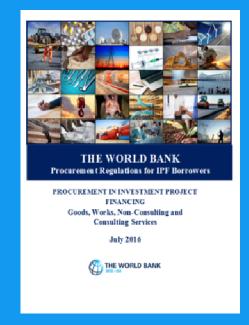


Useful links

World Bank's Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers	https://policies.worldbank.org/sites/ppf3/PPFDocuments/Forms/DispPage.aspx?docid=4005				
World Bank's Procurement Policy	https://policies.worldbank.org/sites/ppf3/PPFDocuments/Forms/DispPage.aspx?docid=4002				
Standard Procurement Documents templates	http://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/products-and-services/brief/procurement-new-framework#SPD				
Guidance on SPDs	http://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/products-and-services/brief/procurement-new-framework				
Guidance on how to complain	http://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/products-and-services/brief/procurement-new-framework				
Guidance on PPSD	http://pubdocs.worldbank.org/en/123601488224013672/PPSD-Short-Form-Final.pdf				
Odidance on 11 3D	http://pubdocs.worldbank.org/en/847531467334322069/PPSD-Long-Form.pdf				
Procurement App for IPad: Data on contracts	https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/world-bank-project-procurement/id911312962?mt=8				
Procurement App for IPad: Data on projects, finances and procurement data	https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/world-bank-group-finances/id465555488?mt=8				
UNDB Online	https://www.devbusiness.com/Search/Search.aspx?PreLoadProjects=1				
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Questions?





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