



COMOROS

Region: Sub-Saharan Africa

Income Category: Lower Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by the Comoros in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Children who are developmentally on track.** In 2022, **36%** of children (ages 36-59 months) were developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **23** per 1,000 live births (2023), compared to 25 in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **75%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 78% in 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **5** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023), compared to 6 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Children engaged in child labor.** The share of children (ages 5-17) who are engaged in economic activities is **6%** (2022). The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary.** The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is **81%** (2018). The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2024, **21%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 23% in 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Youth literacy rate.** The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is **82%** (2022). The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **55** (2023), compared to 60 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

ADULTS

- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **67** years (2023), compared to 65 in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **51%** (2024), compared to 49% in 2019. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **3%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

HUMAN CAPITAL COMPLEMENTARY INDICATORS

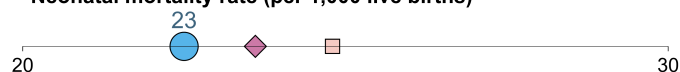
● Latest available data for the Comoros (COM)
 ■ COM approx. 5 years before ◆ Average for Sub-Saharan Africa

EARLY CHILDHOOD

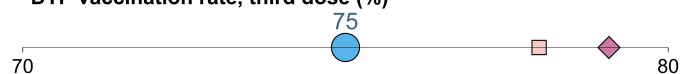
Children who are developmentally on track (%), ages 36-59 months



Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)

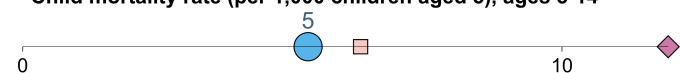


DTP vaccination rate, third dose (%)

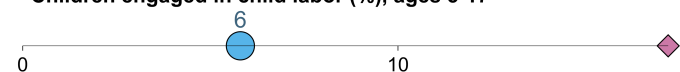


SCHOOL AGE

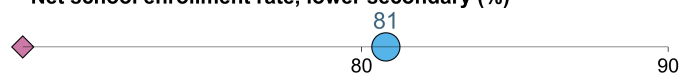
Child mortality rate (per 1,000 children aged 5), ages 5-14



Children engaged in child labor (%), ages 5-17



Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary (%)

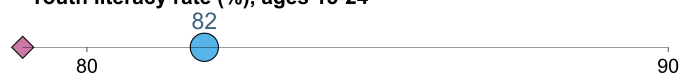


YOUTH

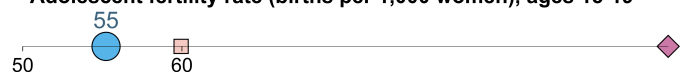
Youth not in employment, education or training (%)



Youth literacy rate (%), ages 15-24

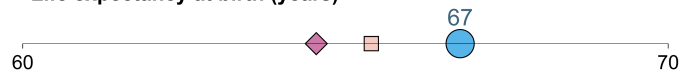


Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women), ages 15-19

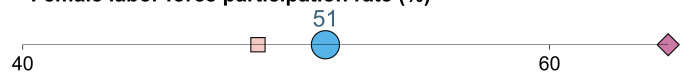


ADULTS

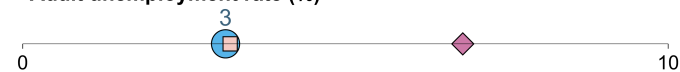
Life expectancy at birth (years)



Female labor force participation rate (%)



Adult unemployment rate (%)



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.

