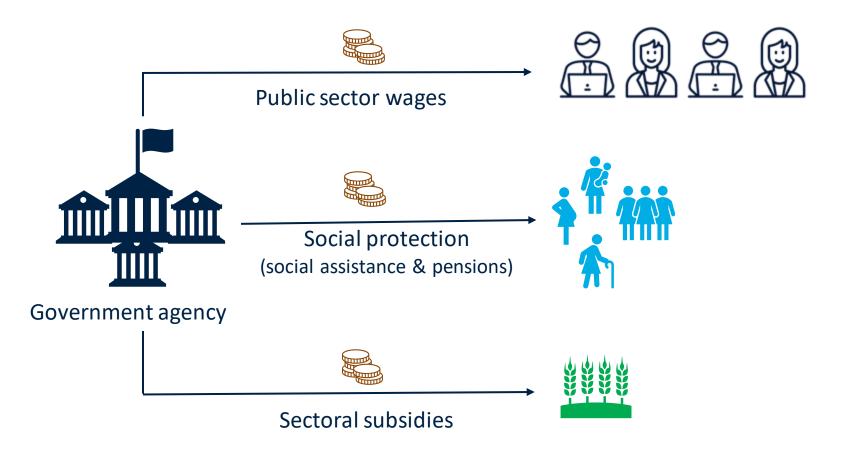
# DPI Use Case: Digital G2P Payments to Accelerate Development Outcomes

Day 1 | 16:00 – 17:00



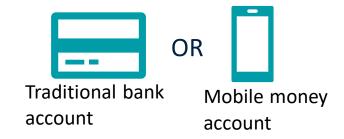
# What are G2P payments?

They are **payments** or cash transfers that various **government agencies** make to **individuals** 



# What does it mean to digitize G2P payments?

Making payments digitally instead of cash



Using digital systems to support the end-to-end G2P payment process

Identify who needs to be paid

Open an account for the beneficiary

Map beneficiary to account

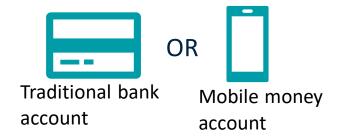
Executing payment delivery

M&E and reconciliation

**Grievance** redressal

# What does it mean to digitize G2P payments?

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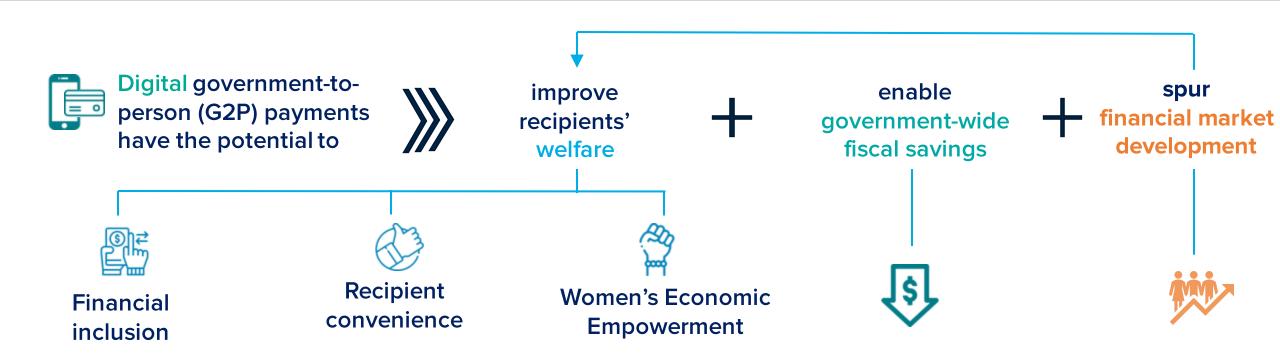


M&E System

Grievance redressal



# Why digitize G2P payments?



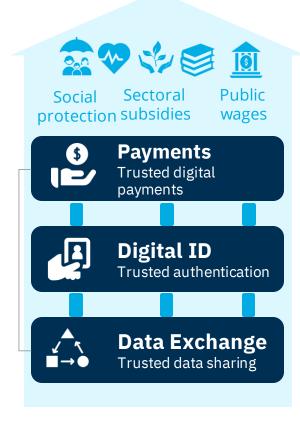
# DPI can play an important role in digitalizing G2P payments

**Recipients** 



**Use Case: G2P Payments** 

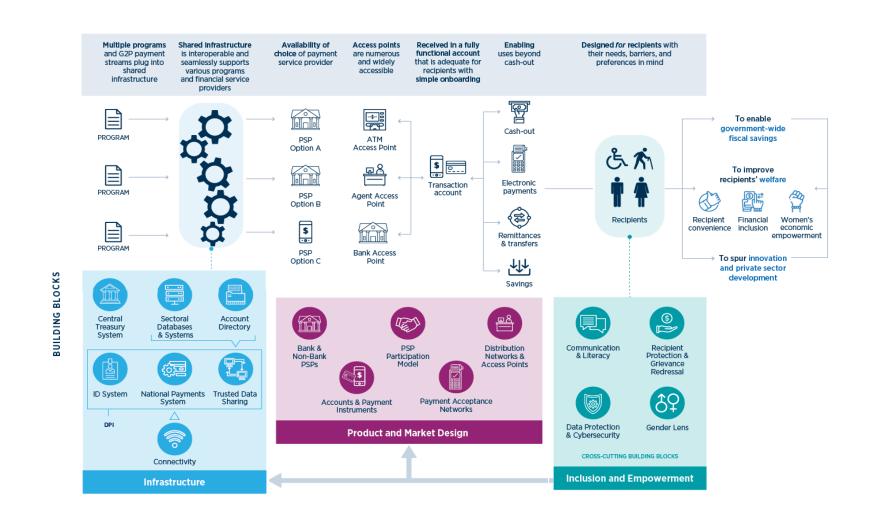
Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)



# To be able to deliver G2P payments digitally countries need the infrastructure to:

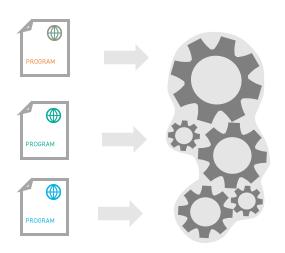
- 1. Identify and authenticate recipients,
- 2. Transfer the **payment** to the recipient's account, and
- **3. Exchange** the necessary information across the different systems needed for the above

# DPI is critical to a Modern G2P Architecture



# Pillar 1: Infrastructure

Multiple programs and payment streams plug into shared infrastructure. Shared infrastructure is interoperable and seamlessly supports various programs and financial service providers.





### **Proven Impact**

**Example:** Turkiye's Integrated Social Assistance Registry



**Beneficiary only needs their ID** 



# documents decreased from 17 to one



<u>Time to apply</u> reduced from days to minutes



<u>Time for payment delivery</u> decreased from months to a few days

# Pillar 2: Product and Market Design

Multiple programs and payment streams plug into shared infrastructure. **Shared infrastructure** is interoperable and seamlessly supports various programs and financial service providers.

**Availability of** choice of payment service provider **Access points** are numerous and widely accessible

Received in a fully functional account that is adequate for recipients with simple onboarding

**Enabling** uses beyond cash-out













PSP Option B



Option C



ATM Access Point



Agent Access Point



Bank Access Point



Traditional bank account



Mobile Money Account







Remittances & transfers

Savings

Electronic payments





**Product and Market Design** 

**PSP** Participation Model



Distribution Networks & **Access Points** 



**Building Blocks** 

Accounts & Payment Instruments



Payment Acceptance Networks

# Pillar 2: Product and Market Design

### **Building Blocks**

### **Product and Market Design**



Bank & Non-Bank PSPs



PSP Participation Model



Distribution Networks & Access Points



Accounts & Payment Instruments



### **Key Design Principles**

- Using transaction accounts
- Avoiding clawback clauses
- Sustainable business case & facilitatingPSP competition
- Recipients have choice

### **Proven Impact**

**Example:** Zambia's choice-based G2P payments



Average travel time decreased from 6 to 2 hrs



Cost of travel from around \$3.35 to \$1.74



Cash-out fee (transaction cost) dropped from \$3.35 to \$2.34 due to higher usage

# Pillar 3: Inclusion and Empowerment

Availability of choice of payment service provider

Access points are numerous and widely accessible Received in a fully functional account that is adequate for recipients with simple onboarding

**Enabling** uses beyond cash-out



PSP Option A



PSP Option B



PSP Option



ATM Access Point



Agent Access Point



Bank Access Point



Traditional bank account



Mobile Money Account



Savings

Designed for recipients with their needs, barriers and preferences in mind





Recipients

### **Building Blocks**

**Inclusion and Empowerment** 



Communication & Literacy



Recipient Protection & Grievance Redressal



Data Protection & Cybersecurity



Gender Lens

CROSS-CUTTING BUILDING BLOCKS

# Pillar 3: Inclusion and Empowerment

### **Building Blocks**

**Inclusion and Empowerment** 



Communication & Literacy



Recipient Protection & Grievance Redressal



**Data Protection** & Cybersecurity



Gender Lens

CROSS-CUTTING BUILDING BLOCKS

### **Key Design Principles**

- Policies on data collection and registries ensure **sex**disaggregated data
- G2P architecture is designed for individuals and prioritizes women
- Recipients are wellinformed, protected, and have access to redressal

### **Proven Impact**

### **Convenience**



In Niger, mobile money recipients, saved ~4.5 hrs in travel and waiting time

### Better nutrition



In Niger, Food Household diet diversity was 9%-16% higher among households who received mobile transfers

### Improved mobility



In Jordan women who were paid into a bank account or e-wallets were more likely to withdraw themselves compared to prepaid card

# Each country will have a different starting point

### G2P 1.0 Single program to single provider (in person)



### G2P 1.0 Single program to single provider (in person)



## G2P 2.0 Single program to single provider (virtual provision)



### G2P 1.0 Single program to single provider (in person)

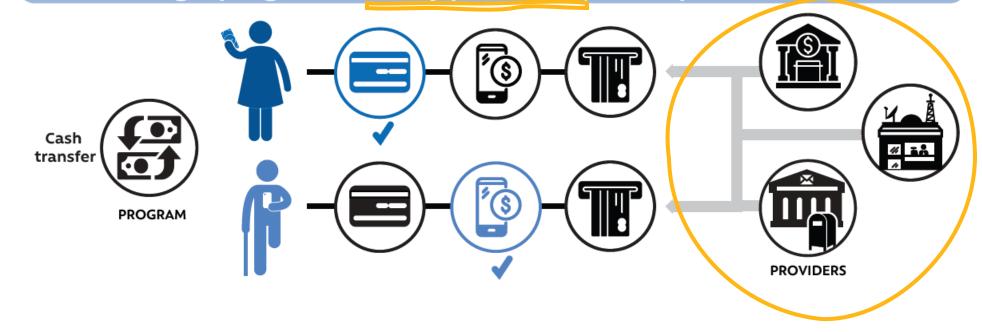


### G2P 2.0 Single program to single provider (virtual provision)



### **With Choice**

### G2P 3.0 Single program to many providers (virtual provision)



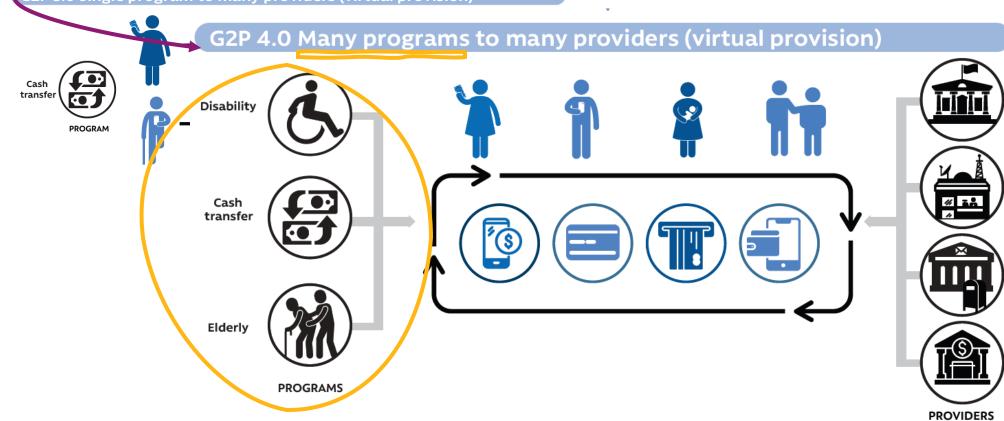
### G2P 1.0 Single program to single provider (in person)



### G2P 2.0 Single program to single provider (virtual provision)



G2P 3.0 Single program to many providers (virtual provision)



# Each country's journey will look different

### Different starting point, ideal scenario and journey...

G2P 1.0

Single Program to Single Provider Cash Based/Semi Digital **G2P 2.0** 

Single Program to Single Provider Digital **G2P 3.0** 

Single Program to Multiple Providers Digital **G2P 4.0** 

Multiple Programs to Multiple Providers Digital

Multiple programs leverage same architecture

Choice for recipient

Account-based = Access to formal Financial Services

At which stage do you believe your country currently stands?



**Anir Chowdhury** 

Policy Advisor Aspire to Innovate (a2i) Project Bangladesh



**Julius Gorospe** 

Assistant Secretary &
Chief Information Officer
Department of Social Welfare and Development
Philippines