



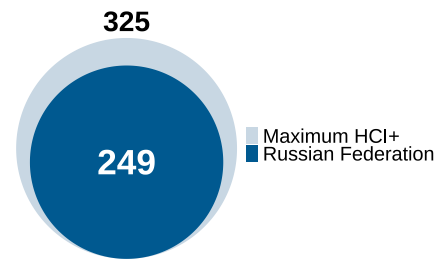
# RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Region: Europe & Central Asia  
Income Category: High Income

**Human capital - people’s knowledge, skills, and health - drives productivity and growth.** The Human Capital Index Plus (HCI+) measures the human capital a child born today can expect to accumulate over their working life, extending the original HCI by incorporating tertiary education and work experience. This brief summarizes **Russian Federation’s** HCI+ score and its performance in building human capital.

## What is Russian Federation’s HCI+ and what does it mean?

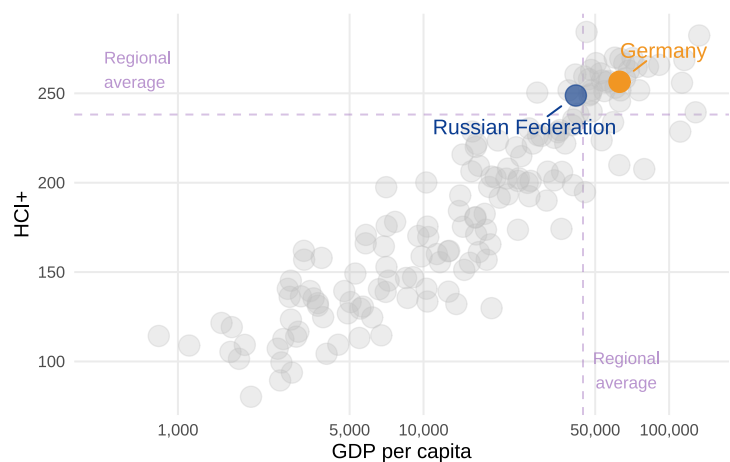
Russian Federation’s HCI+ score is **249** (out of a maximum of **325**), reflecting its investments in health, education, and employment. A 10-point increase in the index would translate into approximately 10 percent higher future income. Closing the current gaps in these areas relative to high-performing countries with similar GDP per capita would boost future income by 38%.



## How does Russian Federation’s HCI+ compare to other countries?

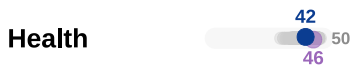
Russian Federation’s HCI+ is higher than the average for the **Europe & Central Asia region (240)** and lower than the average for **high-income countries (254)**.

Russian Federation’s HCI+ score is also **7 points lower than Germany’s**.



## What explains Russian Federation’s HCI+?

The HCI+ has three components corresponding to health, education, and employment.



The HCI+ score for the **Health pillar is 42**, slightly lower than the **regional average of 46**.



The HCI+ score for the **Education pillar is 153**, higher than the **regional average of 146**.

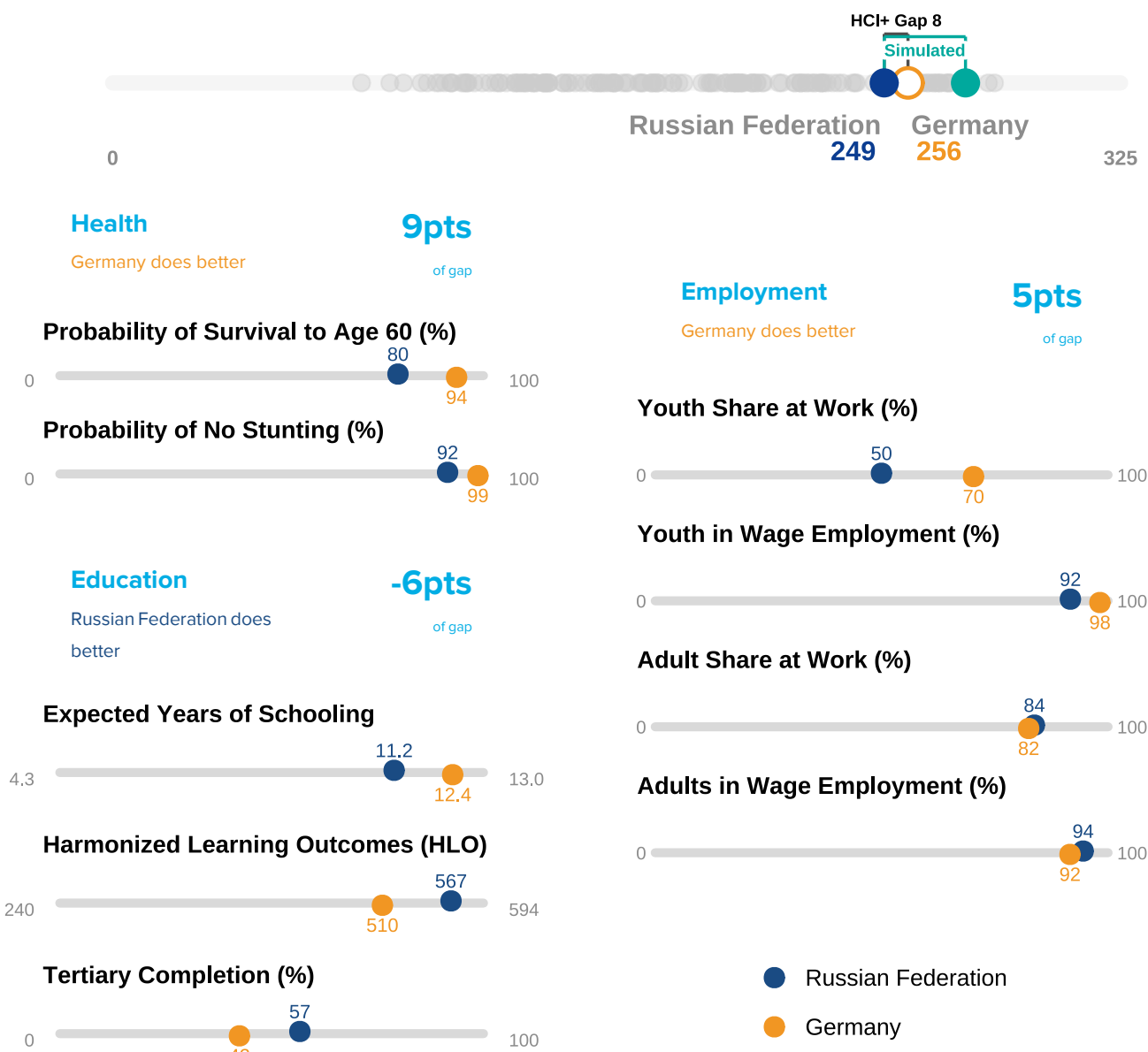


The HCI+ score for the **Employment pillar is 53**, higher than the **regional average of 48**.



## What indicators are responsible for Russian Federation's HCI+ gap with Germany?

Russian Federation's HCI+ score (249) is lower than Germany's (256). The indicators that account for the largest share of the HCI+ gap between Russian Federation and Germany are **expected years of schooling, probability of survival to age 60, and youth share at work**. Raising these indicators to Germany's levels would increase Russian Federation's score to 275, boosting future income by approximately 25.8%.



## What is Russian Federation's HCI+ gender gap?

The HCI+ score for **women in Russian Federation is 250** compared to **247 for men**. The 3-point gap indicates that women's earning potential will be 3% higher than men's due to differences in the human capital acquired by men and women in Russian Federation.



Note: All values are derived from internationally comparable public datasets.

