



NETHERLANDS

Region: Europe and Central Asia

Income Category: High Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by the Netherlands in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **3** per 1,000 live births (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **91%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 94% in 2019. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio.** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is **92%** (by the official age) (2020), compared to 94% in 2015. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **1** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Learning poverty.** In 2021, **4%** of children could not read and understand a simple text, by age 10, compared to 2% in 2016. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary.** The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is **97%** (2018), compared to 99% in 2015. The indicator is similar to the regional average.

YOUTH

- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2024, **3%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 4% in 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **2** (2023), compared to 3 in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary.** Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is **89%** (2021), compared to 80% in 2016. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **82** years (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **60%** (2024), compared to 58% in 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **3%** (2024). This remains unchanged since 2019. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

HUMAN CAPITAL
COMPLEMENTARY INDICATORS

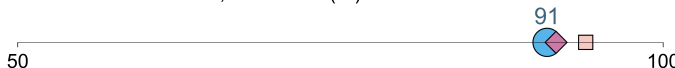
● Latest available data for the Netherlands (NLD)
 ■ NLD approx. 5 years before ◆ Average for Europe & Central Asia

EARLY CHILDHOOD

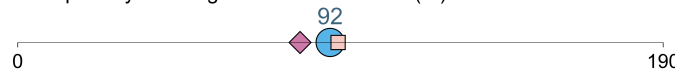
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)



DTP vaccination rate, third dose (%)



Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio (%)



SCHOOL AGE

Child mortality rate (per 1,000 children aged 5, ages 5-14)



Learning poverty (%)



Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary (%)

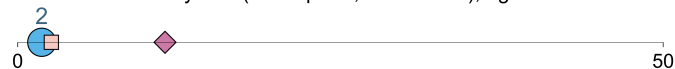


YOUTH

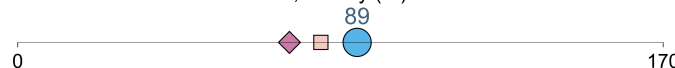
Youth not in employment, education or training (%)



Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women), ages 15-19

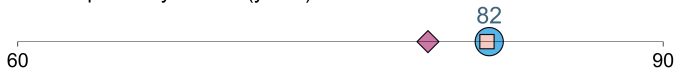


Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary (%)

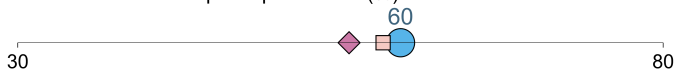


ADULTS

Life expectancy at birth (years)



Female labor force participation rate (%)



Adult unemployment rate (%)



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.

