

Region: Latin America and Caribbean Income Category: Upper Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by St. Lucia in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The brief uses the latest available data. It is benchmarked against regional averages and reports progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is **10** per 1,000 live births (2023), compared to 11 in 2018. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio.** The pre-primary school gross enrollment ratio is **78**% (by the official age) (2020), compared to 74% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2024, **99%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 92% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

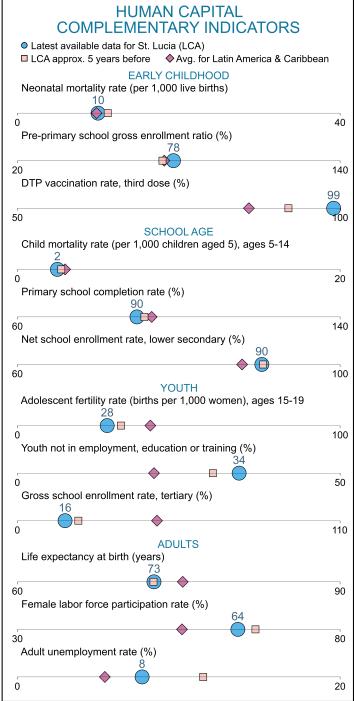
- Child mortality rate. The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **2** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2023), compared to 3 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **90%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2023), compared to 92% in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary. The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is 90% (2019). This remains unchanged since 2015. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **28** (2023), compared to 32 in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Youth not in employment, education or training. In 2024, 34% of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 30% in 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary. Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is 16% (2022), compared to 21% in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is **73** years (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **64%** (2024), compared to 67% in 2019. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **8%** (2024), compared to 12% in 2019. The indicator is higher than the regional average.



Note: All values use internationally comparable public datasets. Missing symbols indicate unavailable statistics. Full details can be accessed through the QR code.



