



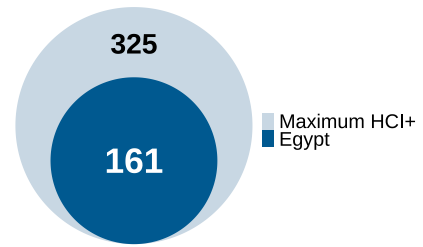
ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT

Region: Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan & Pakistan
Income Category: Lower-middle Income

Human capital - people’s knowledge, skills, and health - drives productivity and growth. The Human Capital Index Plus (HCI+) measures the human capital a child born today can expect to accumulate over their working life, extending the original HCI by incorporating tertiary education and work experience. This brief summarizes **Egypt’s** HCI+ score and its performance in building human capital.

What is Egypt’s HCI+ and what does it mean?

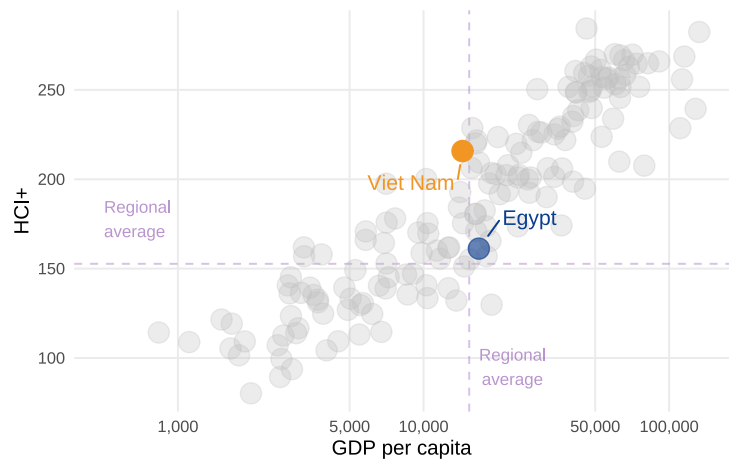
Egypt’s HCI+ score is 161 (out of a maximum of 325), reflecting its investments in health, education, and employment. A 10-point increase in the index would translate into approximately 10 percent higher future income. Closing the current gaps in these areas relative to high-performing countries with similar GDP per capita would boost future income by 90%.



How does Egypt’s HCI+ compare to other countries?

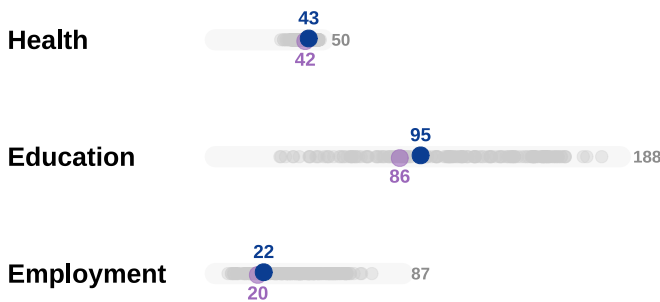
Egypt’s HCI+ is higher than the average for the **Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan & Pakistan region (147)** and higher than the average for **lower-middle-income countries (153)**.

Egypt’s HCI+ score is also **55 points lower than Viet Nam’s.**



What explains Egypt’s HCI+?

The HCI+ has three components corresponding to health, education, and employment.



The HCI+ score for the **Health pillar is 43**, slightly higher than the **regional average of 42**.

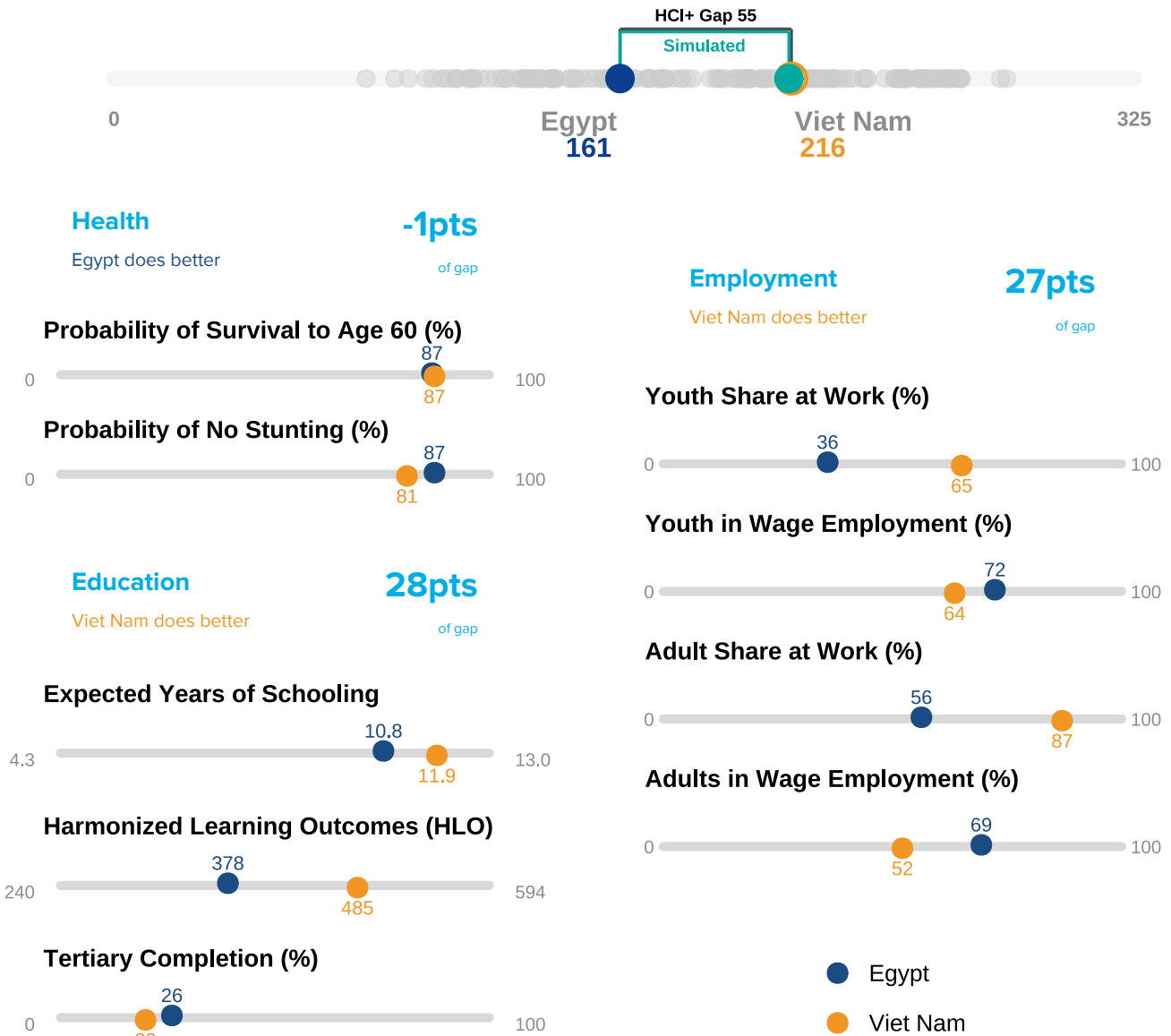
The HCI+ score for the **Education pillar is 95**, higher than the **regional average of 86**.

The HCI+ score for the **Employment pillar is 22**, slightly higher than the **regional average of 20**.



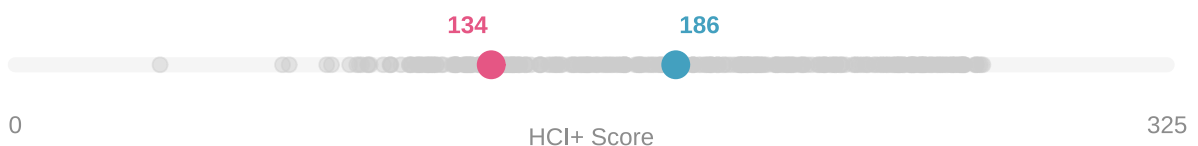
What indicators are responsible for Egypt’s HCI+ gap with Viet Nam?

Egypt’s HCI+ score (161) is lower than Viet Nam’s (216). The indicators that account for the largest share of the HCI+ gap between Egypt and Viet Nam are **Harmonized Learning Outcomes (HLO), adult share at work, and youth share at work**. Raising these indicators to Viet Nam’s levels would increase Egypt’s score to 215, boosting future income by approximately 53.8%.



What is Egypt’s HCI+ gender gap?

The HCI+ score for **women in Egypt is 134** compared to **186 for men**. The 52-point gap indicates that women’s earning potential will be 52% lower than men’s due to differences in the human capital acquired by men and women in Egypt.



Note: All values are derived from internationally comparable public datasets.

